Diastereoselective construction of *anti*-4,5-disubstituted-1,3-dioxolanes *via* a bismuthmediated two-component hemiacetal oxa-conjugate addition of γ-hydroxy-α,β-unsaturated ketones with paraformaldehyde

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1. General information

All reactions were carried out under an ambient atmosphere with reagent grade solvents unless otherwise stated. Anhydrous dichloromethane, diethyl ether and tetrahydrofuran were obtained by passing degassed solvents through activated alumina columns in a Grubbs solvent purification system (PureSolv MD-6 of Innovative Technology Inc.). Anhydrous magnesium sulphate (MgSO₄) and sodium sulfate (Na₂SO₄) were used as drying agents; all other commercially available reagents (Aldrich, Alfa-Aesar, Acros) were purchased and used as received, unless otherwise noted. Analytical thin layer chromatography (TLC) was performed on pre-coated 0.25 mm thick silica gel 60-F254 plates (Whatman PE SIL G/UV); Plates were visualized with UV light and spraying with Pancaldi reagent [(NH₄)₆MoO₄, Ce(SO₄)₂, H₂SO₄, H₂O] followed by heating. All compounds were purified by flash chromatography using silica gel 60 (40–63 μ m, SiliCycle) and gave spectroscopic data consistent with being ≥95% the assigned structure. ¹H- and ¹³C-NMR spectra were recorded on a *Bruker Avance DRX-500* spectrometer in the solvent

indicated (CDCl₃ or C₆D₆) at ambient temperature; chemical shifts (δ) are given in ppm and calibrated using the signal of residual undeuterated solvent as the internal reference (CDCl₃: $\delta_{\rm H}$ = 7.26 ppm and $\delta_{\rm C} = 77.16$ ppm; C₆D₆: $\delta_{\rm H} = 7.16$ ppm and $\delta_{\rm C} = 128.06$ ppm). ¹H-NMR data are reported as follows: chemical shift (multiplicity, 1st order spin system if available, coupling constant, integration). Coupling constants (J) are reported in Hz and the splitting patterns are designated using the following abbreviations: s (singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), g (quartet), m (multiplet), br (broad), app. (apparent) and combinations thereof. The reported chemical shifts for broad singlets and each part of the 1st order spin systems were averaged. ¹³C-NMR spectra with complete proton decoupling were described with the aid of an APT sequence, separating methylene and quaternary carbons (e, even), from methyl and methine (o, odd). IR spectra were recorded on a Perkin-Elmer FT-IR Spectrum 100 spectrometer; wavenumbers (v) are given in cm⁻¹; the abbreviations w (weak, <33%), m (medium, 33-66%), s (strong, >66), vs (very strong, >95%) and br. (broad) are used to describe the relative intensities of the IR absorbance bands. High resolution chemical ionization (CI) and electrospray ionization (ESI) mass spectra were recorded on a TermoFinnigan Mat 95 XP spectrometer and a VG 7070E double focusing magnetic sector mass spectrometer equipped with solid probe inlet.

2. Representative experimental procedure and spectral data for the synthesis of γ -hydroxy- α , β -unsaturated ketones 1a-l. Hoveyda-Grubbs 2nd generation catalyst (0.25 mmol, 0.025 equiv.) was added to a stirred solution of allylic alcohol (10 mmol, 1 equiv.) and methyl vinyl ketone (50 mmol, 5 equiv.) in anhydrous dichloromethane (20 ml) at room temperature. The reaction mixture was refluxed under argon for *ca*. 4 hours (t.l.c. control) and then concentrated *in vacuo* to afford the crude product. Purification by flash chromatography (silica gel, eluting with diethyl ether/petroleum ether) furnished the desired γ -hydroxy- α , β -unsaturated ketones 1a-l.

Ph H COMe 1a

Color and state: Brown oil.

FC (silica gel, eluting with 1:4 to 1:2 ethyl acetate/petroleum ether).

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.31-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.22-7.19 (m, 3H), 6.76 (dd, J = 16.0, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 6.28 (dd, J = 16.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (dtd, J = 12.3, 5.0, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 2.80 (ddd, A of

(E)-5-Hydroxy-7-phenylhept-3-en-2-one (1a)¹

¹ T. J. Donohoe and J. F. Bower, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U. S. A.*, 2010, **107**, 3373.

ABXY, $J_{AB} = 14.3$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 8.5$ Hz, $J_{AY} = 6.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.74 (ddd, B of ABXY, $J_{AB} = 15.2$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 7.7$ Hz, $J_{BY} = 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.98-1.87 (m, 2H), 1.76 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 1H). **IR** (Neat) 3413 (br, w), 3027 (w), 2922 (w), 2854 (w), 1672 (s), 1630 (m), 1496 (w), 1455 (m), 1361 (m), 1257 (s), 979 (m), 733 (s), 700 (s) cm⁻¹.

(E)-5-Hydroxy-6-phenylhex-3-en-2-one (1b)



Color and state: Colorless oil.

FC (silica gel, eluting with 1:3 to 1:2.5 ethyl acetate/petroleum ether).

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, C_6D_6) δ 7.14-7.11 (m, 2H), 7.07-7.04 (m, 1H), 7.00-6.99 (m, 2H), 6.49 (dd, J = 15.9, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 6.18 (dd, J = 15.9, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (dtd, J = 6.0, 4.5, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 2.56-2.47 (m, 2H), 1.81 (s, 3H), 1.56 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 1H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 196.78 (e), 147.36 (o), 137.71 (e), 129.81 (o), 129.37 (o), 128.76 (o), 126.96 (o), 71.85 (o), 43.57 (e), 27.18 (o).

IR (Neat) 3413 (br, w), 3026 (w), 2919 (w), 2858 (w), 1670 (s), 1627 (m), 1494 (w), 1452 (w), 1359 (m), 1254 (s), 980 (m), 746 (s) 699 (s) cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI, $[M+H]^+$) calcd for C₁₂H₁₅O₂ 191.1072, found 191.1062.

