

Supporting Information for

Diastereo- and Enantioselective Construction of Indole-based 2,3-Dihydrobenzofuran Scaffold via Catalytic Asymmetric [3+2] Cyclizations of Quinone Monoimides with 3-Vinylindoles

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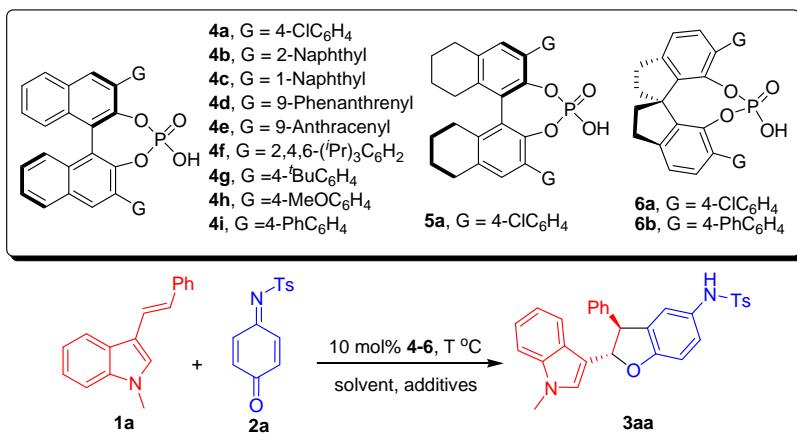
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1. General information

¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were measured respectively at 400 and 100 MHz, respectively. The solvent used for NMR spectroscopy were CDCl₃, using tetramethylsilane as the internal reference. HRMS spectra were recorded on a LTQ-Orbitrap mass spectrometer. Enantiomeric ratios (*er*) were determined by chiral high-performance liquid chromatography (chiral HPLC). The chiral columns used for the determination of Enantiomeric ratios by chiral HPLC were Chiralpak IA, IC and AD-H columns. Optical rotation values were measured with instruments operating at $\lambda = 589$ nm, corresponding to the sodium D line at the temperatures indicated. The X-ray source used for the single crystal X-ray diffraction analysis of compound **3da** was CuK α ($\lambda = 1.54178$), and the thermal ellipsoid was drawn at the 30% probability level. Analytical grade solvents for the column chromatography and commercially available reagents were used as received. All starting materials commercially available were used directly. Substrates **1** and **2** were synthesized according to the literature method.¹

2. Screening of catalysts and condition optimization

Table 1. Screening of catalysts and condition optimization^[a]



entry	Cat.	solvent	T (°C)	1a : 2a	additives (100mg)	yield (%) ^[b]	dr ^[c]	er ^[d]
1	4a	toluene (1ml)	25	1:1.2	-	67	>95:5	55:45
2	4b	toluene (1ml)	25	1:1.2	-	65	>95:5	55:45
3	4c	toluene (1ml)	25	1:1.2	-	60	>95:5	53:47

1. (a) D. Xia, Y. Wang, Z. Du, Q.-Y. Zheng, C. Wang, *Org. Lett.* **2012**, *14*, 588. (b) A. B. Leduc, M. A. Kerr, *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* **2007**, 237.

4	4d	toluene (1ml)	25	1:1.2	-	53	>95:5	55:45
5	4e	toluene (1ml)	25	1:1.2	-	57	>95:5	55:45
6	4f	toluene (1ml)	25	1:1.2	-	28	>95:5	54:46
7	4a	EtOAc (1mL)	25	1:1.2	-	53	>95:5	56:44
8	4a	CH ₃ CN (1mL)	25	1:1.2	-	58	>95:5	58:42
9	4a	1,4-dioxane (1mL)	25	1:1.2	-	56	>95:5	63:37
10	4a	CH ₂ ClCH ₂ Cl (1mL)	25	1:1.2	-	60	>95:5	58:42
11	4a	acetone (1mL)	25	1:1.2	-	44	>95:5	58:42
12	4g	1,4-dioxane (1mL)	25	1:1.2	-	60	>95:5	61:39
13	4h	1,4-dioxane (1mL)	25	1:1.2	-	79	>95:5	57:43
14	4i	1,4-dioxane (1mL)	25	1:1.2	-	92	>95:5	63:37
15	5a	1,4-dioxane (1mL)	25	1:1.2	-	74	>95:5	57:43
16	6a	1,4-dioxane (1mL)	25	1:1.2	-	74	>95:5	80:20
17	6b	1,4-dioxane (1mL)	25	1:1.2	-	72	>95:5	81:19
18	6b	toluene (1ml)	25	1:1.2	-	44	>95:5	59:41
19	6b	EtOAc (1mL)	25	1:1.2	-	77	>95:5	68:32
20	6b	CH ₃ CN (1mL)	25	1:1.2	-	99	>95:5	84:16
21	6b	CH ₂ ClCH ₂ Cl (1mL)	25	1:1.2	-	62	>95:5	71:29
22	6b	acetone (1mL)	25	1:1.2	-	99	>95:5	86:14
23	6b	acetone (1mL)	40	1:1.2	-	99	>95:5	85:15
24	6b	acetone (1mL)	0	1:1.2	-	90	>95:5	88:12
25	6b	acetone (1mL)	-10	1:1.2	-	94	>95:5	86:14
26	6b	acetone (1mL)	0	1:1.2	3 Å MS	83	>95:5	91:9
27	6b	acetone (1mL)	0	1:1.2	4 Å MS	84	>95:5	91:9
28	6b	acetone (1mL)	0	1:1.2	5 Å MS	88	>95:5	92:8
29	6b	acetone (1mL)	0	1:1.2	Na ₂ SO ₄	95	>95:5	87:13
30	6b	acetone (1mL)	0	1:1.2	MgSO ₄	82	>95:5	88:12
31	6b	acetone (2mL)	0	1:1.2	5 Å MS	89	>95:5	93:7
32	6b	acetone (4mL)	0	1:1.2	5 Å MS	73	>95:5	92:8
33	6b	acetone (2mL)	0	1:2	5 Å MS	96	>95:5	92:8
34	6b	acetone (2mL)	0	1:3	5 Å MS	99	>95:5	91:9
35	6b	acetone (2mL)	0	1.2:1	5 Å MS	99	>95:5	93:7
36	6b	acetone (2mL)	0	2:1	5 Å MS	96	>95:5	92:8
37	6a	acetone (2mL)	0	1.2:1	5 Å MS	99	>95:5	93:7

[a] Unless otherwise indicated, the reaction was carried out at the 0.05 mmol scale and catalyzed by 10 mol% **4-6** in a solvent for 15 h. [b] Isolated yield. [c] The *dr* value was determined by HPLC and ¹H NMR. [d] The *er* value was determined by HPLC.

3. General procedure for the synthesis of products 3

To the mixture of quinone monoimides **1** (0.06 mmol), 3-vinylindoles **2** (0.05 mmol),

catalyst **6a** (0.005 mmol) and 5 Å molecular sieves (100 mg), was added pre-cooled acetone (2 mL) at 0°C. After the reaction mixture was stirred at 0°C for 15 hours, the reaction mixture was filtered to remove molecular sieves and the solid powder was washed with ethyl acetate. The resultant solution was concentrated under the reduced pressure to give the residue, which was purified through preparative thin layer chromatography on silica gel to afford pure products **3**.

4. Characterization data of products 3

4-methyl-N-((2S,3S)-2-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-3-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)benzenesulfonamide-(3aa): Preparative thin layer chromatography: pure dichloromethane; Reaction time = 15 h; yield: 99% (24.4 mg); yellow solid; m.p. 127-129 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +85.0$ (c 0.47, Acetone); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.56 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.37 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.30 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.25 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.10 – 7.03 (m, 4H), 6.96 – 6.90 (m, 1H), 6.78 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.69 (s, 1H), 6.38 (s, 1H), 5.75 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.83 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 2.40 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 158.5, 143.6, 141.8, 137.8, 135.9, 131.6, 129.5, 129.0, 128.7, 128.2, 127.6, 127.4, 127.2, 125.9, 125.7, 122.2, 122.1, 119.8, 119.7, 113.2, 109.9, 109.7, 88.9, 55.1, 32.8, 21.6; IR (KBr): 3278, 2923, 1597, 1546, 1484, 1459, 1334, 1159, 1088, 958, 810, 742 cm^{-1} ; ESI FTMS exact mass calcd for $(\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{26}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3\text{S}-\text{H})^-$ requires m/z 493.1580, found m/z 493.1588; Diastereomeric ratio: >95:5, determined by ^1H NMR; Enantiomeric ratio: 93:7, determined by HPLC (Daicel Chiraldak IA, hexane/ isopropanol = 70/ 30, flow rate 1.0 mL/min, T = 30 °C, 254 nm): $t_R = 13.85$ min (major), $t_R = 16.91$ min (minor).

N-((2S,3S)-2-(1,4-dimethyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-3-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide-(3ba): Preparative thin layer chromatography: pure dichloromethane; Reaction time = 15 h; yield: 93% (23.6 mg); yellow solid; m.p. 129-131 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +97.3$ (c 0.55, Acetone); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.56 – 7.51 (m, 2H), 7.31 – 7.28 (m, 1H), 7.28 – 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.17 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.16 – 7.12 (m, 4H), 7.12 – 7.08 (m, 1H), 6.91 – 6.86 (m, 2H), 6.75 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.69 (d, $J = 1.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.45 (s, 1H), 6.04 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.74 (d, $J =$

8.9 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 3H), 2.49 (s, 3H), 2.39 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 158.1, 143.5, 141.3, 137.9, 135.9, 131.8, 130.8, 129.5, 129.0, 128.7, 128.2, 127.7, 127.4, 127.3, 125.7, 125.7, 122.2, 122.1, 121.7, 113.2, 110.1, 107.3, 88.4, 55.5, 33.0, 21.60, 20.7; IR (KBr): 3279, 2962, 1889, 1461, 1335, 1310, 1235, 1159, 1088, 939, 812, 743 cm^{-1} ; ESI FTMS exact mass calcd for ($\text{C}_{31}\text{H}_{28}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3\text{S}-\text{H}$) $^-$ requires m/z 507.1737, found m/z 507.1736; Diastereomeric ratio: >95:5, determined by ^1H NMR; Enantiomeric ratio: 91:9, determined by HPLC (Daicel Chiraldak IA, hexane/ isopropanol = 70/ 30, flow rate 1.0 mL/min, T = 30 °C, 254 nm): t_R = 12.47 min (major), t_R = 15.28 min (minor).

