Easy access to constrained peptidomimetics and 2,2disubstituted azetidines by unexpected reactivity profile of α-lithiated N-Boc-azetidines

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General

THF and Et₂O was freshly distilled under a nitrogen atmosphere over Na/benzophenone. *N*,*N*,*N'*,*N'*-tetramethylethylenediamine (TMEDA) was distilled over finely powdered CaH₂, hexyllithium was purchased as hexane solution and was filtered on celite before using and title established by titration method.¹ All the other chemicals were commercially available and used without further purification. Magnetic Resonance spectra were recorded using Varian 400 and 500 MHz, and Bruker 600 MHz spectrometers. For the ¹H, ¹³C NMR spectra (¹H NMR 400, 500, 600 MHz, ¹³C NMR 100, 125, 150 MHz), CDCl₃, methanol-*d*₄ and toluene-*d*₈ were used as the solvents.

MS-ESI analyses were performed on LC/MSD trap system VL. Melting points were uncorrected. GC-MS spectrometry analyses were carried out on a gas chromatograph (dimethylsilicon capillary column, 30 m, 0.25 mm i.d.) equipped with a mass selective detector operating at 70 eV (EI). Analytical thin layer chromatography (TLC) was carried out on precoated 0.25 mm thick plates of Kieselgel 60 F254; visualization was accomplished by UV light (254 nm) or by spraving a solution of 5 % (w/v) ammonium molybdate and 0.2 % (w/v) cerium(III) sulfate in 100 ml 17.6 % (w/v) aq. sulphuric acid and heating to 200 °C for some time until blue spots appear. Infra-red spectra of the compounds were recorded neat, as film, as KBr disc as indicated, by a Perkin-Elmer 283 spectrometer. For flash chromathography silica Gel 60, 0.04-0.063 mm particle size was used. CHN analyses were performed on a EuroEA 3000 analyzer. The high resolution mass spectrometry (HRMS) analyses were performed using a Bruker microTOF QII mass spectrometer equipped with an electrospray ion source (ESI) operated in positive ion mode. The sample solutions (CH₃OH or CH₃OH + 0.1%v/v HCOOH) were introduced by continuous infusion at a flow rate of 180 mL min-¹ with the aid of a syringe pump. The instrument was operated with end-plate offset and capillary voltages set to -500 V and -4500 V respectively. The nebulizer pressure was 0.4 bar (N₂), and the drying gas (N₂) flow rate was 4.0 L min⁻¹. The capillary exit and skimmer 1 voltages were 90 V and 30 V, respectively. The drying gas temperature was set at 180 °C. The calibration was carried out with sodium formate: a solution made up of 10 µl of 98% formic acid, 10 µl of sodium hydroxide (1.0 M), 490 µl of *i*-propanol and 490 µl of deionized water. The software used for the simulations was Bruker Daltonics DataAnalysis (version 4.0). All reactions involving air-sensitive reagents were performed under argon in oven-dried glassware using syringe septum cap technique. Optical rotation $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{20}$ values were measured by using a polarimeter with 1 dm cell path length; the concentration (c) is expressed in g/100mL. Enantiomeric ratios were determined by chiral HPLC, by chiral Gas Chromatography (GC), following the condition reported.

¹ Suffert, J. J. Org. Chem. **1989**, 54, 509-510.

Synthesis of N-Boc-2-arylazetidines

N-Boc-2-arylazetidines were prepared as shown in Scheme 1, following a reported procedure.² As example, the synthesis of azetidine 1a is reported.



Scheme 1

N-Chlorosulfonyl isocyanate (36 mmol, 1.2 equiv.) was added dropwise to styrene (30 mmol, 1 equiv.) in dry diethyl ether (15 mL), at room temperature under an inhert atmosphere over 10 minutes. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h under a dry nitrogen atmosphere, and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue obtained was taken up in diethyl ether (20 mL) and added dropwise over 10 minutes to a vigorously stirred solution of water (20 mL), sodium carbonate (99 mmol, 3.3 equiv), sodium sulphite (45 mmol, 1.5 equiv), and ice (20 g). The solution was stirred for 1 h and filtered under vacuum. The organic layer was separated, and the acqueous layer was extracted with diethyl ether (5 x 20 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and the solvent evaporated under vacuum to yield the pure product (90 %). To 0.5 g (3.4 mmol) of 4-phenyl-2-azetidinone in 5 mL anhydrous Et₂O under nitrogen at 0 °C lithium aluminum hydride was added portion-wise (259 mg, 6.8 mmol), and the mixture was refluxed for 4 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, 20% aqueous sodium hydroxide (10 mL) was added and the mixture was filtered. The filtrate was extracted with dichloromethane (3 \times 10 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄. After filtration and evaporation of the solvent the product was used in the next step without further purification. Di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (763 mg, 3.5 mmol) was added to a mixture of the azetidine (452 mg, 3.4 mmol) and Et₃N (1.34 mL, 10.2 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (40 ml) and the mixture was stirred for 16 h. The water was added to the mixture and after extraction with Et₂O, anhydrification over Na₂SO₄, evaporation of the solvent and purification by column chromatography on silica gel (hexane/EtOAc 9:1) 657 mg (83% yield) of N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-2-phenylazetidine 1a were isolated as colorless oil.

² a) Hemming, K.; Khan, M. N.; Kondakal, V. V. R.; Pitard, A.; Qamar, M. I.; Rice C. R. *Org. Lett.* **2012**, *14*, 126-129; b) Bergmann, H.-J.; Mayrhofer, R.; Otto, H.-H. *Arch. Parm.* **1986**, *319*, 203-216; c) Van Driessche, B.; Van Brabandt, W.; D' hooghe, M.; Dejaegher, Y.; De Kimpe, N. *Tetrahedron*, **2006**, *62*, 6882-6892.



1-tert-Butoxycarbonyl-2-phenylazetidine 1a: ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) & 1.22-1.44 (m, 9H), 2.13 (m, 1H), 2.62 (m, 1H), 3.99 (t like, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 5.18 (m, 1H), 7.24-7.27 (m, 1H), 7.33-7.35 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) & 25.6, 28.2, 46.4, 65.6, 79.4, 125.8, 127.2, 128.3, 142.5, 156.5. FT-IR (film, cm⁻¹) 2974, 1701, 1389, 1364, 1132, 698. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₄H₁₉NO₂Na 256.1308; found 256.1318.

