

Electronic Supplementary Information

On Zn(II) 2,2'-Bis-dipyrin Circular Helicates

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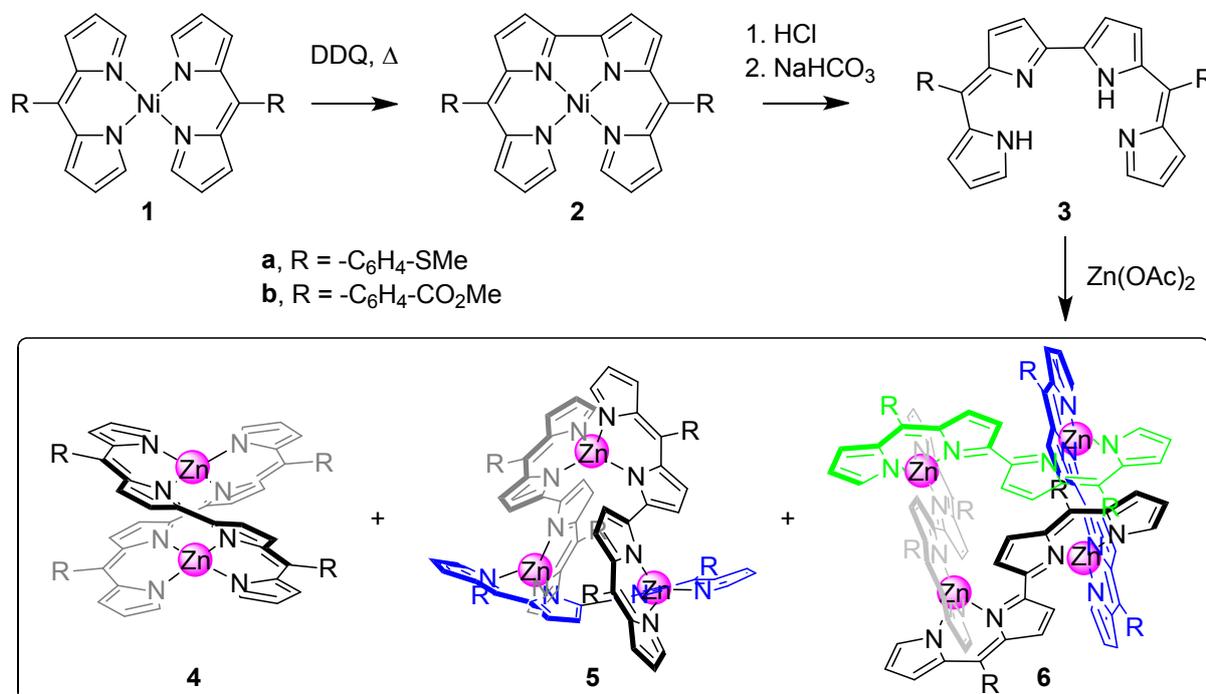
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Scheme ESI1 Synthetic route for the formation of [2+2] helicate **4**, tri- [3+3] and tetra-nuclear [4+4] complexes **5** and **6**

Synthesis

Ni(II) complex **1a** was synthesized following the protocol described for the Cu(II) analogue.¹ Complex **1b** was prepared according to a reported procedure.² ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded at 25 °C on a Bruker AV300 (300 MHz), AV400 (400 MHz) or AV500 (500 MHz) with the deuterated solvent as the internal reference. NMR chemical shifts and *J* values are given in parts per million (ppm) and in Hertz, respectively. Mass spectrometry was performed by the Service commun d'analyse (University of Strasbourg).

Complex 1a: To a CHCl_3 (750 mL) solution of the corresponding dipyrromethane (3 g, 11.1 mmol), a benzene (750 mL) solution of DDQ (2.60 g, 11.4 mmol) was added dropwise. After stirring at room temperature for 2 hours, a THF (100 mL) solution of $\text{Ni}(\text{BF}_4)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6$ (1.6 g, mmol) was added. The mixture was left to stir for 3 days. After evaporation to dryness, purification by column chromatography (SiO_2 , CHCl_3 to $\text{CHCl}_3/\text{AcOEt}$ 1/1) afforded complex **1a** as a red-green dichroic solid (1.23 g, 36 %). δ_{H} (500 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) 2.55 (s, 6H), 6.81 (d, $J = 4.6$ Hz, 4H), 7.27-7.29 (m, 4H), 7.35-7.37 (m, 4H), 7.44 (br s, 4H), 9.23 (br s, 4H). δ_{C} (125 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) 15.1, 124.7, 130.6, 131.4, 133.3, 138.5, 140.9, 143.4, 143.6, 167.5. $\lambda_{\text{max}}(\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2)/\text{nm}$ ($\epsilon/\text{mol}^{-1} \text{L cm}^{-1}$): 256 (42500), 380 (25500), 475 (45500). Single crystals were obtained by *n*-pentane vapor diffusion into a solution of the complex in CHCl_3 .

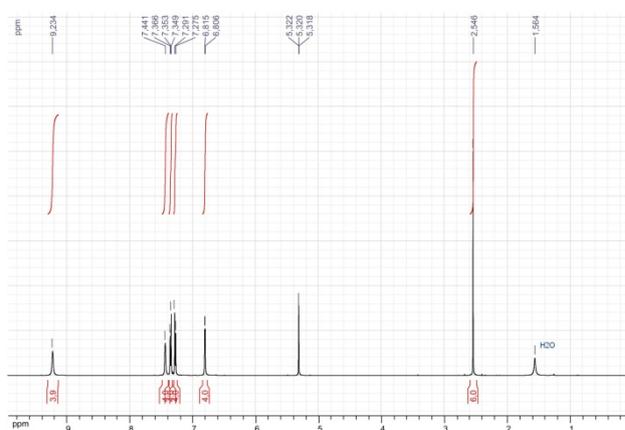


Fig. ESI1 ^1H NMR spectrum of complex **1a** in CD_2Cl_2 .