N-((2*S*,3*S*)-2-(5-methoxy-1-methyl-1*H*-indol-3-yl)-3-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (3ca): Preparative thin layer chromatography: pure dichloromethane; Reaction time = 15 h; yield: 94% (24.7 mg); yellow solid; m.p. 59-61 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ = +79.4 (c 0.47, Acetone); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.56 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.33 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.22 – 7.17 (m, 3H), 7.11 – 7.06 (m, 2H), 7.03 (s, 1H), 6.94 – 6.87 (m, 2H), 6.80 – 6.75 (m, 2H), 6.70 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (s, 1H), 5.75 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 2.39 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 158.5, 154.1, 143.6, 141.8, 136.0, 133.0, 131.7, 129.5, 129.0, 128.8, 128.2, 127.8, 127.4, 127.2, 126.3, 125.7, 122.0, 112.7, 112.3, 110.4, 109.9, 101.8, 88.9, 55.8, 55.1, 33.0, 21.6; IR (KBr): 3248, 2959, 2923, 2852, 1720, 1489, 1399, 1260, 1091, 1037, 965, 819 cm^{-1} ; ESI FTMS exact mass calcd for ($\text{C}_{31}\text{H}_{28}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4\text{S}-\text{H}$) $^-$ requires m/z 523.1686, found m/z 523.1685; Diastereomeric ratio: >95:5, determined by ^1H NMR; Enantiomeric ratio: 89:11, determined by HPLC (Daicel Chiraldak AD-H, hexane/ isopropanol = 70/ 30, flow rate 1.0 mL/min, T = 30 °C, 254 nm): t_R = 26.34 min (major), t_R = 42.08 min (minor).

N-((2*S*,3*S*)-2-(5-fluoro-1-methyl-1*H*-indol-3-yl)-3-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide-(3da): Preparative thin layer chromatography: pure dichloromethane; Reaction time = 15 h; yield: 87% (22.3 mg); yellow solid; m.p. 136-138 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ = +80.4 (c 0.45, Acetone); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.56 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.31 – 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.25 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.21 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.09 – 7.04 (m, 3H), 7.03 – 6.96 (m, 2H), 6.93 – 6.89 (m, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (s, 1H), 5.69 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 2.39 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 158.3, 157.8 (J = 233.9 Hz), 143.6, 141.6, 135.8, 134.4, 131.4, 129.5, 129.2, 129.1, 128.8, 128.1, 127.4, 127.3, 126.1 (J = 9.9 Hz), 125.8, 122.1, 113.2, 113.1, 110.7 (J = 26.3 Hz), 110.4 (J = 9.8 Hz), 109.9,

104.8 ($J = 23.8$ Hz), 88.6, 55.1, 33.1, 21.6; IR (KBr): 3255, 2924, 1660, 1595, 1487, 1407, 1260, 1151, 1089, 946, 804, 702 cm^{-1} ; ESI FTMS exact mass calcd for $(\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{25}\text{FN}_2\text{O}_3\text{S-H})^-$ requires m/z 511.1486, found m/z 511.1486; Diastereomeric ratio: >95:5, determined by ^1H NMR; Enantiomeric ratio: 91:9, determined by HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak IA, hexane/ isopropanol = 70/30, flow rate 1.0 mL/min, T = 30 °C, 254 nm): $t_{\text{R}} = 14.35$ min (major), $t_{\text{R}} = 16.24$ min (minor).

N-((2S,3S)-2-(5-chloro-1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-3-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide-(3ea): Preparative thin layer chromatography: pure dichloromethane; Reaction time = 15 h; yield: 85% (22.4 mg); yellow solid; m.p. 142-144 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +87.8$ (c 0.54, Acetone); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.56 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.35 (d, $J = 1.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.31 – 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.23 (t, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.21 – 7.17 (m, 2H), 7.08 – 7.02 (m, 3H), 6.94 – 6.89 (m, 1H), 6.78 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.71 (s, 1H), 6.46 (d, $J = 11.7$ Hz, 1H), 5.68 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.78 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 2.39 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 158.3, 143.6, 141.3, 136.1, 135.8, 131.4, 129.5, 129.2, 128.8, 128.8, 128.2, 127.4, 127.4, 126.9, 125.7, 125.6, 122.6, 122.1, 119.3, 112.7, 110.8, 110.0, 88.5, 55.2, 33.1, 21.6; IR (KBr): 3275, 2923, 1597, 1489, 1388, 1258, 1158, 1018, 966, 807, 794, 695 cm^{-1} ; ESI FTMS exact mass calcd for $(\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{25}\text{ClN}_2\text{O}_3\text{S-H})^-$ requires m/z 527.1191, found m/z 527.1185; Diastereomeric ratio: >95:5, determined by ^1H NMR; Enantiomeric ratio: 92:8, determined by HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak IA, hexane/ isopropanol = 70/30, flow rate 1.0 mL/min, T = 30 °C, 254 nm): $t_{\text{R}} = 14.95$ min (major), $t_{\text{R}} = 17.00$ min (minor).

N-((2S,3S)-2-(5-bromo-1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-3-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide-(3fa): Preparative thin layer chromatography: pure dichloromethane; Reaction time = 15 h; yield: 87% (24.9 mg); yellow solid; m.p. 146-148 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +83.3$ (c 0.60, Acetone); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.56 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d, $J = 1.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.35 – 7.27 (m, 4H), 7.19 (t, $J = 9.1$ Hz, 3H), 7.10 – 7.04 (m, 2H), 7.03 (s, 1H), 6.94 – 6.88 (m, 1H), 6.78 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.71 (s, 1H), 6.45 (s, 1H), 5.68 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.77 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 2.39 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 158.3, 143.6, 141.2, 136.4, 135.9, 131.4, 129.5, 129.2, 128.8, 128.6, 128.2, 127.6, 127.4, 125.7, 125.2, 122.30, 122.1, 113.2, 112.6, 111.2, 110.0, 88.5, 55.2, 33.0, 21.6; IR (KBr): 3272, 2923, 1597, 1489, 1388, 1322, 1258, 1158, 1088, 965, 793, 695 cm^{-1} ; ESI FTMS exact mass calcd for $(\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{25}\text{BrN}_2\text{O}_3\text{S-H})^-$ requires m/z 571.0686, found m/z 571.0687; Diastereomeric ratio: >95:5, determined by ^1H NMR; Enantiomeric ratio:

92:8, determined by HPLC (Daicel Chiraldak IA, hexane/ isopropanol = 70/ 30, flow rate 1.0 mL/min, T = 30 °C, 254 nm): t_R = 15.49 min (major), t_R = 17.40 min (minor).

N-((2S,3S)-2-(1,6-dimethyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-3-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide-(3ga): Preparative thin layer chromatography: pure dichloromethane; Reaction time = 15 h; yield: 84% (21.3 mg); yellow solid; m.p. 92–94 °C; [α]_D²⁰ = +88.6 (c 0.27, Acetone); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.56 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.31 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.24 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.12 (s, 1H), 7.08 – 7.03 (m, 2H), 6.97 (s, 1H), 6.95 – 6.91 (m, 1H), 6.91 – 6.87 (m, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (s, 1H), 5.72 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 2.49 (s, 3H), 2.40 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.6, 143.5, 141.8, 138.2, 135.9, 132.1, 131.6, 129.5, 128.9, 128.7, 128.1, 127.4, 127.2, 127.1, 125.8, 123.7, 122.1, 121.4, 119.4, 113.0, 109.9, 109.6, 88.9, 55.1, 32.7, 21.9, 21.6; IR (KBr): 3254, 2923, 1598, 1559, 1483, 1330, 1261, 1161, 1090, 909, 800, 699 cm⁻¹; ESI FTMS exact mass calcd for (C₃₁H₂₈N₂O₃S-H)⁻ requires m/z 507.1737, found m/z 507.1737; Diastereomeric ratio: >95:5, determined by ¹H NMR; Enantiomeric ratio: 92:8, determined by HPLC (Daicel Chiraldak IA, hexane/ isopropanol = 70/ 30, flow rate 1.0 mL/min, T = 30 °C, 254 nm): t_R = 12.14 min (minor), t_R = 13.89 min (major).

N-((2S,3S)-2-(6-fluoro-1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-3-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide-(3ha): Preparative thin layer chromatography: pure dichloromethane; Reaction time = 15 h; yield: 90% (23.1 mg); yellow solid; m.p. 147–149 °C; [α]_D²⁰ = +88.0 (c 0.56, Acetone); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.56 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.08 – 7.04 (m, 2H), 7.02 (s, 1H), 7.01 – 6.97 (m, 1H), 6.95 – 6.90 (m, 1H), 6.84 – 6.79 (m, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.47 (s, 1H), 5.71 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 2.40 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.1 (J = 237.3 Hz), 158.3, 143.6, 141.5, 137.9 (J = 11.9 Hz), 135.9, 131.5, 129.5, 129.2, 128.8, 128.2, 127.8 (J = 3.3 Hz), 127.4, 127.3, 125.7, 122.4, 122.0, 120.6 (J = 10.1 Hz), 113.5, 110.0, 108.4 (J = 24.4 Hz), 96.1 (J = 26.0 Hz), 88.6, 55.2, 33.0, 21.6; IR (KBr): 3238, 2924, 1597, 1562, 1482, 1397, 1324, 1261, 1154, 1091, 799, 699 cm⁻¹; ESI FTMS exact mass calcd for (C₃₀H₂₅FN₂O₃S-H)⁻ requires m/z 511.1486, found m/z 511.1487; Diastereomeric ratio: >95:5, determined by ¹H NMR; Enantiomeric ratio: 94:6, determined by

HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak IC, hexane/ isopropanol = 70/ 30, flow rate 1.0 mL/min, T = 30 °C, 254 nm): t_R = 16.77 min (minor), t_R = 18.03 min (major).