Enantioenriched azetidine (R)-1a was prepared using a commercially available β -amino acid following a reported procedure³

(2R)-1-tert-Butoxycarbonyl-2-phenylazetidine (R)-1a: $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +127$ (c = 1 CHCl₃). The enantiomeric ratio (er = 99.4:0.6) was determined by HPLC on a chiral stationary phase-(AD-H 0.46 x 25 cm, Daicel) using hexane: isopropanol (90:10), 1 mL/min 230 nm. For enantioenriched resulted $t_1 = 4.612$ min (Area% 0.659), t₂ = 4.909 min (Area% 99.341). See page S15



1-tert-Butoxycarbonyl-2-diphenylazetidine 1b: Sticky oil 98%. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.35 (br. s., 9H), 2.18 (m, 1H), 2.64 (m, 1H), 4.00 (t like, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 5.23 (m, 1H), 7.32-7.34 (m, 1 H), 7.37-7.48 (m, 4H), 7.54-7.64 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) & 25.4, 28.3, 46.7, 64.0, 79.5, 126.3₅, 126.6, 127.5, 127.2, 128.7,140.2, 140.9, 141.6, 156.6; FT-IR (film, cm⁻¹) 2976, 1487, 1390, 1255, 1133,

763, 730, 698. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₀H₂₃NO₂Na 332.1621; found 332.1621.



1-tert-Butoxycarbonyl-2-(4'chloro)phenylazetidine 1c: colorless oil, 55%. ^{1}H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) & 1.22-1.44 (br. s., 9H), 2.13 (m, 1H), 2.62 (m, 1H), 3.99 (m, 2H), 5.15 (m, 1H), 7.28 (m, 2 H), 7.32 (m, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 25.3, 28.3, 46.5, 63.7, 79.6, 127.3, 128.5, 132.9, 141.1, 156.4. FT-IR (film, cm⁻¹) 2976, 1701, 1389, 1364, 1135, 861, 828, 777. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* [M+Na]⁺ calcd

for C₁₄H₁₈ClNO₂Na 290.0918; found 290.0923.



1-tert-Butoxycarbonyl-2-diphenylazetidine 1d: colorless oil, 65%. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) & 1.37 (br. s., 9H), 1.98 (m, 1H), 2.23 (s, 3H), 2.67 (m, 1H), 3.86-4.05 (m, 2H), 5.38 (m, 1H), 7.12 (d, J= 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR: (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 18.8, 24.8, 28.3, 46.4, 61.9, 79.5, 124.6, 126.0, 129.9, 133.7, 140.3, 156.8. FT-IR (film, cm⁻¹): 2974, 1694,

1455, 1372, 1255, 1138, 752. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₂₁NO₂Na 270.1465; found 270.1468.

³ M. F. Loewe, R. J. Cvetovich, G. G. Hazen, *Thetraedron Lett.*, 1991, 32, 2299-2302





To a stirred solution of azetidine (0.5 mmol) in dry THF (10 mL) cooled at -98 °C, a solution of *s*-BuLi (1.5 M in hexane, 1.5 mmol) was added dropwise. After stirring for 5 min. at -98 °C, the electrophile (0.65 mmol) neat if liquid and in 1.0 ml of solvent if solid was added to the resulting deep red solution and stirred for 30 min at this temperature. After the reaction was complete, as determined by GC or TLC, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl (10 mL) poured in a separatory funnel and extracted with AcOEt (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered and concentrated in *vacuo*. Chromatography on silica gel (Hexane/AcOEt 8/2 or CH₂Cl₂/MeOH) afforded the dimeric azetidines **3** and *diast*-**3**.



3a-D: Colourless oil, (56%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, toluene- d_8 , mixture of rotamers, selected data for the major). δ 1.63-1.57 (bs, 10H, 3 × CH₃ *t*-Bu overlapping 1 × C*H*H), 1.96-1.85 (m, 1H), 2.18-2.09 (m, 1H), 2.61-2.70 (m, 1H), 3.25-3.14 (m, 1H), 3.75 (m, 1H), 4.35-4.22 (m, 2H, 2 × C*H*H), 7.22-7.11 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.22 (m, 4H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, toluene- d_8 , mixture of rotamers, selected data for the major) δ 25.3 (*C*H₂), 28.9 (*t*Bu), 31.7 (*C*H₂), 48.2 (*C*H₂N), 51.4 (*C*H₂N), 63.9 (t, *J* = 22 Hz, 2.45).

C-D), 74.1 (ArCCO), 80.1 (*C*-OtBu), 126.6, 126.8, 127.5, 127.6, 128.9, 143.6, 143.8, 157.8, 173.5. FT IR (film, cm⁻¹) 2917, 1698, 1640, 1365, 1245, 1192, 798, 697. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₄H₂₇DN₂O₃Na 416.2055; found 416.2059.



diast-**3a-D**: Colourless oil (24%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, toluene- d_8 , mixture of rotamers, selected data for the major). δ 1.65-1.50 (bs, 10H, 3 × CH₃ *t*-Bu overlapping 1 × C*H*H), 2.06-1.90 (m, 2H), 2.88-2.72 (bs, 1H), 3.38-3.21 (bs, 1H), 3.77-3.62 (m, 1H), 4.21-4.05 (m, 2H), 7.72-7.08 (m, 10H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, toluene- d_8 , mixture of rotamers, selected data for the major) δ 26.4 (*C*H₂CH₂N), 28.9 (*t*Bu), 29.7 (*C*H₂), 47.5 (*C*H₂N), 51.5 (*C*H₂N), 65.5 (bs,

C-D), 74.7 (PhCCO), 79.8 (*C*-OtBu), 126.9, 127.5, 127.8, 128.9, 143.3, 156.3, 167.9. FT IR (film, cm⁻¹) 2917, 1698, 1640, 1365, 1245, 1192, 798, 697. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₄H₂₇DN₂O₃Na 416.2055; found 416.2078.



3b: White solid, 180 °C dec., (53%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, toluene- d_8 , mixture of rotamers, selected data for the major) δ 1.13 (s, 3H), 1.58 (s, 9H, 3 × CH₃ *t*-Bu), 1.78 (s, CH₃C(OH), 3H), 1.87 (m, 1H), 1.95 (like q, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 2.12 (like q, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 2.60 (like q, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 3.42 (td, J = 9.6, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (td, J = 8.7, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (td, J = 9.7, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (like q, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (s, OH, 1H), 6.98-7.08 (m, 3H), 7.19 (m, 1H), 7.27 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR

(150 MHz, toluene- d_8 , mixture of rotamers, selected data for the major) δ 23.9 (CH₃), 26.7 (CH₃), 27.8 (CH₂), 28.0 (*t*Bu), 31.3 (CH₂), 47.1 (CH₂N), 49.1 (CH₂N), 72.5, 74.4 (ArCCO), 79.5 (C-OtBu), 86.1, 125.5, 126.6, 126.9, 127.0, 127.8, 128.4, 142.1, 143.7, 155.8, 171.3. FT IR (film, cm⁻¹) 2917, 1705, 1621, 1245, 1196, 699. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₇H₃₄N₂O₄Na 473.2411; found 473.2414.



