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SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Synthesis of the Aglycon of Aspafiliosides E and F Based on Cascade Reactions

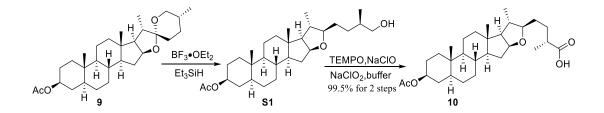
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Experimental Procedures and Characterization Data

General Methods: All reactions sensitive to air or moisture were performed in flamedried round bottom flasks with rubber septum under a positive pressure of argon or nitrogen atmosphere, unless otherwise noted. Air and moisture-sensitive liquids and solutions were transferred via syringe and stainless steel cannula. Tetrahydrofuran (THF) and diethyl ether (Et₂O) were distilled from sodium/benzophenone, methylene chloride (DCM), toluene, and 2,6-lutidine from calcium hydride, N,Ndimethylformamide (DMF) and dimethylsulfoxide from calcium hydride under reduced pressure, acetone from K₂CO₃ onto activated 3Å molecular sieves, others according to the standard procedures described in Purification of Laboratory Chemicals (2009). Yields refer to chromatographically and spectroscopically (¹H NMR) homogeneous materials, unless otherwise stated. Reactions were monitored by thin-layer chromatography (TLC) carried out on silica gel plates using UV light as visualizing agent and an ethanolic solution of phosphomolybic acid, and heat as developing agents. NMR spectra were recorded on Bruker DRX-400 instrument and calibrated using residual undeuterated solvent as an internal reference [¹H NMR: CHCl₃ (7.26), C₆HD₅ (7.16), DMSO-*d*₆ (2.50); ¹³C NMR: CDCl₃ (77.16), C₆D₆ (128.06)]. The following abbreviations were used to explain the multiplicities: s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, br = broad.

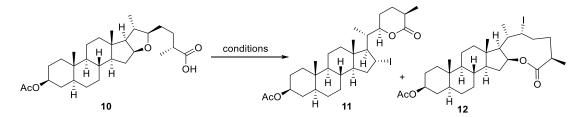


Under a positive pressure of nitrogen, to a solution of tigogenin acetate **9** (2.75 g, 6 mmol) and Et₃SiH (1.9 mL, 12 mmol) in dried CH₂Cl₂ (40 mL) was added boron trifluoride diethyl etherate (1.25 mL, 12 mmol) dropwise at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was warmed to room temperature, stirred for 12 h, quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃, diluted with water, and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (50 + 30 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude **S1** was used in next step without purification.

To a mixture of crude **S1**, TEMPO (46 mg, 0.30 mmol), MeCN (30 mL), and solium phosphate buffer (25 mL) were added an aqueous solution of NaClO₂ (1.02 g, 12 mmol, in 5 mL water) and dilute bleach (0.5 mL in 5 mL water) separately.¹ The orange solution was stirred at ambient temperature for 3 h, quenched with cold Na₂SO₃ solution, and extracted with CHCl₃ (60 + 30 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated to afford **10** (2.88 g, 99.5% from **9**) as white solid. The crude **10** does not need purification for further use.

S1 (Known compound)²: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.73 – 4.62 (m, 1H), 4.28 (dd, J = 13.0, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 3.47 (dd, J = 10.4, 6.2 Hz, 1H), 3.40 (dd, J = 10.5, 6.2 Hz, 1H), 3.32 (td, J = 7.8, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 2.99 (s, 1H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 0.99 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 0.91 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 0.84 (s, 3H), 0.79 (s, 3H), 0.66 (td, J = 15.6, 6.6 Hz, 1H).

10 (Known compound): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.75 – 4.60 (m, 1H), 4.31 (dd, J = 13.1, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 3.34 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 2.52 (s, 1H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.17 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.98 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 0.83 (s, 3H), 0.76 (s, 3H).



Entries	Conditions	Yields
1	TFAA, TBAI (2 eq), CH ₂ Cl ₂ , 0 °C to rt, 23 h	11 , 78%; 12 , 6.5%
2	TFAA, LiI (4 eq), TBAI (0.5 eq), CH ₂ Cl ₂ /MeCN (4/1), 0 °C to rt, 8 h	11 , 89%; 12 , 3.8%
3	TFAA, LiI (3 eq), CH ₂ Cl ₂ /MeCN (4/1), 0 °C to rt, 2.5 h	11 , 88%; 12 , 7.8%
4	TFAA, NaI (3 eq), CH ₂ Cl ₂ /MeCN (4/1), 0 $^{\circ}$ C to rt, 6 h	11 , 87%; 12 , 11.6%
5	TFAA, LiBr (3 eq), CH ₂ Cl ₂ /MeCN (4/1), 0 $^{\circ}$ C to rt, 6 h	C16-Br- 11 , 86%; C22-Br- 12 , 8.7%

Under a positive pressure of nitrogen, to a solution of **10** (238 mg 0.5 mmol) and sodium iodide (225 mg, 1.5 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂/MeCN (4 mL/1 mL) was added (CF₃CO)₂O

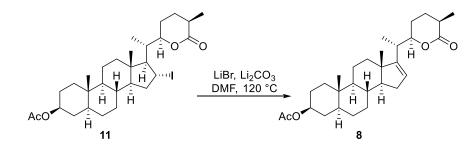
¹ Zhao, M.; Li, J.; Mano, E.; Song, Z.; Tschaen, D. M.; Grabowski, E. J. J.; Reider, P. J., Oxidation of Primary Alcohols to Carboxylic Acids with Sodium Chlorite Catalyzed by TEMPO and Bleach. *J. Org. Chem.* **1999**, *64* (7), 2564-2566.

² Seo, S.; Uomori, A.; Takeda, K. I., Direct observation of the reverse 1,5-hydride shift: the mechanism of acid-catalyzed isomerization at C-25 of spirostanols. *J. Org. Chem.* **1986**, *51* (20), 3823-3827.

(TFAA, 0.15 mL, 1.0 mmol) at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was vigorously stirred at ambient temperature for 2.5 h, quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and saturated aqueous Na₂SO₃, diluted with water, and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (30 + 15 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by silica gel column chromatography (PE/EA=7:1 to 6:1 to 3:1) to give **11** (253 mg, 87%) as white solid and **12** (34mg, 12%) as foam.

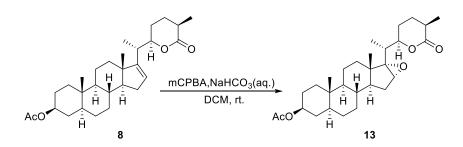
11: mp 165.5-166.4 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{24}$ -2.13 (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.76 – 4.64 (m, 2H), 4.08 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.73 – 2.62 (m, 1H), 2.27 (dd, *J* = 14.4, 6.1 Hz, 1H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 1.23 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 0.94 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 0.81 (s, 3H), 0.69 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.7, 170.8, 79.7, 73.7, 65.0, 53.9, 53.1, 45.6, 44.6, 41.8, 39.9, 39.5, 36.8, 35.6, 34.3, 34.0, 33.2, 31.9, 28.9, 28.4, 27.5, 25.2, 21.6, 21.1, 20.8, 16.5, 13.9, 12.7, 12.3; IR 2968.6, 2929.6, 2868.4, 2849.5, 1742.1, 1731.1, 1449.2, 1363.0, 1042.6 cm⁻¹; ESI-MS: 457.2 [M-I⁻]⁺; HRMS (MADAI) (M-I+Na)⁺ calculated for C₂₉H₄₄O₄ 479.3131, found 479.3145.

12: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.31 (dd, *J* = 14.4, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.75 – 4.63 (m, 1H), 4.34 – 4.21 (m, 1H), 2.55 – 2.39 (m, 1H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 1.19 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.08 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.91 (s, 4H), 0.83 (s, 3H), 0.67 (td, *J* = 11.9, 3.7 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.2, 170.8, 76.3, 73.7, 58.6, 54.0, 53.8, 44.6, 42.8, 42.2, 41.6, 39.6, 39.4, 36.8, 35.6, 34.9, 34.1, 34.1, 32.9, 32.0, 30.7, 28.5, 27.5, 24.1, 21.6, 20.9, 18.6, 13.5, 12.3; ESI-MS: 457.2, [M-I]⁺.

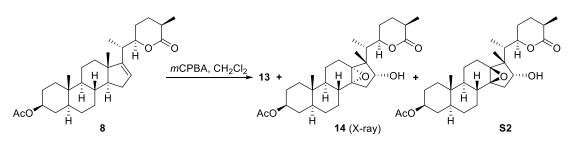


Under nitrogen, to a solution of **11** 3.5 g (6 mmol) in DMF (50 mL) were added lithium carbonate (1.45 g, 18 mmol) and lithium bromide (1.3 g, 12 mmol). The mixture was stirred at 120 °C for 8 h and concentrated under reduced pressure to remove the solvent. The residue was diluted with water and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (100 + 80 mL); the combined oganic layers were washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, concentrated in vacuo, and purified through silica gel chromatography (PE/EA: 8/1) to give **8** (2.63 g, 96.3%) as white solid.

mp 144.3-145.5 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{24}$ -13.85(*c* 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.47 (s, 1H), 4.74 – 4.63 (m, 1H), 4.42 – 4.31 (m, 1H), 2.66 – 2.53 (m, 1H), 2.52 – 2.41 (m, 1H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 1.21 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 1.07 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 0.85 (s, 3H), 0.78 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.5, 170.8, 155.9, 124.2, 80.6, 73.8, 57.4, 54.9, 47.3, 45.0, 36.7, 36.4, 35.8, 34.9, 34.2, 34.1, 33.2, 31.9, 31.3, 28.6, 27.6, 25.7, 22.9, 21.6, 21.1, 16.6, 16.6, 16.4, 12.3; IR: 2926.7, 2851.2, 1737.3, 1456.2, 1376.7, 1245.9, 1026.6 cm⁻¹; ESI-MS: 457.3 [M+H] ⁺; HRMS (MALDI) (M+Na)⁺ calculated for C₂₉H₄₄O₄ 479.3155, found 479.3149.



To a solution of **8** (913 mg, 2 mmol) in DCM (20 mL) were added saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (8 mL) and *m*CPBA (863 mg, 4 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 6 h, quenched with saturated aqueous Na₂SO₃, and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (40 + 20 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE/EA: 4/1) to give **13** (723 mg, 76.5%). mp 191.8-192.6 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ -40.67 (*c* 0.1, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.73 – 4.62 (m, 1H), 3.92 – 3.82 (m, 1H), 3.35 (s, 1H), 2.54 (dd, *J* = 16.8, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 2.39 – 2.28 (m, 1H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 1.20 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 0.99 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 4H), 0.86 (s, 4H), 0.83 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.1, 170.8, 77.8, 73.8, 71.5, 61.9, 54.7, 44.9, 44.9, 42.8, 36.8, 35.7, 34.8, 34.1, 34.0, 33.5, 33.2, 31.7, 28.6, 27.6, 25.6, 24.3, 21.6, 21.1, 16.3, 16.3, 12.5, 12.3; IR: 2921.8, 2851.7, 1750.2, 1732.4, 1456.0, 1378.9, 1260.5, 1197.9, 1025.9 cm⁻¹; ESI-MS: 473.1 [M+H]⁺; HRMS (MALDI) (M+Na)⁺ calculated for C₂₉H₄₄O₅ 495.3081, found 495.3089.



