Supplementary material (ESI) for Analyst
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Electronic Supporting Information

for

The pophyrin-loaded liposome and the graphene oxide used for the membrane pore-forming protein assay and the inhibitor screening

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Figures

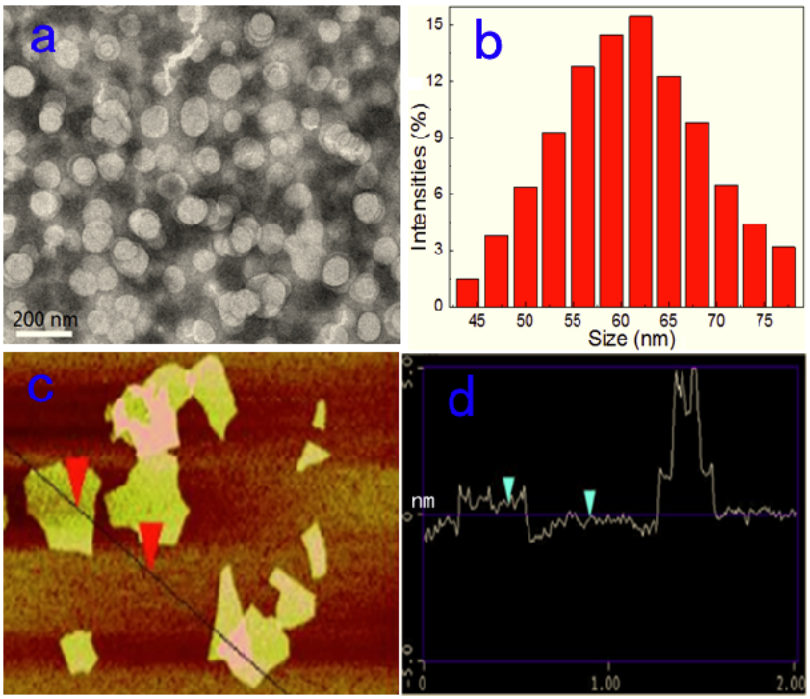

Fig. S1 Characterization of the TAPP-loaded liposome and the GO. (a) TEM morphologies of the TAPP-loaded liposomes; (b) the size distribution of the TAPP-loaded liposomes measured by DLS; (c) AFM image of the obtained GO sheets; (d) the section analysis along the scored line as shown in Fig. c.

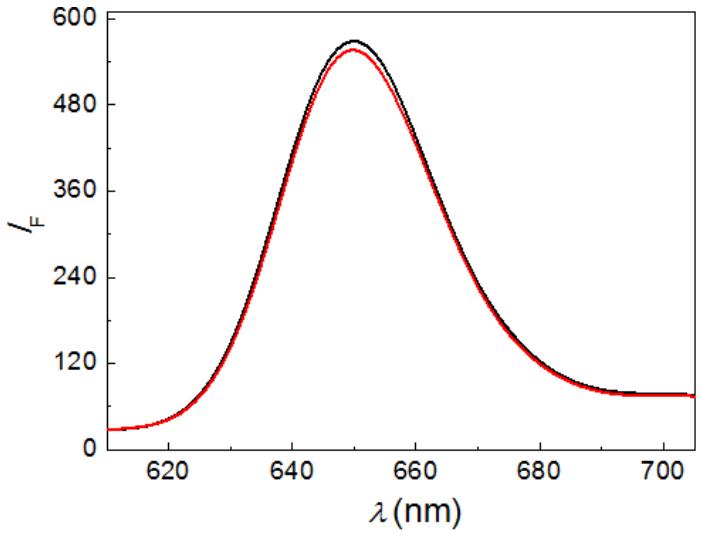

Fig. S2 Fluorescence spectra obtained for alone TAPP-loaded liposome (black curve) and the TAPP-loaded liposome after two weeks of storage at 4 ^{0}C plus graphene oxide (red curve). Concentration: Total lipid concentration, 125 μg ml^{-1}; GO, 8.0 μg ml^{-1}.