diast-3b: White solid, 205 °C dec. (22%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD3OD, mixture of rotamers, selected data for the major) δ 1.10 (s, 3H), 1.37 (s, 9H, 3 × CH₃ *t*-Bu), 1.59 (s, CH₃C(OH), 3H), 2.39 (m, 1H), 2.69-2.55 (m, 2H), 3.03 (like q, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 3.24 (like q, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (m, 1H), 3.90 (m, 1H), 3.98 (like q, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.42-7.27 (m, 6H), 7.64-7.54 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CD3OD, mixture of rotamers, selected data

for the major) δ 22.4 (CH₃), 25.2 (CH₃), 25.8 (CH₂), 27.2 (*t*Bu), 27.8 (CH₂), 43.7 (CH₂N), 47.4 (CH₂N), 73.3, 74.0 (ArCHCO), 80.3 (*C*-OtBu), 84.8, 125.9, 127.0, 127.8, 127.9, 128.0, 136.7, 142.3, 156.7, 172.6. FT IR (film, cm⁻¹) 2917, 1705, 1621, 1245, 1196, 699. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₇H₃₄N₂O₄Na 473.2411; found 473.2423.



3c: Colourless oil, (33%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, toluene- d_8 , mixture of rotamers, selected data for the major) δ 1.63-1.34 (bs, 19H, 6 × CH₃ *t*-Bu overlapping 1 × C*H*H), 1.96-1.80 (m, 1H), 2.15 (m, 1H), 2.75 (ddd, J = 11.2, 9.4, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 3.10-2.99 (m, 1H), 3.55 (m, 1H, C*H*H), 4.06-3.88 (m, 1H, C*H*H), 4.12 (like q, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.33-6.90 (m, 10H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, toluene- d_8 , mixture of rotamers, selected data for the major) δ 26.0

 (CH_2) , 28.1 (2 × *t*Bu), 29.9 (*C*H₂), 46.1 (*C*H₂N), 49.6 (*C*H₂N), 73.7 (ArCCO), 77.6, 80.1 (*C*-OtBu), 82.0, 126.3, 126.7, 126.8, 127.0, 127.3, 127.9, 128.1, 128.6, 130.2, 131.1, 138.4, 140.1, 142.0, 147.8, 155.4, 156.1, 169.8. FT IR (film, cm⁻¹) 2917, 1693,1365, 1247, 1153, 699. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₉H₃₆N₂O₅Na 515.2516; found 515.2522.



*diast-***3c**: Colourless oil, (22%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, toluene-*d*₈, mixture of rotamers, selected data for the major) δ 1.63-1.40 (bs, 18H, 6 × CH₃ *t*-Bu), 2.11-1.84 (m, 1H), 2.50-2.27 (m, 1H), 2.81-2.52 (m, 1H), 3.23-2.89 (m, 1H), 3.65-3.41 (m, 1H), 3.93-3.70 (m, 1H), 4.30-3.97 (m, 2H), 7.80-7.15 (m, 10H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, toluene-*d*₈, mixture of rotamers, selected data for the major) δ 28.3 (*t*Bu), 28.9 (*t*Bu), 30.3 (*C*H₂), 31.2 (*C*H₂), 47.5

(*C*H₂N), 50.3 (*C*H₂N), 74.6 (Ar*C*CO), 75.2, 79.8.1 (*C*-OtBu), 81.6, 127.5, 127.9, 128.3, 128.6, 128.9, 141.4, 141.9, 156.4, 170.6. FT IR (film, cm⁻¹) 2917, 1693,1365, 1247, 1155, 700. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₉H₃₆N₂O₅Na 515.2516; found 515.2525.



3d: Colourless oil, (52%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, toluene- d_8 , mixture of rotamers, selected data for the major) δ 1.61-1.42 (bs, 10H, 3 × CH₃ *t*-Bu overlapping 1 × C*H*H), 1.79 (m, 1H), 2.06 (m, 1H), 2.55 (m, 1H), 3.10 (m, 1H), 3.70 (dd, J = 13.0, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (dd, J = 14.9, 8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (dd, J = 15.6, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.14-7.06 (m, 2H), 7.26-7.17 (m, 6H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, toluene- d_8 , mixture of rotamers, selected data for the major) δ 25.0 (*C*H₂), 28.8 (*t*Bu), 31.5 (*C*H₂),

48.1 (*C*H₂N), 51.5 (*C*H₂N), 63.2 (t, J = 23 Hz, *C*-D), 73.6 (ArCCO), 80.5 (*C*-OtBu), 128.3, 129.2, 133.6, 141.9, 157.7, 173.4. FT IR (film, cm⁻¹) 2973, 1698, 1644, 1366, 1257, 1154, 826, 730. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₄H₂₄D₂Cl₂N₂O₃Na 485.1338; found 485.1352.



diast-3d: Colourless oil, (28%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, toluene- d_8 , mixture of rotamers, selected data for the major) δ 1.60-1.35 (bs, 10H, 3 × CH₃ *t*-Bu overlapping 1 × C*H*H), 1.93-1.78 (bs, 2H), 2.76-2.62 (bs, 1H), 3.25-3.11 (bs, 1H), 3.65 (dd, J = 8.3, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.02-3.91 (bs, 1H), 4.17-4.04 (bs, 1H), 7.45-7.08 (m, 8H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, toluene- d_8 , mixture of rotamers, selected data for the major) δ 26.1 (*C*H₂CH₂N), 28.7 (*t*Bu), 30.2 (*C*H₂),

cí diast-3d mixture of rotamers, selected data for the major) δ 26.1 (CH₂CH₂N), 28.7 (*t*Bu), 30.2 (CH₂), 47.6 (CH₂N), 51.7 (CH₂N), 64.6 (bs, *C*-D), 74.0 (ArCCO), 80.2 (*C*-OtBu), 125.8, 128.3, 128.6, 129.5, 133.3, 133.8, 141.6, 156.5, 167.6. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₄H₂₄D₂Cl₂N₂O₃Na 485.1338; found 485.1354.