OH Me COMe

1c

(E)-5-Hydroxyhex-3-en-2-one $(1c)^2$

Me Color and state: Colorless oil.

FC (silica gel, eluting with 2:1 to 3:1 diethyl ether/pentane).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.76 (dd, J = 16.1, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.23 (dd, J = 16.1, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (app. dtq, J = 6.6, 4.8, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (d, J = 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 1.32 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H).

IR (neat) 3407 (br, m), 2976 (w), 2932 (w), 1691 (vs), 1629 (s), 1424 (m), 1362 (s), 1255 (vs), 1146 (s), 977 (vs) cm⁻¹.

(E)-5-Hydroxy-6,6-dimethylhept-3-en-2-one (1d)



Color and state: Colorless oil.

FC (silica gel, eluting with 1:2 to 1:1 diethyl ether/petroleum ether).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 6.71 (dd, *J* = 16.0, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 3.67-3.62 (m, 1H), 2.42 (br. s, 1H), 1.88 (s, 3H), 0.85 (s, 9H).

² T. Ishikawa, M. Senzaki, R. Kadoya, T. Morimoto, N. Miyake, M. Izawa, S. Saito and H. Kobayashi, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 2001, **123**, 4607.

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 197.55 (e), 146.84 (o), 130.99 (o), 78.93 (o), 35.60 (e), 27.14 (o), 25.89 (o).

IR (Neat) 3445 (br, w), 2955 (m), 2907 (w), 2869 (w), 1670 (vs), 1627 (s), 1466 (m), 1361 (s), 1257 (s), 1110 (s), 983 (s) cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI, $[M+H]^+$) calcd for C₉H₁₇O₂ 157.1223, found 157.1216.



(*E*)-5-Cyclohexyl-5-hydroxypent-3-en-2-one (1e) *Color and state*: Colorless oil.

FC (silica gel, eluting with 1:3.5 to 1:3 ethyl acetate/petroleum ether).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, C_6D_6) δ 6.53 (dd, J = 16.0, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 6.18 (dd, J = 16.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 3.64 (td, J = 5.3, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 1.86 (s, 3H), 1.68-1.60 (m, 3H), 1.56-1.47 (m, 3H), 1.20 (app. dddt, J = 11.8, 6.3, 5.6, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 1.13-0.96 (m, 3H), 0.95-0.84 (m, 2H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 196.82 (e), 147.67 (o), 130.06 (o), 75.44 (o), 43.83 (o), 29.23 (e), 28.13 (e), 27.21 (o), 26.70 (e), 26.49 (e), 26.41 (e).

IR (Neat) 3423 (br, w), 2922 (s), 2851 (m), 1669 (s), 1626 (s), 1448 (m), 1359 (m), 1253 (s), 1108 (m), 979 (s) cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI, $[M+H]^+$) calcd for C₁₁H₁₉O₂ 183.1380, found 183.1371.

(E)-5-Hydroxy-6-methylhept-3-en-2-one $(1f)^3$



Color and state: Volatile colorless oil.

FC (silica gel, eluting with 1:1 diethyl/petroleum ether).

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.71 (dd, J = 16.0, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 6.18 (dd, J = 16.0, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 4.01 (app. qd, J = 5.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 3.17 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 1.76 (octet, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 0.86 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 6H).

IR (neat) 3424 (br, w), 2962 (m), 2875 (w), 1671 (vs), 1631 (s), 1468 (m), 1361 (s), 1255 (s), 1176 (m), 980 (vs) cm⁻¹.

(E)-5-Hydroxy-7-methyloct-3-en-2-one (1g)

Color and state: Colorless oil.

1g FC (silica gel, eluting with 1:1 to 1.5:1 diethyl ether/petroleum ether).

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.72 (dd, J = 16.0, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 6.20 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.34-4.29 (m, 1H), 2.94 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 2.21 (s, 3H), 1.75 (nonet, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 1.46 (ddd, A of

³ A. Giardina, E. Marcantoni, T. Mecozzi and M. Petrini, *Eur. J. Org. Chem.*, 2001, 713.

ABXY, $J_{AB} = 14.0$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 8.5$ Hz, $J_{AY} = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 1.32 (ddd, B of ABXY, $J_{AB} = 13.7$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 8.4$ Hz, $J_{BY} = 5.2$ Hz, 1H), 0.89 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 6H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 199.22 (e), 150.19 (o), 128.71 (o), 69.32 (o), 45.73 (e), 27.26 (o), 24.51 (o), 23.15 (o), 22.07 (o).

IR (Neat) 3412 (br, w), 2955 (m), 2925 (m), 2870 (w), 1671 (vs), 1628 (s), 1467 (m), 1360 (s), 1255 (s), 1147 (m), 980 (s) cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI, $[M+H]^+$) calcd for C₉H₁₇O₂ 157.1223, found 157.1217.

Me OH (E)-5-Hydroxy-8-methylnon-3-en-2-one (1h) Me 2^{-1} COMe Color and state: Colorless oil. Th EC (silica gel eluting with 1:2, 1:1 diethyl ethe

FC (silica gel, eluting with 1:2, 1:1 diethyl ether/petroleum ether).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 6.52 (dd, J = 16.0, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 6.22 (dd, J = 16.0, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 3.91-3.87 (m, 1H), 1.93 (br. s, 1H), 1.88 (s, 3H), 1.41 (nonet, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 1.40-1.29 (m, 2H), 1.24 (ddt, A of ABXY₂, $J_{AB} = 12.9$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 9.8$ Hz, $J_{AY} = 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 1.11 (ddt, B of ABXY₂, $J_{AB} = 13.0$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 9.9$ Hz, $J_{BY} = 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 0.84 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 0.83 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (125 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 197.33 (e), 149.09 (o), 129.08 (o), 71.32 (o), 34.90 (e), 34.70 (e), 28.30 (o), 27.12 (o), 22.74 (o), 22.60 (o).

