

**Electronic Supplementary Material**

**Signal-on fluorescent sensor based on GQDs–MnO<sub>2</sub> composites for glutathione**

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1. Liu and Cai contributed equally to this work.

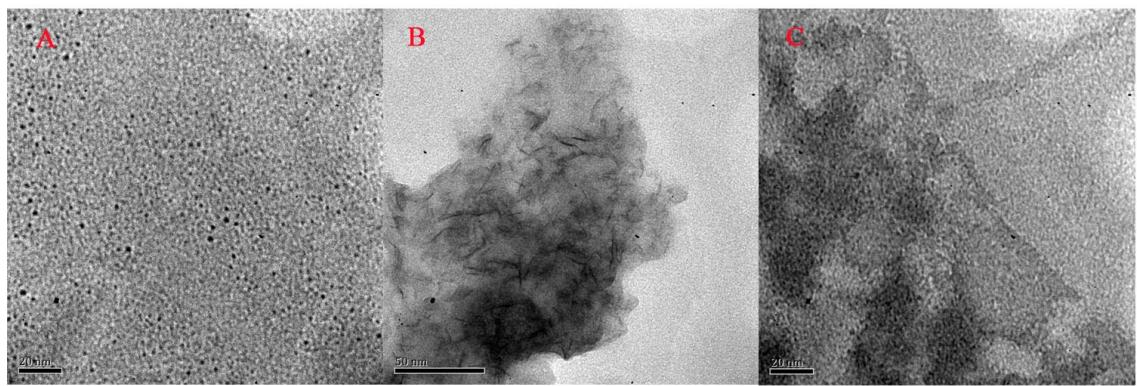


Fig. S1 TEM images of GQDs (A), MnO<sub>2</sub> (B) and GQDs-MnO<sub>2</sub> composites (C).

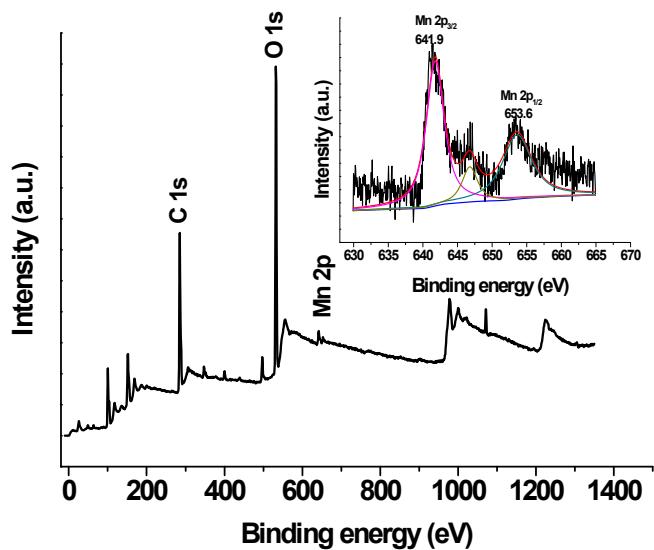


Fig.S2 The XPS survey spectrum of GQDs-MnO<sub>2</sub> composites. The inset shows the narrow XPS spectra of the Mn 2p peaks of the composites.

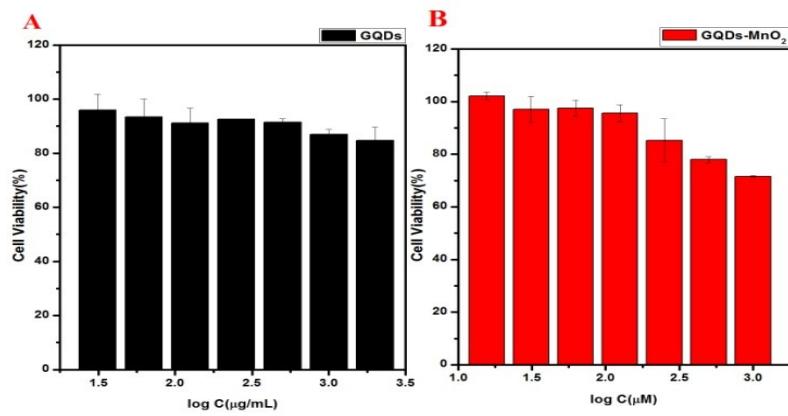


Fig. S3 Cell viability of HL-60 cell in different concentrations of GQDs (A) and different concentrations of GQDs-MnO<sub>2</sub> composites (B) by MTT assay.