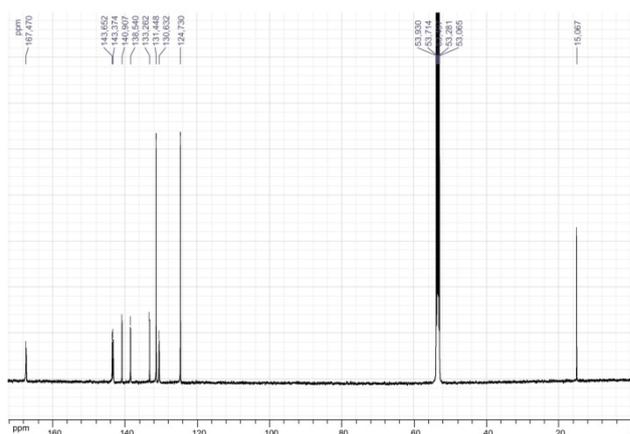


Fig. ESI2 ^{13}C NMR spectrum of complex **1a** in CD_2Cl_2 .

Complex **2a**: A toluene (100 mL) solution of DDQ (0.339 g, 1.5 mmol) was added to a toluene (300 mL) solution of complex **1a** (0.800 g, 1.3 mmol) and the mixture was heated at reflux overnight. TLC (SiO₂, CHCl₃) revealed the presence of unreacted complex and DDQ (160 mg, 0.7 mmol) was added. After reflux for an additional day, the mixture was evaporated to dryness and the residue was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, CHCl₃) affording **2a** as a brown solid (0.552 g, 69%). δ_{H} (500 MHz, CDCl₃) 2.55 (s, 6H), 5.96 (m, 2H), 6.41 (dd, $J = 1.4$ and 4.1 Hz, 2H), 6.60 (d, $J = 4.4$ Hz, 2H), 6.75 (d, $J = 4.4$ Hz, 2H), 6.78 (d, $J = 4.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.31 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 4H), 7.48 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 4H). δ_{C} (125 MHz, CDCl₃) 15.5, 115.3, 117.1, 125.1, 129.9, 131.5, 133.4, 134.6, 135.8, 138.8, 140.5, 143.2, 153.6, 160.6. λ_{max} (CH₂Cl₂)/nm (ϵ /mol⁻¹ L cm⁻¹): 257 (33000), 373 (19000), 419 (37500), 565 (11000), 760 (5000), 838 (10000). HRMS (ESI), m/z : [M]⁺ calcd. for C₃₄H₂₄N₄NiS₂: 586.0790; found: 586.0738. Single crystals were obtained by Et₂O vapor diffusion into a solution of the complex in CH₂Cl₂.

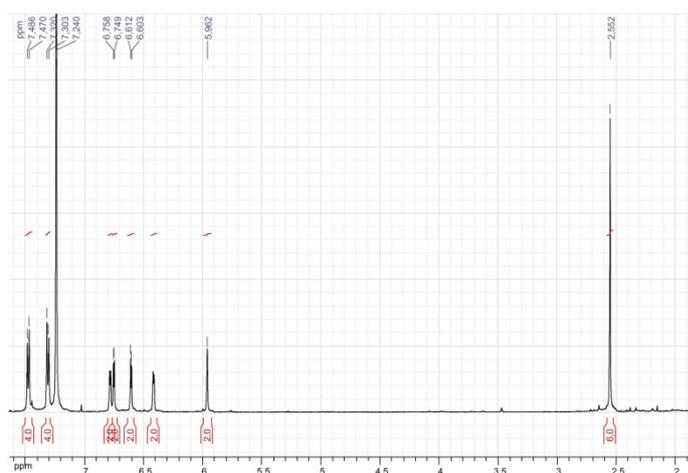


Fig. ESI3 ¹H NMR spectrum of complex **2a** in CDCl₃.

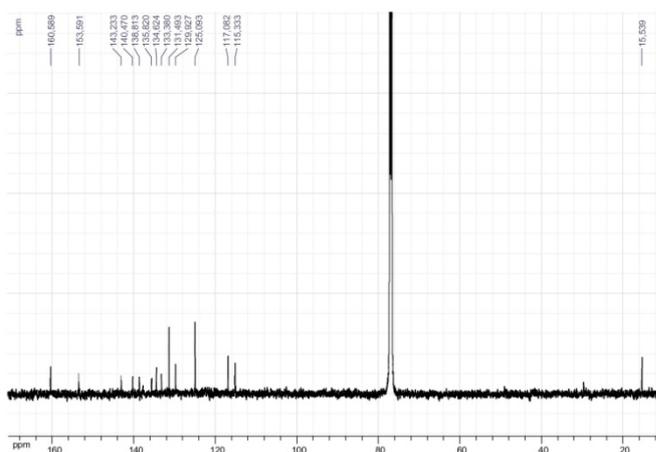


Fig. ESI4 ¹³C NMR spectrum of complex **2a** in CDCl₃.

Helicate **4a**: A MeOH (20 mL) solution of Zn(OAc)₂ (H₂O)₂ (85 mg, 0.38 mmol) was added to a CHCl₃ (70 mL) solution of ligand **3a**(CHCl₃) (200 mg, 0.31 mmol). The mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. After evaporation under vacuum, the residue was washed with MeOH (3x30 mL) to afford helicate **4a** (168 mg, 92%). δ_{H} (300 MHz, CDCl₃) . 2.58 (s, 12H), 6.28 (dd, $J = 1.0$ and 4.2 Hz, 4H), 6.36 (d, $J = 4.2$ Hz, 4H), 6.42 (d, $J = 4.2$ Hz, 4H), 6.60 (d, $J = 1.0$ and 4.2 Hz, 4H), 6.98 (m, 8H), 7.09 (dd, $J = 1.4$ and 8.0 Hz, 4H), 7.25 (dd, $J = 1.4$ and 8.0 Hz, 4H, overlap with solvent), 7.39 (dd, $J = 1.4$ and 8.0 Hz, 4H). λ_{max} (CH₂Cl₂)/nm (ϵ /mol⁻¹ L cm⁻¹): 260 (48000), 300 (20000), 381 (51000), 426 (110000), 468 (24000), 582 (41000), 639 (50000). HRMS (ESI), m/z : [M]⁺ calcd. for C₆₄H₄₈N₈S₄Zn₂: 1184.1462; found: 1184.1469. Single crystals were obtained by slow evaporation of a CHCl₃ solution of the helicate.