IR (Neat) 3420 (br, w), 2953 (m), 2933 (m), 2869 (m), 1671 (vs), 1628 (s), 1467 (m), 1361 (s), 1255 (s), 1171 (m), 977 (s) cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI, $[M+H]^+$) calcd for C₁₀H₁₉O₂ 171.1380, found 171.1371.

OH BnO

1i

(E)-6-(Benzyloxy)-5-hydroxyhex-3-en-2-one (1i)

COMe Color and state: Colorless oil.

FC (silica gel, eluting with 1:3 to 1:2 ethyl acetate/petroleum ether).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.38-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.30 (m, 3H), 6.71 (dd, J = 16.0, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 6.39 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.58 (s, 2H), 4.56-4.51 (m, 1H), 3.63 (dd, A of ABX, $J_{AB} = 9.5$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 3.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.41 (dd, B of ABX, $J_{AB} = 9.4$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.62 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 2.27 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.31 (e), 144.26 (o), 137.46 (e), 130.55 (o), 128.70 (o), 128.20 (o), 128.01 (o), 73.65 (e), 73.05 (e), 70.13 (o), 27.79 (o).

IR (Neat) 3427 (br, w), 2920 (vs), 2851 (s), 1676 (m), 1633 (m), 1455 (m), 1361 (m), 1257 (m), 1103 (m), 981 (m), 739 (m) cm⁻¹.

HRMS (CI, $[M+NH_4]^+$) calcd for C₁₃H₂₀NO₃ 238.1443, found 238.1445.

OH TIPSO_____COMe (E)-5-Hydroxy-6-((triisopropylsilyl)oxy)hex-3-en-2-one (1j) Color and state: Colorless oil.

1j FC (silica gel, eluting with 1:6 to 1:5 ethyl acetate/petroleum ether). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 6.59 (dd, J = 16.0, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (dd, J = 15.9, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 4.16-4.10 (m, 1H), 3.52 (dd, A of ABX, $J_{AB} = 9.7$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 4.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.40 (dd, B of ABX, $J_{AB} = 9.7$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 7.1$ Hz, 1H), 2.46 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 1.88 (s, 3H), 1.06-1.00 (m, 18H), 0.98 (septet, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 196.29 (e), 144.31 (o), 130.60 (o), 71.82 (o), 67.18 (e), 27.28 (o), 18.08 (o), 12.22 (o).

IR (Neat) 3429 (br, w), 2941 (m), 2865 (m), 1675 (s), 1630 (m), 1462 (m), 1360 (m), 1252 (m), 1109 (s), 980 (s), 881 (s), 786 (s) cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI, $[M-H]^{-}$) calcd for C₁₅H₂₉O₃Si 285.1891, found 285.1900.

OH (E)-5-Hydroxy-5-phenylpent-3-en-2-one (1k)¹ FC (silica gel, eluting with 1:3 to 1:2 ethyl acetate/petroleum ether). 1k ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40-7.31 (m, 5H), 6.86 (dd, J = 16.0, 5.0

Hz, 1H), 6.38 (dd, *J* = 16.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.38 (app. td, *J* = 3.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H).

IR (Neat) 3395 (br, w), 3062 (w), 3031 (w), 2852 (w), 1672 (s), 1627 (m), 1453 (w), 1360 (m), 1256 (s), 1098 (m), 979 (s), 761 (m) cm⁻¹.

OH 2-Npth (E)-5-Hydroxy-5-(naphthalen-2-yl)pent-3-en-2-one (11) FC (silica gel, eluting with 1:3 to 1:2.5 ethyl acetate/petroleum ether). 11 H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85-7.82 (m, 3H), 7.80-7.78 (m, 1H),

7.52-7.48 (m, 2H), 7.44-7.42 (m, 1H), 6.90 (dd, J = 16.0, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (dd, J = 16.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.51 (app. t, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.77 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 2.24 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.94 (e), 147.53 (o), 138.39 (e), 133.39 (e), 133.31 (e), 129.20 (o), 128.92 (o), 128.11 (o), 127.86 (o), 126.58 (o), 126.49 (o), 125.56 (o), 124.35 (o), 73.81 (o), 27.45 (o).

IR (neat) 3383 (br, m), 3055 (w), 3024 (w), 1670 (s), 1627 (s), 1601 (m), 1508 (m), 1360 (s), 1253 (s), 1096 (s), 978 (s), 818 (vs), 749 (vs) cm⁻¹.

HRMS (CI, $[M+H]^+$) calcd for C₁₅H₁₅O₂ 227.1072, found 227.1074.

3. General experimental procedure and spectral data for the synthesis of the *anti*-4,5disubstituted-1,3-dioxolanes 2a-l. Bismuth(III) nitrate pentahydrate (0.05 mmol, 0.1 equiv.) was added to a stirred solution of the γ -hydroxy- α , β -unsaturated ketone (0.5 mmol, 1 equiv.) and paraformaldehyde (2.5 mmol, 5 equiv.) in dichloromethane (2 ml) at room temperature. The reaction mixture was then stirred at this temperature for *ca*. 36 hours (t.1.c. control), filtered through a pad of silica gel with diethyl ether and the crude material was concentrated *in vacuo* to afford the crude product. Purification by flash chromatography (silica gel, eluting with diethyl ether/pentane) furnished the *anti-4,5-disubstitted-1,3-dioxolanes* 2a-l.

1-((4*R**,5*R**)-(5-Phenethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)propan-2-one (2a)



Color and state: Colorless oil.

FC (silica gel, eluting with 1:2.5 diethyl ether/petroleum ether).