To a solution of **8** (645 mg, 1.41 mmol) in DCM (20 mL) was added *m*-CPBA (763 mg, 3.5 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 24 h, quenched with saturated aqueous Na₂SO₃, and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (40 + 20 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over a₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE/EA: 4/1 to 2/1) to give **13** (238 mg, 35.7%), **14** (301 mg, 43.7%), and **S2** (40 mg, 5.8%)

14: mp = 173.1-174.6 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.76 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.72 – 4.63 (m, 1H), 3.83 (dd, *J* = 11.7, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 2.67 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 2.65 – 2.57 (m, 1H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 1.20 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 1.14 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 1.07 (s, 3H), 0.76 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.5, 170.8, 80.6, 77.5, 74.5, 73.5, 69.8, 51.7, 46.1, 43.9, 43.3, 38.5, 38.3, 36.9, 35.2, 33.9, 33.0, 28.6, 28.4, 27.4, 25.8, 25.3, 24.5, 23.7, 23.2, 21.6, 16.2, 14.9, 11.5; IR: 3520.9, 2928.7, 2870.5, 1738.1, 1732.0, 1244.1, 1051.8, 1020.7 cm⁻¹; ESI-MS: 511.1 [M+Na]⁺; HRMS (MALDI) (M+Na)⁺ calculated for C₂₉H₄₄O₆ 511.3030, found 511.3035.

S2: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.87 (dd, J = 10.5, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.74 – 4.63 (m, 1H), 3.82 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 2.65 – 2.53 (m, 1H), 2.33 (dd, J = 13.7, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 1.23 (s, 3H), 1.21 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 1.05 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 0.74 (s, 3H), 0.66 (t, J = 11.3 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.0, 170.9, 80.2, 79.9, 73.6, 72.7, 70.5, 51.2, 47.55, 44.57, 42.38, 38.79, 36.88, 36.33, 35.93, 33.69, 32.89, 30.17, 29.07, 27.31, 25.69, 24.77, 23.13, 21.54, 20.82, 18.38, 16.15, 12.37, 11.69; IR: 3466.2, 2932.0, 2855.1, 1731.7, 1377.7, 1244.9, 1066.7, 1027.7 cm⁻¹; ESI-MS: 511.5 [M+Na]⁺; HRMS (MALDI) (M+Na)⁺ calculated for C₂₉H₄₄O₆ 511.3030, found 511.3022.

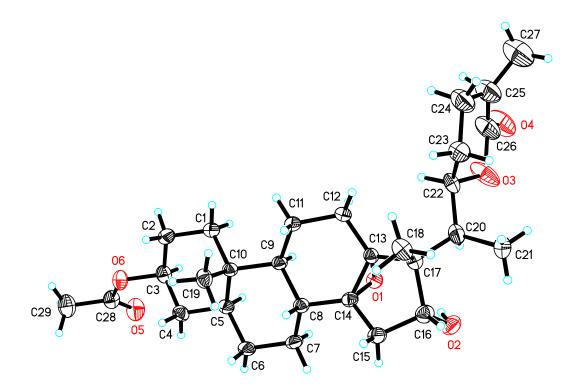
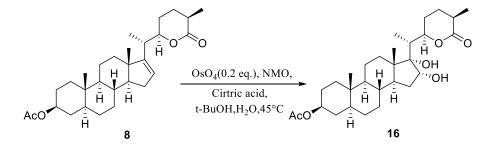


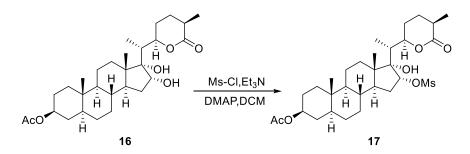
Table 1. Crystal Data and Structure Refinement for 14

Empirical formula	$C_{29}H_{44}O_6$		
Formula weight	488.64		
Temperature (K)	293(2)		
wavelength	0.71073 A		
Crystal system, Space group	Monoclinic, P2(1)		
Unit cell dimensions	a (Å) = 9.9607 (10), α (deg) = 90		
	b (Å) = 7.2910 (8), β (deg) = 91.928(2)		
	c (Å) = 18.5284 (19), γ (deg) = 90		
Volume (Å ³)	1339.9 (2)		
Z, Calculated density (g/cm ³)	2, 1.211		
Absorption coefficient (mm^-1)	0.071		
F(000)	532		
Crystal size (mm)	0.211* 0.154 * 0.117		
The Range for data collection (deg)	2.05 - 25.99		
Limiting indices	-11≤h≤12, -8≤k≤8, -22≤l≤21		
	-11≤h≤12, -8≤k≤8, -22≤1≤21 8136/ 4367 [R(int) = 0.0290]		
Limiting indices	· ·		
Limiting indices Reflections collected/ unique	8136/4367 [R(int) = 0.0290]		
Limiting indices Reflections collected/ unique Completeness to theta = 27.00	8136/ 4367 [R(int) = 0.0290] 99.9%		
Limiting indices Reflections collected/ unique Completeness to theta = 27.00 Absorption correction	8136/ 4367 [R(int) = 0.0290] 99.9% Empirical		
Limiting indices Reflections collected/ unique Completeness to theta = 27.00 Absorption correction Max. and min. transmission	8136/ 4367 [R(int) = 0.0290] 99.9% Empirical 1.00000 and 0.68398		
Limiting indicesReflections collected/ uniqueCompleteness to theta = 27.00Absorption correctionMax. and min. transmissionRefinement method	8136/4367 [R(int) = 0.0290] 99.9% Empirical 1.00000 and 0.68398 Full-matrix least-squares on F^2		
Limiting indicesReflections collected/ uniqueCompleteness to theta = 27.00Absorption correctionMax. and min. transmissionRefinement methodData/ restraints/ parameter	8136/ 4367 [R(int) = 0.0290] 99.9% Empirical 1.00000 and 0.68398 Full-matrix least-squares on F^2 4763/ 55 /368		
Limiting indicesReflections collected/ uniqueCompleteness to theta = 27.00Absorption correctionMax. and min. transmissionRefinement methodData/ restraints/ parameterGoodness-of-fit on F^2	8136/ 4367 [R(int) = 0.0290] 99.9% Empirical 1.00000 and 0.68398 Full-matrix least-squares on F^2 4763/ 55 /368 1.035		
Limiting indicesReflections collected/ uniqueCompleteness to theta = 27.00Absorption correctionMax. and min. transmissionRefinement methodData/ restraints/ parameterGoodness-of-fit on F^2 Final R ($I > 2\sigma(I)$)	8136/ 4367 [R(int) = 0.0290] 99.9% Empirical 1.00000 and 0.68398 Full-matrix least-squares on F^2 4763/ 55 /368 1.035 R ₁ = 0.0583, wR ₂ = 0.1516		



To a solution of cirtric acid (2.52 g, 13 mmol) and **8** (2.0 g, 4.38 mmol) in *t*-BuOH/water (30 mL/10 mL) were added OsO₄ (11.2 mL, 2.5 wt% in *t*-BuOH, 0.90 mmol) and NMO (5.5 mL, 50% aqueous solution, 26.2 mmol). The mixture was stirred at 45 $\,^{\circ}$ C for 48 h, quenched with saturated aqueous Na₂SO₃, and extracted with CHCl₃ (150 + 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over NaSO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product (2.10 g) was purified through flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE/EA: 2/1 to 1/1) to give **16** (1.78 g, 83%) as white solid.

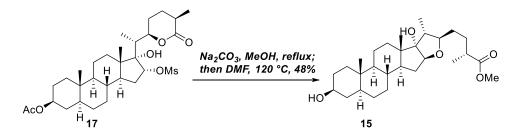
mp 213.7–214.6 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.73 – 4.63 (m, 1H), 4.57 (dd, *J* = 10.1, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.28 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.80 (s, 2H), 2.62 (dd, *J* = 15.1, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.13 (dd, *J* = 12.9, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.02 (s, 5H), 1.21 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 1.01 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 0.81 (s, 3H), 0.79 (s, 3H), 0.72 – 0.63 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.8, 170.9, 82.9, 80.0, 76.0, 73.8, 53.6, 49.2, 48.5, 44.7, 43.5, 36.7, 35.9, 35.5, 35.3, 34.1, 33.3, 33.2, 32.0, 28.6, 27.5, 25.9, 23.8, 21.6, 20.7, 16.3, 14.8, 12.3, 10.3; IR: 3449.6, 2933.8, 2868.9, 1732.3, 1462.0, 1378.5, 1247.4, 1029.6 cm⁻¹; ESI-MS: 513.3 [M+Na]⁺; HRMS (MALDI) (M+Na)⁺ calculated for C₂₉H₄₆O₆ 513.3186, found 513.3192.



To a solution of **16** (596 mg, 1.2 mmol), DMAP (15 mg, 0.12 mmol) and Et₃N (0.85 mL, 6 mmol) in DCM (15 mL) was added MsCl (160 μ L, 1.6 mmol) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 5 h, quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃, and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (40 + 20 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over NaSO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE/EA: 5/1) to give **17** (648 mg, 95%).

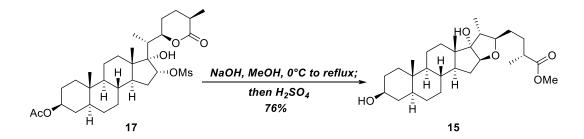
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.16 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (dt, J = 11.8, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 4.70– 4.63 (m, 1H), 3.08 (s, 3H), 2.74– 2.64 (m, 1H), 2.41– 2.32 (m, 1H), 2.11 (dt, J = 16.0, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 1.18 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 1.05 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.82 (s, 3H), 0.80 (s, 3H), 0.70 (td, J = 12.6, 3.7 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃)

δ 177.1, 170.8, 85.4, 84.2, 78.2, 73.6, 53.6, 48.8, 48.6, 44.7, 42.1, 39.8, 36.7, 35.5, 35.3, 34.0, 32.9, 32.9, 32.4, 32.0, 28.4, 27.5, 25.7, 22.9, 21.6, 20.6, 16.1, 15.4, 12.3, 8.8; IR: 3519.0, 2926.3, 2865.9, 2853.9, 1732.3, 1462.6, 1349.2, 1248.7, 1175.2 cm⁻¹; ESI-MS: 591.0, [M+Na]⁺; HRMS (MALDI) (M+Na)⁺ calculated for C₃₀H₄₈O₈S 591.2962, found 591.2964.