N-((2S,3S)-2-(6-chloro-1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-3-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide-(3ia): Preparative thin layer chromatography: pure dichloromethane; Reaction time = 15 h; yield: 80% (21.2 mg); yellowish solid; m.p. 76-78 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +75.2$ (c 0.47, Acetone); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.56 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.32 – 7.29 (m, 2H), 7.28 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.07 – 7.02 (m, 3H), 7.02 – 6.98 (m, 1H), 6.94 – 6.89 (m, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (d, J = 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (s, 1H), 5.70 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 2.40 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 158.3, 143.6, 141.4, 138.1, 135.9, 131.4, 129.5, 129.2, 128.8, 128.4, 128.1, 128.1, 127.4, 127.3, 125.7, 124.4, 121.9, 120.7, 120.4, 113.5, 109.9, 109.7, 88.5, 55.3, 32.9, 21.6; IR (KBr): 3269, 2962, 1597, 1481, 1389, 1326, 1261, 1159, 1088, 959, 800, 697 cm^{-1} ; ESI FTMS exact mass calcd for $(\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{25}\text{ClN}_2\text{O}_3\text{S}-\text{H})^-$ requires m/z 527.1191, found m/z 527.1184; Diastereomeric ratio: >95:5, determined by ^1H NMR; Enantiomeric ratio: 93:7, determined by HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak IC, hexane/ isopropanol = 70/ 30, flow rate 1.0 mL/min, T = 30 °C, 254 nm): t_R = 15.45 min (minor), t_R = 17.55 min (major).

N-((2S,3S)-2-(1,7-dimethyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-3-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide-(3ja): Preparative thin layer chromatography: pure dichloromethane; Reaction time = 15 h; yield: 95% (24.2 mg); yellow solid; m.p. 91-93 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +79.6$ (c 0.62, Acetone); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.55 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.32 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.22 – 7.16 (m, 3H), 7.09 – 7.03 (m, 2H), 6.92 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 3H), 6.90 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 5.73 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (s, 3H), 2.75 (s, 3H), 2.39 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 158.5, 143.5, 141.9, 136.5, 135.9, 131.6, 129.5, 129.2, 129.0, 128.7, 128.2, 127.4, 127.2, 127.1, 125.7, 124.9, 122.1, 121.7, 120.0, 117.8, 112.8, 109.9, 88.8, 55.0, 36.9, 21.6, 19.7; IR (KBr): 3277, 2924, 1598, 1483, 1459, 1389, 1317, 1261, 1160, 1089, 810, 703 cm^{-1} ; ESI FTMS exact mass calcd for $(\text{C}_{31}\text{H}_{28}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3\text{S}-\text{H})^-$ requires m/z 507.1737, found m/z 507.1736; Diastereomeric ratio: >95:5, determined by ^1H NMR; Enantiomeric ratio: 91:9, determined by HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak IA, hexane/ isopropanol = 70/ 30, flow rate 1.0 mL/min, T = 30 °C, 254 nm): t_R = 13.83 min (major), t_R = 20.80 min (minor).

N-((2S,3S)-2-(7-chloro-1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-3-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide-(3ka): Preparative thin layer chromatography: pure dichloromethane; Reaction time = 15 h; yield: 90% (23.8 mg); yellow solid; m.p. 93-95 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +55.4$ (c 0.54, Acetone); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.56 (d, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.31 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.25 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.22 – 7.14 (m, 3H), 7.09 – 7.02 (m, 2H), 6.99 (d, $J = 1.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.96 – 6.88 (m, 2H), 6.81 – 6.75 (m, 1H), 6.69 (s, 1H), 6.35 (s, 1H), 5.75 – 5.67 (m, 1H), 4.76 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.10 (d, $J = 2.3$ Hz, 3H), 2.40 (d, $J = 1.3$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 158.3, 143.6, 141.4, 135.9, 133.0, 131.4, 130.1, 129.5, 129.2, 129.1, 128.8, 128.2, 127.4, 127.3, 125.7, 123.8, 122.0, 120.5, 118.5, 117.4, 113.3, 110.0, 88.4, 55.2, 36.8, 21.6; IR (KBr): 3293, 2918, 1879, 1488, 1412, 1324, 1257, 1161, 1083, 909, 810, 707 cm^{-1} ; ESI FTMS exact mass calcd for $(\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{25}\text{ClN}_2\text{O}_3\text{S}-\text{H})^-$ requires m/z 527.1191, found m/z 527.1194; Diastereomeric ratio: >95:5, determined by ^1H NMR; Enantiomeric ratio: 93:7, determined by HPLC (Daicel Chiraldak IA, hexane/ isopropanol = 70/ 30, flow rate 1.0 mL/min, T = 30 °C, 254 nm): $t_R = 11.88$ min (major), $t_R = 16.23$ min (minor).

4-methyl-N-((2S,3S)-2-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-3-(o-tolyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)benzenesulfonamide-(3la): Preparative thin layer chromatography: pure dichloromethane; Reaction time = 15 h; yield: 80% (20.4 mg); yellow solid; m.p. 71-73 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +131.4$ (c 0.24, Acetone); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.57 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.36 – 7.31 (m, 2H), 7.27 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.20 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.18 – 7.12 (m, 2H), 7.12 – 7.08 (m, 1H), 7.08 – 7.04 (m, 1H), 7.03 (s, 1H), 6.97 – 6.90 (m, 2H), 6.76 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.67 (d, $J = 1.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.42 (s, 1H), 5.75 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 5.15 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 1.97 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 158.6, 143.6, 140.4, 137.7, 136.6, 135.8, 132.0, 130.5, 129.5, 129.0, 128.1, 127.7, 127.4, 127.0, 126.5, 125.8, 125.6, 122.2, 121.8, 119.7, 119.7, 113.7, 109.9, 109.7, 109.7, 88.5, 51.4, 32.8, 21.6, 19.8; IR (KBr): 3243, 2925, 2854, 1546, 1469, 1396, 1319, 1161, 1090, 1019, 817, 741 cm^{-1} ; ESI FTMS exact mass calcd for $(\text{C}_{31}\text{H}_{28}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3\text{S}-\text{H})^-$ requires m/z 507.1737, found m/z 507.1737; Diastereomeric ratio: >95:5, determined by ^1H NMR; Enantiomeric ratio: 95:5, determined by HPLC (Daicel Chiraldak AD-H, hexane/ isopropanol = 70/ 30, flow rate 1.0 mL/min, T = 30 °C, 254 nm): $t_R = 16.63$ min (major), $t_R = 30.31$ min (minor).

N-((2S,3S)-3-(3-bromophenyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide-(3ma): Preparative thin layer chromatography: pure

dichloromethane; Reaction time = 15 h; yield: 63% (18.1 mg); yellow solid; m.p. 71-73 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +77.4$ (c 0.36, Acetone); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.57 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.41 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.37 – 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 7.25 (d, $J = 1.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.16 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.08 (d, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.04 (s, 1H), 7.01 (d, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 1H), 6.93 – 6.88 (m, 1H), 6.77 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.74 (s, 1H), 6.40 (s, 1H), 5.73 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.79 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 2.39 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 158.4, 144.3, 143.7, 137.8, 135.9, 131.0, 130.9, 130.4, 130.3, 129.5, 129.2, 127.7, 127.4, 126.9, 125.9, 125.7, 122.9, 122.3, 121.8, 119.8, 119.6, 112.8, 110.1, 109.8, 88.6, 54.9, 32.9, 21.6; IR (KBr): 3252, 2923, 1593, 1485, 1379, 1330, 1260, 1159, 1090, 898, 811, 740 cm^{-1} ; ESI FTMS exact mass calcd for $(\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{25}\text{BrN}_2\text{O}_3\text{S}-\text{H})^-$ requires m/z 571.0686, found m/z 571.0686; Diastereomeric ratio: >95:5, determined by ^1H NMR; Enantiomeric ratio: 90:10, determined by HPLC (Daicel Chiraldak IC, hexane/ isopropanol = 70/ 30, flow rate 1.0 mL/min, T = 30 °C, 254 nm): $t_R = 14.45$ min (minor), $t_R = 23.36$ min (major).

N-((2S,3S)-3-(4-(tert-butyl)phenyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide-(3na): Preparative thin layer chromatography: pure dichloromethane; Reaction time = 15 h; yield: 73% (20.1 mg); yellow solid; m.p. 90-92 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +45.3$ (c 0.54, Acetone); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.54 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.35 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.32 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.26 – 7.21 (m, 2H), 7.19 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.06 – 7.01 (m, 2H), 6.97 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 6.91 – 6.86 (m, 1H), 6.75 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.71 (d, $J = 1.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.28 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 1H), 5.72 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.79 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 1.30 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 158.5, 150.0, 143.5, 138.6, 137.8, 136.0, 131.7, 129.5, 128.9, 127.7, 127.6, 127.4, 126.0, 125.7, 125.6, 122.2, 122.2, 119.8, 119.6, 113.3, 109.9, 109.6, 88.8, 54.5, 34.5, 32.8, 31.4, 21.6; IR (KBr): 3256, 2960, 1598, 1484, 1394, 1331, 1261, 1161, 1090, 1017, 811, 740, 705 cm^{-1} ; ESI FTMS exact mass calcd for $(\text{C}_{34}\text{H}_{34}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3\text{S}-\text{H})^-$ requires m/z 549.2206, found m/z 549.2206; Diastereomeric ratio: >95:5, determined by ^1H NMR; Enantiomeric ratio: 90:10, determined by HPLC (Daicel Chiraldak IC, hexane/ isopropanol = 70/ 30, flow rate 1.0 mL/min, T = 30 °C, 254 nm): $t_R = 12.86$ min (minor), $t_R = 19.35$ min (major).

