Supporting Information

Polyaromatic Molecular Tubes with a Subnanometer Pore and the Guest-Induced Emission Enhancement Behavior

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Materials and methods

NMR: Bruker AVANCE III 400 (400 MHz) and AVANCE III HD 500 (500 MHz), MALDI-TOF MS: Shimadzu AXIMA-CFR Plus, ESI-TOF MS: Bruker micrOTOF II, FT IR: JASCO FT/IR-4200, UV-vis: JASCO V-670DS, Fluorescence: Hitachi F-7000, Elemental analysis: LECO CHNS-932 VTF-900, Absolute PL quantum yield: Hamamatsu C9920-02G with an integration sphere, Recycled GPC: JAI LC-9225NEXT, DFT calculation: Spartan'10 (Wavefunction, Inc.).

Solvents and reagents: TCI Co., Ltd., WAKO Pure Chemical Industries Ltd., KANTO CHEMICAL CO., INC., Sigma-Aldrich Co., and Cambridge Isotope Laboratories, Inc. 2,3,6,7-Tetramethoxy-9,10-anthraquinone^[1] was synthesized according to previously published procedures.

References:

[1] (a) Q. Mao, T.-Q. Nguyen, T. Someya, G. B. Blanchet, C. Nucholls, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2003, 125, 10284–10287; (b) Y. V. Shklyaev, Y. V. Nifontov, Russ. Chem. Bull. Int. Ed., 2002, 51, 844–849.

MO-90, (2, 10, 21, 53)



1,3-Dibromo-5-(methoxymethoxy)benzene (0.943 g, 3.04 mmol) and dry THF (50 mL) were added to a 2-necked 200 mL glass flask filled with N₂. A hexane solution (2.65 M) of *n*-butyllithium (1.0 mL, 2.7 mmol) was added dropwise to the flask at -80 °C under N₂. After the mixture was stirred at -80 °C for 1 h, a dry THF solution (25 mL) of 9,10-anthraquinone (0.211 g, 1.01 mmol) was added to the solution. The resultant mixture was further stirred at -80 °C for 1 h and then warmed to r.t. for 12 h. After the obtained solution was concentrated under reduced pressure, acetic acid (20 mL), NaH₂PO₂•H₂O (0.322 g, 3.04 mmol), and NaI (0.456 g, 3.04 mmol) were added to the solids. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 12 h. The resultant solution was poured into water and then the products were extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The crude product was purified by silica-gel column chromatography (hexane:ethyl acetate = 10:1) to give **2a** as a white solid (0.601 g, 9.44 mmol, 93% yield).

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.): δ 7.68 (dd, J = 3.5 Hz, 4H), 7.37 (dd, J = 3.3 Hz, 4H), 7.30 (t, J = 2 Hz, 2H), 7.22 (t, J = 1.5 Hz, 2H), 6.99-6.99 (m, 2H), 4.17 (t, J = 4.5 Hz, 4H), 3.77 (t, J = 4.5 Hz, 4H), 3.46 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.): δ 159.6 (C_q), 141.9 (C_q), 135.8 (C_q), 129.6 (C_q), 126.9 (CH), 126.8 (CH), 123.0 (C_q), 117.4 (CH), 116.6 (CH), 71.0 (CH₂), 67.9 (CH₃), 59.5 (CH₂). FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3064, 2981, 2927, 2876, 2815, 2360, 2343, 1590, 1571, 1424, 1381, 1365, 1259, 1236, 1180, 1126, 1060, 1032, 934, 855, 777, 689, 669. MALDI-TOF MS (dithranol): m/z Calcd. for C₃₂H₂₈Br₂O₄ 636.38, Found 636.13 [M]⁺. HR MS (ESI): m/z Calcd. for C₃₂H₂₈O₄Br₂ [M + Na]⁺ 659.0229, Found 659.0230.



Figure S2. ¹³C NMR spectrum (125 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.) of 2a.



MO2

MO2 Data: MO-20001.K22[c] 16 Apr 2014 14:22 Cal: akita-yoshizawa-ref 16 Apr 2014 14:12 Shimadzu Biotech Axima CFRplus 2.9.3.20110624: Mode Reflectron, Power: 80, P.Ext. @ 634 (bin 62)



Figure S4. MALDI-TOF MS spectrum (dithranol) of 2a.