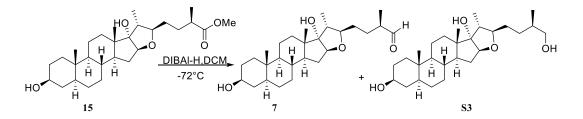


To a solution of **17** (142 mg, 0.25 mmol) in CH₃OH (5 mL), sodium carbonate (106 mg, 1 mmol) was added, the mixture was heated to reflux for 12 h. Then CH₃OH was removed in vacuo, and DMF (4 mL) was added, the resulting solution was heated to 120 °C for 12 h, then DMF was removed under reduced pressure, the residue was diluted with water, and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (30 + 10 mL), washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate. After removal of the organic solvents under reduced pressure, the residue was subjected to silica gel chromatography (PE/EA = 3:1 to 2:1) to give desired **15** (55 mg, 48%).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.85 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 3.64 – 3.54 (m, 1H), 3.49 (td, *J* = 9.0, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 2.46 (dd, *J* = 13.9, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.11 – 2.02 (m, 1H), 1.90 (td, *J* = 14.0, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 1.16 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 4H), 0.86 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 4H), 0.82 (s, 3H), 0.80 (s, 3H), 0.64 (td, *J* = 11.0, 3.6 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.3, 91.6, 91.2, 88.9, 71.4, 54.0, 52.5, 51.7, 45.0, 44.9, 41.1, 39.8, 38.3, 37.1, 35.7, 35.7, 32.2, 32.0, 31.6, 31.2, 31.2, 30.7, 28.7, 20.7, 17.4, 17.3, 12.5, 11.4; IR: 3406.1, 2954.8, 2923.7, 2852.3, 1738.1, 1462.9, 1377.1, 1186.4, 1155.3 cm⁻¹; ESI-MS: 463.3 [M+H]⁺, 485.4 [M+Na]⁺; HRMS (MALDI) (M+Na)⁺ calculated for C₂₈H₄₆O₅ 485.3237, found 485.3257.



To a solution of **17** (142 mg, 0.25 mmol) in CH₃OH (8 mL) was added NaOH (200 mg, 5 mmol) at 0 $^{\circ}$ C. The mixture was stirred at 0 $^{\circ}$ C, and after TLC indicated complete conversion of the starting material, was heated to reflux for 5 h. Then the mixture was cooled to 0 $^{\circ}$ C and was added concentrated sulfuric acid (0.35 mL, 6.4 mmol) dropwise, and stirred at ambient temperature for 2 h and quenched with saturated aqueous Na₂CO₃ and extracted with CHCl₃ (30 + 15 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated at reduced pressure. Purification of the residue by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE/EA: 2/1) provided **15** (87 mg, 75%). This method may caused slight isomerization of C25, which would be restalled in the following steps.

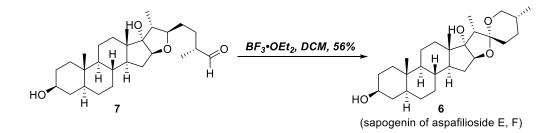


Under argon, to a solution of **15** (87 mg, 0.188 mmol) in DCM (5 mL) was added DIBAL-H (0.6 mL, 1 M in hexane, 0.6 mmol) dropwise at -72 $^{\circ}$ C. The mixture was stirred at -72 $^{\circ}$ C for 40 min, quenched with CH₃OH (2 mL), warmed to ambient temperature. After its pH value was adjusted with HCl (1.2 N) to 2, the mixture was extracted with CHCl₃ (30 + 15 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification of the residue by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE/EA: 3/1 to 1/1) gave **7** (68 mg, 83.7%) and over reduced product **S3** (12 mg, 14.7%).

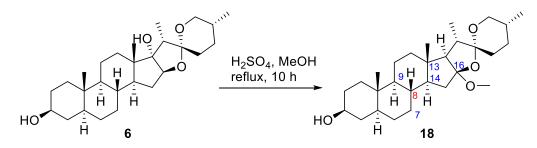
7: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.62 (s, 1H), 3.86 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 3.63 – 3.55 (m, 1H), 3.51 (t, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (dd, *J* = 12.9, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 1.10 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.87 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.82 (s, 3H), 0.80 (s, 3H), 0.69 – 0.60 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 205.3, 91.6, 91.2, 88.7, 88.6, 71.3, 54.1, 52.5, 46.4, 46.4, 45.0, 44.9, 41.0, 41.0, 38.2, 37.2, 35.6, 32.2, 32.0, 31.5, 31.2, 30.6, 28.6, 27.3, 20.7, 17.3, 13.5, 12.5, 11.3; IR: 3458.5, 3339.1, 2953.9, 2923.8, 2851.4, 1733.4, 1717.6, 1457.8, 1376.8 cm⁻¹; ESI-MS: 455.2 [M+Na]⁺; HRMS (MALDI) (M+Na)⁺ calculated for C₂₇H₄₄O₄ 455.3131, found 455.3133.

S3: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.86 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 3.59 (td, *J* = 10.7, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 3.54 – 3.41 (m, 3H), 2.11 – 2.02 (m, 1H), 1.98 – 1.88 (m, 1H), 0.92 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 0.87 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 4H), 0.82 (s, 3H), 0.81 (s, 3H), 0.66 (td, *J* = 10.9, 3.6 Hz, 1H);

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 91.6, 91.6, 91.2, 89.5, 89.3, 71.4, 68.2, 68.1, 54.0, 52.5, 45.0, 44.9, 41.1, 38.3, 37.1, 36.1, 35.9, 35.7, 35.7, 32.2, 32.0, 31.6, 31.2, 30.7, 30.5, 29.8, 29.7, 28.7, 20.7, 17.4, 16.9, 16.7, 12.5, 11.4, 11.4; IR: 3397.5, 2923.9, 2851.5, 1458.4, 1377.3 cm⁻¹; ESI-MS: 435.3 [M+H]⁺; HRMS (MALDI) (M+H)⁺calculated for $C_{27}H_{47}O_4$ 435.3469, found 435.3463.



To a solution of **7** (34 mg, 0.078 mmol) in dried CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) was added BF₃·OEt₂ (50 µL, 0.4 mmol) at ambient temperature. The mixture was stirred 6 h, quenched with water, added HCl (1.2 N, 0.1 mL), stirred for 1 h, and extracted with CHCl₃ (25 + 15 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification of the crude product by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE/EA: 3/1) afforded **6** (19 mg, 56%). $[\alpha]_D^{24.8}$ - 57.08 (*c* 0.1, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.95 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.62 – 3.55 (m, 1H), 3.50 (dd, *J* = 10.4, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.37 (t, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 2.04 (dq, *J* = 21.0, 7.1 Hz, 2H), 0.89 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 0.82 (s, 3H), 0.80 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 3H), 0.79 (s, 3H), 0.69 (td, *J* = 11.6, 3.6 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 110.2, 91.1, 90.2, 71.4, 67.0, 54.1, 52.8, 44.9, 44.8, 44.2, 38.3, 37.1, 35.7, 35.3, 32.3, 32.0, 31.6, 31.2, 30.9, 30.2, 28.7, 28.2, 21.0, 17.4, 17.2, 12.5, 8.2; IR: 3366.9, 2954.8, 2924.5, 2853.3, 1457.6, 1376.8, 1154.6 cm⁻¹; ESI-MS: 455.3, [M+Na]⁺; HRMS (MALDI) (M+Na)⁺ calculated for C₂₇H₄₄O₄ 455.3131, found 455.3122.



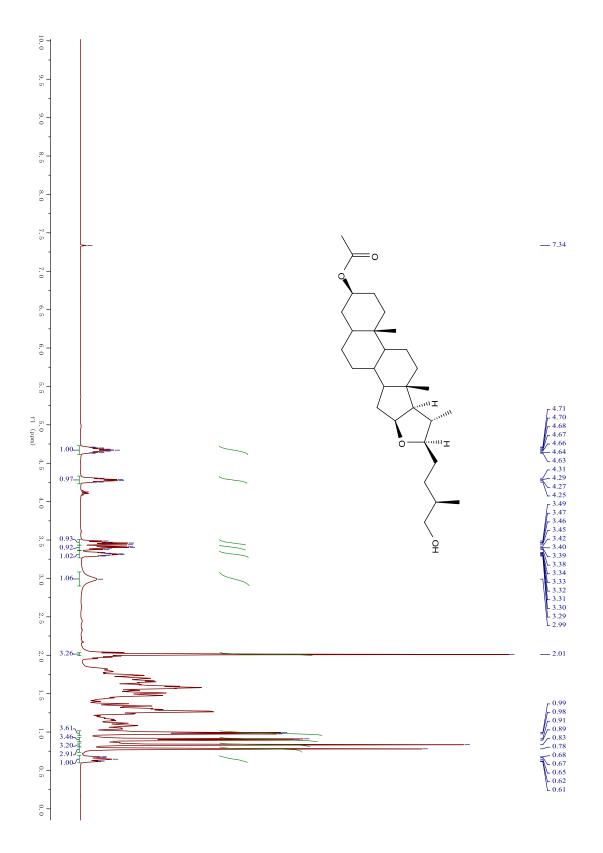
A solution of **6** (42 mg, 0.098 mmol) in MeOH (5 mL) was treated with 1M H_2SO_4 (10 mL), and the mixture was heated to reflux for 10 h. The reaction mixture was