N-((2S,3S)-3-(4-bromophenyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide-(3oa): Preparative thin layer chromatography: pure dichloromethane; Reaction time = 15 h; yield: 83% (23.8 mg); yellow solid; m.p. 115-117 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +76.3$ (c 0.55,

Acetone); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.57 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.39 (t, $J = 5.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.38 – 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.29 – 7.23 (m, 1H), 7.20 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.09 – 7.05 (m, 1H), 7.03 (s, 1H), 6.96 – 6.89 (m, 3H), 6.78 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.67 (s, 1H), 6.56 – 6.48 (m, 1H), 5.68 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.80 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 2.41 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 158.5, 143.7, 140.8, 137.8, 135.9, 131.9, 131.0, 129.9, 129.5, 129.2, 127.7, 127.4, 126.0, 125.8, 122.3, 121.9, 121.2, 119.8, 119.7, 112.7, 110.1, 109.8, 88.7, 54.7, 32.9, 21.6; IR (KBr): 3278, 2922, 1546, 1486, 1391, 1317, 1233, 1160, 1012, 813, 735, 688 cm^{-1} ; ESI FTMS exact mass calcd for ($\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{25}\text{BrN}_2\text{O}_3\text{S-H}$) $^-$ requires m/z 571.0686, found m/z 571.0689; Diastereomeric ratio: >95:5, determined by ^1H NMR; Enantiomeric ratio: 92:8, determined by HPLC (Daicel Chiraldak IA, hexane/ isopropanol = 70/ 30, flow rate 1.0 mL/min, T = 30 °C, 254 nm); t_R = 14.58 min (major), t_R = 20.34 min (minor).

N-((2S,3S)-2-(1H-indol-3-yl)-3-methyl-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide-(3pa): Preparative thin layer chromatography: pure dichloromethane; Reaction time = 15 h; yield: 48% (10.1 mg); yellow oil; $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +46.5$ (c 0.21, Acetone); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.23 (s, 1H), 7.62 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.39 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.26 – 7.19 (m, 4H), 7.09 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.95 (s, 1H), 6.74 – 6.70 (m, 1H), 6.65 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.47 (s, 1H), 5.45 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.78 – 3.68 (m, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 1.33 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 158.0, 143.7, 136.9, 136.1, 133.6, 129.5, 128.7, 127.4, 125.7, 125.0, 122.8, 122.7, 121.2, 120.1, 119.7, 114.9, 111.5, 109.6, 100.0, 98.2, 87.9, 42.7, 21.6, 18.2; IR (KBr): 3406, 3265, 2960, 2924, 2850, 1707, 1483, 1333, 1901, 1021, 813, 743 cm^{-1} ; ESI FTMS exact mass calcd for ($\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{22}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3\text{S-H}$) $^-$ requires m/z 417.1267, found m/z 417.1267; Diastereomeric ratio: 93:7, determined by ^1H NMR; Enantiomeric ratio: 82:18, determined by HPLC (Daicel Chiraldak IA, hexane/ isopropanol = 70/ 30, flow rate 1.0 mL/min, T = 30 °C, 254 nm); t_R = 12.95 min (major), t_R = 15.81 min (minor).

4-(tert-butyl)-N-((2S,3S)-2-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-3-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)benzenesulfonamide-(3ab): Preparative thin layer chromatography: pure dichloromethane; Reaction time = 15 h; yield: 91% (24.4 mg); yellow solid; m.p. 160–162 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +145.0$ (c 0.33, Acetone); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.66 – 7.59 (m, 2H), 7.43 – 7.37 (m, 3H), 7.35 – 7.29 (m, 2H), 7.28 (t, $J = 1.9$ Hz, 2H), 7.26 – 7.23 (m, 1H), 7.12 – 7.08 (m, 2H), 7.06 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 6.94 – 6.88 (m, 1H), 6.78 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.76 (s, 1H), 6.43 (s, 1H), 5.77 (d, $J = 8.4$

Hz, 1H), 4.84 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 1.30 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 158.4, 156.6, 141.8, 137.8, 136.1, 131.6, 129.1, 128.8, 128.2, 127.6, 127.3, 127.2, 125.9, 125.8, 125.5, 122.2, 121.9, 119.8, 119.7, 113.1, 109.9, 109.7, 88.9, 55.2, 35.1, 32.8, 31.1; IR (KBr): 3238, 2958, 1589, 1483, 1394, 1328, 1237, 1162, 1110, 965, 740, 700 cm^{-1} ; ESI FTMS exact mass calcd for $(\text{C}_{33}\text{H}_{32}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3\text{S}-\text{H})^-$ requires m/z 535.2050, found m/z 535.2050; Diastereomeric ratio: >95:5, determined by ^1H NMR; Enantiomeric ratio: 92:8, determined by HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak IC, hexane/ isopropanol = 70/ 30, flow rate 1.0 mL/min, T = 30 °C, 254 nm): t_{R} = 14.14 min (minor), t_{R} = 18.44 min (major).

4-methoxy-N-((2S,3S)-2-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-3-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)benzenesulfonamide-(3ac): Preparative thin layer chromatography: pure dichloromethane; Reaction time = 15 h; yield: 98% (25.1 mg); yellow solid; m.p. 161-163 °C; $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20}$ = +70.1 (c 0.54, Acetone); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.60 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.30 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.26 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.09 – 7.03 (m, 4H), 6.97 – 6.92 (m, 1H), 6.87 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.78 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.75 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 162.9, 158.5, 141.7, 137.8, 131.6, 130.4, 129.6, 129.1, 128.7, 128.2, 127.6, 127.2, 125.9, 125.8, 122.2, 122.0, 119.8, 119.7, 114.0, 113.1, 110.0, 109.7, 88.9, 55.6, 55.1, 32.8; IR (KBr): 3272, 2921, 1597, 1544, 1485, 1459, 1389, 1264, 1160, 1022, 828, 697 cm^{-1} ; ESI FTMS exact mass calcd for $(\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{26}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4\text{S}-\text{H})^-$ requires m/z 509.1530, found m/z 509.1533; Diastereomeric ratio: >95:5, determined by ^1H NMR; Enantiomeric ratio: 88:12, determined by HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak IC, hexane/ isopropanol = 70/ 30, flow rate 1.0 mL/min, T = 30 °C, 254 nm): t_{R} = 21.32 min (minor), t_{R} = 29.22 min (major).

2-methyl-N-((2S,3S)-2-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-3-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)benzenesulfonamide-(3ad): Preparative thin layer chromatography: pure dichloromethane; Reaction time = 15 h; yield: 97% (24.1 mg); yellow solid; m.p. 58-60 °C; $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20}$ = +73.5 (c 0.20, Acetone); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.85 – 7.78 (m, 1H), 7.44 – 7.39 (m, 1H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.29 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.26 – 7.22 (m, 2H), 7.21 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.08 – 7.05 (m, 1H), 7.05 – 7.01 (m, 3H), 6.92 – 6.86 (m, 1H), 6.75 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (s, 1H), 6.45 (s, 1H), 5.73 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 2.59 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 158.4, 141.7, 137.8, 137.2, 137.1, 132.9, 132.4, 131.6, 130.2, 128.8,

128.7, 128.1, 127.6, 127.2, 126.2, 125.9, 125.4, 122.2, 121.8, 119.8, 119.7, 113.1, 109.9, 109.7, 55.1, 32.8, 20.6; IR (KBr): 3273, 2924, 2854, 1601, 1555, 1466, 1377, 1261, 1159, 1064, 804, 741 cm⁻¹; ESI FTMS exact mass calcd for (C₃₀H₂₆N₂O₃S-H)⁻ requires m/z 493.1580, found m/z 493.1580; Diastereomeric ratio: >95:5, determined by ¹H NMR; Enantiomeric ratio: 87:13, determined by HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak IC, hexane/ isopropanol = 70/ 30, flow rate 1.0 mL/min, T = 30 °C, 254 nm): t_R = 12.73 min (minor), t_R = 23.00 min (major).

N-((2S,3S)-2-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-3-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)benzenesulfonamide-(3ae): Preparative thin layer chromatography: pure dichloromethane; Reaction time = 15 h; yield: 98% (23.6 mg); yellow solid; m.p. 121-123 °C; [α]_D²⁰ = +173.9 (c 0.22, Acetone); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.70 – 7.65 (m, 2H), 7.53 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.30 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.26 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.10 – 7.06 (m, 1H), 7.06 – 7.02 (m, 3H), 6.97 – 6.92 (m, 1H), 6.78 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (s, 1H), 5.75 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.6, 141.7, 138.8, 137.8, 132.8, 131.6, 128.9, 128.8, 128.8, 128.1, 127.6, 127.4, 127.3, 125.9, 125.9, 122.2, 122.1, 119.8, 119.7, 113.1, 110.0, 109.7, 88.9, 55.1, 32.8; IR (KBr): 3235, 2923, 1601, 1547, 1465, 1330, 1261, 1157, 1090, 896, 820, 741 cm⁻¹; ESI FTMS exact mass calcd for (C₂₉H₂₄N₂O₃S-H)⁻ requires m/z 479.1424, found m/z 479.1429; Diastereomeric ratio: >95:5, determined by ¹H NMR; Enantiomeric ratio: 90:10, determined by HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak IA, hexane/ isopropanol = 80/ 20, flow rate 1.0 mL/min, T = 30 °C, 254 nm): t_R = 19.86 min (major), t_R = 25.47 min (minor).

5. Synthetic procedure and characterization data of compound 7

Under argon atmosphere, to the mixture of compound **3fa** (0.05 mmol), 4-chlorophenylboronic acid (0.12 mmol) and Pd(PPh₃)₄ (0.005 mmol), was added degassed K₂CO₃ aqueous solution (1 M, 0.33 mL) and degassed THF (1 mL). After being stirred at 65°C for 13 h, the reaction mixture was extinguished by saturated aqueous solution of ammonia chloride, which was extracted by ethyl acetate for three times. The combined organic layer was concentrated under the reduced pressure to give the residue, which was subjected to flash column chromatography to give pure product **7**.