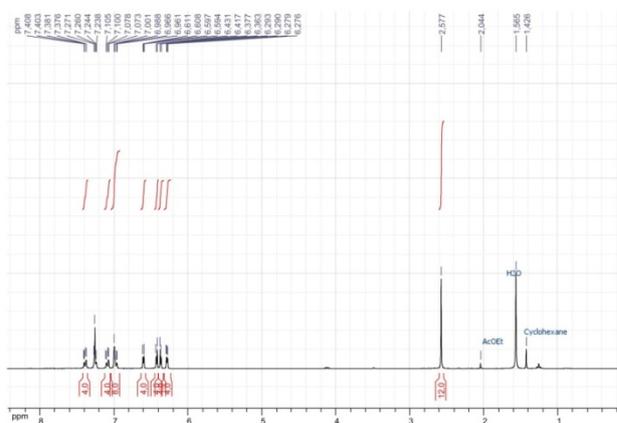


Fig. ESI7 ¹H NMR spectrum of helicate **4a** in CDCl₃.

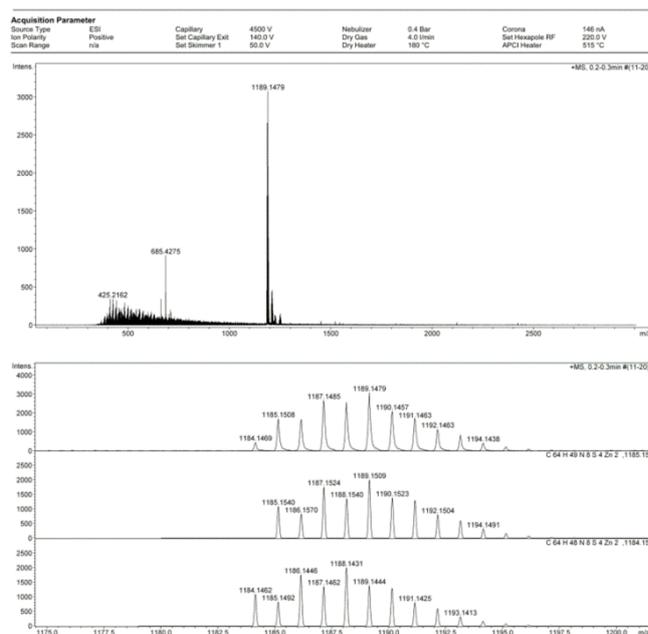


Fig. ESI8 ESI mass spectrum of helicate **4a**.

Tri- and tetra-nuclear complexes **5a** and **6a**: Addition of a MeOH (30 mL) solution of Zn(OAc)₂ (H₂O)₂ (21 mg, 0.09 mmol) to a CH₂Cl₂ (6 mL) solution of ligand **3a**(CHCl₃) (60 mg, 0.09 mmol) resulted in the immediate formation of a precipitate. The mixture was stirred for 30 min at room temperature and the solid was recovered by centrifugation. It was suspended in AcOEt (150 mL). Filtration of the suspension allowed the isolation of helicate **4a** as a solid (35 mg, 64%). The filtrate was concentrated and purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, Cyclohexane/AcOEt 1/1) to afford complex **5a** (13 mg, 24%) and **6a** as traces. Analytical data for **5a**: δ_H (400 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) 2.70 (s, 18H), 6.28 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 6H), 6.37 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 6H), 6.45 (dd, *J* = 1.2 and 4.2 Hz, 6H), 6.70 (dd, *J* = 1.2 and 4.2 Hz, 6H), 7.03 (dd, *J* = 1.2 and 7.8 Hz, 6H), 7.24 (dd, *J* = 1.4 and 7.8 Hz, 6H), 7.32 (dd, *J* = 1.2 and 8.0 Hz, 6H), 7.39 (dd, *J* = 1.5 and 8.0 Hz, 6H), 7.61 (t, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 6H). HRMS (ESI), *m/z*: [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₉₆H₇₂N₁₂NaS₆Zn₃: 1799.2094; found: 1799.2126. Single crystals were obtained by slow diffusion of *n*-pentane vapour in an AcOEt solution of the complex.

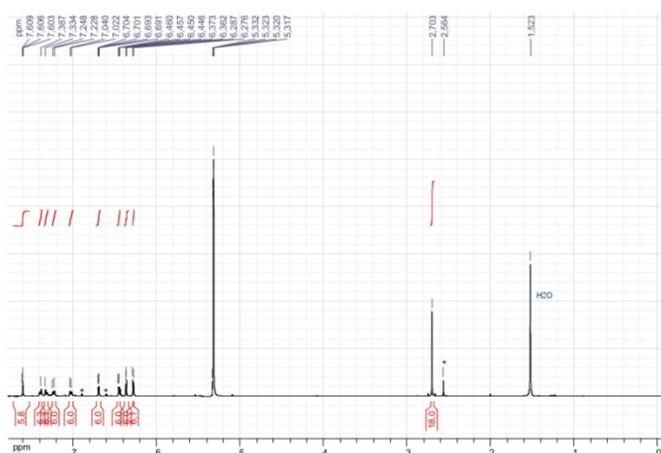


Fig. ESI9 ¹H of trinuclear complex **5a** in CD₂Cl₂. * denotes traces of the linear helicate.

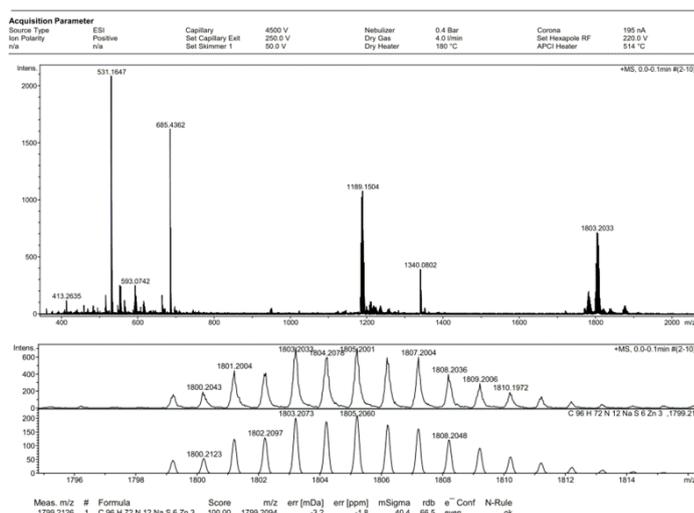


Fig. ESI10 ESI mass spectrum of trinuclear complex **5a**.