2a [•]COMe ¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.31-7.26 (m, 2H), 7.22-7.18 (m, 3H), 5.02 (s, 1H), 4.99 (s, 1H), 4.06 (ddd, A of AMXY, $J_{AM} = 7.8$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 6.0$ Hz, $J_{AY} = 5.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.63 (app. q, M of AMXY, $J_{AM} = J_{MX} = J_{MY} = 6.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.86 (dt, A of ABX₂, $J_{AB} = 14.2$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.76 (dd, A of ABX, $J_{AB} = 16.6$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.71 (dt, B of ABX₂, $J_{AB} = 13.9$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.56 (dd, B of ABX, $J_{AB} = 16.7$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.18 (s, 3H), 1.91 (td, J = 8.0, 6.1 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 206.16 (e), 141.31 (e), 128.46 (o), 128.41 (o), 126.02 (o), 94.06 (e), 80.32 (o), 76.41 (o), 46.43 (e), 33.90 (e), 32.09 (e), 30.75 (o).

IR (neat) 3027 (w), 2920 (m), 2851 (m), 1714 (s), 1603 (w), 1497 (w), 1455 (m), 1358 (m), 1086 (s), 983 (m), 701 (s) cm⁻¹.

HRMS (CI, $[M+H]^+$) calcd for C₁₄H₁₉O₃ 235.1334, found 235.1337.

1-((4*R**,5*R**)-5-Benzyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)propan-2-one (2b)



Color and state: Colorless oil.

FC (silica gel, eluting with 1:3 to 1:2 diethyl ether/pentane).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.32-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.26-7.22 (m, 3H), 5.01 (s, 1H), 4.97 (s, 1H), 4.13 (ddd, A of AMXY, $J_{AM} = 7.9$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 6.4$ Hz, $J_{AY} = 4.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.85 (dt, M of AMX₂, $J_{AM} = 7.1$ Hz, $J_{MX} = 6.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.02 (dd, A of ABX, $J_{AB} = 14.0$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 7.4$

Hz, 1H), 2.89 (dd, B of ABX, $J_{AB} = 13.9$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.68 (dd, A of ABX, $J_{AB} = 16.5$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 2.34 (dd, B of ABX, $J_{AB} = 16.5$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 4.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.14 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 205.96 (e), 137.27 (e), 129.35 (o), 128.69 (o), 126.84 (o), 94.29 (e), 81.65 (o), 76.48 (o), 46.57 (e), 38.71 (e), 30.70 (o).

IR (neat) 3026 (w), 2919 (w), 2858 (w), 1712 (s), 1603 (w), 1495 (w), 1453 (w), 1358 (m), 1080 (s), 969 (s), 700 (s) cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI, $[M+H]^+$) calcd for C₁₃H₁₇O₃ 221.1172, found 221.1162.

1-((4*R**,5*R**)-(5-Methyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)propan-2-one (2c)

Color and state: Colorless oil.

FC (silica gel, eluting with 1:2 diethyl ether/pentane).

²**c** COive ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.98 (s, 1H), 4.94 (s, 1H), 3.90 (ddd, A of AMXY, $J_{AM} = 7.8$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 6.6$ Hz, $J_{AY} = 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.70 (quintet, M of A₃MX, $J_{AM} = J_{MX} = 6.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.76 (dd, A of ABX, $J_{AB} = 16.5$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.58 (dd, B of ABX, $J_{AB} = 16.5$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.20 (s, 3H), 1.29 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 206.34 (e), 94.09 (e), 77.94 (o), 77.34 (o), 46.24 (e), 30.87 (o), 17.40 (o).

IR (neat) 2871 (w), 1714 (s), 1384 (m), 1361 (m), 1167 (m), 1091 (s), 974 (s), 730 (vs) cm⁻¹. **HRMS** (CI, $[M+NH_4]^+$) calcd for C₇H₁₆NO₃ 162.1130, found 162.1134.

1-((4*R**,5*R**)-5-(*tert*-Butyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)propan-2-one (2d)

Color and state: Colorless oil.

FC (silica gel, eluting with 1:3 diethyl ether/pentane).

2d COMe ¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.00 (s, 1H), 4.92 (s, 1H), 4.31 (ddd, A of AMXY, $J_{AX} = 9.2$ Hz, $J_{AM} = 6.1$ Hz, $J_{AY} = 3.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.33 (d, M of AM, $J_{AM} = 6.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.77 (dd, A of ABX, $J_{AB} = 16.1$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 9.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.50 (dd, B of ABX, $J_{AB} = 16.1$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 3.1$ Hz, 1H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 0.94 (s, 9H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 206.16 (e), 94.61 (e), 88.69 (o), 72.82 (o), 48.06 (e), 33.62 (e), 31.00 (o), 25.86 (o).

IR (neat) 2956 (m), 2908 (w), 2869 (w), 1715 (s), 1478 (w), 1362 (m), 1162 (m), 1087 (s), 968 (s) cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI, $[M+H]^+$) calcd for C₁₀H₁₉O₃ 187.1329, found 187.1319.

1-((4R*,5R*)-5-Cyclohexyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)propan-2-one (2e)



Color and state: Colorless oil.

FC (silica gel, eluting with 1:5 to 1:4 diethyl ether/pentane).

²⁶ COMe ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.93 (s, 1H), 4.92 (s, 1H), 4.21 (ddd, A of AMXY, $J_{AM} = 8.8$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 5.9$ Hz, $J_{AY} = 3.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.34 (app. t, M of AMX, $J_{AM} = J_{MX} = 6.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.73 (dd, A of ABX, $J_{AB} = 16.2$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 8.7$ Hz, 1H), 2.54 (dd, B of ABX, $J_{AB} = 16.2$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 3.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.20 (s, 3H), 1.91-1.85 (m, 1H), 1.76-1.71 (m, 2H), 1.68-1.57 (m, 2H), 1.49 (dddd, J = 15.0, 11.5, 7.1, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 1.28-1.10 (m, 3H), 1.03 (app. qt, J = 12.2, 4.0 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 206.34 (e), 94.20 (e), 85.17 (o), 74.60 (o), 47.49 (e), 40.39 (o), 30.93 (o), 29.25 (e), 28.96 (e), 26.40 (e), 26.01 (e), 25.81 (e).