3e: Colourless oil, (56%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, toluene- d_8 , mixture of rotamers, selected data for the major) δ 1.04 (s, 3H), 1.56 (s, 9H, 3 × CH₃ *t*-Bu), 1.74-1.69 (singlet CH₃C(OH) overlapping multiplet CHHCH₂, 4H), 1.82 (ddd, J = 9.11, 7.2, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 2.04 (*m*, 1H), 2.52 (like q, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 3.29 (td, J = 9.7, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (ddd, J = 9.0, 7.6, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (td, J = 9.7, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 4.28 (like q, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (s, OH, 1H), 6.99 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.12 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.31

(d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, toluene- d_8 , mixture of rotamers, selected data for the major) δ 24.5 (CH₃), 27.3 (CH₃), 28.4 (CH₂), 28.7 (*t*Bu), 31.9 (CH₂), 47.8 (CH₂N), 50.0 (CH₂N), 73.1, 74.5 (ArCCO), 80.6 (C-OtBu), 86.4, 125.8, 127.7, 128.6, 129.6, 130.0, 133.6, 133.9, 141.1, 142.9, 156.4, 171.9. FT IR (film, cm⁻¹) 2973, 1687, 1614, 1378, 1245, 1154, 822, 771. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₇H₃₂Cl₂N₂O₄Na 541.1631; found 541.1645.



*diast-***3e**: Colourless oil, (24%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD3OD, mixture of rotamers, selected data for the major) δ 1.08 (s, 3H), 1.38 (s, 9H, 3 × CH₃ *t*-Bu), 1.56 (s, CH₃C(OH), 3H), 2.39 (m, 1H), 2.70-2.55 (m, 2H), 3.06 (like q, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 3.21 (m, 1H), 3.53 (m, 1H), 3.87 (m, 1H), 3.96 (like q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.27 (m, 4H), 7.53 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CD3OD, mixture of rotamers, selected data for the major) δ 23.8 (CH₃), 26.5 (CH₃), 27.2 (CH₂), 28.7 (*t*Bu), 29.1 (CH₂), 45.1

(*C*H₂N), 47.4 (*C*H₂N, overlapping CD₃OD signal), 70.8, 74.7 (ArCCO), 81.9 (*C*-OtBu), 85.8, 128.5, 129.6, 130.8, 134.4, 135.7, 136.8, 142.7, 157.9, 173.7. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₇H₃₂Cl₂N₂O₄Na 541.1631; found 541.1640.



^{Cl} ^{3f} ^{Cl} ^{diast-3f} Complex mixture of rotamers (63%). See 1H, and HSQC-DEPT spectra (pag. S55) HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₉H₃₄Cl₂N₂O₅Na 583.1737; found 583.1749.



3g-D: Colourless oil, (77%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, toluene- d_8 , mixture of rotamers, 2:1 ratio, selected data for the major) δ 1.71-1.57 (bs, 10H, 3 × CH₃ *t*-Bu overlapping 1 × C*H*H), 2.01 (like q, J = 15.9, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 2.24 (m, 1H), 2.87 (m, 1H), 3.31 (m, 1H), 3.83 (dd, J = 13.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.44-4.33 (m, 2H), 7.38-7.21 (m, 7H), 7.66-7.47 (m, 11H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, toluene- d_8 , mixture of rotamers, selected data for the

major) δ 25.3 (*C*H₂), 28.9 (*t*Bu), 31.7 (*C*H₂), 48.2 (*C*H₂N), 51.7 (*C*H₂N), 63.8 (bs, *C*-D), 74.0 (ArCCO), 80.2 (*C*-OtBu), 127.2, 127.3, 127.7, 127.8, 129.3, 129.4, 140.6, 140.7, 140.9, 141.3, 141.9, 142.5, 142.7, 157.8, 173.5. FT IR (film, cm⁻¹) 2972, 1698, 1644, 1366, 1258, 1154, 765, 697. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₃₆H₃₅DN₂O₃Na 568.2681; found 568.2675.



3h: Colourless oil, (59%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃, mixture of rotamers, selected data for the major) δ 1.09 (s, 3H), 1.54 (s, 9H, 3 × CH₃ *t*-Bu), 1.61 (s, 3H), 2.32-2.17 (m, 2H), 2.41 (like q, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 2.77 (like q, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.38 (td, J = 9.5, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 4.03-3.83 (m, 2H), 4.28 (like q, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.26 (s, OH, 1H), 7.68-7.28 (m, 18H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃, mixture of rotamers, selected data for the major) δ

23.9 (CH₃), 26.3 (CH₃), 28.3 (CH₂), 28.4 (*t*Bu), 31.4 (CH₂), 47.2 (CH₂N), 49.5 (CH₂N), 72.8, 74.2 (ArCCO), 80.2 (*C*-OtBu), 85.8, 126.1, 126.2, 126.9, 127.1, 127.3, 128.0, 128.7, 128.8, 139.9, 140.2, 140.4, 140.8, 142.6, 155.9, 171.6. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₃₉H₄₂N₂O₄Na 625.3037; found 625.3026.



*diast-***3h**: Colourless oil, (20%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃, mixture of rotamers, selected data for the major) δ 1.12 (s, 3H), 1.40 (s, 9H, 3 × CH₃ *t*-Bu), 1.61 (s, CH₃C(OH), 3H), 2.62-2.35 (m, 3H), 2.95 (m, 1H), 3.10 (m, 1H), 3.50 (m, 1H), 3.95 (m, 1H), 4.11 (m, 1H), 5.9 (bs, OH, 1H), 7.74-7.27 (m, 18H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃, mixture of rotamers, selected data for the major) δ 23.5 (CH₃), 26.0 (CH₃), 26.5 (CH₂), 28.3 (*t*Bu), 28.5 (CH₂), 44.1 (CH₂N), 47.7 (CH₂N), 73.2, 73.8 (ArCCO),

80.5 (*C*-OtBu), 85.1, 126.1, 127.0, 127.1, 128.1, 128.3, 128.8, 136.2, 140.1, 141.0, 141.6, 156.3, 172.1. FT IR (film, cm⁻¹) 2917, 1720, 1614, 1389, 1262, 1099, 727, 695. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₃₉H₄₂N₂O₄Na 625.3037; found 625.3036.

General procedure for the lithiation/trapping sequence on N-Boc azetidine 1d.