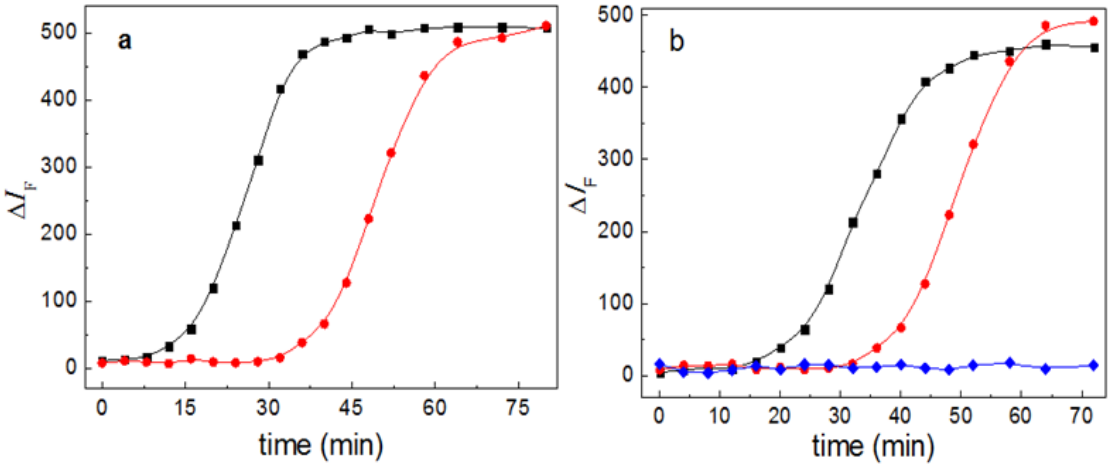

Fig. S3 (a) The lag time was considerably longer at room temperature (red) than at 37 ^{0}C (black) under the same concentration of PLA_2. (b) The fluorescence response was also significantly enhanced by the presence of 0.8 mg mL^{-1} HSA (black) as compared to the same conditions without HSA (red), yet HSA alone did not cause the release of TAPP molecules (blue). Concentration: Total lipid concentration, 125 μg ml^{-1}; GO, 8.0 μg ml^{-1}; PLA_2, 2.4 nM.

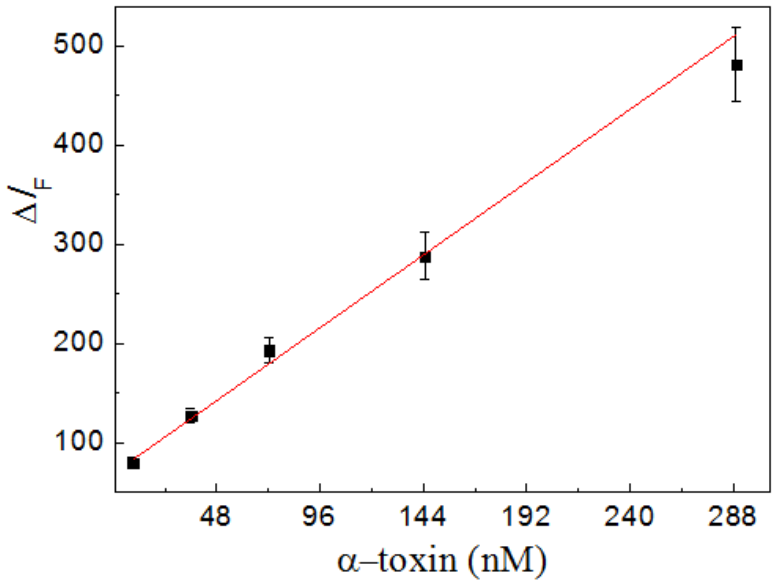

Fig. S4 A linear plot of ΔI_F at 648 nm versus the α-toxin concentration. Concentration: Total lipid concentration, 125 μg ml^{-1}; GO, 8.0 μg ml^{-1}. Incubation time, 40 min.