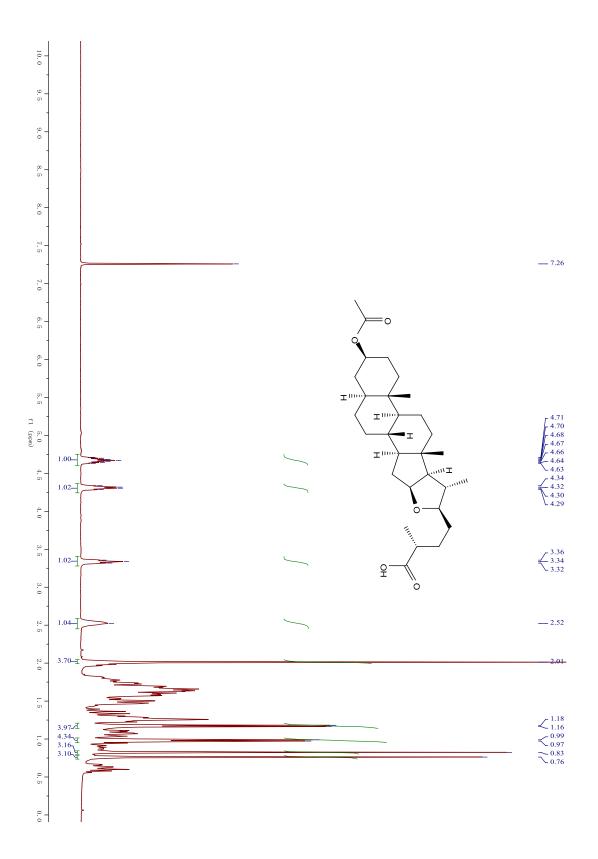
neutralized with a saturated aqueous solution of Na₂SO₄ and extracted with CHCl₃ (20 mL*3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification of the crude product by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE/EA: 6/1 to 3/1, 5% CH₂Cl₂) afforded **18** (20 mg, 46%) as white powder. [α]_D²⁵ -21.8 (*c* 0.10, MeOH/CHCl₃, ref.³ -23 (*c* 0.10, MeOH/CHCl₃)); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, pyridine-d5) δ 3.82-3.92 (m, 1H), 3.72-3.78 (m, 1H), 3.63-3.70 (m, 1H), 2.20-2.26 (m, 1H), 1.21 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 0.84 (s, 3H), 0.82 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, pyridine-d5, the biggest chemical shift (119.66 ppm) was set as 119.3 ppm for comparison) δ 119.3, 111.0, 70.5, 70.2, 68.8, 55.3, 54.5, 50.6, 45.1, 42.7, 41.2, 40.1, 39.3, 37.4, 35.9, **34.8**⁴, 34.5, 34.0, 32.5, 32.4, 30.6, 29.5, 29.0, 21.3, 17.4, 15.8, 15.7, 12.5; IR: 2926, 1448, 1385, 1247, 1045, 977, 890, 878 cm⁻¹;ESI-MS: 469.3 [M+Na]⁺.

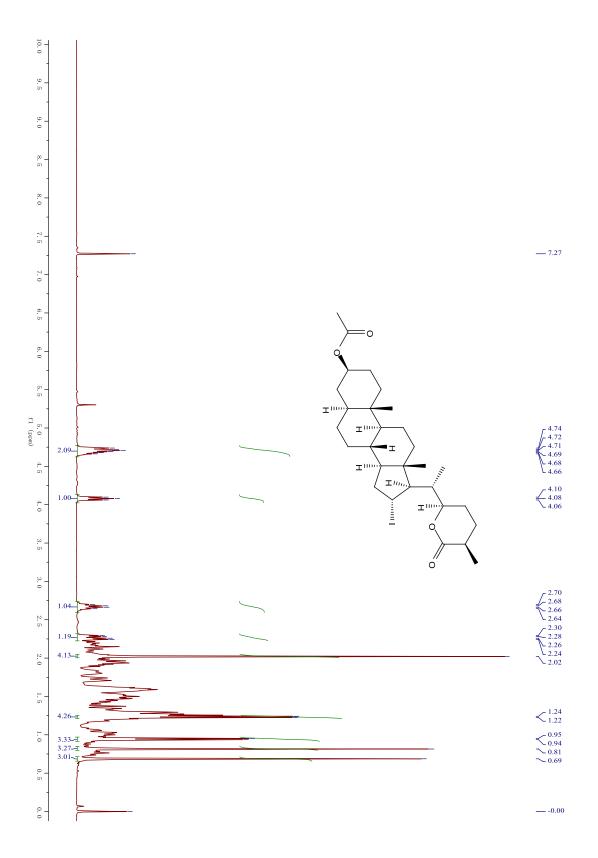
³ Zhou, L.-B.; Chen, D.-F. Steroidal saponins from the roots of Asparagus filicinus. *Steroids* **2008**, *73*, *(1)*, 83-87

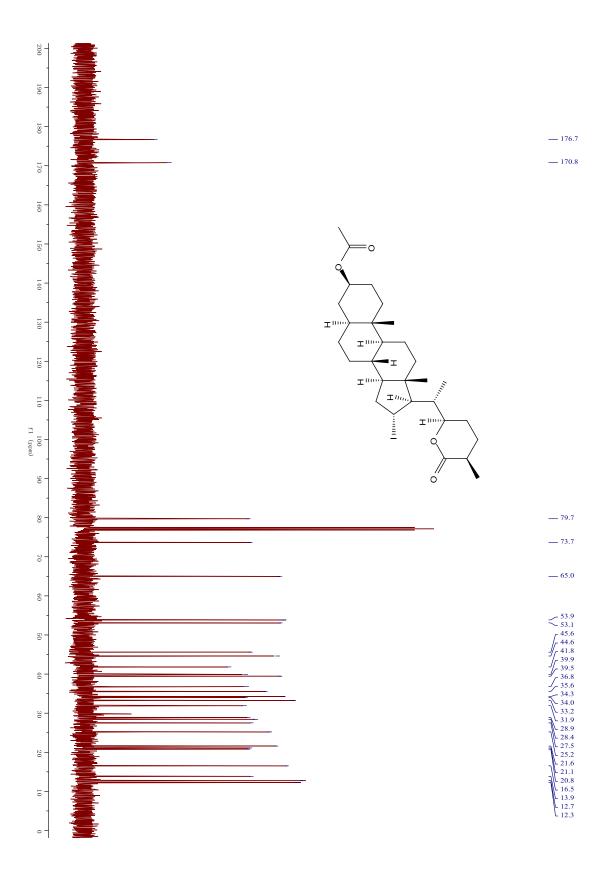
⁴ All the NMR data matched those reported except the ¹³C NMR chemical shift of C8. The reason was unknown.

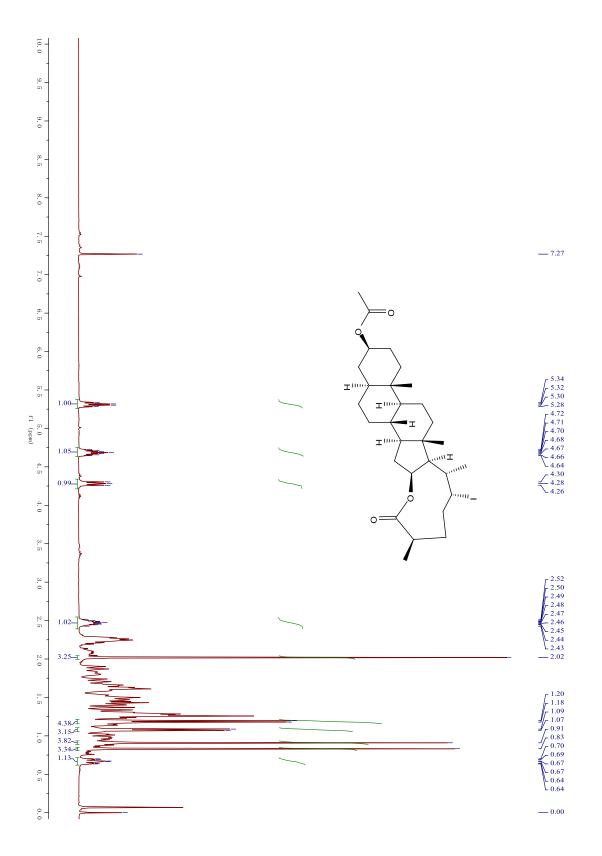
	¹ H NMR reported 18	¹³ C NMR reported 18	¹ H NMR synthesized 18	¹³ C NMR synthesized 18
1	0.94 m, 1.70 m	37.4		37.4
2	1.70 m, 2.08 m	32.5		32.5
3	3.87 m	70.5	3.87 m (3.82-3.92)	70.5
4	1.61 m, 1.83 m	39.3		39.3
5	1.14 m	45.1		45.1
6	1.27 m	29.0		29.0
7	0.89 m, 1.63 m	32.4		32.4
8	1.34 m	30.0		34.8
9	0.61 m	54.8	0.61 m	54.5
10		35.9		35.9
11	1.30 m, 1.52 m	21.3		21.3
12	1.23 m, 1.72 m	40.1		40.1
13		41.2		41.2
14	1.50 m	55.4		55.3
15	1.40 m, 2.23 m	34.0	2.23 m (2.20-2.26)	34.0
16		119.3		119.3
17	2.10 m	70.2		70.2
18	0.84 s	15.8	0.84 s	15.8
19	0.82 s	12.5	0.82 s	12.5
20	2.11 m	42.7		42.7
21	1.21 d (6.6)	15.7	1.21 d (6.6)	15.7
22		111.0		111.0
23	1.70 m, 1.78 m	34.5		34.5
24	1.63 m	29.5		29.5
25	1.63 m	30.6		30.6
26	3.69 m, 3.75 m	68.8	3.72-3.78 m 3.63-3.70 m	68.8
27	0.75 d (5.6)	17.4	0.75 d (5.6)	17.4
OMe	3.48 s	50.6	3.48 s	50.6