To a stirred solution of *N*-Boc-azetidine **1d** (0.5 mmol) in THF (4 mL) at -78 °C, a solution of *s*-BuLi (1.7 M in hexane, 0.65 mmol) was added dropwise. After 10 minutes at this temperature, a solution of the electrophile (0.55 mmol) was added dropwise and stirred continued for 30 minutes at -78 °C. After the reaction was complete, as determined by GC or TLC, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl (10 mL) and extracted with Et₂O (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered and concentrated in *vacuo*. Chromatography on silica gel afforded the α -substituted azetidines **4**.



tert-Butyl-2-(deuterio)-2-(o-tolyl)azetidine-1-carboxylate 4a: Colourless oil (94%). ¹ H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃OD): δ: 1.37 (br. s., 9 H), 1.92 (br. s., 1 H), 2.25 (s, 3 H), 2.73 (m, 1 H), 3.92-4.05 (m, 2H), 7.10-7.18 (m, 2 H), 7.19-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.39 (d, *J*= 7.5 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 18.8, 25.8, 28.6, 47.0, 63.0, 80.9, 127.0, 128.0, 129.8, 131.0, 141.4, 158.4. FT IR: cm⁻¹ 747, 858, 851, 1005, 1158, 1256, 1366, 1455, 1479, 1698, 2891, 2974, 3370. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* [M+Na]⁺ calcd IO₂Na 271 1527; found 271 1537;

for $C_{15}H_{20}DNO_2Na$ 271.1527; found 271.1537;



tert-Butyl-2-(methyl)-2-(o-tolyl)azetidine-1-carboxylate 4b: Colourless oil, (96%). Mixture of rotamers. ¹ H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 1.49 (br. s., 9H), 1.76-1.84 (m, 3H), 2.27 (s, 3 H), 2.41 (m, 2 H), 3.75 (br. s., 1H), 3.97 (m, 1H), 7.00-7.23 (m, 3H), 7.55 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, selected data): δ 25.6, 28.5, 28.7, 32.1, 43.6, 45.3, 60.5, 79.3, 80.1, 125.5, 125.9, 126.8, 131.5, 144.7, 156.7. FT IR: cm⁻¹ 725,

759, 859, 874, 1057, 1157, 1365, 1455, 1488, 1698, 2975, 3372. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₆H₂₃NO₂Na 284.1621; found 284.1621;



tert-Butyl-2-(hydroxydiphenylmethyl)-2-(o-tolyl)azetidine-1-carboxylate 4c: Colourless oil, (75%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ: 1.20 (s, 9 H), 1.37 (s, 3 H), 2.61-2.68 (m, 1 H), 3.24-3.34 (m, 1 H), 3.56-3.7 (m, 1 H), 3.79-3.85 (m, 1 H), 6.76 (s, 1H, OH), 6.90-7.40 (m, 10 H), 7.39-7.66 (m, 2 H), 7.70-7.78 (m, 2 H); ¹³C (125 MHz, CDCl₃, selected data) δ: 19.86, 28.5, 46.1, 80.3, 81.8, 126.7, 126.9, 126.9, 127.5, 127.7, 128.2, 131.3,

4c data) δ: 19.86, 28.5, 46.1, 80.3, 81.8, 126.7, 126.9, 126.9, 127.5, 127.7, 128.2, 131.3, 135.6, 142.9, 147.3, 156.7; FT IR: cm⁻¹ 701, 752, 853, 1162, 1252, 1395, 1447, 1493, 1661, 1709, 2975, 3057, 3338. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₈H₃₁NO₃Na 452.2196; found 452.2212;



di*-tert*-**Butyl-2-(o-tolyl)azetidine-1,2-dicarboxylate 4d:** Colourless oil, (87%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 1.40-1.53 (br. s., 18H), 2.12 (s, 3 H), 2.27-2.36 (m, 1 H), 2.88 (br. s., 1 H), 3.80-3.85 (m, 1 H), 4.14-4.21 (m, 1 H), 7.01-7.26 (m, 3 H), 7.37-7.47 (m, 1 H); ¹³C (125 MHz, CDCl₃ selected data): δ 21.0, 27.4, 28.3, 47.4, 47.5, 74.6, 80.1, 81.8, 85.1, 124.9, 125.9, 127.2, 131.0, 134.6, 146.7, 155.9; 156.7. FT IR: cm⁻¹ 604, 755, 846, 970, 1116, 1372, 1256, 1372, 1456,

1477, 1717, 1809, 2932, 3413. HRMS (ESI-TOF) $m/z [M+Na]^+$ calcd for C₂₀H₂₉NO₄Na 370.1989; found 370.1993.

X-ray analysis for 3b and diast-3b



3b most hydrogens removed for clarity and trying to show the stereocenter of the first azetidine in the same orientation as in *diast-3b* to highlight they are diastereomers

Crystal Data for $C_{27}H_{34}N_2O_4$ (*M* =450.56 g/mol): colourless block $0.25 \times 0.12 \times 0.09$, monoclinic, space group $P2_1/n$ (no. 14), *a* = 10.0556(2) Å, *b* = 23.0371(5) Å, *c* = 10.8204(3) Å, *b* = 106.221(3)°, *V* = 2406.78(10) Å³, *Z* = 4, *T* = 150(2) K, μ (CuK α) = 0.667 mm⁻¹, *Dcalc* = 1.243 g/cm³, 19755 reflections measured (7.676° $\leq 20 \leq 159.864°$), 5102 unique ($R_{int} = 0.0376$, $R_{sigma} = 0.0296$) which were used in all calculations. The final R_1 was 0.0406 (I > 2 σ (I)) and wR_2 was 0.1136 (all data).



diast-3b most hydrogens removed for clarity and trying to show the stereocenter of the first azetidine

Crystal Data for $C_{27}H_{34}N_2O_4$ (*M* =450.56 g/mol): colourless block $0.14 \times 0.04 \times 0.04$, monoclinic, space group $P2_1/n$ (no. 14), a = 15.0493(5) Å, b = 6.6839(2) Å, c = 24.3241(10) Å, $\theta = 100.495(4)^\circ$, V = 2405.77(15) Å³, Z = 4, T = 180(2) K, μ (CuK α) = 0.667 mm⁻¹, *Dcalc* = 1.244 g/cm³, 8764 reflections measured (7.58° $\leq 20 \leq 156.16^\circ$), 4971 unique ($R_{int} = 0.0515$, $R_{sigma} = 0.0780$) which were used in all calculations. The final R_1 was 0.0503 (>2sigma(I)) and wR_2 was 0.1218 (all data).

Stereochemical assignment for dimers 3 and diast-3

The relative stereochemistry of dimers **3** and *diast*-**3** was assigned by analogy to **3b** and *diast*-**3b** used as reference compounds (X-ray available).

X-Ray analysis of **3b** displays, in the solid state, a torsional angle of -80.40° between the C=O groups. In contrast *diast*-**3b** discloses a torsional angle between the C=O groups of 129.52°. We believe that such preferential conformation, related to their stereochemistry, could be kept in solution and in all cases were such relative configuration is observed. In fact, as consequence of this stereochemical preference, it results a marked difference in the chemical shifts of the methylene protons α to the nitrogen atoms for **3** and *diast*-**3** (Figure 1). By ¹H NMR it was found that stereoisomer **3b** showed sharper and more deshielded signals. Stereoisomers *diast*-**3b** gave broadest and more shielded signals with respect to **3b** (Figure 1-3). In addition, in all the cases where stereoisomers **3** and *diast*-**3** were separable by chromatography, it resulted that the first eluted was **3** and second eluted *diast*-**3**. A difference in retention factors of 0.3 was always observed.