Compound **2a** (0.448 g, 0.703 mmol), Ni(cod)₂ (0.287 g, 1.04 mmol), 2,2'-bipyridyl (0.179 g, 1.14 mmol), and dry DMF (300 mL) were added to a 2-necked 500 mL glass flask filled with N₂ and then the mixture was stirred at 90 °C for 24 h. After the reaction was quenched with H₂O, the mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The crude product was purified by silica-gel column chromatography (CHCl₃:acetone = 10:1) and GPC to give **1a** as a yellow solid (0.050 g, 0.035 mmol, 15% yield).

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.): δ 7.64 (dd, J = 3.3 Hz, 4H), 7.61 (s, 2H), 7.21 (dd, J = 3.3 Hz, 4H), 7.17 (s, 2H), 7.05 (s, 2H), 4.28 (t, J = 4.5 Hz, 4H), 3.85 (t, J = 4.5 Hz, 4H), 3.52 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.): δ 159.4 (C_q), 140.9 (C_q), 140.6 (C_q), 136.5 (C_q), 129.5 (C_q), 126.9(CH), 125.1 (CH), 122.5 (CH), 116.5 (CH), 112.0 (CH), 71.3 (CH₂), 67.7 (CH₂), 59.5 (CH₃). FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3061, 2923, 2874, 2359, 2341, 1585, 1390, 1365, 1327, 1236, 1126, 1067, 1032, 1029, 845, 768. MALDI-TOF MS (dithranol): *m*/*z* Calcd. for C₉₆H₈₄O₁₂ 1428.60, Found 1429.25 [M]⁺. HR MS (ESI): *m*/*z* Calcd. for C₉₆H₈₄O₁₂ [M + Na]⁺ 1452.5889, Found 1452.5890.



Figure S6. ¹³C NMR spectrum (125 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.) of 1a.



Figure S7a. NOESY spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.) of **1a** (aliphatic region).



Figure S7b. NOESY spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.) of 1a.



Figure S7c. NOESY spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.) of 1a (aromatic region).





Shimadzu Biotech Axima CFRplus 2.9.3.20110624: Mode Reflectron, Power: 85, P.Ext. @ 1428 (bin 94) 76 mV Profile 115 %Int M.W. 1429.60 Found 1429.25 1433 m/z Calcd. 1429.60 [M]+ *m/z* m/z

Data: MO77-d-20001.I8[c] 10 Nov 2014 19:46 Cal: akita-yoshizawa-ref 10 Nov 2014 19:35

MO77-d

Figure S9. MALDI-TOF MS spectrum (dithranol) of 1a.

Synthesis of 2,3,6,7-tetramethoxy-9,10-anthraquinone KH-368 (382)



A CH₃CN solution (2.1 mL) of 1,2-dimethoxybenzene (4.244 g, 30.71 mmol) and acetaldehyde (1.708 g, 38.78 mmol) was added dropwised to a 2-necked 200 mL glass flask containing concentrated sulfuric acid (15 mL) at 0 °C. After the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 h, water was added to the solution. After the neutralization by a NaOH aqueous solution, the resultant mixture was filtered and washed with water, CH₃OH, and hexane to afford 2,3,6,7-tetramethoxy-9,10-dimethylanthracene as a white solid (2.620 g, 8.027 mmol). The white solid, Na₂Cr₂O₇•2H₂O (6.028 g, 33.56 mmol), and AcOH (40 mL) were added to a 2-necked 200 mL glass flask filled with N₂. After the mixture stirred at 70 °C for 1 h, water was added to the flask at r.t. The crude product was filtered and washed with water, CH₃OH, and hexane to afford 2,3,6,7-tetramethoxy-9,10-dimethylandh at r.t. The crude product was filtered and washed with water, CH₃OH, and hexane to afford 2,3,6,7-tetramethoxy-9,10-anthraquinone as a yellow solid (1.569 g, 4.778 mmol, 31% yield).