IR (neat) 2923 (s), 2851 (m), 1713 (s), 1449 (m), 1357 (m), 1163 (m), 1084 (s), 998 (s), 972 (s) cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI, $[M+H]^+$) calcd for $C_{12}H_{21}O_3$ 213.1485, found 213.1475.

1-((4R*,5R*)-(5-Isopropyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)propan-2-one (2f)



Color and state: Colorless oil.

FC (silica gel, eluting with 1:5 to 1:4 diethyl ether/pentane).

2f COMe ¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.93 (s, 1H), 4.91 (s, 1H), 4.17 (ddd, A of AMXY, $J_{AM} = 8.9$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 5.7$ Hz, $J_{AY} = 3.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.32 (app. t, M of AMX, $J_{AM} = J_{MX} = 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.74 (dd, A of ABX, $J_{AB} = 16.3$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 8.7$ Hz, 1H), 2.54 (dd, B of ABX, $J_{AB} = 16.3$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 3.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.18 (s, 3H), 1.79 (octet, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 0.96 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 0.91 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 206.25 (e), 94.17 (e), 85.97 (o), 74.65 (o), 47.39 (e), 30.89 (o), 30.59 (o), 18.74 (o), 18.39 (o).

IR (neat) 2963 (w), 2876 (w), 1716 (m), 1470 (w), 1360 (w), 1167 (m), 1086 (s), 972 (m), 912 (s), 729 (vs) cm⁻¹.

HRMS (CI, $[M+NH_4]^+$) calcd for C₉H₂₀NO₃ 190.1443, found 190.1449.



1-((4*R**,5*R**)-5-Isobutyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)propan-2-one (2g)

Color and state: Colorless oil.

COMe FC (silica gel, eluting with 1:5 to 1:4 diethyl ether/pentane).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.95 (s, 1H), 4.93 (s, 1H), 3.93 (ddd, A of AMXY, J_{AM} = 8.0 Hz, J_{AX} = 6.4 Hz, J_{AY} = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 3.64 (ddd, M of AMXY, J_{AM} = 9.5 Hz, J_{MX} = 6.3 Hz, J_{MY} = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 2.74 (dd, A of ABX, J_{AB} = 16.3 Hz, J_{AX} = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.56 (dd, B of ABX, J_{AB} = 16.3 Hz, J_{AX} = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.56 (dd, B of ABX, J_{AB} = 16.3 Hz, J_{BX} = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 1.78 (app. dd of septet, J = 8.2, 6.6, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 1.53 (ddd, A of ABXY, J_{AB} = 14.2 Hz, J_{AX} = 9.2 Hz, J_{AY} = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 1.31 (ddd, B of ABXY, J_{AB} = 14.0 Hz, J_{BX} = 8.4 Hz, J_{BY} = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 0.93 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 0.91 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 206.28 (e), 94.11 (e), 79.65 (o), 77.04 (o), 46.51 (e), 41.15 (e), 30.85 (o), 25.37 (o), 23.38 (o), 22.09 (o).

IR (neat) 2955 (m), 2928 (m), 2870 (m), 1713 (s), 1467 (w), 1364 (m), 1164 (m), 1084 (s), 985 (s) cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI, $[M+H]^+$) calcd for C₁₀H₁₉O₃ 187.1329, found 187.1320.



Color and state: Colorless oil.

FC (silica gel, eluting with 1:5 diethyl ether/pentane).

 $1-((4R^{*},5R^{*})-5-Isopentyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)$ propan-2-one (2h)

²h COMe ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.98 (s, 1H), 4.96 (s, 1H), 4.01 (ddd, A of AMXY, $J_{AM} = 7.9$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 6.2$ Hz, $J_{AY} = 4.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.58 (app. q, M of AMXY, $J_{AM} = J_{MX} = J_{MY} = 6.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.77 (dd, A of ABX, $J_{AB} = 16.3$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.59 (dd, B of ABX, $J_{AB} = 16.3$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 4.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 1.62-1.53 (m, 3H), 1.38 (ddt, A of ABXY₂, $J_{AB} = 13.6$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 8.5$ Hz, $J_{AY} = 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 1.24 (ddt, B of ABXY₂, $J_{AB} = 13.9$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 9.4$ Hz, $J_{BY} = 7.1$ Hz, 1H), 0.90 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 0.90 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 206.27 (e), 94.15 (e), 81.62 (o), 76.71 (o), 46.76 (e), 35.04 (e), 30.89 (o), 30.18 (e), 28.11 (o), 22.63 (o), 22.52 (o).

IR (neat) 2953 (m), 2933 (m), 2868 (m), 1713 (s), 1467 (w), 1359 (m), 1163 (m), 1085 (vs), 975 (s) cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI, $[M+H]^+$) calcd for $C_{11}H_{21}O_3$ 201.1485, found 201.1480.

1-((4*R**,5*R**)-(5-(Benzyloxymethyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)propan-2-one (2i)



Color and state: Colorless oil.

FC (silica gel, eluting with 1:1.5 to 1:1 diethyl ether/pentane).