In line with the above considerations, we assumed that the first eluted (major stereoisomers **3**) have the (R^*,S^*) relative configuration, while the second eluted (minor stereoisomers *diast*-**3**) have the (R^*,R^*) relative configuration just as observed with reference compounds **3b** and *diast*-**3b**.

Figure 1. Comparison of torsional angles and ¹H NMR spectra for **3b** and *diast*-**3b**.







Figure 2. Comparison of 1H NMR spectra for major stereoisomers 3 having (R*,R*) relative configuration



S13

HPLC Analysis of chiral dimers

Stereochemical investigation on the dimerization process. The Scheme below reports the investigated process.





Proving the equilibrium for lithiated dimers.

In order to analyze, by HPLC, the crude reaction mixture avoiding possible artifacts due to chromatographic separation, a method for separating the mixture of **3a** and *diast-3a* was developed. A chiral stationary phase was used even if the experiment was run on racemic samples.





Evaluation of deuterium content by HRMS in 3a-D and diast-3a-D.



Chemical Formula: C₂₄H₂₇DN₂O₃

Abundance

100.000

27.121

4.153

0.462



m/z 416.2055

417.2088

418.2122

419.2156

Intensità sperimentali di C ₂₄ H ₂₇ DN ₂ O ₃ Na					٦t
m/z		m/z	I	#	ł
415.		115.1996	45932		1
415.		415.7285	5053		2
415.		415.9886	7250		3
416.		116.2078	1223866		4
416.		416.7098	5782		
416.		416.9126	5095		
417.		117.2094	570306		
417.		417.5864	2144		
417.		417.7698	1945		
418.		418.2115	89495		

Abd

Intensità calcolate di C24H28N2O3Na (non deuterato)





Deuterium content

#

1

2

3

4

1223866

331928

50799

5643

$$\frac{1223866 - 45932 \times 0.27133}{1223866} \times 100 =$$

$$\frac{98.98\%}{100} \times 100 =$$

m/z

416.205491

417.208710

418.211599

419.214345

Conformational analysis on azetidine 1d

Conformational analysis on **1d** was performed at DFT level of theory using a B3LYP/6311++G* functional using Spartan 08 package.⁴ The equilibrium geometry of **1d** was subjected to conformational analysis and the more stable conformers included in a range of 4 kcal/mol were kept. The plot of the conformer energies as function of the aryl orientation is reported below. The most stable conformers (A and B) were subjected to further optimization. The conformer that set the ortho-methyl substituent syn to the α -proton to be removed during the lithiation (conformer A), was found as the more stable.



⁴ Wavefunction Inc. Irvine CA; Web: www.wavefun.com Wavefunction Developers: B.J. Deppmeier, A.J. Driessen, T.S. Hehre, W.J. Hehre, J.A. Johnson, P.E. Klunzinger, J.M. Leonard, I.N. Pham W.J. Pietro, Jianguo Yu Q-Chem Developers: Y. Shao, L. Fusti-Molnar, Y. Jung, J. Kussmann, C. Ochsenfeld, S. T. Brown, A. T. B. Gilbert, L. V. Slipchenko, S. V. Levchenko, D. P. O'Neill, R. A. DiStasio Jr., R. C. Lochan, T. Wang, G. J. O. Beran, N. A. Besley, J. M., Herbert, C. Y. Lin, T. Van Voorhis, S. H. Chien, A. Sodt, R. P. Steele, V. A. Rassolov, P. E. Maslen, P. P. Korambath, R. D. Adamson, B. Austin, J. Baker, E. F. C. Byrd, H. Dachsel, R. J. Doerksen, A. Dreuw, B. D. Dunietz, A. D. Dutoi, T. R. Furlani, S. R. Gwaltney, A. Heyden, S. Hirata, C.-P. Hsu, G. Kedziora, R. Z. Khalliulin, P. Klunzinger, A. M. Lee, M. S. Lee, W. Liang, I. Lotan, N. Nair, B. Peters, E. I. Proynov, P. A. Pieniazek, Y. M. Rhee, J. Ritchie, E. Rosta, C. D. Sherrill, A. C. Simmonett, J. E. Subotnik, H. L. Woodcock III, W. Zhang, A. T. Bell, A. K. Chakraborty, D. M. Chipman, F. J. Keil, A. Warshel, W. J. Hehre, H. F. Schaefer III, J. Kong, A. I. Krylov, P. M. W. Gill, M. Head-Gordon,



Conformer A of azetidine 1d

E = -495525.74 kcal/mol

GEOMETRY OPTIMIZATION IN DELOCALIZED INTERNAL **COORDINATES **** Searching for a Minimum **Optimization Cycle: 7** Coordinates (Angstroms) ATOM X Y Z 1 C 2.796084 1.104778 -0.360131 2 C -2.796385 0.319392 -0.767347 3 C -2.519479 1.453359 1.789622 4 C -1.756913 -0.101269 0.087023 5 C -3.677999 1.304629 -0.314035 6 C -3.547556 1.872848 0.951543 7 C -1.632437 0.471056 1.354042 8 H -4.479212 1.634117 -0.968249 9 H -4.244678 2.637240 1.276761 10 H -0.825993 0.142052 1.998822 11 H -2.403642 1.888611 2.776030 12 C -0.815383 -1.194702 -0.363836 13 N 0.368746 -1.462504 0.482556 14 C -1.258381 -2.677392 -0.106190 15 C 0.088326 -2.899825 0.630606 16 H 0.810094 -3.526150 0.099391 17 H 0.025453 -3.233984 1.668151 18 H -0.523217 -1.027917 -1.405264 19 H -2.134963 -2.752884 0.535912 20 H -1.407844 -3.280094 -1.001187 21 C 3.798637 0.398199 -1.276262 22 H 4.161452 -0.525021 -0.826468 23 H 4.651779 1.057312 -1.460395 24 H 3.336945 0.167225 -2.240133 25 C 2.253566 2.371253 -1.022584 26 H 3.069483 3.075318 -1.203523 27 H 1.513269 2.853321 -0.380743 28 H 1.780492 2.134794 -1.978335 29 C 3.391845 1.426694 1.013094 30 H 2.633411 1.877528 1.658564 31 H 4.206988 2.145817 0.894082 32 H 3.783466 0.532591 1.496403