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.): δ 7.68 (s, 4H), 4.07 (s, 12H). MALDI-TOF MS (dithranol): *m*/*z* Calcd. for C₁₈H₁₆O₆ 328.09, Found 328.07 [M]⁺.



Figure S10. ¹H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.) of 2,3,6,7-tetramethoxy-9,10-anthraquinone.

Synthesis of 2b

KH-388, (362, 369, 379, 383)



1,3-Dibromo-5-(methoxymethoxy)benzene (4.097 g, 13.84 mmol) and dry THF (70 mL) were added to a 2-necked 200 mL glass flask filled with N₂. A hexane solution (2.69 M) of *n*-butyllithium (5.0 mL, 13 mmol) was then added dropwise to the flask at – 80 °C under N₂. After the mixture was stirred at –80 °C for 1 h, a dry THF solution (100 mL) of 2,3,6,7-tetramethoxy-9,10-anthraquinone (2.048 g, 6.237 mmol) was added to the solution. The resultant mixture was further stirred at –80 °C for 1 h and then warmed to r.t. for 12 h. After the obtained solution was concentrated under reduced pressure,

acetic acid (50 mL), NaH₂PO₂•H₂O (0.743 g, 7.01 mmol), and NaI (0.995 g, 6.86 mmol) were added to the solids. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 12 h. The resultant solution was poured into water and then the products were extracted with CH_2Cl_2 . The crude product was purified by silica-gel column chromatography (hexane:ethyl acetate = 10:1) to give **2b** as a white solid (1.559 g, 2.140 mmol, 34% yield).

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.): δ 7.39 (dd, J = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 7.31-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.13-7.11 (m, 2H), 6.83 (s, 14H), 5.23-5.23 (m, 4H), 3.80 (s, 12H), 3.51-3.50 (m, 6H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.): δ 158.3 (C_q), 149.3 (C_q), 142.7 (C_q), 131.6 (C_q), 127.8 (CH), 125.6 (C_q), 123.1 (C_q), 119.1 (CH), 118.1 (CH), 103.7 (CH), 94.7 (CH₂), 56.4 (CH₃), 55.8 (CH₃). FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3441, 3067, 2998, 2953, 2826, 1596, 1563, 1530, 1493, 1464, 1429, 1245, 1206, 1150, 1121, 1080, 1030, 999, 849, 753. MALDI-TOF MS (dithranol): *m*/*z* Calcd. for C₃₄H₃₂Br₂O₈ 728.04, Found 727.99 [M]⁺. E.A.: Calcd. for C₃₄H₃₂O₈Br₂•(C₆H₁₄)_{0.14}: C, 56.51; H, 4.62; Br, 21.58. Found: C, 56.28; H, 4.33; Br, 21.32.



Figure S11. ¹H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$, r.t.) of **2b**.





Figure S14. MALDI-TOF MS spectrum (dithranol) of 2b.

Synthesis of molecular tube 1b' KH-390, (363, 375, 377, 386, 392)



Compound **2b** (0.630 g, 0.865 mmol), Ni(cod)₂ (0.493 g, 1.79 mmol), 2,2'-bipyridyl (0.064 g, 0.41 mmol), and dry DMF (450 mL) were added to a 2-necked 500 mL glass flask filled with N₂ and then the mixture was stirred at 90 °C for 24 h. After the reaction was quenched with water, the mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 . The crude product was purified by silica-gel column chromatography (CHCl₃:acetone = 10:1) and GPC to give **1b'** as a yellow solid (0.047 g, 0.028 mmol, 10% yield).

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.): δ 7.64 (s, 6H), 7.37 (s, 6H), 7.24 (s, 6H), 6.90 (s, 12H), 5.34 (m, 12H), 3.62 (s, 36H), 3.57 (s, 18H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.): δ 158.2 (C_q), 148.9 (C_q), 141.6 (C_q), 141.4 (C_q), 132.5 (C_q), 125.6 (C_q), 124.1 (CH), 118.2 (CH), 113.9 (CH), 103.9 (CH), 94.8 (CH₂), 56.3 (CH₃), 55.4 (CH₃). FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3469, 2949, 2828, 1585, 1493, 1433, 1373, 1241, 1204, 1151, 1126, 1083, 1032, 851, 755. MALDI-TOF MS (dithranol): *m*/*z* Calcd. for C₁₀₂H₉₆O₂₄ 1705.63, Found 1705.35 [M]⁺. E.A.: Calcd. for C₁₀₂H₉₆O₂₄ •(C₆H₁₄)_{0.3}: C, 70.55; H, 5.56. Found: C, 70.22; H, 5.59.