²¹ COME ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.35-7.26 (m, 5H), 5.00 (s, 1H), 4.97 (s, 1H), 4.58 (d, A of AB, $J_{AB} = 12.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.55 (d, B of AB, $J_{AB} = 12.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.22 (ddd, A of AMXY, $J_{AM} = 7.6$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 6.3$ Hz, $J_{AY} = 5.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.82 (app. q, M of AMXY, $J_{AM} = J_{MX} = J_{MY} = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.65 (dd, A of ABX, $J_{AB} = 10.2$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 3.59 (dd, B of ABX, $J_{AB} = 10.2$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 4.9$ Hz, 1H), 2.83 (dd, A of ABX, $J_{AB} = 16.8$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.67 (dd, B of ABX, $J_{AB} = 16.8$ Hz, $J_{AB} = 16.8$ Hz, $J_{AB} = 16.8$ Hz, $J_{AB} = 16.8$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 4.9$ Hz, 1H), 2.18 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 206.12 (e), 137.81 (e), 128.47 (o), 127.81 (o), 127.73 (o), 94.71 (e), 79.48 (o), 74.29 (o), 73.59 (e), 69.86 (e), 46.69 (e), 30.70 (o).

IR (neat) 2922 (w), 2864 (w), 1713 (s), 1497 (w), 1454 (w), 1360 (m), 1164 (m), 1085 (vs), 977 (s), 732 (vs), 698 (s) cm⁻¹.

HRMS (CI, $[M+NH_4]^+$) calcd for C₁₄H₂₂NO₄ 268.1549, found 268.1543.



1-((4*R**,5*R**)-5-(((Triisopropylsilyl)oxy)methyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4yl)propan-2-one (2j)

Color and state: Colorless oil.

FC (silica gel, eluting with 1:6 diethyl ether/petroleum ether).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.01 (s, 1H), 4.96 (s, 1H), 4.32 (ddd, A of AMXY, J_{AM} = 8.0 Hz, J_{AX} = 6.1 Hz, J_{AY} = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 3.92 (dd, A of ABX, J_{AB} = 10.3 Hz, J_{AX} = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (dd, B of ABX, J_{AB} = 10.3 Hz, J_{BX} = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (dt, M of AMX₂, J_{AM} = 5.9 Hz, J_{MX} = 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.83 (dd, A of ABX, J_{AB} = 16.5 Hz, J_{AX} = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 2.72 (dd, B of ABX, J_{AB} = 16.5 Hz, J_{BX} = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 2.20 (s, 3H), 1.14-1.00 (m, 21H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 206.14 (e), 95.04 (e), 80.74 (o), 74.74 (o), 63.90 (e), 47.21 (e), 30.65 (o), 18.04 (o), 11.98 (o).

IR (neat) 2941 (m), 2892 (m), 2865 (m), 1716 (m), 1462 (m), 1359 (m), 1135 (m), 1089 (s), 978 (m), 880 (s), 784 (m) cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI, $[M+H]^+$) calcd for C₁₆H₃₃O₄Si 317.2143, found 317.2128.

1-((4*R**,5*R**)-5-Phenyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)propan-2-one (2k)



Color and state: Colorless oil.

FC (silica gel, eluting with 1:3 to 1:2 diethyl ether/pentane).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40-7.32 (m, 5H), 5.29 (s, 1H), 5.20 (s, 1H), 4.54 (d, A of AM, J_{AM} = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.21 (ddd, M of AMXY, J_{AM} = 8.4 Hz, J_{MX} = 7.3 Hz, J_{MY} = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 2.83 (dd, A of ABX, J_{AB} = 16.4 Hz, J_{AX} = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 2.70 (dd, B of ABX, J_{AB} = 16.4 Hz, J_{BX} = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.20 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 205.88 (e), 137.77 (e), 128.87 (o), 128.69 (o), 126.61 (o), 95.73 (e), 82.77 (o), 79.31 (o), 45.27 (e), 30.83 (o).

IR (neat) 2918 (w), 2853 (w), 1713 (s), 1495 (w), 1456 (w), 1358 (m), 1162 (m), 1089 (s), 994 (s), 951 (s), 758 (s), 700 (vs) cm^{-1} .

HRMS (CI, $[M+NH_4]^+$) calcd for C₁₂H₁₈NO₃ 224.1287, found 224.1290.



1-((4R*,5R*)-5-(Naphthalen-2-yl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)propan-2-one (2l) 2-Npth 2-Npth 21 COMe FC (silica gel, eluting with 1:2.5 to 1:2 diethyl ether pentane).

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.89-7.82 (m, 4H), 7.52-7.49 (m, 3H), 5.37

(s, 1H), 5.26 (s, 1H), 4.72 (d, A of AM, J_{AM} = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (ddd, M of AMXY, J_{AM} = 8.2 Hz, J_{MX} = 7.4 Hz, J_{MY} = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.89 (dd, A of ABX, J_{AB} = 16.4 Hz, J_{AX} = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 2.75 (dd, B of ABX, J_{AB} = 16.4 Hz, J_{BX} = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.21 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 205.87 (e), 135.15 (e), 133.51 (e), 133.25 (e), 128.92 (o), 128.05 (o), 127.90 (o), 126.56 (o), 126.46 (o), 126.02 (o), 124.01 (o), 95.86 (e), 82.93 (o), 79.19 (o), 45.31 (e) 30.84 (o).

IR (neat) 3056 (w), 2856 (w), 1713 (s), 1602 (w), 1508 (w), 1357 (m), 1163 (m), 1087 (s), 961 (m), 860 (m), 820 (s), 749 (m) cm^{-1} .

HRMS (CI, $[M+NH_4]^+$) calcd for C₁₆H₂₀NO₃ 274.1443, found 274.1440.