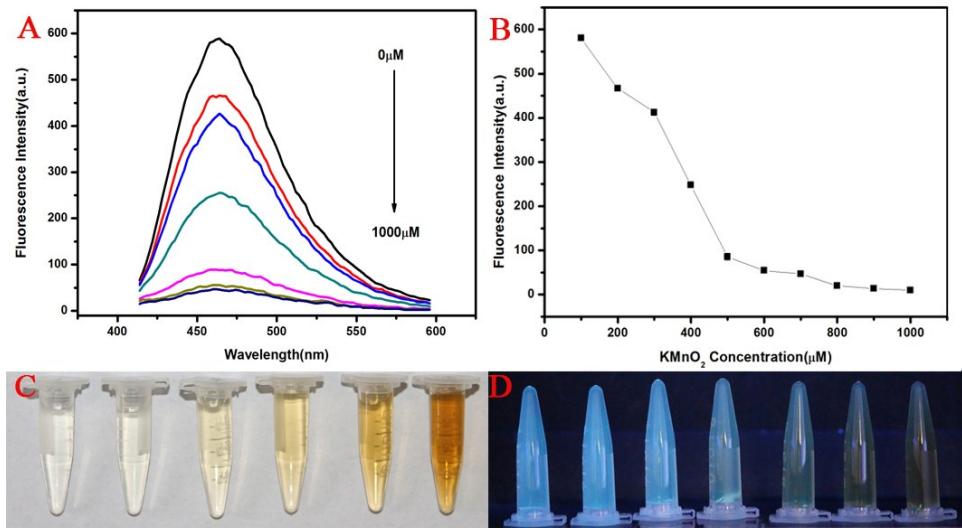


Fig. S4 (A) Fluorescence spectra of GQDs-MnO<sub>2</sub> composites prepared from different concentrations of original KMnO<sub>4</sub>; (B) The variable fluorescence intensities of GQDs-MnO<sub>2</sub> composites with increasing concentrations of KMnO<sub>4</sub>; The photograph of GQDs-MnO<sub>2</sub> composites prepared from increasing concentrations of KMnO<sub>4</sub> under air environment (C) and UV excited (D).

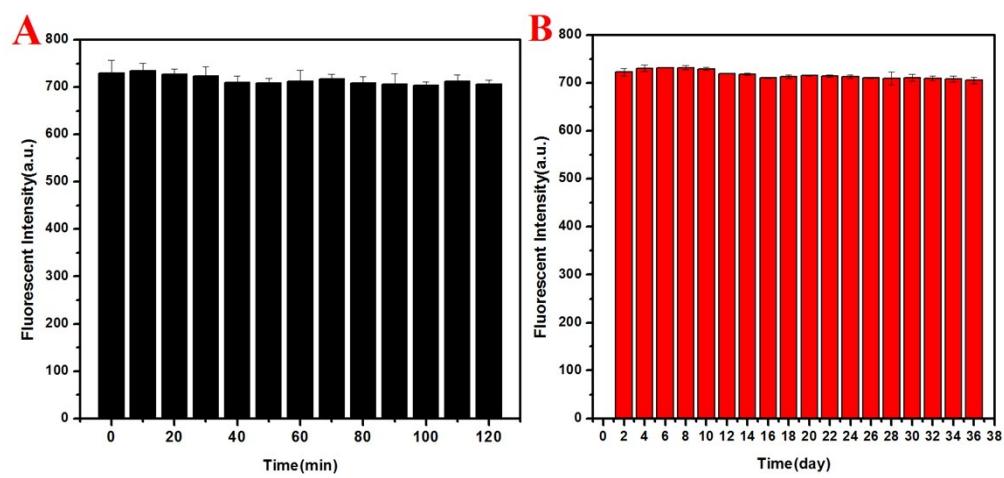


Fig. S5 (A) The stability of GQDs continuous irradiation under UV 365 nm for 120 min; (B) The stability of GQDs stored in a refrigerator at 4 °C for 38-day

Table.S1 Comparison of the sensing results of the present work with corresponding GSH sensors

<b>Probe</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Linear range</b>	<b>LOD</b>	<b>Real samples</b>	<b>Reference in manuscript</b>
Ag <sup>+</sup> -TMB	colorimetry	0.05-8 μM	0.05 μM	Human urine and fatal calf serum	[9]
MnO <sub>2</sub> NPs-TMB	colorimetry	0.26–26 mM	0.1 mM	Human blood	[11]
Rhodamin B - AuNPs	Fluorimetry	12-1384 μM	1.0 μM	hepG2	[14]
N-(4-(1,5-diphenyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)phenyl)-2,4-dinitrobenzenesulfonamide	Fluorimetry	10-180 μM	0.411 μM	Calf serum	[33]
CdTe-MPA-DA	Fluorimetry	0.01-10 μM	6.5 nM	Fetal bovine serum and human urine	[36]
GQDs-MnO <sub>2</sub>	Fluorimetry	1-1000 μM	0.45 μM	Fatal calf serum, Reduced Glutathione injection, Reduced Glutathione Tablets	This work