Figure S15. ¹H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.) of 1b'.





















Tube **1b'** (33.2 mg, 0.0195 mmol), concentrated HCl (3 mL), THF (5 mL), and water (2 mL) were added to a 100 mL glass flask and the mixture was stirred at r.t. for 4 h. After the resultant mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, the crude product was washed with water and CHCl₃ and then purified by silica-gel column chromatography (hexane:acetone = 1:1) to give deprotected tube **1b''** as a white solid (¹H NMR (500 MHz, d_6 -acetone, r.t.): δ 8.85 (s, 6H), 7.49 (dd, J = 2.0, 2.0 Hz, 6H), 7.25 (s, 6H), 7.02 (dd, J = 2.5, 1.5 Hz, 6H), 3.53 (s, 36H)). NaH (60% in oil; 24.0 mg,

0.600 mmol) was washed with hexane in a 100 mL glass flask under N_2 . The obtained tube **1b**" and dry THF (10 mL) were added to the flask and then the mixture was stirred at r.t. for 1 h. 1,3-Propanesultone (0.055 g, 4.5 mmol) was added dropwise to the flask and the resultant mixture was stirred overnight at r.t. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the crude product was washed with hexane, acetone, and 1-propanol to afford **1b** as a yellow solid (29.6 mg, 0.0128 mmol, 66% yield).

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃OD, r.t.): δ 7.63 (s, 6H), 7.23 (s, 6H), 7.08 (s, 6H), 6.87 (s, 12H), 4.35 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 12H), 3.56 (s, 32H), 3.09 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 12H), 2.37 (q, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 12H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CD₃OD, r.t.): δ 161.2 (C_q), 150.2 (C_q), 142.9 (C_q), 142.9 (C_q), 134.0 (C_q), 126.8 (C_q), 123.6 (CH), 117.5 (CH), 112.9 (CH), 104.9 (CH), 68.1 (CH₂), 55.8 (CH₃), 49.5-48.5 (overlapped with MeOH), 26.5 (CH₂). FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3459, 2941, 1637, 1585, 1530, 1493, 1433, 1376, 1239, 1125, 1043, 851, 755, 528. ESI-TOF MS (CH₃OH): *m*/*z* 361.2 [**1b** – 6Na⁺]^{6–}, 438.0 [**1b** – 5Na⁺]^{5–}, 553.3 [**1b** – 4Na⁺]^{4–}, 745.4 [**1b** – 3Na⁺]^{3–}.



Figure S20. ¹H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, d_6 -acetone, r.t.) of **1b**".







Figure S23b. NOESY spectrum (400 MHz, CD₃OD, r.t.) of 1b (aliphatic region).



Figure S23c. NOESY spectrum (400 MHz, CD₃OD, r.t.) of 1b (aromatic region).







Figure S25. ESI-TOF MS spectrum (CH₃OH) of 1b.



Figure S26. ¹H NMR spectra (500 MHz, 0.4 mM) of tube **1b** in (a) CD₃OD at r.t. and in D₂O at (b) r.t. and (c) 70 °C.



Figure S27. (a) Particle size distribution (H₂O, 0.4 mM, r.t.) of **1b** by DLS analysis and (b) the optimized structure of **1b**.



Figure S28. (a) UV-vis (0.2 mM, r.t.) and (b) fluorescence spectra ($\lambda_{ex} = 375$ nm, 0.2 mM, r.t.) of **1b**' in CH₂Cl₂ and **1b** in H₂O and CH₃OH.

Synthesis and properties of 1b⊃3a-d and 1b⊃4a-c KH-425 (421)



n-Decane (**3a**; 0.12 mg, 0.84 μ mol) was added to an aqueous solution (0.4 mL) of tube **1b** (1.00 mg, 0.43 μ mol) in a glass test tube. The solution was stirred at r.t. for 1 h.