N-((2S,3S)-2-(5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-3-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzofura

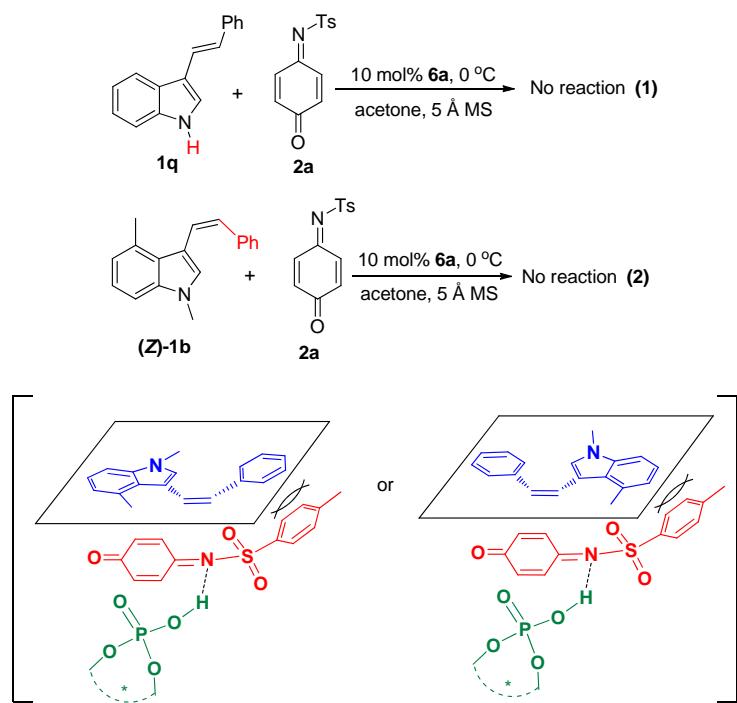
n-5-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (7): Preparative thin layer chromatography: pure dichloromethane; Reaction time = 15 h; yield: 67% (20.4 mg); yellow solid; m.p. 124-126 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -27.8$ (c 0.17, Acetone); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.52 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.48 (s, 1H), 7.43 (t, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 3H), 7.36 (t, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 3H), 7.32 – 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.14 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.10 (d, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H), 6.92 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.68 (s, 1H), 6.28 (s, 1H), 5.81 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.81 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 2.37 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 158.4, 143.6, 141.5, 140.7, 137.3, 135.9, 132.4, 131.9, 131.7, 129.5, 129.1, 128.8, 128.7, 128.5, 128.3, 128.1, 127.4, 127.3, 126.5, 125.8, 122.1, 121.8, 118.1, 113.7, 110.0, 110.0, 88.7, 55.4, 33.0, 21.6; IR (KBr): 3278, 2969, 2924, 2853, 1710, 1479, 1261, 1162, 1091, 1021, 810, 701 cm^{-1} ; ESI FTMS exact mass calcd for $(\text{C}_{36}\text{H}_{29}\text{ClN}_2\text{O}_3\text{S}-\text{H})^+$ requires m/z 603.1503, found m/z 603.1503; Enantiomeric ratio: 92:8, determined by HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/ isopropanol = 70/ 30, flow rate 1.0 mL/min, T = 30 °C, 254 nm): $t_R = 36.66$ min (major), $t_R = 46.45$ min (minor).

6. Control experiments and a preliminary derivation

In order to further investigate the reactivity of different types of 3-vinylindoles, we performed some control experiments under the standard conditions (Scheme 1). Firstly, when 3-vinylindole **1q** with a free N-H group was employed to the reaction, no reaction occurred (eq. 1). This phenomenon is very interesting because previous reports on CPA-catalyzed reaction always found that such an N-H group in indole moiety was essential or favourable for both the reactivity and the enantioselectivity by generating a hydrogen bond with CPA. So, this result indicated that an ion pair interaction between the *N*-substituted indole imine cation with the CPA anion was beneficial to the designed [3+2] cyclization. Secondly, 3-vinylindole (*Z*)-**1b** was utilized to the reaction but it failed to participate in the reaction (eq. 2). This outcome implied that the *Z/E* configuration of 3-vinylindoles played a crucial role in the reactivity, and the poor reactivity of (*Z*)-isomer might be ascribed to the steric repulsion between the two reaction components.

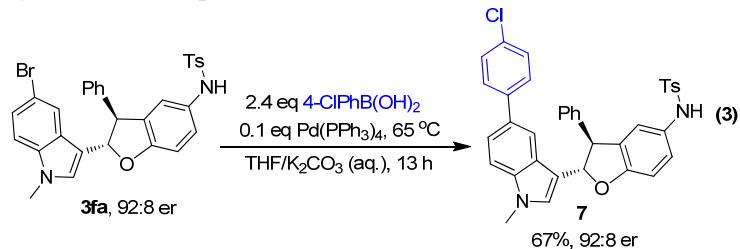
In the suggested transition state involving (*Z*)-vinylindole **1b**, the indole moiety or the phenyl group in the structure of (*Z*)-**1b** had a high possibility to be overlapped with the benzenesulfonyl group of substrate **2a**. This overlapped orientation might result in a steric repulsion between the

two reaction components, thus leading to the observed poor reactivity of (*Z*)-**1b**.



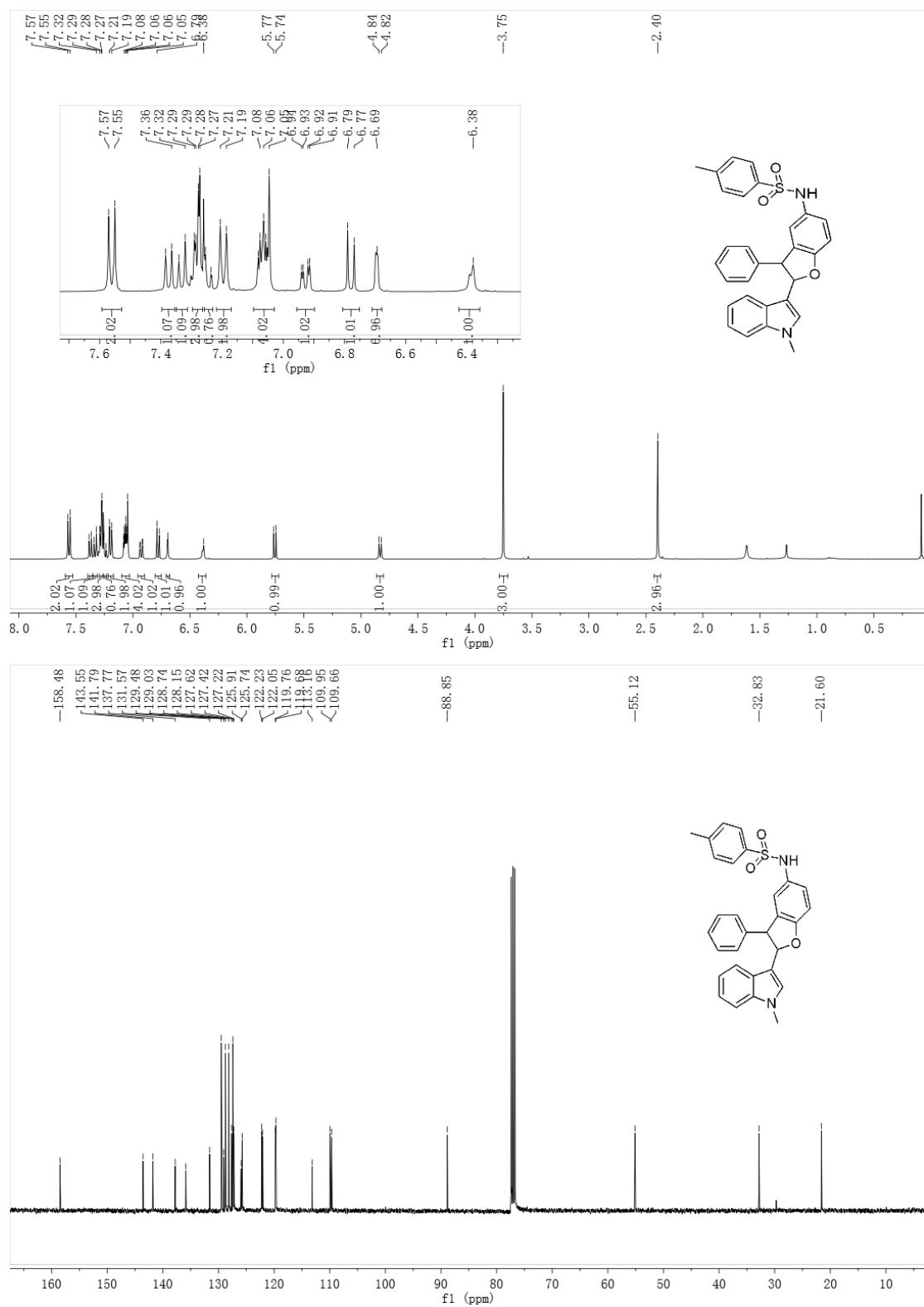
Scheme 1. Control experiments

Besides, a preliminary derivation of product **3fa** was carried out by Suzuki coupling with 4-chlorophenylboronic acid to generate compound **7** with maintained enantioselectivity of 92:8 er (eq. 3).