33 0 1.583154 0.277444 -0.206102 34 C 1.627860 -0.936228 0.387045 35 0 2.621939 -1.502862 0.799583 36 C -2.973209 -0.267269 -2.149153 37 H -3.843087 0.167823 -2.644456 38 H -3.118216 -1.351726 -2.119669 39 H -2.101508 -0.076286 -2.784349 Point Group: c1 Number of degrees of freedom: 111 Energy is -789.669862999 Hessian Updated using BFGS Update internal optimization with constraints (0) 111 Hessian modes will be used to form the next step Hessian Eigenvalues: 0.001326 0.001875 0.002253 0.003520 0.004205 0.004768 0.006416 0.012766 0.016438 0.019513 0.021384 0.022798 0.023687 0.025213 0.027175 0.030141 0.031977 0.032583 0.033716 0.035889 0.037227 0.038906 0.039978 0.042965 0.044710 0.046752 0.049940 0.051219 0.052445 0.053187 $0.056004 \quad 0.057789 \quad 0.061432 \quad 0.061657 \quad 0.063636$ 0.066738 0.067477 0.074382 0.075635 0.078384 0.080186 0.100140 0.116431 0.121245 0.128172 0.129489 0.131879 0.133787 0.136564 0.139860 0.143902 0.148588 0.152632 0.155994 0.157061 0.161983 0.179376 0.188642 0.195572 0.197824 0.203008 0.213971 0.217186 0.226581 0.229869 0.236140 0.246957 0.248932 0.255682 0.271728 0.272213 0.290120 0.296354 0.297896 0.305588 0.309219 0.315753 0.319066 0.320476 0.321152 0.326264 0.327651 0.333313 0.337549 0.342134 0.347056 0.349335 0.355321 0.356676 0.364911 0.372305 0.373565 0.380927 0.386724 0.396153 0.409016 0.419729 0.427775 0.442396 0.477310 0.491688 0.507283 0.544214 0.553962 0.577702 0.644411 0.721520 0.820585 0.840074 1.350845 2.150482 Minimum Search - Taking Simple RFO Step Searching for Lamda that Minimizes Along All modes Value Taken Lamda = 0.00000000 Step Taken. Stepsize is 0.001782 Maximum Tolerance Cnvgd? Gradient 0.000069 0.000300 YES Displacement 0.000788 0.001200 YES Energy change 0.000002 0.000001 NO

- Entering anlman on Thu Jul 09 18:15:51 2015 -

Analysis of SCF Wavefunction Ground-State Mulliken Net Atomic Charges Atom Charge (a.u.)

1 C -0.227850 2 C 0.126059 3 C -0.182062 4 C 0.077322 5 C -0.040519 6 C -0.162851 7 C -0.063921 8 H 0.111406 9 H 0.121774 10 H 0.117706 11 H 0.121698 12 C -0.089506 13 N -0.030341 14 C -0.514663 15 C -0.165589 16 H 0.153947 17 H 0.164889 18 H 0.145902 19 H 0.163820 20 H 0.157894 21 C -0.379872 22 H 0.186286 23 H 0.139045 24 H 0.142303 25 C -0.440392 26 H 0.145792 27 H 0.162046 28 H 0.151878 29 C -0.334696 30 H 0.146054 31 H 0.138351 32 H 0.184356 33 0 0.075891 34 C 0.073345 35 0 -0.287030 36 C -0.536730 37 H 0.142780 38 H 0.151596 39 H 0.153882 -----

Sum of atomic charges = 0.000000

Cartesian Multipole Moments

Charge (ESU x 10^10) 0.0000 Dipole Moment (Debye) X -1.7384 Y 0.5494 Z -1.7676

Tot 2.5393

Quadrupole Moments (Debye-Ang) XX -111.3166 XY 7.5320 YY -106.1411 XZ -1.5781 YZ 3.6695 ZZ -106.8835 Traceless Quadrupole Moments (Debye-Ang) QXX -9.6087 QYY 5.9180 QZZ 3.6908 QXY 22.5959 QXZ -4.7342 QYZ 11.0085 Octapole Moments (Debye-Ang^2) XXX 14.4926 XXY 39.3317 XYY -4.6625 YYY -21.3797 XXZ -24.1241 XYZ 0.8539 YYZ 0.5641 XZZ -0.5972 YZZ 1.2441 ZZZ 0.7621 Traceless Octapole Moments (Debye-Ang^2) XXX 134.2926 YYY -493.4603 ZZZ 216.6132 XXY 532.3868 XXZ -293.4684 XYY -97.6361 XYZ 12.8083 XZZ -36.6565 YYZ 76.8552 YZZ -38.9265 Hexadecapole Moments (Debye-Ang^3) XXXX -4318.6609 XXXY 8.6058 XXYY -988.8526 XYYY 9.7903 YYYY -1714.6108 XXXZ 42.7050 XXYZ 22.6483 XYYZ -21.5425 YYYZ 13.4267 XXZZ -877.8699 XYZZ -12.4851 YYZZ -430.8051 XZZZ 25.4487 YZZZ 13.7543 ZZZZ -894.9035 Traceless Hexadecapole Moments (Debye-Ang^3) XXXX -483.9667 XXXY 637.6194 XXXZ 2386.5236 XXYY 1395.5662 XXYZ 1641.9461 XXZZ -911.5995 XYYY 761.9851 XYYZ -2961.1340 XYZZ -1399.6045 XZZZ 574.6103 YYYY -1659.0408 YYYZ -798.5718 YYZZ 263.4746 YZZZ -843.3743 ZZZZ 648.1249 _____

Total job time: 7795.16s(wall), 7721.91s(cpu)



Conformer B of azetidine 1d

E = -495523.31 kcal/mol

Cartesian Hessian Update Hessian Updated using BFGS Update ** GEOMETRY OPTIMIZATION IN DELOCALIZED **INTERNAL COORDINATES **** Searching for a Minimum **Optimization Cycle: 9** Coordinates (Angstroms) ATOM X Y Z 1 C -3.568295 0.542836 -0.080385 2 C 2.559564 0.107814 -0.952026 3 C 4.160755 1.088828 1.154617 4 C 2.218530 -0.177829 0.388939 5 C 3.699803 0.882023 -1.194401 6 C 4.500033 1.369009 -0.163947 7 C 3.024654 0.328261 1.414887 8 H 3.964050 1.109506 -2.222332 9 H 5.375548 1.966132 -0.393657 10 H 2.746478 0.126809 2.444587 11 H 4.763314 1.465232 1.973479 12 C 1.049266 -1.042102 0.811878 13 N -0.247354 -0.900365 0.115612 14 C 1.024231 -2.556938 0.410411 15 C -0.414147 -2.342594 -0.131267 16 H -1.205802 -2.792166 0.474549 17 H -0.582430 -2.597481 -1.180219 18 H 0.914201 -0.915712 1.890840 19 H 1.754763 -2.819016 -0.353340 20 H 1.117290 - 3.248857 1.246314 21 C -3.290315 1.818750 -0.879735 22 H -2.511246 2.416394 -0.408757 23 H -4.203827 2.416726 -0.939217 24 H -2.981038 1.569918 -1.898439 25 C -4.644561 -0.302054 -0.763517 26 H -5.580000 0.259967 -0.822353 27 H -4.828585 -1.220556 -0.201413 28 H -4.337081 -0.571347 -1.776346 29 C -3.955860 0.840471 1.370483 30 H -4.101758 -0.091202 1.923563