After filtration, the formation of 1:1 host-guest complex $1b\supset 3a$ was confirmed by ¹H NMR, UV-vis, fluorescence, and ESI-TOF MS analyses. 1:1 Host-guest complexes $1b\supset 3b-d$ and $1b\supset 4a-c$ were also obtained by the same procedure.

1b⊃**3a**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, D₂O, 70 °C): δ 7.84 (s, 6H), 7.32-7.31 (m, 12H), 6.95 (s, 12H), 4.45 (br, 12H, overlapped by H₂O), 3.68 (br, 36H), 3.25 (br, 12H), 2.42 (br, 12H), 0.04 (br, 4H), -0.04 (br, 6H), -0.28 (br, 4H), -0.54 (br, 4H), -0.73 (br, 4H). ESI-TOF MS (H₂O): *m*/*z* 384.9 [**1**⊃**3a** – 6Na⁺]^{6–}, 466.5 [**1**⊃**3a** – 5Na⁺]^{5–}, 589.1 [**1**⊃**3a** – 4Na⁺]^{4–}. **1b**⊃**3b** (2,2,4,4,6,8,8-heptamethylnonane): ¹H NMR (500 MHz, D₂O, 70 °C): δ 7.77 (s, 6H), 7.30 (s, 6H), 7.20 (s, 6H), 6.83 (br, 12H), 4.45 (br, 12H, overlapped by H₂O), 3.61 (s, 36H), 3.16 (s, 12H), 2.32 (s, 12H), -0.11 (s, 9H), -0.24 (br, 2H), -0.42 (br, 2H), -0.62 (br, 2H), -0.72 (br, 6H), -1.00 (br, 3H), -1.02--1.15 (m, 5H). ESI-TOF MS (H₂O): *m*/*z* 396.9 [**1**⊃**3b** – 6Na⁺]^{6–}, 480.9 [**1**⊃**3b** – 5Na⁺]^{5–}, 606.8 [**1**⊃**3b** – 4Na⁺]^{4–}.

1b⊃**3c** (bicyclohexyl): ¹H NMR (500 MHz, D₂O, 70 °C): δ 7.86 (s, 6H), 7.35 (s, 6H), 7.30 (s, 6H), 6.93 (br, 12H), 4.45 (br, 12H, overlapped by H₂O), 3.69 (s, 36H), 3.25 (s, 12H), 2.41 (s, 12H), 0.73 (br, 2H), 0.13 (br, 4H), -0.11 (br, 2H), -0.29 (br, 4H), -0.59 (br, 4H), -1.00-1.01 (m, 6H). ESI-TOF MS (H₂O): *m*/*z* 388.9 [**1**⊃**3c** – 6Na⁺]^{6–}, 471.3 [**1**⊃**3c** – 5Na⁺]^{5–}, 595.1 [**1**⊃**3c** – 4Na⁺]^{4–}.

1b⊃**3d** (*trans*-decalin): ¹H NMR (500 MHz, D₂O, 70 °C): δ 7.71 (s, 6H), 7.23 (s, 6H), 7.21 (s, 6H), 6.84 (br, 12H), 4.45 (br, 12H, overlapped by H₂O), 3.56 (s, 36H), 3.14 (s, 12H), 2.31 (s, 12H), 0.21 (br, 4H), -0.34--0.39 (m, 8H), -1.06 (br, 4H), -1.18 (br, 2H). ESI-TOF MS (H₂O): *m*/*z* 384.2 [**1**⊃**3d** – 6Na⁺]⁶⁻, 465.6 [**1**⊃**3d** – 5Na⁺]⁵⁻, 587.8 [**1**⊃**3d** – 4Na⁺]⁴⁻.

1b⊃**4a** (biphenyl): ¹H NMR (500 MHz, D₂O, 70 °C): δ 7.76 (s, 6H), 7.31 (s, 6H), 6.93-6.92 (m, 18H), 6.57 (s, 2H), 6.00 (s, 4H), 5.58 (s, 4H), 4.45 (br, 12H, overlapped by H₂O), 3.61 (s, 36H), 3.24 (s, 12H), 2.41 (br, 4H). ESI-TOF MS (H₂O): *m*/*z* 383.0 [**1**⊃**4a** – 6Na⁺]⁶⁻, 466.1 [**1**⊃**4a** – 5Na⁺]⁵⁻, 585.8 [**1**⊃**4a** – 4Na⁺]⁴⁻.