Complex **2b**: A toluene (300 mL) solution of DDQ (0.820 g, 3.6 mmol) was added to a toluene (300 mL) solution of complex **1b** (2.0 g, 3.3 mmol). Upon heating at reflux temperature for 48 hours, the mixture turned from red to brown. After evaporation of the solvent under vacuum, the residue was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, CHCl₃) affording **2b** as a brown solid (0.717 g, 36%). δ_{H} (500 MHz, CDCl₃) 3.96 (s, 6H), 5.92 (d, $J = 1.0$ Hz, 2 H), 6.42 (dd, $J = 1.2$ and 4.4 Hz, 2H), 6.60 (d, $J = 4.4$ Hz, 2H), 6.66 (d, $J = 4.4$ Hz, 2H), 6.71 (dd, $J = 1.0$ and 4.5 Hz, 2H), 7.60-7.62 (m, 4H), 8.11-8.13 (m, 4H). δ_{C} (125 MHz, CDCl₃) 55.4, 115.7, 117.5, 128.9, 129.9, 130.7, 130.9, 134.6, 135.5, 138.6, 141.3, 142.1, 153.9, 161.5, 166.7. λ_{max} (CH₂Cl₂)/nm (ϵ /mol⁻¹ L cm⁻¹): 308 (18000), 353 (21000), 417 (35000), 432 (32500), 570 (12000), 770 (5200), 848 (9600). HRMS (ESI), m/z : [M]⁺ calcd. for C₃₄H₂₄N₄NiO₄: 610.1146; found: 610.1139. Single crystals were obtained by *n*-pentane vapor diffusion into a solution of the complex in CHCl₃.

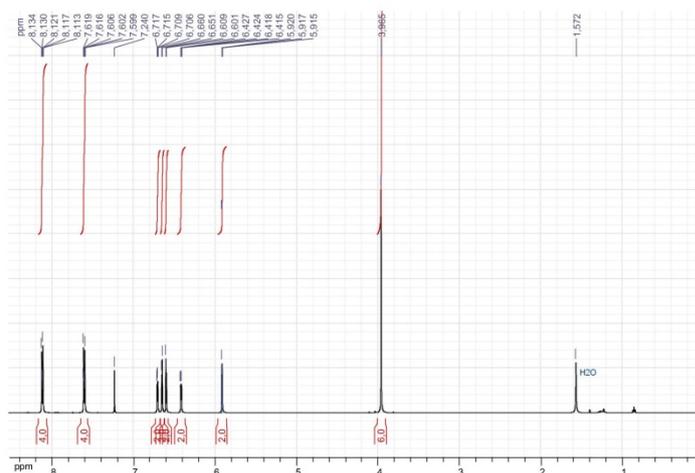


Fig. ESI11 ¹H NMR spectrum of complex **2b** in CDCl₃.

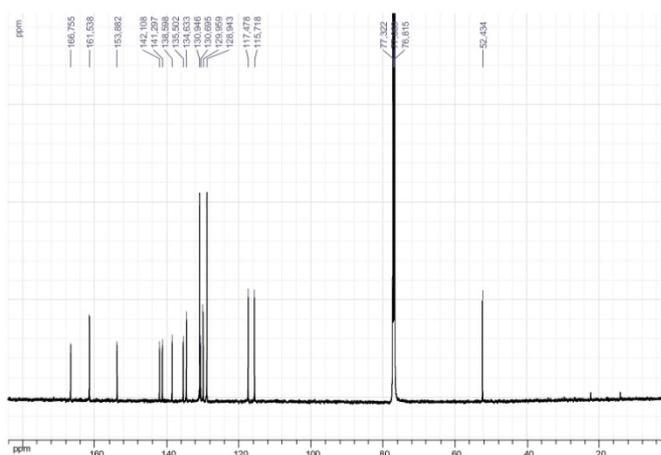


Fig. ESI12 ¹³C NMR spectrum of complex **2b** in CDCl₃.

Bis-dipyrrin **3b**: To a CHCl₃ (50 mL) solution of complex **2b** (0.700 g, 1.1 mmol), a 12 M solution of HCl (8 mL) was added and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 hours. Upon addition of a saturated Na₂CO₃ solution, the organic layer turned from green to dark blue. The organic phase was recovered and washed with H₂O (2x100 mL). The organics were dried over Na₂SO₄, and evaporated to dryness to afford ligand **3b** as a dark blue solid (0.556 g, 89%). δ_{H} (500 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) 3.96 (s, 6H), 6.42-6.44 (m, 2H), 6.53 (d, $J = 4.1$ Hz, 2H), 6.74 (d, $J = 4.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.06 (d, $J = 4.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.61-7.63 (m, 6H), 8.13-8.15 (m, 4H). δ_{C} (125 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) 52.3, 116.2, 120.7, 126.3, 129.0, 130.8, 131.1, 131.9, 138.7, 138.8, 139.4, 141.8, 145.7, 153.6, 166.6. λ_{max} (CH₂Cl₂)/nm ($\epsilon/\text{mol}^{-1} \text{ L cm}^{-1}$): 330 (22500), 412 (23500), 560 (34000), 590 (39000). HRMS (ESI), m/z : [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₃₄H₂₇N₄O₄: 555.2027; found: 555.2050. Single crystals were obtained by slow evaporation of a CHCl₃ solution of the bis-dipyrrin.

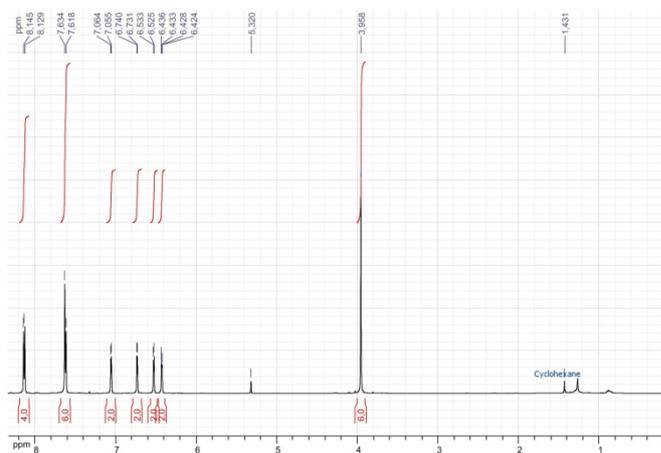


Fig. ESI13 ¹H NMR spectrum of bis-dipyrrin **3b** in CD₂Cl₂.