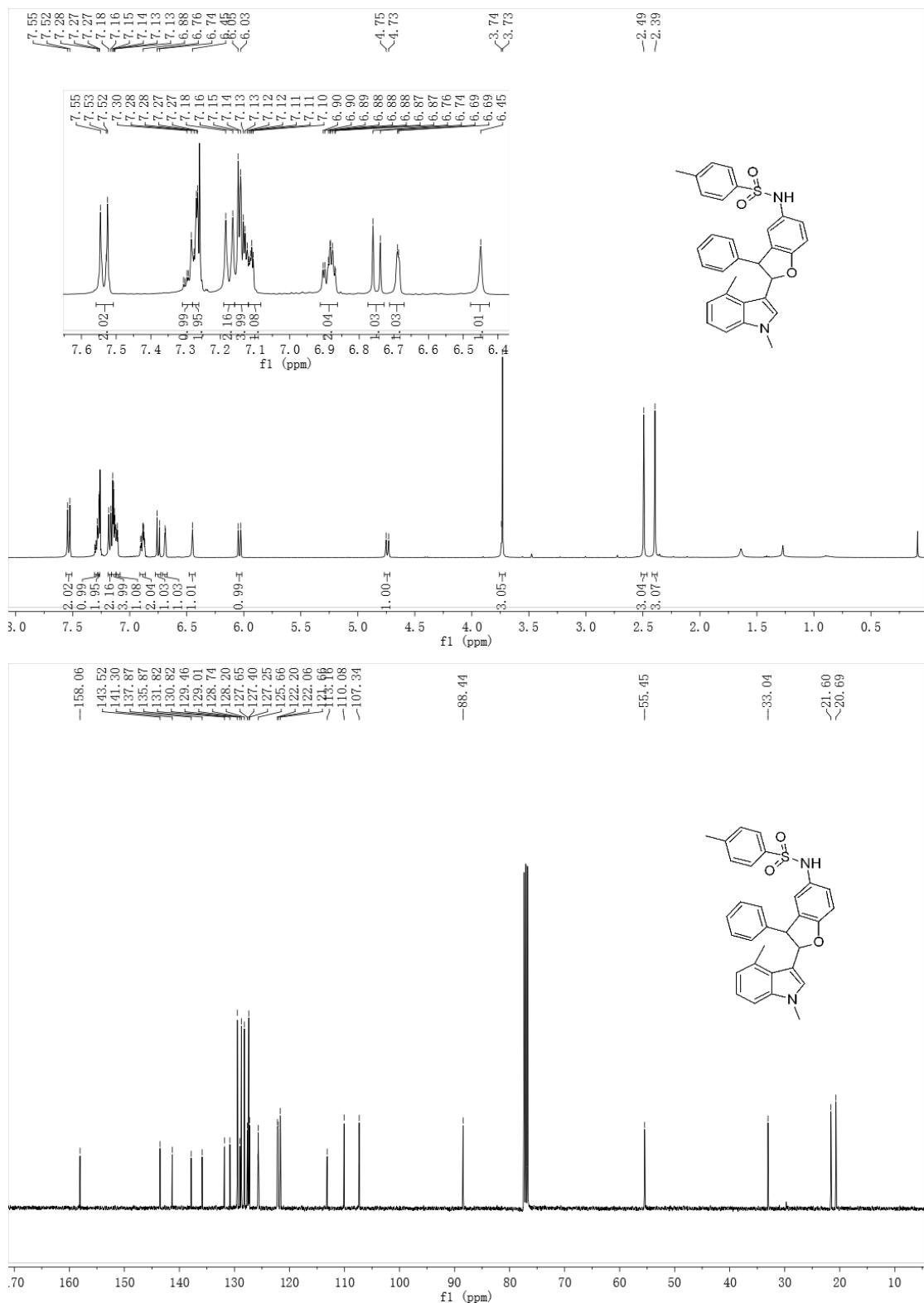


7. NMR spectra of products 3 and compound 7

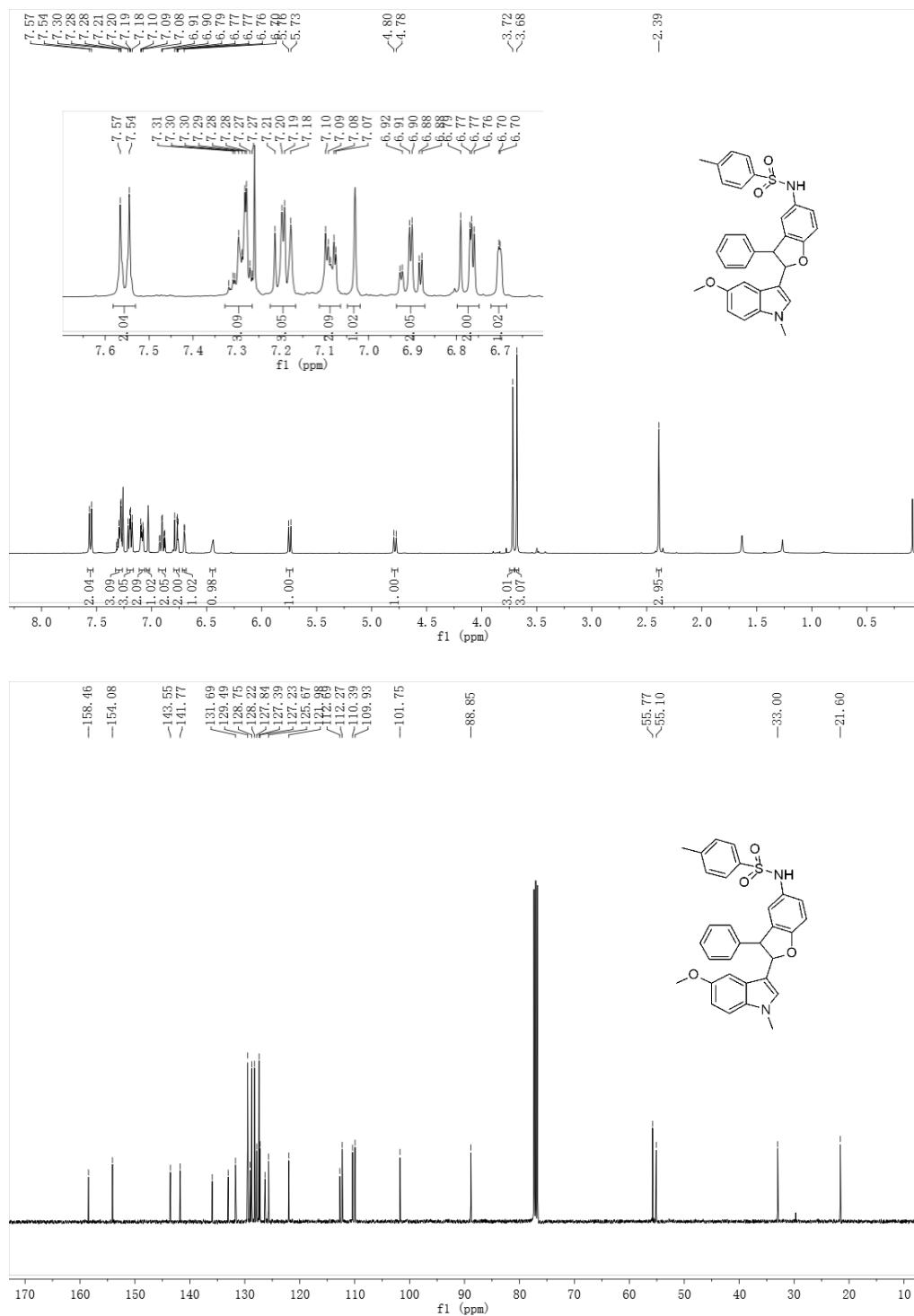
3aa