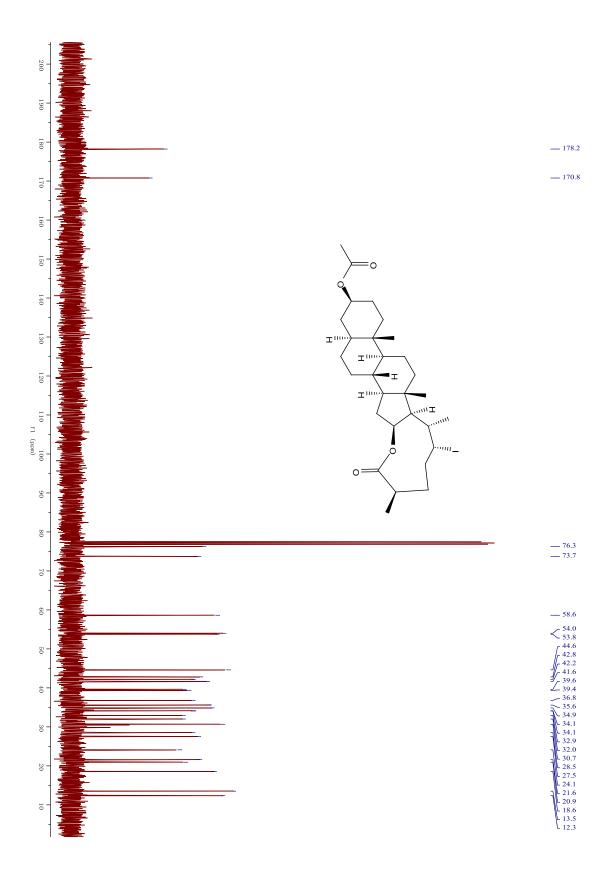


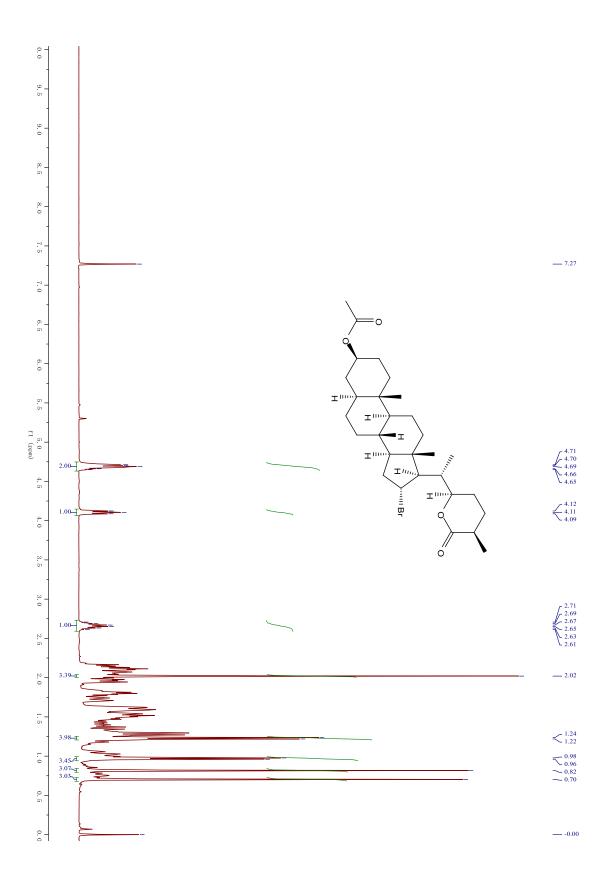


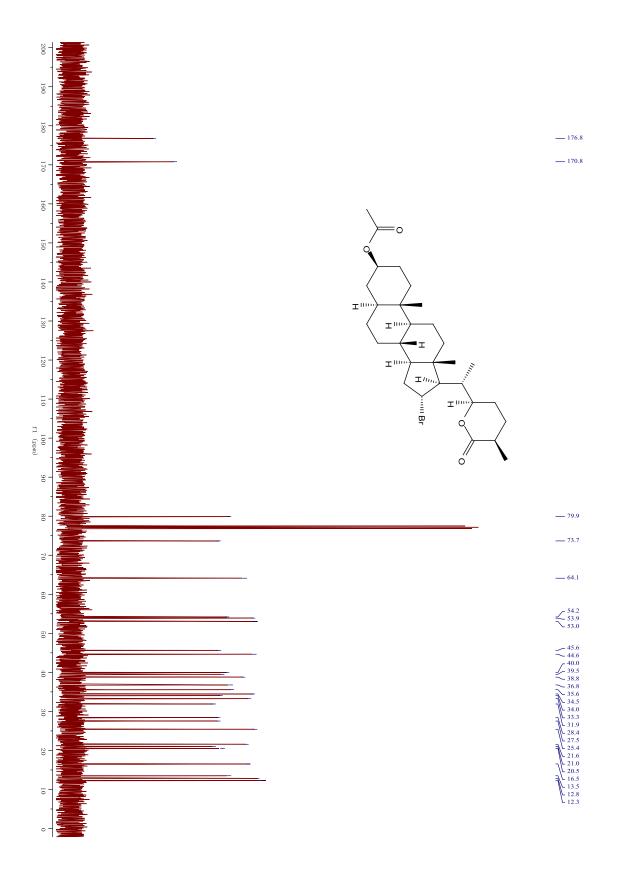


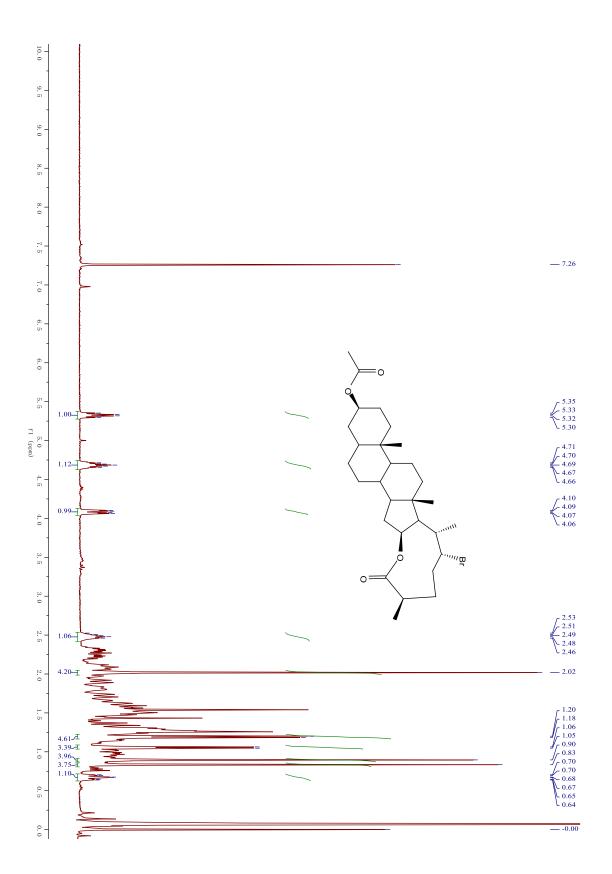


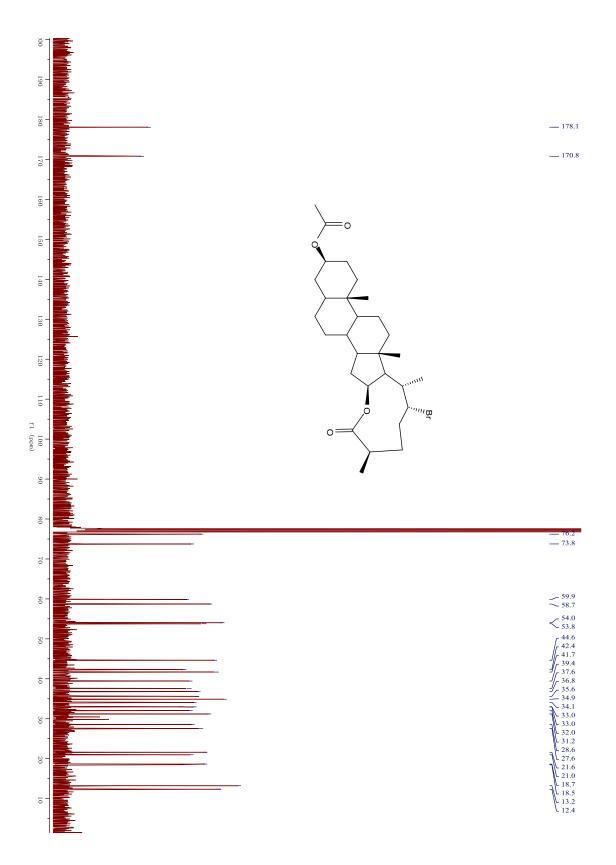


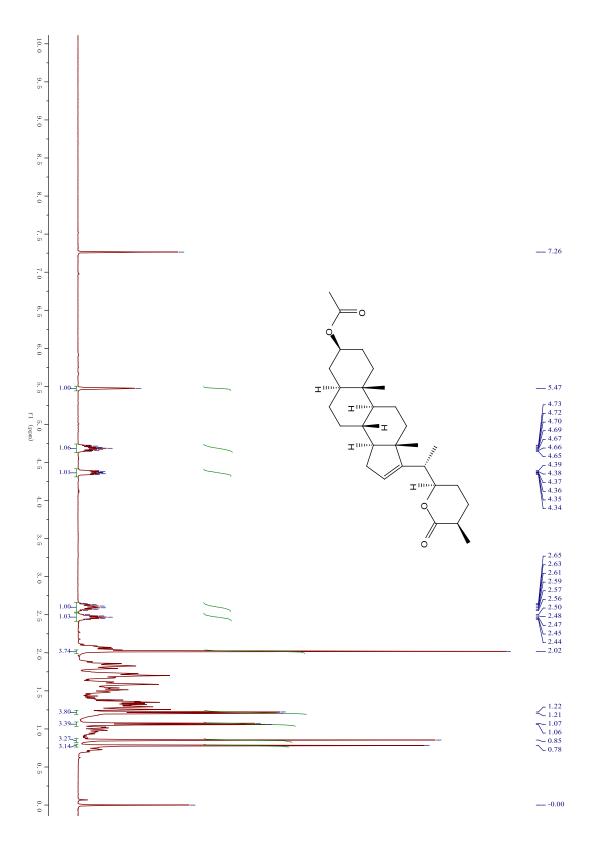


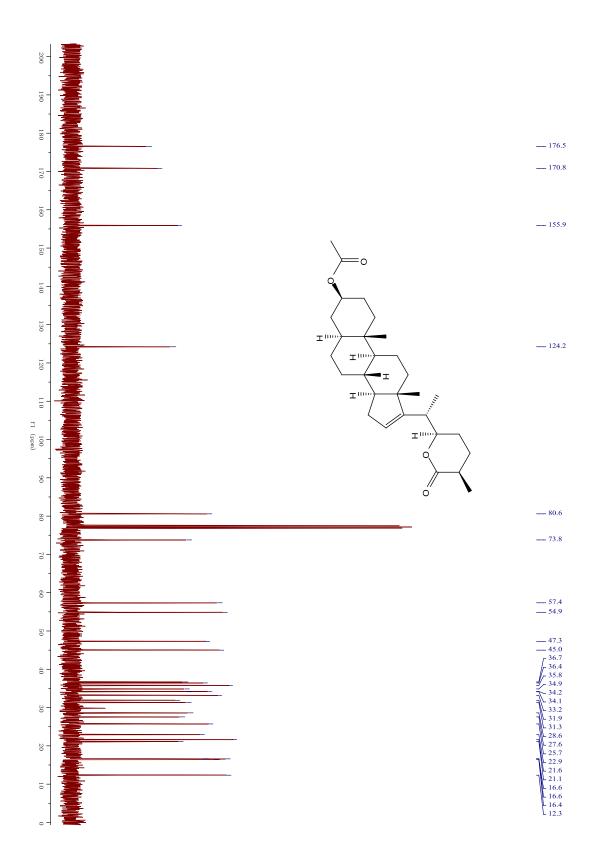