4. Preparation of hydrazone 5



(E)-1-(2,4-Dinitrophenyl)-2-(1-((4R*,5R*)-5-phenethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)propan-2-

vlidene)hydrazine (5). Acetic acid (2 drops) was added to a stirred solution of the 1,3dioxolane 2a (0.0512 g, 0.219 mmol) and (2,4-dinitrophenyl)hydrazine (0.087 g, 0.437 mmol) in ethanol (1 ml). The reaction mixture was then heated at reflux for *ca*. 6 hours (t.l.c. control), cooled to ambient temperature and concentrated in vacuo to afford the crude hydrazone. with Purification by flush chromatography (silica gel, eluting 1:200 diethyl ether/dichloromethane) afforded the hydrazone 5 (0.023 g, 25% yield) as yellow solid: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.05 (br. s, 1H), 9.13 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 8.28 (dd, J = 9.5, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 7.29-7.26 (m, 2H), 7.20-7.17 (m, 3H), 5.06 (s, 1H), 5.05 (s, 1H), 3.99 (ddd, A of AMXY, $J_{AX} = 7.1$ Hz, $J_{AM} = 6.2$ Hz, $J_{AY} = 5.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.73 (ddd, M of AMXY, $J_{MX} = 8.9$ Hz, $J_{AM} = 6.1$ Hz, $J_{MY} = 3.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.89 (ddd, A of ABXY, $J_{AB} = 14.1$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 9.3$ Hz, $J_{AY} = 5.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.74 (ddd, B of ABXY, $J_{AB} = 14.0$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 9.2$ Hz, $J_{BY} = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.67 (dd, A of ABX, $J_{AB} = 10.6$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.63 (dd, B of ABX, $J_{AB} = 15.0$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 5.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 1.98 (dt, A of ABX₂, $J_{AB} = 9.4$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.91 (ddd, B of ABXY, $J_{AB} = 9.8$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 7.2$ Hz, $J_{BY} = 3.9$ Hz, 1H); 1³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.82 (e), 145.16 (e), 141.29 (e), 138.10 (e), 130.16 (o), 129.40 (e), 128.64 (o), 128.50 (o), 126.26 (o), 123.59 (o), 116.57 (o), 94.40 (e), 80.33 (o), 78.53 (o), 41.97 (e), 34.24 (e), 32.27 (e), 16.78 (o); IR (neat) 3322 (w), 3105 (w), 3026 (w), 2923 (w), 2857 (w), 1616 (s), 1591 (s), 1498 (s), 1330 (s), 1310 (s), 1135 (m), 1084 (s), 978 (m), 832 (s), 743 (s), 700 (s) cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI, [M+H]⁺) calcd for C₂₀H₂₃N₄O₆ 415.1612, found 415.1622.

5. Stereodivergent 1,3-reduction of 1-((4*R**,5*R**)-5-(((triisopropylsilyl)oxy)methyl)-1,3dioxolan-4-yl)propan-2-one (2j) – syn- and anti-1,3-diol derivatives 6 and 7



Method A: (*R*)-1-(($4R^*, 5R^*$)-5-(((Triisopropylsilyl)oxy)methyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)propan-2-ol (6). Lithium iodide (0.169 g, 1.262 mmol) was added to a stirred solution of the 1,3dioxolane 2j (0.160 g, 0.505 mmol) in anhydrous diethyl ether (10 ml) at room temperature under an atmosphere of argon. The mixture was then stirred at this temperature for *ca*. 10 minutes before being cooled to -100 °C. LiAlH₄ (42.8 mg, 1.262 mmol) was added and the resulting mixture stirred at this temperature for *ca*. 2 hours (t.l.c. control). The reaction was then quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution and partitioned between water and diethyl ether. The combined organic phases were dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford the crude product. Purification by flash chromatography (silica gel, eluting with 1:2 diethyl ether/pentane) afforded the *syn-1,3-diol derivative* **6** (153 mg, 95% yield) as a colorless oil: $ds \ge 19:1$; ¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.03 (s, 1H), 4.96 (s, 1H), 4.07 (dd, A of ABX, $J_{AB} = 8.3$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 5.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.06 (dd, B of ABX, $J_{AB} = 8.5$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 6.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.90 (dd, A of ABX, $J_{AB} = 10.2$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 4.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.75 (dd, B of ABX, $J_{AB} = 10.2$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.69 (dt, M of AMX₂, $J_{AM} = 6.4$ Hz, $J_{MX} = 4.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.96 (br. s, 1H), 1.79-1.71 (m, 2H), 1.22 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 3H), 1.15-1.07 (m, 3H), 1.06-1.05 (m, 18H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 94.77 (e), 81.16 (o), 79.28 (o), 67.39 (o), 63.78 (e), 41.79 (e), 23.44 (o), 18.05 (o), 11.98 (o); **IR** (neat) 3450 (br, w), 2940 (m), 2865 (s), 1461 (m), 1382 (w), 1132 (m), 1089 (s) 983 (m), 881 (s), 784 (s), 681 (s) cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI, [M+H]⁺) calcd for C₁₆H₃₅O₄Si 319.2299, found 319.2284.

Method B: (S)-1-((4R*,5R*)-5-(((Triisopropylsilyl)oxy)methyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)propan-**2-ol (7).** Samarium(II) iodide (4.1 ml, 0.41 mmol, 0.1 M in THF) was cooled with stirring to -10 °C under an atmosphere of argon. The 1,3-dioxolane 2j (42.8 mg, 0.135 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (0.5 ml) was added dropwise followed by the addition of methanol (109 µl, 2.70 mmol) and the resulting mixture stirred at this temperature for ca. 40 hours (t.l.c. control). The reaction was then quenched with saturated aqueous NaCl solution and partitioned between water and diethyl ether. The combined organic phases were washed with saturated aqueous NaCl solution, dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated in vacuo to afford the crude product. Purification by flash chromatography (silica gel, eluting with 1:2 diethyl/ether pentane) afforded the anti-1,3-diol derivative 7 (31.5 mg, 73 % yield) as a colorless oil: ds = 7:1; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.03 (s, 1H), 4.92 (s, 1H), 4.13 (dd, A of ABX, $J_{AB} = 11.7$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 6.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.10-4.05 (m, 1H), 3.92-3.87 (m, 1H), 3.79-3.74 (m, 2H), 2.39 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 1.81 (dd, J = 7.3, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 1.80 (dd, J = 7.5, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 1.25 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 1.15-1.08 (m, 3H), 1.07-1.05 (m, 18H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 94.66 (e), 80.58 (o), 77.09 (o), 65.44 (o), 63.96 (e), 41.45 (e), 23.77 (o), 18.08 (o), 12.03 (o); IR (neat) 3456 (br, w), 2943 (m), 2866 (s), 1463 (m), 1384 (w), 1134 (s), 1090 (s), 984 (s), 882 (s), 785 (s), 682 (s) cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI, $[M+H]^+$) calcd for C₁₆H₃₅O₄Si 319.2299, found 319.2312.

