Biocompatible sub-100 nm patterning of TiO₂ for the regulation of endothelial and smooth muscle cell functions

R. Muhammad, a,b,# S. H. Lim, b,e,# S. H. Goh, a,b J. B. K. Law, b M. S. M Saifullah, b G. W. Ho, e and E. K. F. Yim a,c,d *

Supplementary information

Imaging of patterned TiO₂ samples after incubation in cell culture media

Patterned TiO_2 samples were imaged after incubation in cell culture media to see the effect of media on sub-100 nm topography. For this purpose, the samples were incubated in complete cell culture media for 24 hrs at 37°C. Subsequently, the samples were washed with 1X PBS once, fixed in 2% glutaraldehyde in 0.1M sodium cacodylate and 3mM calcium chloride buffer for 1 hr. After fixing, the samples were washed 3 times with the same buffer and serially dehydrated in ethanol gradient (15%, 30%, 50%, 70%, 90%, and 100%). Finally the samples were dried in critical point dryer (CPD 030, Blazers). The samples were imaged by using FESEM.



Figure S1: (a) Simplified schematic diagram of TiO₂ patterning. FESEM images of (b) 70 nm TiO₂ nano-gratings and (c) 420 nm TiO₂ square wells with 70 nm spacing after incubation in culture media for 24 hrs. The images reveal that serum proteins do not obscure the topography.