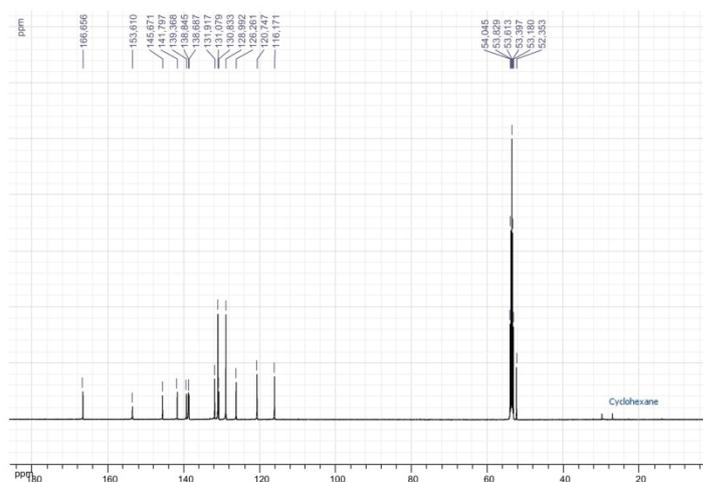


Fig. ESI14 ¹³C NMR spectrum of bis-dipyrrin **3b** in CD₂Cl₂.

Tri- and tetra-nuclear complexes **5b** and **6b**: Addition of a MeOH (120 mL) solution of Zn(OAc)₂ (H₂O)₂ (95 mg, 0.43 mmol) to a CH₂Cl₂ (24 mL) solution of ligand **3b** (240 mg, 0.43 mmol) resulted in the immediate formation of a precipitate. The mixture was stirred for 40 min at room temperature and the solid was recovered by centrifugation and washed with MeOH (40 mL). It was suspended in AcOEt (500 mL). Filtration of the suspension allowed the isolation of helicate **4b** as a solid (211 mg, 61%). The filtrate and the MeOH solution were concentrated and purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, Cyclohexane/AcOEt 1/1) to afford complex **5b** (39 mg, 15%) and **6b** (25 mg, 9%) Analytical data for **5b**: δ_H (400 MHz, CD₂Cl₂) 4.11 (s, 18H), 6.21 (d, *J* = 4.3 Hz, 6H), 6.37 (d, *J* = 4.3 Hz, 6H), 6.46 (dd, *J* = 1.2 and 4.3 Hz, 6H), 6.62 (dd, *J* = 1.0 and 4.3 Hz, 6H), 7.19 (m, 6H), 7.56 (m, 6H), 7.65 (t, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 6H), 8.11 (m, 12H). λ_{max}(CH₂Cl₂)/nm (ε/mol⁻¹ L cm⁻¹): 275 (52000), 336 (46000), 353 (54000), 433 (17000), 463 (22000), 614 (245000), 656 (183000), 697 (135000). HRMS (ESI), *m/z*: [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₁₀₂H₇₂N₁₂NaO₁₂Zn₃: 1871.3159; found: 1871.3065. Single crystals were obtained by slow diffusion of *n*-pentane vapour in a CHCl₃ solution of **5b**.

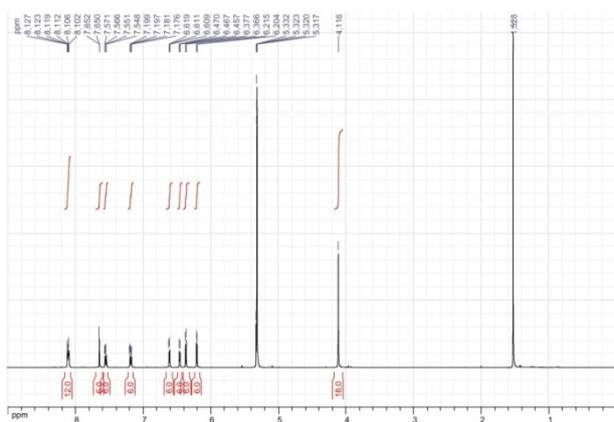


Fig. ESI17 ¹H NMR spectrum of trinuclear complex **5b** in CD₂Cl₂.

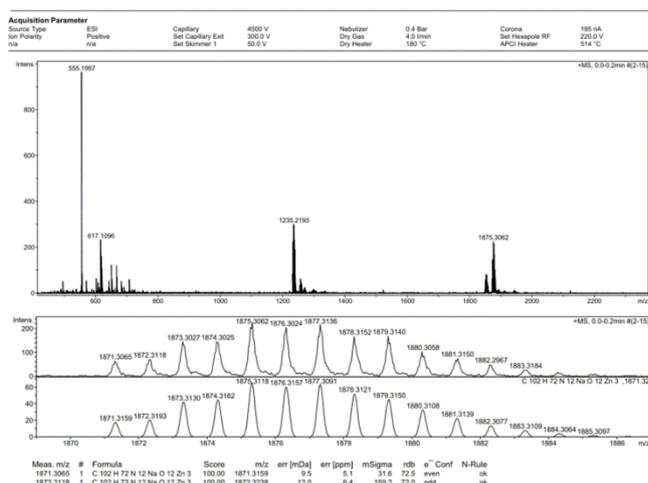


Fig. ESI18 ESI mass spectrum of the trinuclear complex **5b**.

Analytical data for **6b**: δ_{H} (400 MHz, CD_2Cl_2) 4.06 (s, 12H), 4.17 (s, 12H), 5.46 (d, $J = 4.2$ Hz, 4H), 5.74 (d, $J = 4.2$ Hz, 4H), 6.24 (d, $J = 4.2$ Hz, 4H), 6.32 (dd, $J = 1.1$ and 4.2 Hz, 4H), 6.36 (dd, $J = 1.1$ and 4.2 Hz, 4H), 6.40 (dd, $J = 1.1$ and 4.2 Hz, 4H), 6.48 (dd, $J = 1.1$ and 4.2 Hz, 4H), 6.70 (dd, $J = 1.4$ and 8.0 Hz, 4H), 7.22 (dd, $J = 1.4$ and 7.8 Hz, 4H), 7.34 (m, 8H), 7.46 (dd, $J = 1.2$ and 7.8 Hz, 4H), 7.55 (m, 8H), 8.07 (dd, $J = 1.4$ and 7.7 Hz, 4H), 8.15 (dd, $J = 1.6$ and 7.7 Hz, 4H), 8.22 (dd, $J = 1.4$ and 8.0 Hz, 4H). $\lambda_{\text{max}}(\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2)/\text{nm}$ ($\epsilon/\text{mol}^{-1} \text{L cm}^{-1}$): 279 (75000), 332 (63500), 360 (75000), 466 (64500), 483 (56000), 606 (261000), 649 (231000), 676 (209000). HRMS (ESI), m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{136}\text{H}_{94}\text{N}_{16}\text{NaO}_{16}\text{Zn}_4$: 2494.4230; found: 2494.3934. Single crystals were obtained by slow diffusion of Et_2O vapour in a toluene solution of **6b**