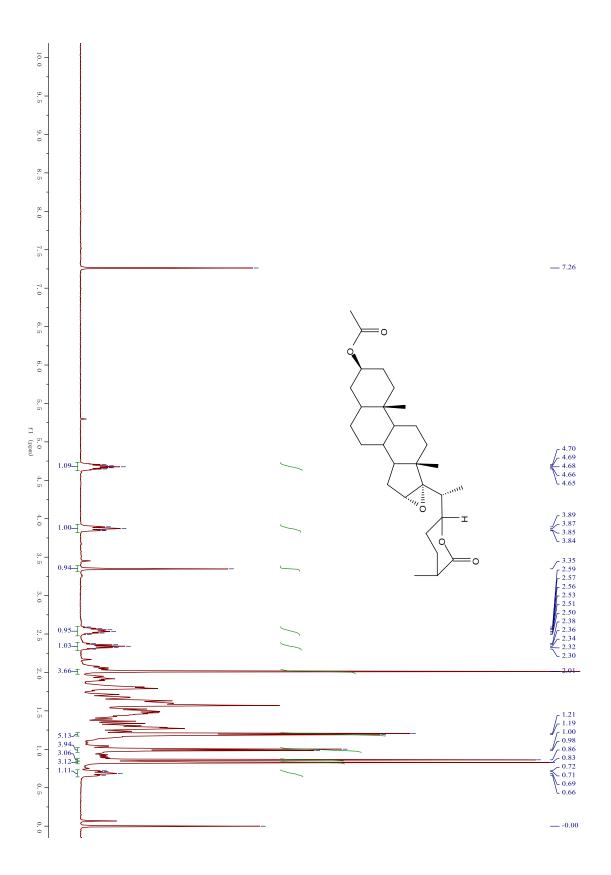


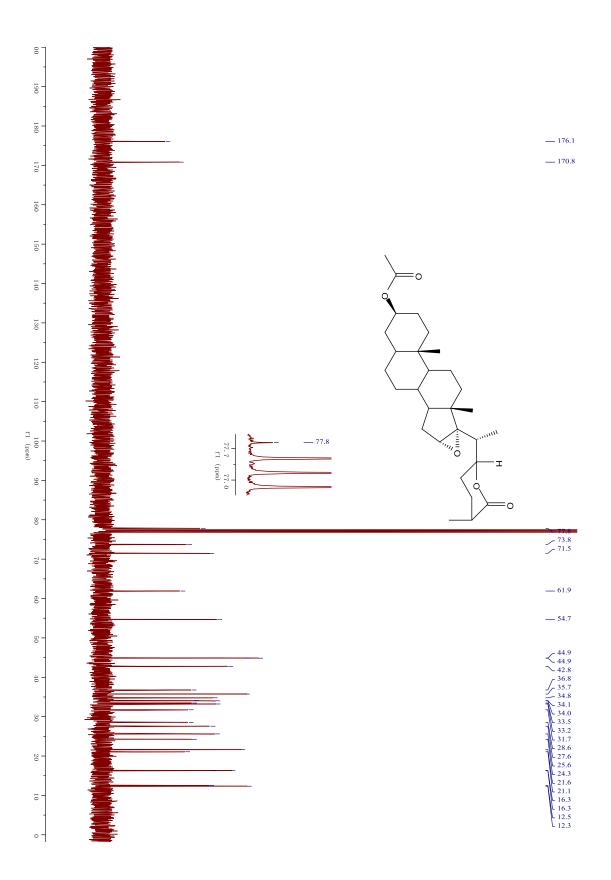


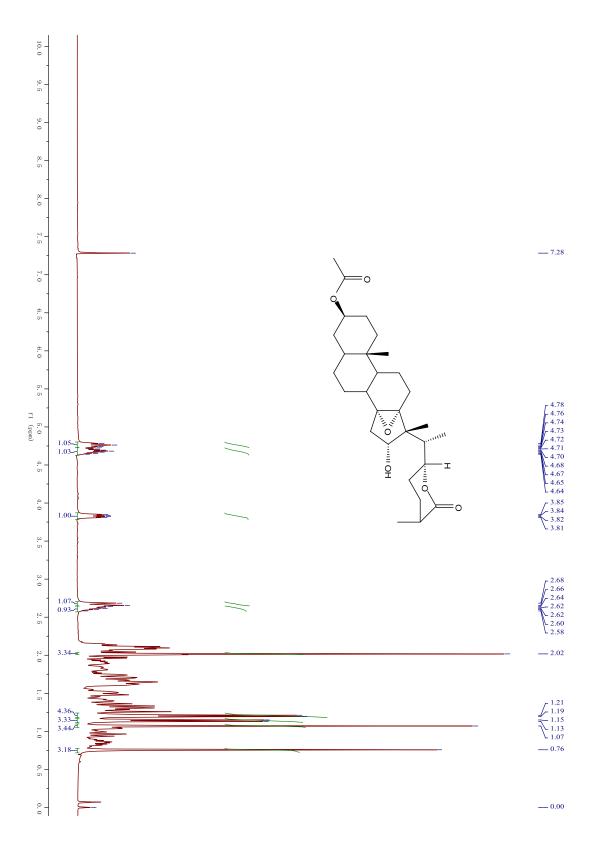


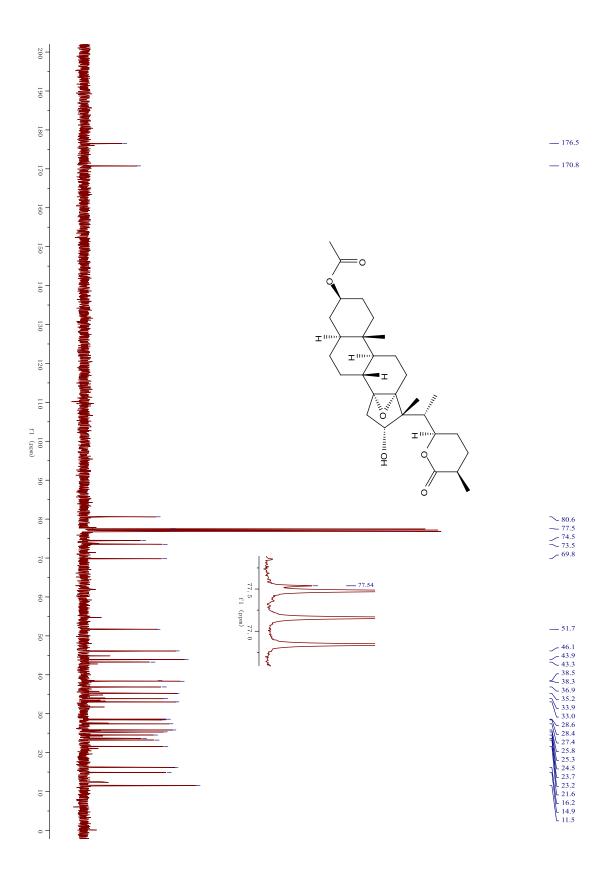


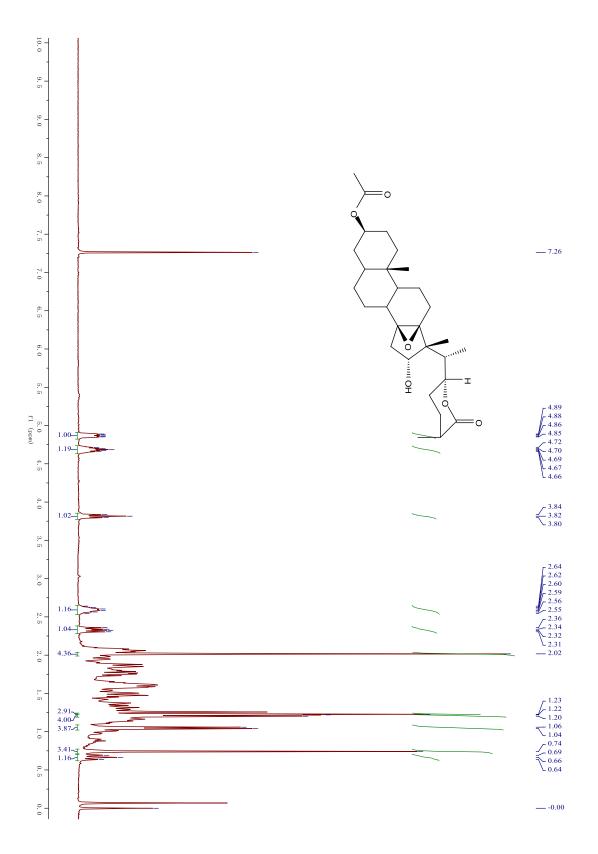


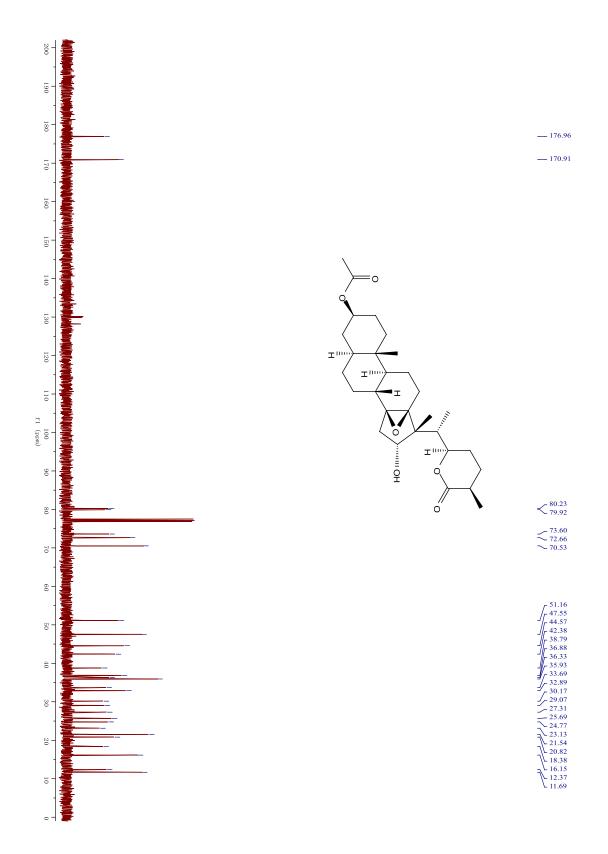


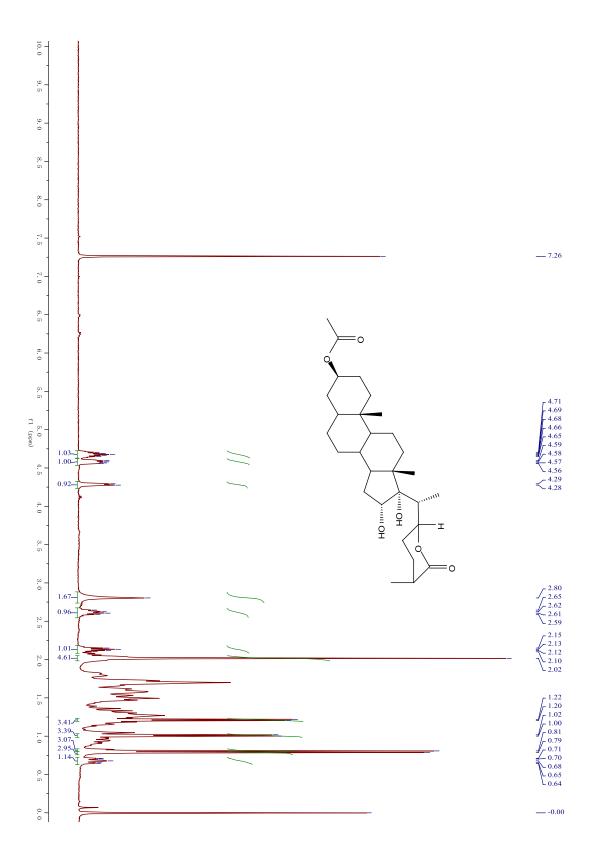