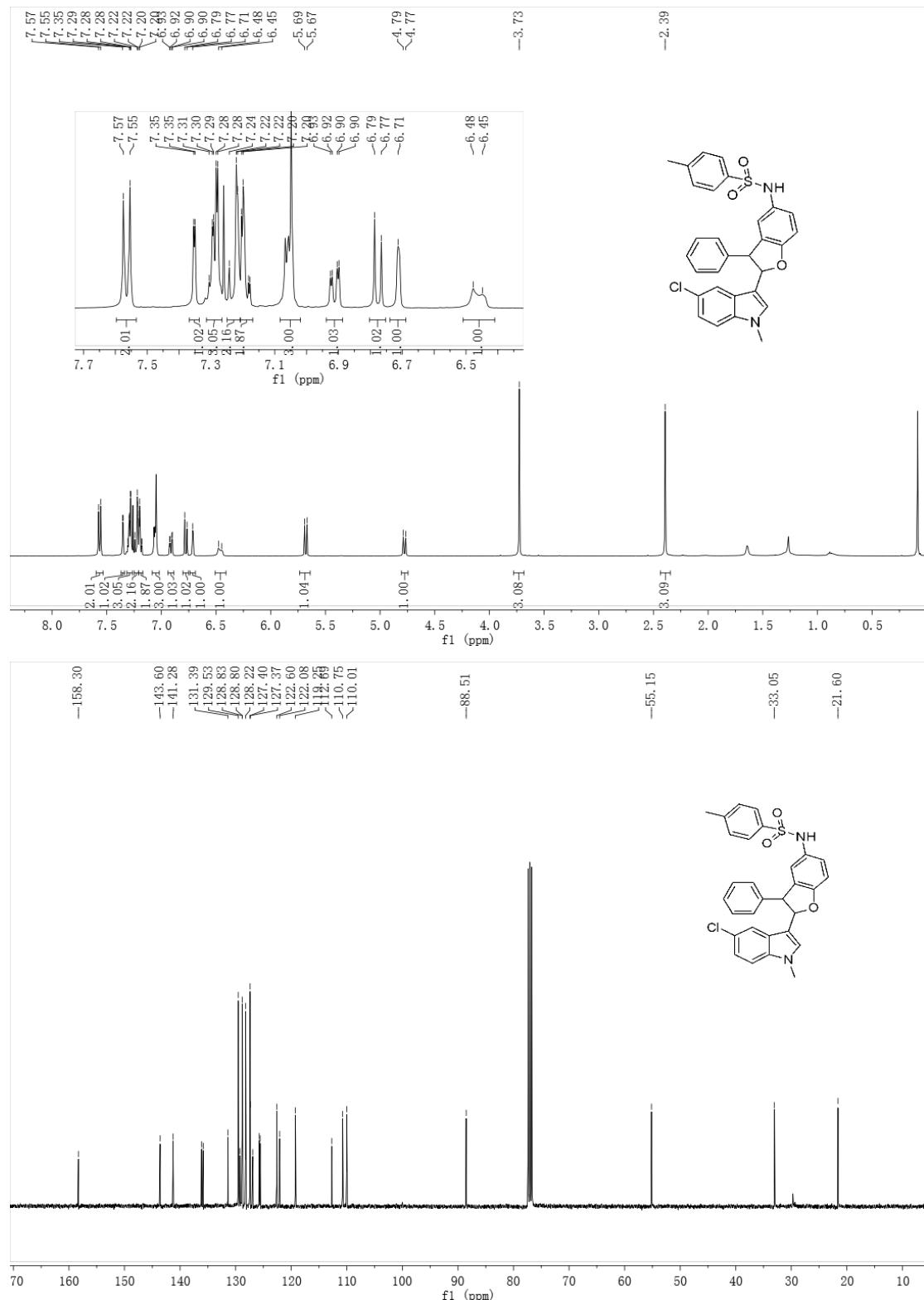
3ba



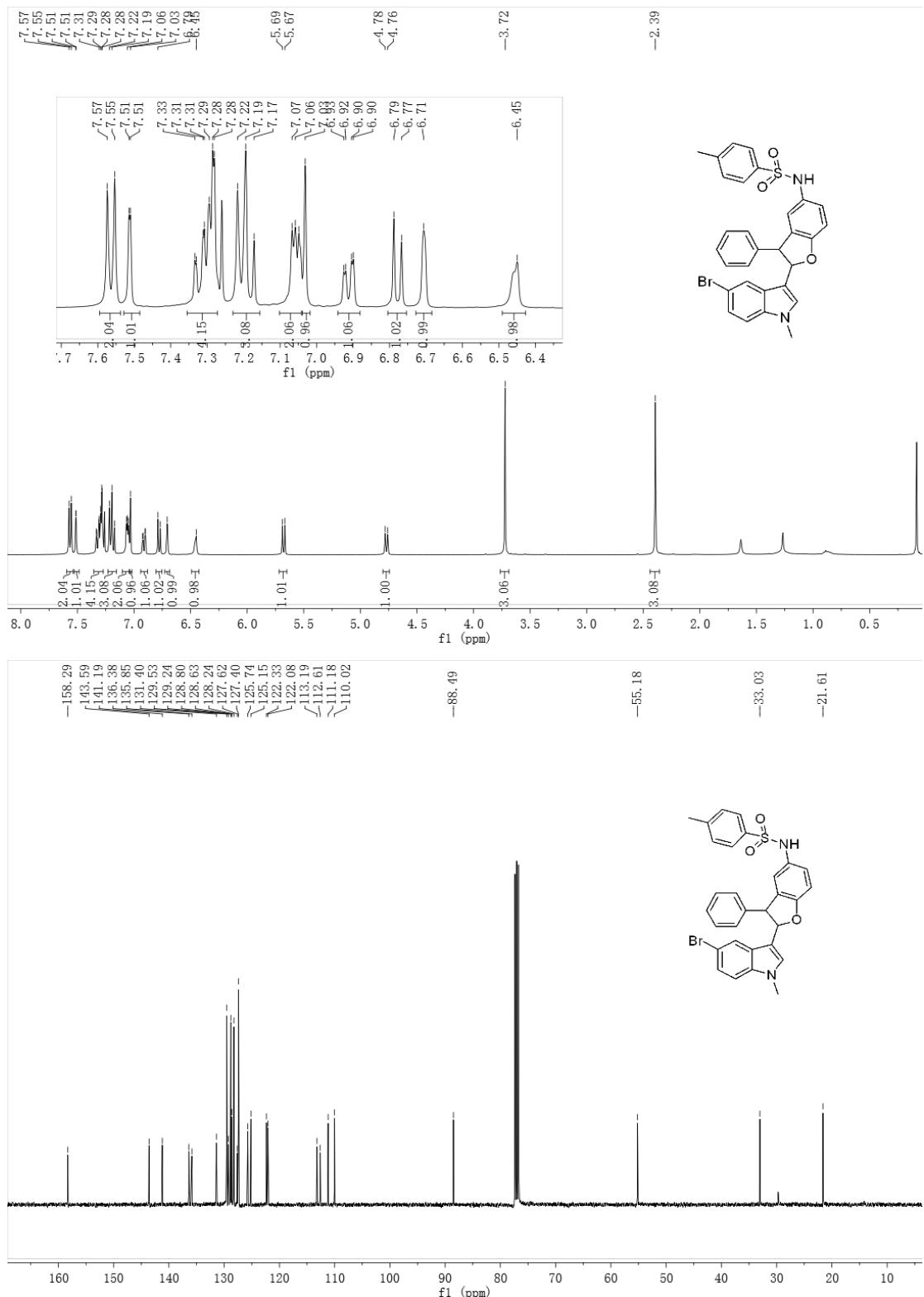
3ca



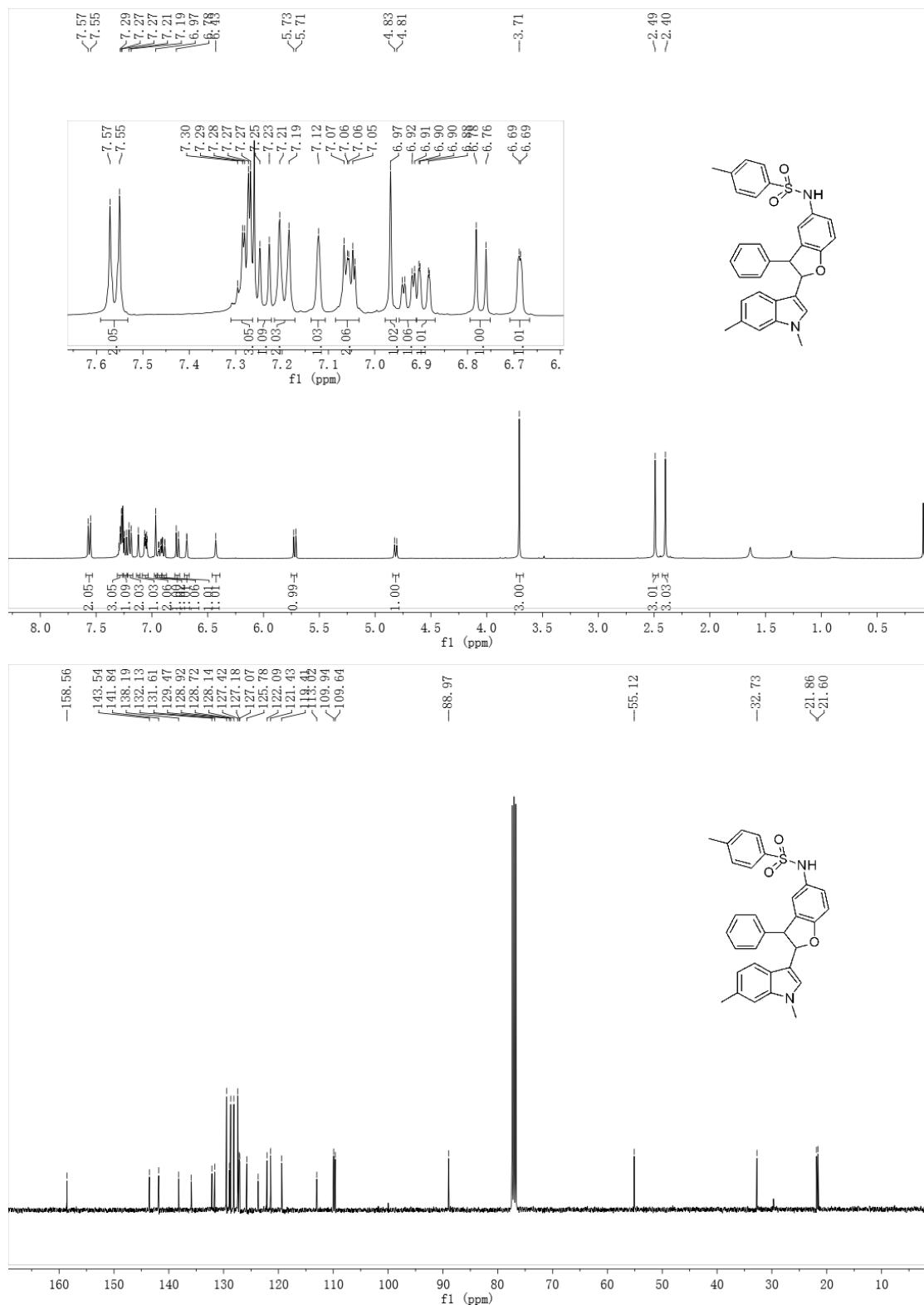
3ea