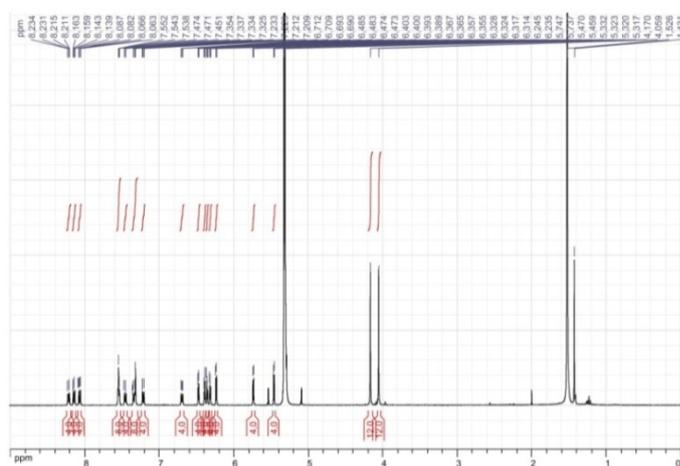


Fig. ESI19 ^1H NMR spectrum of tetranuclear complex **6b** in CD_2Cl_2 .

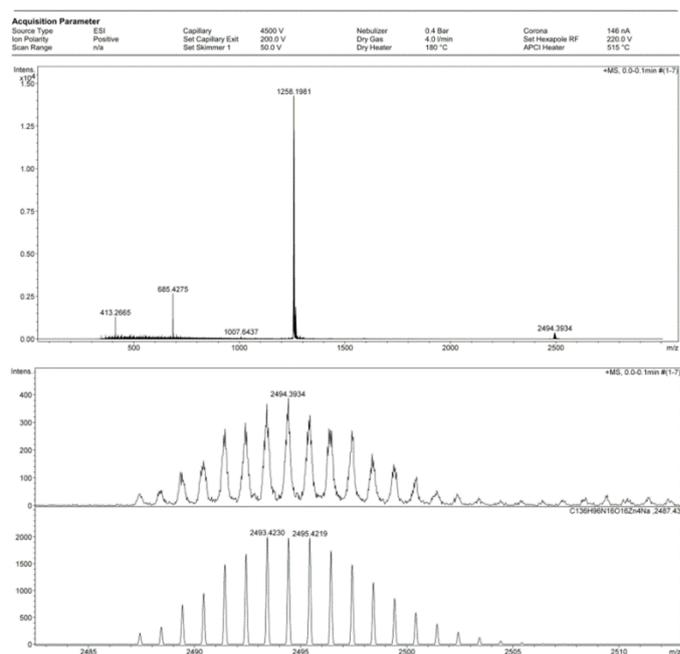


Fig. ESI20 ESI mass spectrum of tetranuclear complex **6b**.

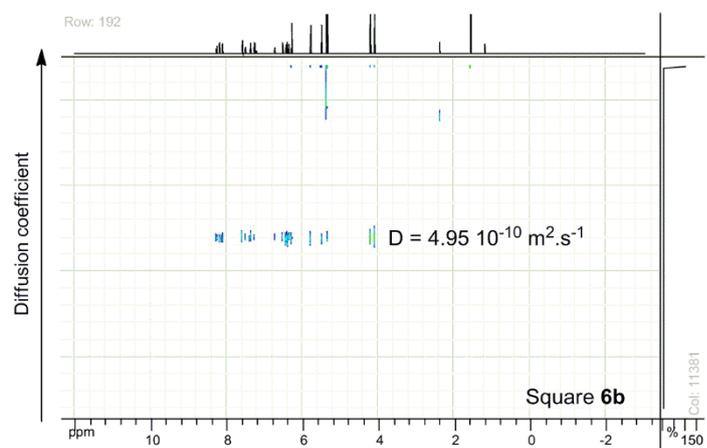
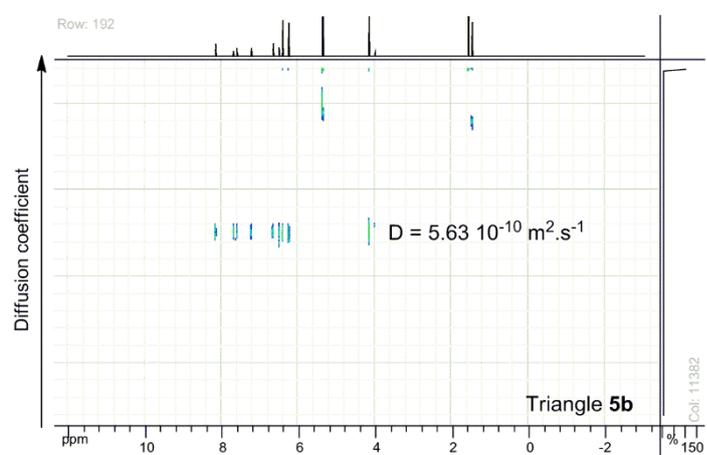
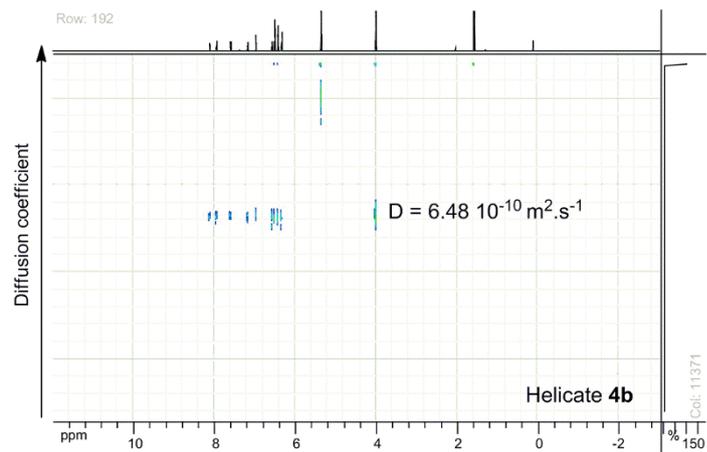


Fig. ESID1 DOSY NMR spectra in CD_2Cl_2 of pure **4b** (top), **5b** (middle) and **6b** (bottom) at 25°C .