6. Mild deprotection of the 1,3-dioxolane 2a - syn,syn-1,2,4-triol 8



(2R*,4R*,5R*)-7-Phenylheptane-2,4,5-triol (8). Lithium iodide (0.148 g, 1.104 mmol) was added to a stirred solution of the 1,3-dioxolane 2a (0.1035 g, 0.442 mmol) in anhydrous diethyl ether (8.8 ml) at room temperature under an atmosphere of argon. The mixture was then stirred at this temperature for ca. 10 minutes before being cooled to -78 °C. LiAlH₄ (0.042 g, 1.104 mmol) was added and the resulting mixture stirred for ca. 2 hours (t.l.c. control). The reaction was then quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution and partitioned between water and diethyl ether. The combined organic phases were dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated in vacuo to afford the secondary alcohol (0.1017 g, 97% yield), which was used in the next step without purification. 1,3-Propanedithiol (0.068 ml, 0.677 mmol) and BF₃·Et₂O (8.58 µl, 0.068 mmol) were sequentially added to a stirred solution of the crude syn-alcohol (0.008 g, 0.034 mmol) in dichloromethane (0.3 ml) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was then stirred at this temperature for ca. 6 hours (t.l.c. control), before being quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution and partitioned between water and ethyl acetate. The combined organic phases were dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford the crude triol. Purification by flush chromatography (silica gel, eluting with 1:30 methanol/dichloromethane) furnished the triol 8 (0.0075 g, 99% yield) as colorless oil: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.30-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.22-7.17 (m, 3H), 4.08 (sextet, J = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (dt, M of AMX₂, $J_{AM} = 8.2$ Hz, $J_{MX} = 4.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.43 (dt, M of AMX₂, J_{AM} = 6.1 Hz, J_{MX} = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 2.85 (dt, A of ABX₂, J_{AB} = 14.2 Hz, J_{AX} = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.73-2.35 (m, 2H), 2.70 (dt, B of ABX₂, J_{AB} = 13.9 Hz, J_{BX} = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 1.81 (dq, J = 7.9, 1.6 Hz, 2H), 1.64-1.54 (m, 2H), 1.26 (br. s, 1H), 1.22 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³C **NMR** (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.04 (e), 128.59 (o), 126.06 (o), 75.04 (o), 74.17 (o), 68.65 (o), 41.48 (e), 35.40 (e), 32.11 (e), 24.58 (o). IR (neat) 3336 (br, m), 3025 (w), 2921 (m), 2855 (w), 1602 (w), 1494 (w), 1452 (m), 1135 (m), 1050 (s), 932 (m), 746 (m), 698 (s) cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI, $[M+H]^+$) calcd for C₁₃H₂₁O₃ 225.1485, found 225.1476.

7. Copies of NMR spectra





















































Me 2c COMe

































Bno 2i COMe





































8. X-ray crystallographic data for hydrazone 5

Structure report for (*E*)-1-(2,4-dinitrophenyl)-2-(1-((4*R*,5*R*)-5-phenethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4yl)propan-2-ylidene)hydrazine (5)

John Bacsa



Data collection, structure solution and refinement

A crystal with well-formed faces was selected from a sample submitted by Dr. Michael D. Ganton from the research group of Prof. P. A. Evans. A colourless needle-shaped crystal with dimensions $0.50 \times 0.07 \times 0.03 \text{ mm}^3$ was mounted on a loop with paratone oil. Data were collected using a Bruker APEX diffractometer equipped with an Oxford Cryosystems low-temperature apparatus operating at T = 100(2) K.

Data were measured using ω scans with a narrow frame width scans of 0.5 ° per frame for 40 s using MoK_{α} radiation (fine-focus sealed tube, 45kV, 40 mA). The resolution that was achieved

was $\lambda = 25.3^{\circ}$. Unit cell indexing was performed by using the **SMART V5.632** (Bruker, 2005)⁴ software and the cell parameters were refined using **SAINT V6.45A** (Bruker, 2003)⁵ on 2544 reflections, 27% of the observed reflections. Data reduction was performed using the SAINT (Bruker, V6.45A, 2003)⁵ software. The final completeness is 99.7% out to 25.3° in θ . The absorption coefficient (μ) of this material is 0.107 mm⁻¹ and the minimum and maximum transmissions are 0.5935 and 0.7455. The structure was solved by Direct Methods using the **SheIXS-97** (Sheldrick, 2008)⁶ structure solution program with Olex2⁷ and refined by Least Squares using version 2014/6 of **XL** (Sheldrick, 2008).⁶ The structure was solved in the space group P2₁/n (# 14). All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. Hydrogen positions were calculated geometrically and refined using the riding model.

Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\text{sigma}(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

⁴ SMART v.5.632, Bruker axs, Madison, WI (2005).

⁵ SAINT v6.45a, Software for the Integration of CCD Detector System Bruker Analytical X-ray Systems, Bruker axs, Madison, WI (2005).

⁶ G. M. Sheldrick *Acta Cryst.*, 2008, **A64**, 112.

⁷ O. V. Dolomanov, L. J. Bourhis, R. J. Gildea, J. A. K. Howard and H. Puschmann, J. Appl. Cryst., 2009, 42, 339.