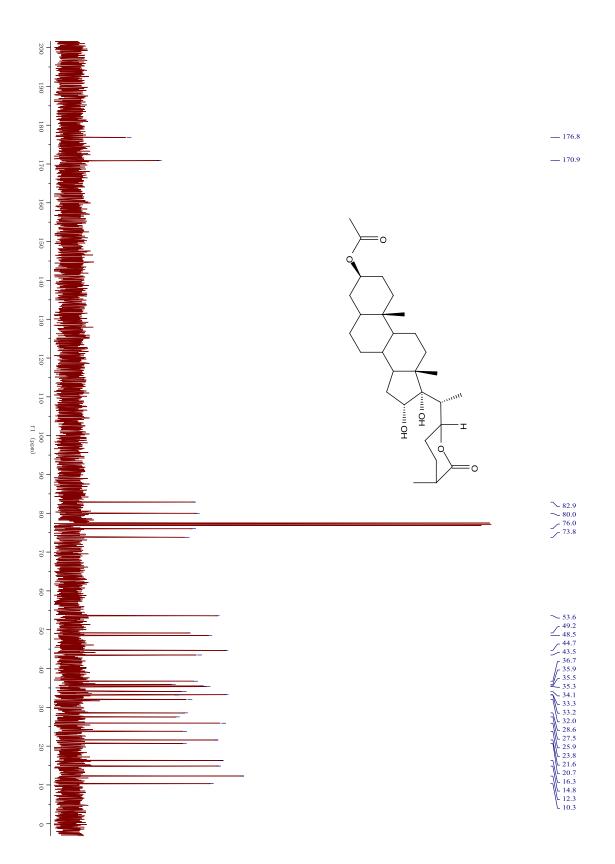


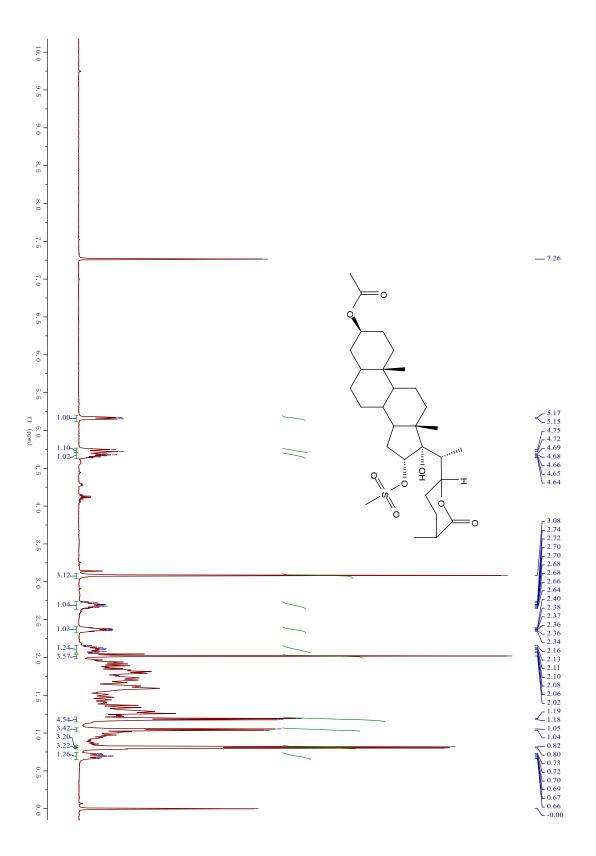


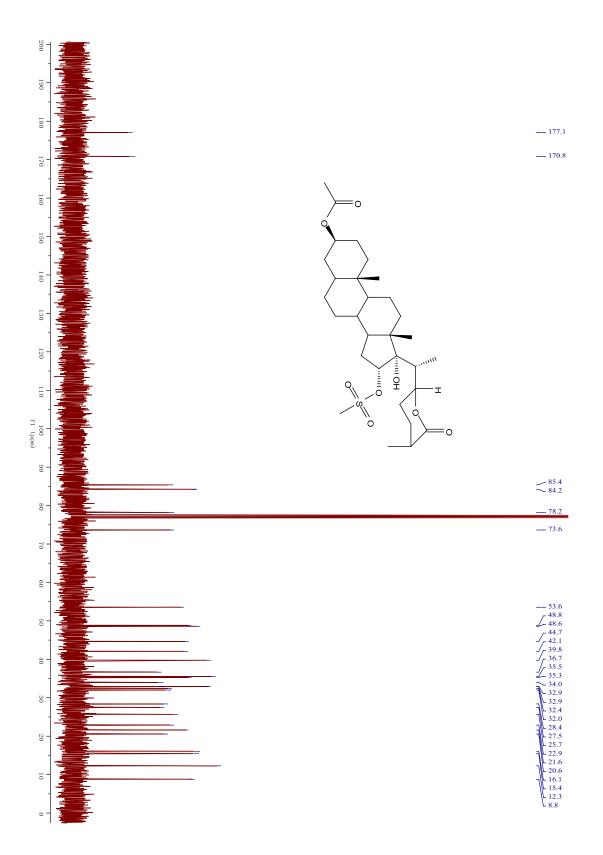


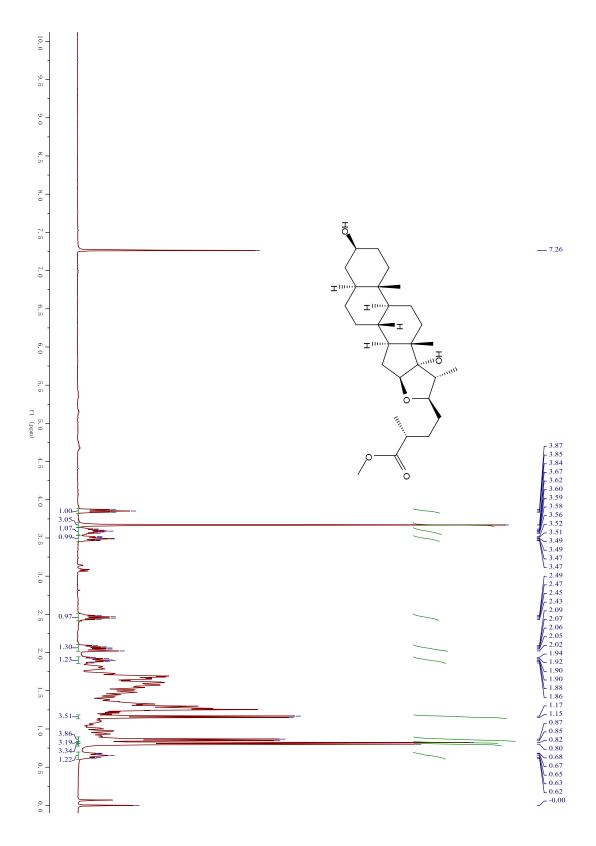


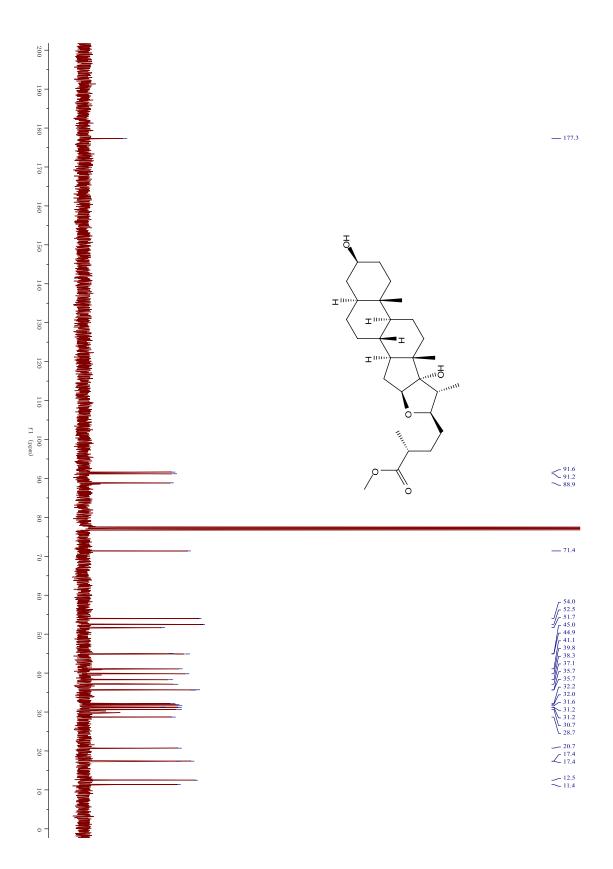


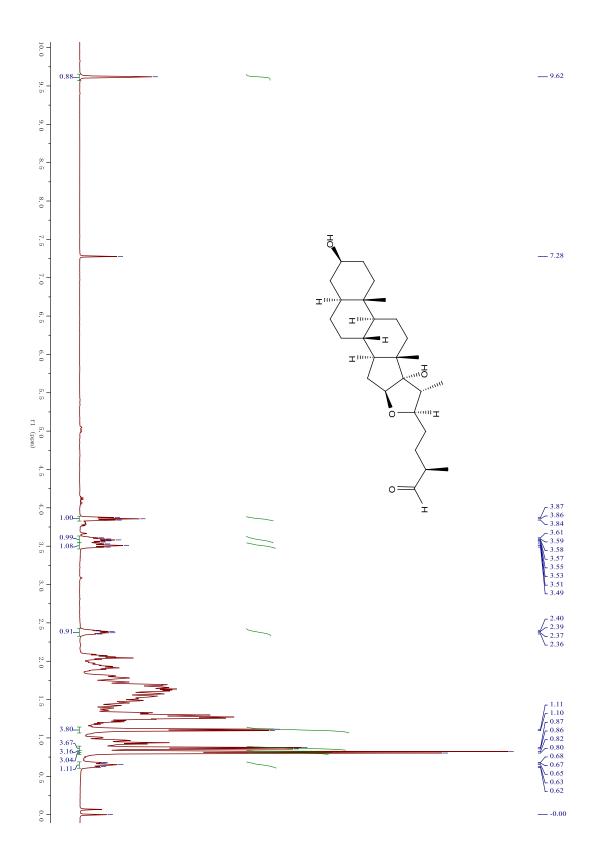


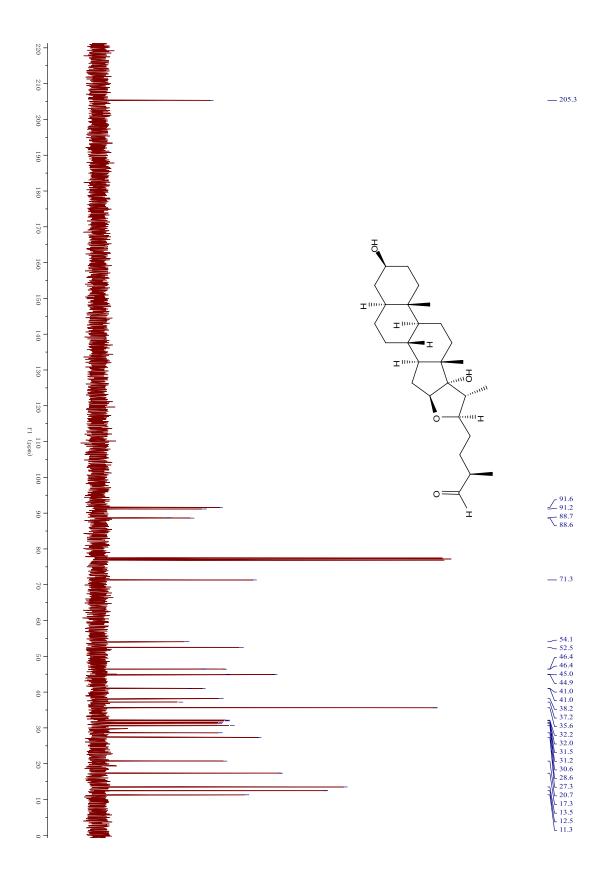