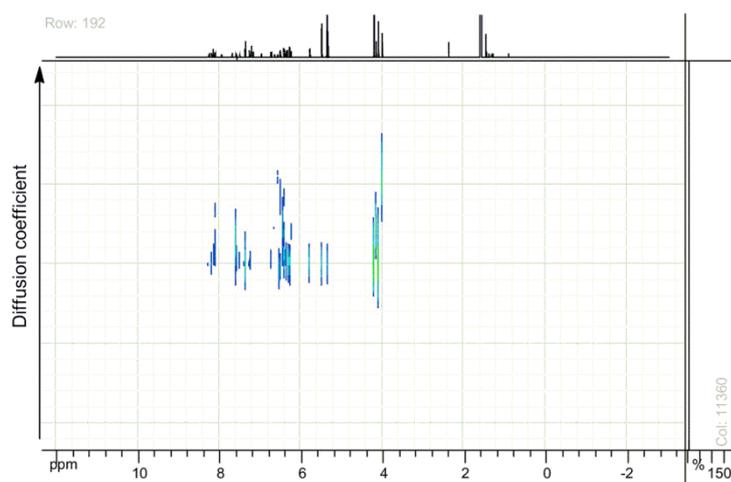
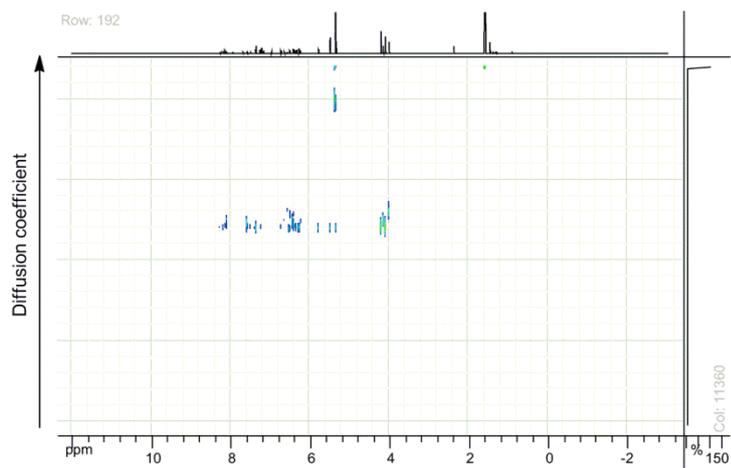


Fig. ESI22 DOSY NMR spectra in CD₂Cl₂ of a mixture of **4b**, **5b** and **6b** (top) and zoom showing the three different diffusion coefficients observed for the three compounds (bottom).

X-Ray diffraction

Single-crystal data (Tables ESI1 and ESI2) were collected on a Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer with Mo-K α radiation at 173 or 190 K. The structures were solved using SHELXS-97 and refined by full matrix least-squares on F^2 using SHELXL-97 with anisotropic thermal parameters for all non-hydrogen atoms.³ The hydrogen atoms were introduced at calculated positions and not refined (riding model). In the structure of **5a**, the carbon atom of two methyl groups of peripheral thioether moieties are disordered over two positions. Furthermore, the *n*-pentane solvent molecule is also disordered. This has been taken into account using the PART command. The hydrogen atoms on this molecule have not been introduced but are taken into account in the compound formula. For **3b**, one carbonyl group shows disorder over two positions, modeled using the PART command. In the structure of **4b**, two phenyl groups show positional disorder. For both *P*-**6b** and *M*-**6b**, toluene molecules present in the crystal are heavily disordered. The SQUEEZE command has been employed to account for the corresponding electron density.⁴

CCDC 1040034-1040046 contain the supplementary crystallographic data for compounds **1a-5a** and **1b-6b**. These data can be obtained free of charge via www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data_request/cif.

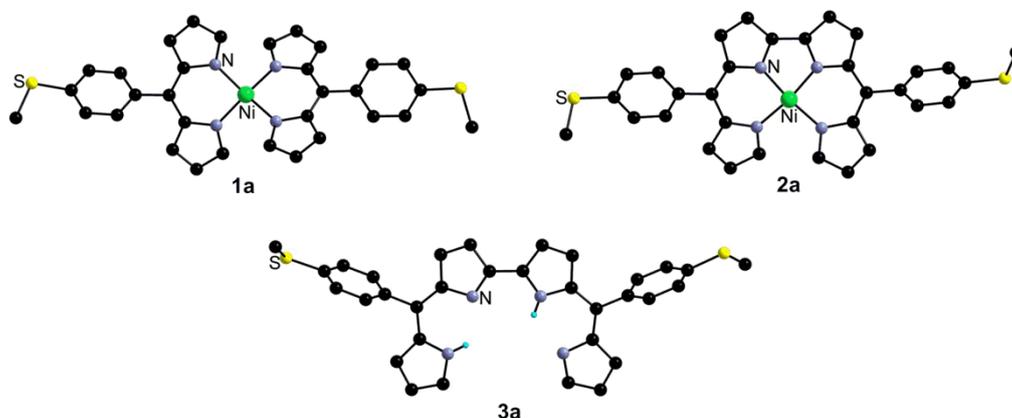


Fig. ESI 23. Crystal structures of compounds **1a-3a**. CH hydrogen atoms and solvent molecules are not presented for clarity.