31 H -4.897985 1.395729 1.385762 32 H -3.191213 1.433342 1.869609 33 0 -2.388328 -0.344032 -0.124456 34 C -1.190692 0.050418 0.375621 35 0 -0.961548 1.094543 0.954366 36 C 1.748054 -0.362324 -2.139274 37 H 2.222742 -0.041940 -3.068931 38 H 0.733878 0.040630 -2.115832 39 H 1.658999 -1.451492 -2.178343 Point Group: c1 Number of degrees of freedom: 111 Energy is -789.665994581 Hessian Updated using BFGS Update internal optimization with constraints (0) 111 Hessian modes will be used to form the next step Hessian Eigenvalues: 0.001992 0.002596 0.003061 0.004259 0.005639 0 007280 0.008186 0.010211 0.021113 0.022429 0.024630 0.025918 0.027786 0.029882 0.030789 0.033049 0.033811 0.035225 0.036601 0.037489 0.038748 0.040178 0.040765 0.041103 0.041971 0.042346 0.044427 0.046227 0.046481 0.048183 0.049625 0.053251 0.053768 0.055108 0.060976 0.063750 0.065495 0.070840 0.074039 0.075028 0.079483 0.099840 0.117103 0.123732 0.126656 0.128331 0.129477 0.129886 0.131671 0.134128 0.139204 0.139886 0.144127 0.146533 0.149309 0.154155 0.157312 0.161407 0.165047 0.172404 0.181435 0.187337 0.195030 0.198304 0.211462 0.212502 0.218604 0.221078 0.228497 0.229317 0.246756 0.250897 0.256380 0.267595 0.271876 0.277691 0.285521 0.286014 0.292014 0.294572 0.296388 0.299935 0.305045 0.306561 0.309463 0.313223 0.317180 0.323169 0.326624 0.339994 0.342381 0.349717 0.353413 0.361143 0.364342 0.383455 0.395169 0.397062 0.421184 0.430423 0.451084 0.465190 0.476331 0.504138 0.512599 0.529136 0.557748 0.573274 0.645873 0.956246 1.001807 Minimum Search - Taking Simple RFO Step Searching for Lamda that Minimizes Along All modes Value Taken Lamda = -0.00000137 Step Taken. Stepsize is 0.014683 Maximum Tolerance Cnvgd? Gradient 0.000241 0.000300 YES

Displacement 0.007823 0.001200 NO Energy change 0.000000 0.000001 YES

- Entering anlman on Fri Jul 10 13:35:29 2015 -

Analysis of SCF Wavefunction Ground-State Mulliken Net Atomic Charges Atom Charge (a.u.)

1 C -0.236699 2 C 0.227137 3 C -0.193005 4 C 0.370349 5 C -0.113454 6 C -0.304389 7 C -0.234705 8 H 0.110618 9 H 0.122367 10 H 0.103796 11 H 0.121495 12 C 0.000249 13 N -0.054752 14 C -0.476845 15 C -0.183270 16 H 0.150933 17 H 0.158816 18 H 0.119722 19 H 0.156542 20 H 0.155545 21 C -0.333685 22 H 0.186206 23 H 0.137949 24 H 0.144497 25 C -0.450390 26 H 0.145988 27 H 0.152547 28 H 0.154991 29 C -0.324262 30 H 0.142428 31 H 0.137128 32 H 0.184895 33 0 0.084031 34 C -0.051266

35 O -0.267436 36 C -0.493384 37 H 0.138218 38 H 0.171087 39 H 0.140007

Sum of atomic charges = 0.000000

Cartesian Multipole Moments

-------Charge (ESU x 10^10) 0.0000 Dipole Moment (Debye) X -0.7794 Y -2.2674 Z -0.7767 Tot 2.5203 Quadrupole Moments (Debye-Ang) XX -101.4756 XY 0.6806 YY -108.8946 XZ 0.6384 YZ -3.4132 ZZ -106.1085 Traceless Quadrupole Moments (Debye-Ang) QXX 12.0520 QYY -10.2052 QZZ -1.8468 QXY 2.0418 QXZ 1.9152 QYZ -10.2397 Octapole Moments (Debye-Ang^2) XXX -53.4060 XXY 35.3518 XYY -7.8279 YYY -17.0445 XXZ 0.8963 XYZ 3.0129 YYZ -1.0219 XZZ 6.8604 YZZ -2.8933 ZZZ 0.6357 Traceless Octapole Moments (Debye-Ang^2) XXX -311.7284 YYY -394.3935 ZZZ 4.9443 XXY 484.0347 XXZ 11.9147 XYY 45.7023 XYZ 45.1928 XZZ 266.0261 YYZ -16.8590 YZZ -89.6413 Hexadecapole Moments (Debye-Ang^3) XXXX -5606.2855 XXXY 80.1150 XXYY -1126.0099 XYYY -11.3541 YYYY -1142.6614 XXXZ 4.0130 XXYZ -5.0274 XYYZ -2.8632 YYYZ -10.4499 XXZZ -1075.1957 XYZZ 18.7832 YYZZ -334.5703 XZZZ 9.4688 YZZZ -10.0984 ZZZZ -847.7536 Traceless Hexadecapole Moments (Debye-Ang^3) XXXX -0.0478 XXXY 4472.5923 XXXZ -56.4686 XXYY -74.8071 XXYZ -145.7215 XXZZ 74.8549 XYYY -5131.6637 XYYZ -459.9178 XYZZ 659.0714 XZZZ 516.3864 YYYY 298.0277 YYYZ 49.2422 YYZZ -223.2206 YZZZ 96.4793 ZZZZ 148.3657 _____

Total job time: 10655.76s(wall), 9637.27s(cpu)







HRMS of N-Boc azetidines 1b-d



















Dimeric azetidines

















































Analysis of the diasteromeric mixture of **3f** and *diast*-**3f** by HPLC using a chiral stationary phase (AD-H 0.46 x 25 cm, Daicel). The four enantiomers were detected.