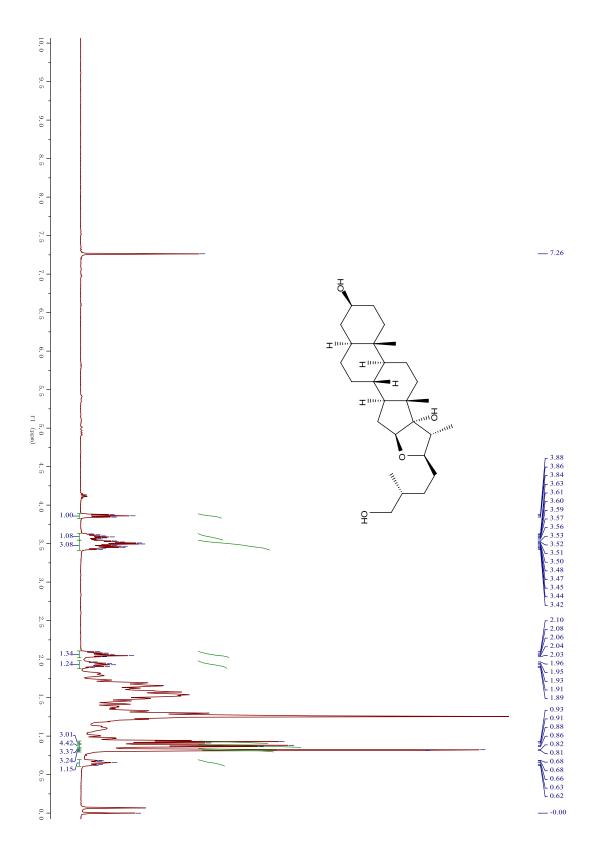


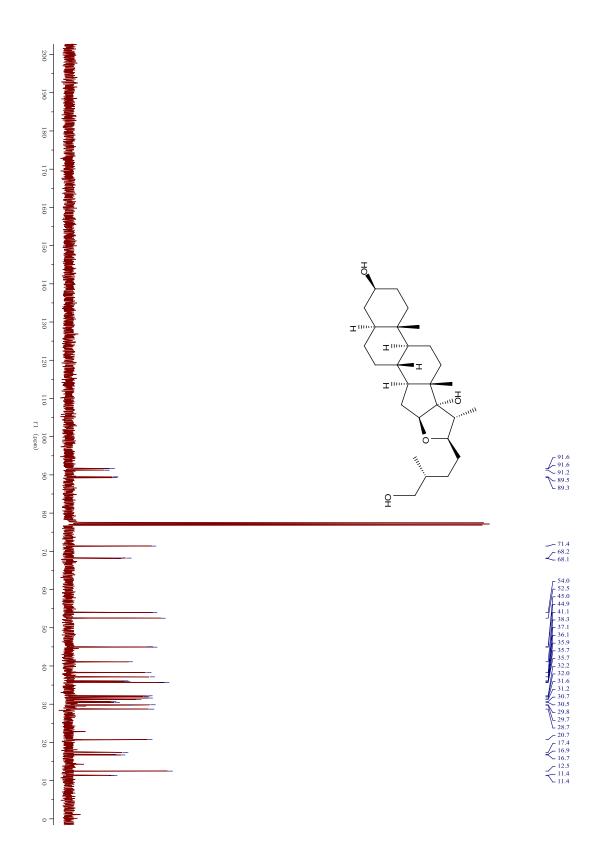


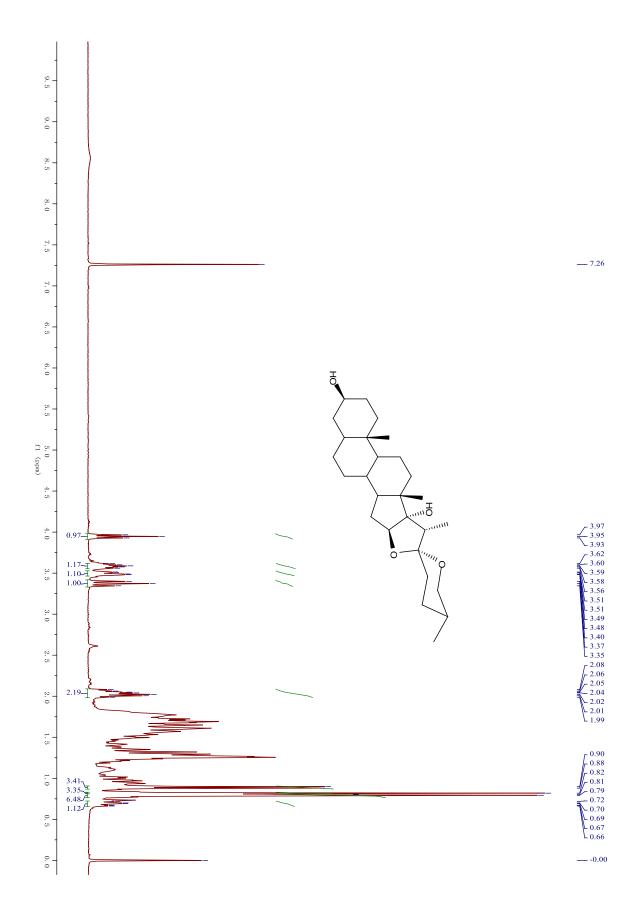


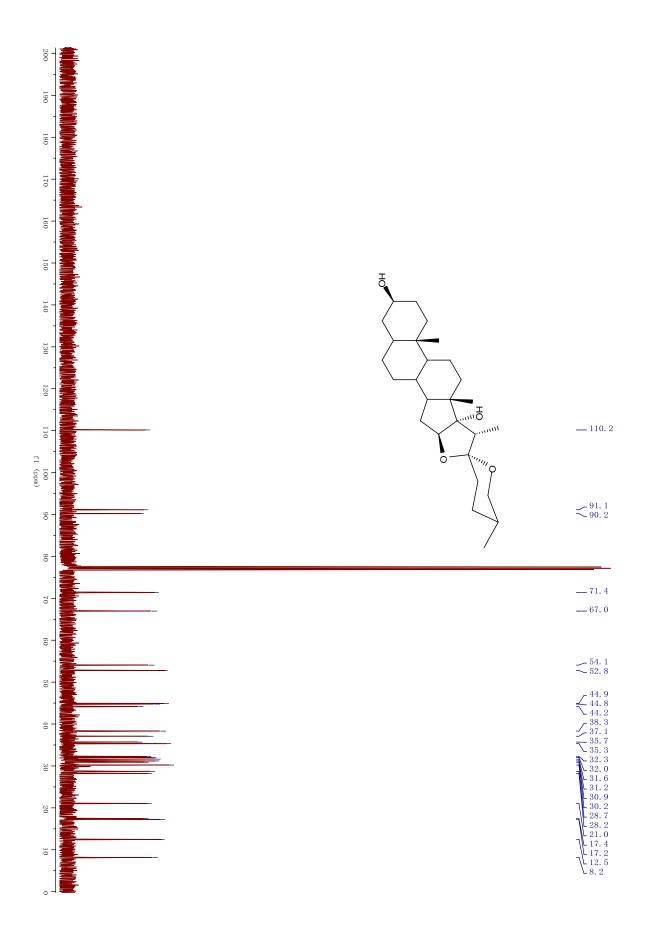


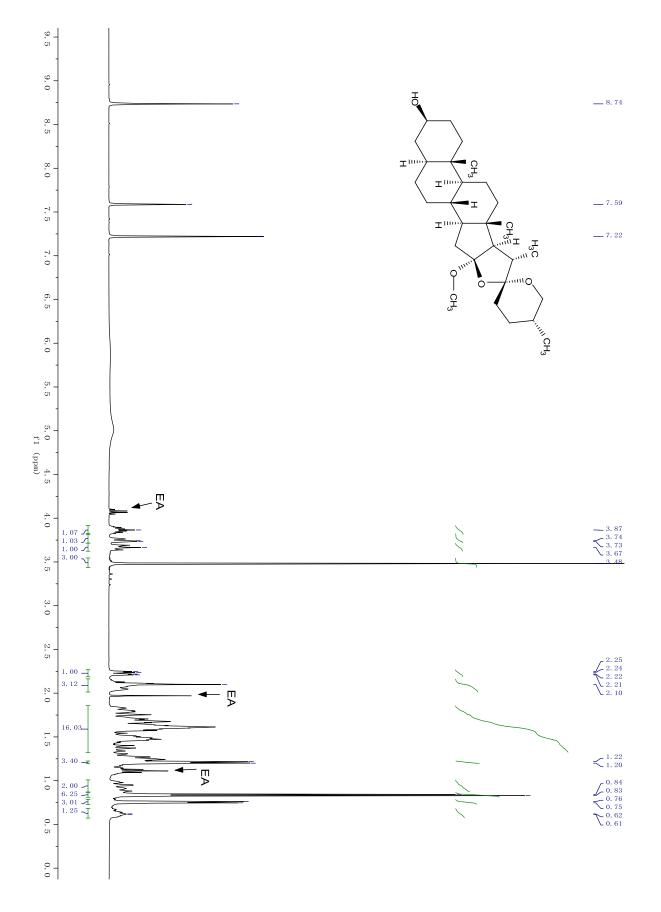












400 MHz ¹H NMR of compound **18** in pyridine-d5.