Table ESI1 Crystallographic data for compounds **1a-5a**

	α-1a	β-1a	2a	3a(CHCl₃)	4a	(5a)₂(AcOEt)₂(<i>n</i>-pentane)
Formula	C ₃₂ H ₂₆ N ₄ NiS ₂	C ₃₂ H ₂₆ N ₄ NiS ₂	C ₃₂ H ₂₄ N ₄ NiS ₂	C ₃₃ H ₂₇ Cl ₃ N ₄ S ₂	C ₆₄ H ₄₂ N ₈ S ₄ Zn ₂	C ₂₀₅ H ₁₇₂ N ₂₄ O ₄ S ₁₂ Zn ₆
FW	589.40	589.40	587.38	650.06	1188.19	3812.61
Crystal system	Orthorhombic	Triclinic	Triclinic	Triclinic	Monoclinic	Triclinic
Space group	<i>Pbca</i>	<i>P</i> -1	<i>P</i> -1	<i>P</i> -1	<i>P</i> 2 ₁ / <i>n</i>	<i>P</i> -1
<i>a</i> / Å	18.0049(9)	9.7891(2)	9.9075(2)	8.9232(2)	15.1355(4)	13.3649(5)
<i>b</i> / Å	9.0457(4)	11.7331(2)	12.331(3)	12.3869(3)	14.9332(4)	18.2896(6)
<i>c</i> / Å	32.7494(15)	12.5712(3)	12.4360(3)	14.6782(4)	24.9048(5)	18.8109(7)
α / °		104.4860(10)	64.1490(10)	75.7490(10)		96.448(2)
β / °		99.6890(10)	69.8930(10)	75.0970(10)	106.3990(10)	99.538(2)
γ / °		102.5310(10)	79.4820(10)	86.5210(10)		64.693(2)
<i>V</i> / Å ³	5333.8(4)	1326.30(5)	1283.19(5)	1519.57(7)	5400.0(2)	4482.1(3)
<i>Z</i>	8	2	2	2	4	1
<i>T</i> / K	173(2)	173(2)	173(2)	173(2)	173(2)	173(2)
μ / mm ⁻¹	0.914	0.919	0.950	0.470	1.094	0.995
Refls. coll.	32789	26383	26379	30752	62112	81271
Ind. refls.	7802 (0.0615)	7063 (0.0310)	6911 (0.0364)	8155 (0.0385)	15675	24097 (0.0764)
(<i>R</i> _{int})					(0.0710)	
<i>R</i> ₁ (<i>I</i> > 2 σ (<i>I</i>)) ^a	0.0417	0.0366	0.0344	0.0517	0.0517	0.0631
<i>wR</i> ₂ (<i>I</i> > 2 σ (<i>I</i>)) ^a	0.1042	0.0895	0.0762	0.1213	0.1310	0.1602
<i>R</i> ₁ (all data) ^a	0.0739	0.0455	0.0490	0.0875	0.1008	0.1384
<i>wR</i> ₂ (all data) ^a	0.1267	0.0947	0.0828	0.1394	0.1580	0.2003
GOF	1.089	1.072	1.028	1.034	1.064	1.018

$$^a R_1 = \sum ||F_o| - |F_c|| / \sum |F_o|; wR_2 = [\sum w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2 / \sum wF_o^4]^{1/2}$$

Table ESI2 Crystallographic data for compounds **1b-6b**

	1b	2b	3b	4b	5b(CHCl₃)₃	P-6b	M-6b
Formula	C ₃₄ H ₂₆ N ₄ NiO ₄	C ₃₄ H ₂₄ N ₄ NiO ₄	C ₃₄ H ₂₆ N ₄ O ₄	C ₆₈ H ₄₈ N ₈ O ₈ Zn ₂	C ₁₀₅ H ₇₅ Cl ₉ N ₁₂ O ₁₂ Zn ₃	C ₁₃₆ H ₉₆ N ₁₆ O ₁₆ Zn ₄	C ₁₃₆ H ₉₆ N ₁₆ O ₁₆ Zn ₄
FW	613.30	611.28	554.59	1235.88	2211.93	2471.77	2471.77
Crystal system	Triclinic	Monoclinic	Monoclinic	Monoclinic	Monoclinic	Orthorhombic	Orthorhombic
Space group	<i>P</i> -1	<i>C</i> 2/ <i>c</i>	<i>P</i> 2/ <i>c</i>	<i>C</i> 2/ <i>c</i>	<i>C</i> 2/ <i>c</i>	<i>I</i> 222	<i>I</i> 222
<i>a</i> / Å	9.2124(3)	34.4732(8)	20.8248(7)	23.8065(15)	18.1355(4)	15.3648(9)	15.3370(6)
<i>b</i> / Å	11.1476(3)	9.8680(2)	7.2192(2)	16.6644(11)	21.5289(5)	19.7305(11)	19.7279(14)
<i>c</i> / Å	14.7168(5)	7.9143(2)	19.4469(7)	42.744(3)	25.5659(6)	23.6393(13)	23.6518(12)
α / °	86.1660(10)						
β / °	76.5000(10)	100.7240(10)	105.8250(10)	100.563(2)	100.0080(10)		
γ / °	70.6820(10)						
<i>V</i> / Å ³	1386.77(8)	2645.28(11)	2812.81(16)	16670.1(18)	9830.0(4)	7166.4(7)	7156.2(7)
<i>Z</i>	2	4	4	12	4	2	2
<i>T</i> / K	173(2)	173(2)	173(2)	173(2)	173(2)	190 (2)	190 (2)
μ / mm ⁻¹	0.748	0.784	0.088	0.932	1.040	0.723	0.724
Refls. coll.	26775	28830	41843	110709	57850	24227	50642
Ind. refls. (<i>R</i> _{int})	7382 (0.0255)	3688 (0.0270)	7843 (0.0406)	22429 (0.0925)	14449 (0.0631)	10413 (0.0404)	10481 (0.0627)
<i>R</i> ₁ (<i>I</i> >2 σ (<i>I</i>)) ^a	0.0419	0.0310	0.0544	0.0775	0.0615	0.0425	0.0480
<i>wR</i> ₂ (<i>I</i> >2 σ (<i>I</i>)) ^a	0.1010	0.0879	0.1259	0.1884	0.1619	0.0899	0.0958
<i>R</i> ₁ (all data) ^a	0.0545	0.0369	0.1032	0.1386	0.1187	0.0566	0.0731
<i>wR</i> ₂ (all data) ^a	0.1189	0.1003	0.1538	0.2190	0.2011	0.0941	0.1021
GOF	1.027	1.141	1.023	1.056	1.039	0.953	0.954

$$^a R_1 = \sum ||F_o| - |F_c|| / \sum |F_o|; wR_2 = [\sum w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2 / \sum wF_o^4]^{1/2}$$

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