1b⊃**4b** (naphthalene): ¹H NMR (500 MHz, D₂O, 70 °C): δ 7.69 (s, 6H), 7.21 (s, 6H), 7.04 (s, 6H), 6.81 (s, 12H), 6.36 (br, 4H), 6.21 (br, 4H), 4.40 (br, 12H), 3.50 (s, 36H), 3.16 (br, 12H), 2.32 (br, 4H). ESI-TOF MS (H₂O): *m*/*z* 382.6 [**1**⊃**4b** – 6Na⁺]^{6–}, 463.8 [**1**⊃**4b** – 5Na⁺]^{5–}, 585.3 [**1**⊃**4b** – 4Na⁺]^{4–}.

1b \supset **4c** (1,4-naphthoquinone): ¹H NMR (500 MHz, D₂O, 70 °C): δ 7.69 (s, 6H), 7.37 (br, 4H), 7.20 (s, 6H), 7.13 (s, 6H), 7.08 (br, 4H), 6.83 (s, 12H), 6.59 (br, 4H), 4.45 (br, 12H, overlapped by H₂O), 3.48 (s, 24H), 3.14 (s, 12H), 2.35 (s, 12H).



Figure S29. ¹H NMR spectra (500 MHz, 1.1 mM, D₂O, 70 °C) of (a) $1b\supset 3d$, (b) $1b\supset 4b$, (c) $1b\supset 4c$, and (d) 1b.



Figure 30. (a) UV-vis (0.1 mM, H₂O, r.t.) and (b) fluorescence spectra ($\lambda_{ex} = 375$ nm, 0.1 mM, H₂O, r.t.) of **1b** \supset **3d**, **1b** \supset **4b**, **1b** \supset **4c**, and **1b**.

Competitive binding experiments of 3a-d and 4a-c by 1b KH-417



n-Decane (**3a**; 0.05 mg, 0.4 μ mol) and 2,2,4,4,6,8,8-heptamethylnonane (**3b**; 0.08 mg, 0.4 μ mol) were added to a D₂O solution (0.5 mL) of tube **1b** (0.50 mg, 0.22 μ mol) in a glass test tube. The solution was stirred at r.t. for 1 h. After filtration, the formation and ratio of host-guest complexes were confirmed by ¹H NMR. Competitive binding experiments of **3a** and **3c**, **3b** and **3c**, **3b** and **3d**, **4a** and **4c**, and **3c** and **4a** by tube **1b** were examined under the similar conditions. Naphthalene (**4b**) shows slight water solubility so that we excluded the competitive binding experiments.



Figure S31. ¹H NMR spectra (500 or 400 MHz, 0.5 mM, D_2O , 70 °C) after the competitive binding experiments of (a) 3a and 3b, (b) 3a and 3c, (c) 3b and 3c, (d) 3b and 3d, (e) 4a and 4c, and (f) 3c and 4a by tube 1b. The binding rates were determined by the signal integration.



Biphenyl (**4a**; 0.06 mg, 0.4 μ mol) was added to a D₂O solution of **1b** \supset **3a** (0.53 mg, 0.22 μ mol) in a glass test tube and the solution was stirred at r.t. for 1h. The guest exchange was confirmed by ¹H NMR analysis.



Figure S32. ¹H NMR spectra (400 MHz, 0.5 mM, D_2O , 70 °C) (a) before and (b) after addition of 4a to $1b\supset 3a$.

Table S1. Volume and length of guests 3a-d and 4a-c by DFT calculation (B3LYP/6-31G*).

guests	volume / Å ³	length / Å	guests	volume / Å ³	length / Å
~~~~~ 3a	199.3	11.6	4a	182.9	7.1
XXX 3b	305.5	9.5	L 4b	150.7	5.1
→ 3c	208.9	7.2			
General Sd	171.3	5.2		160.5	5.1