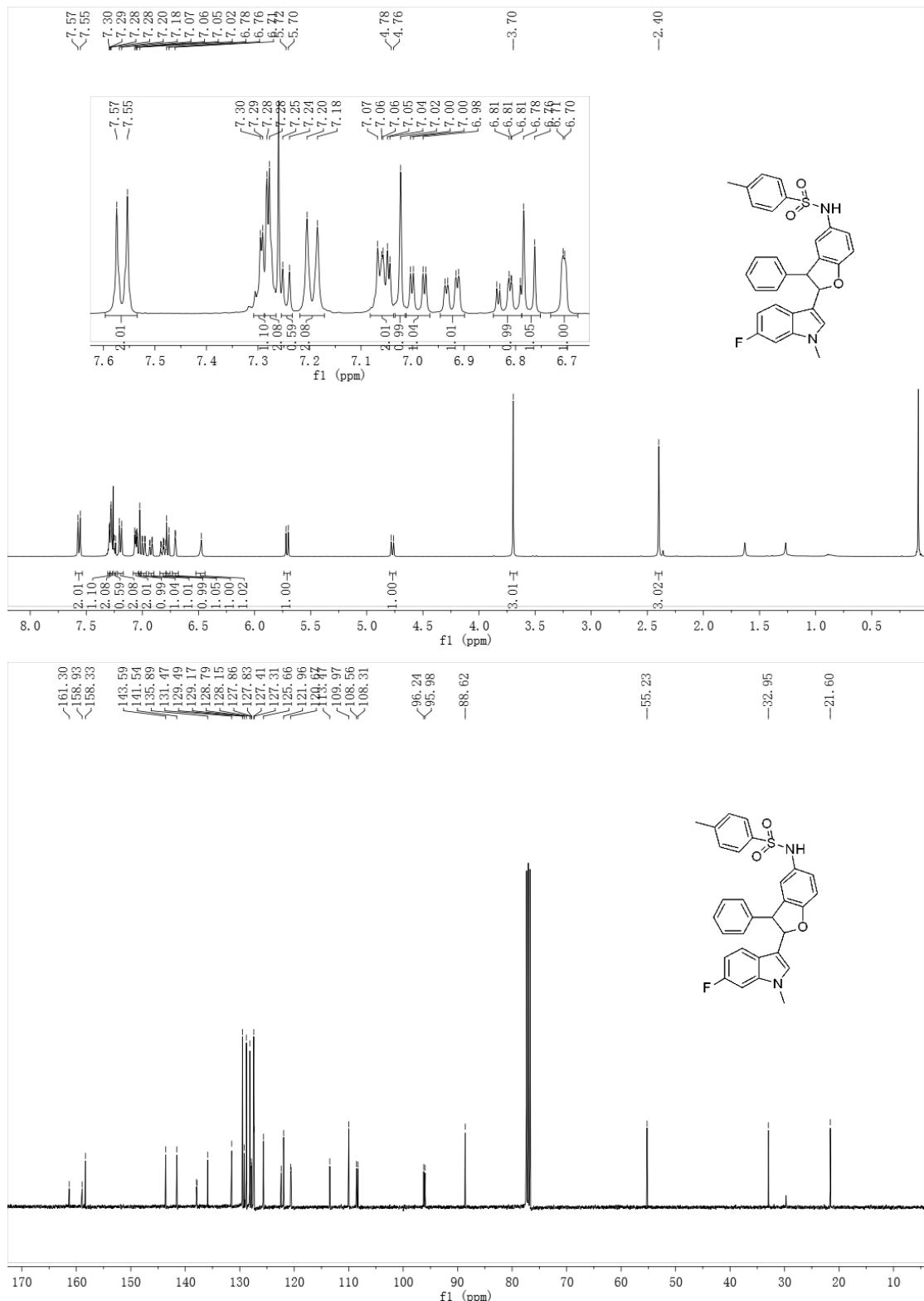
3fa



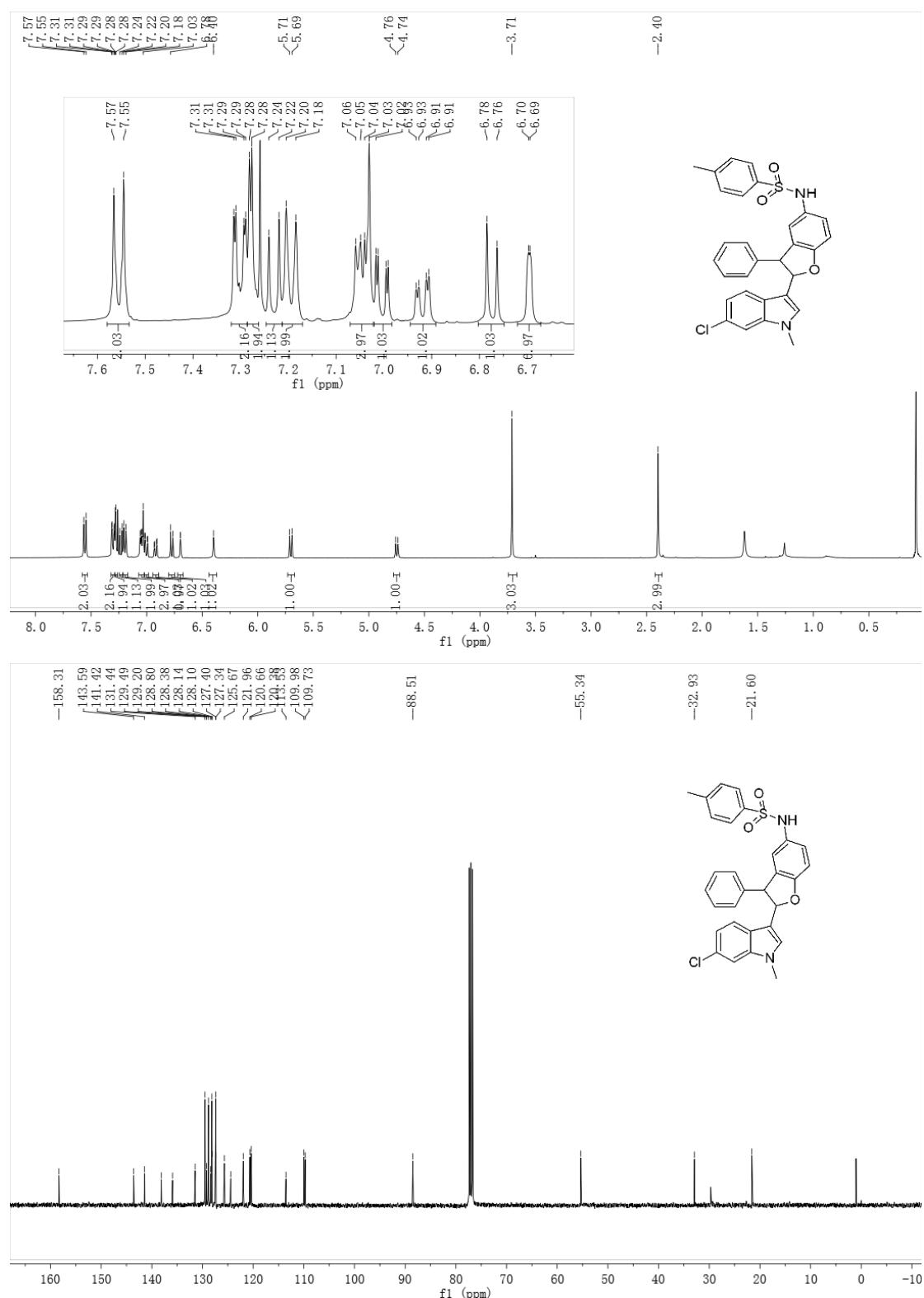
3ga



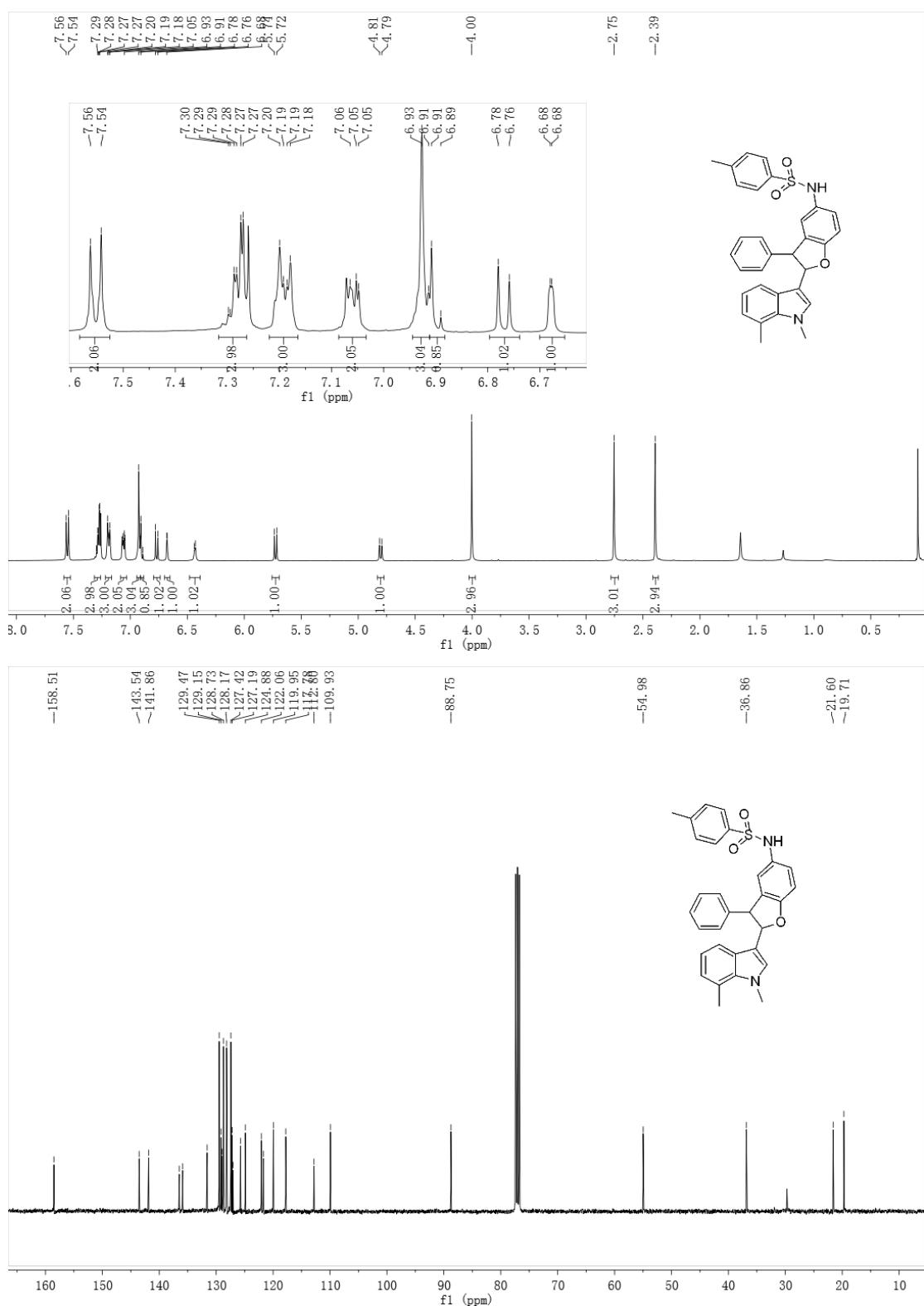
3ha

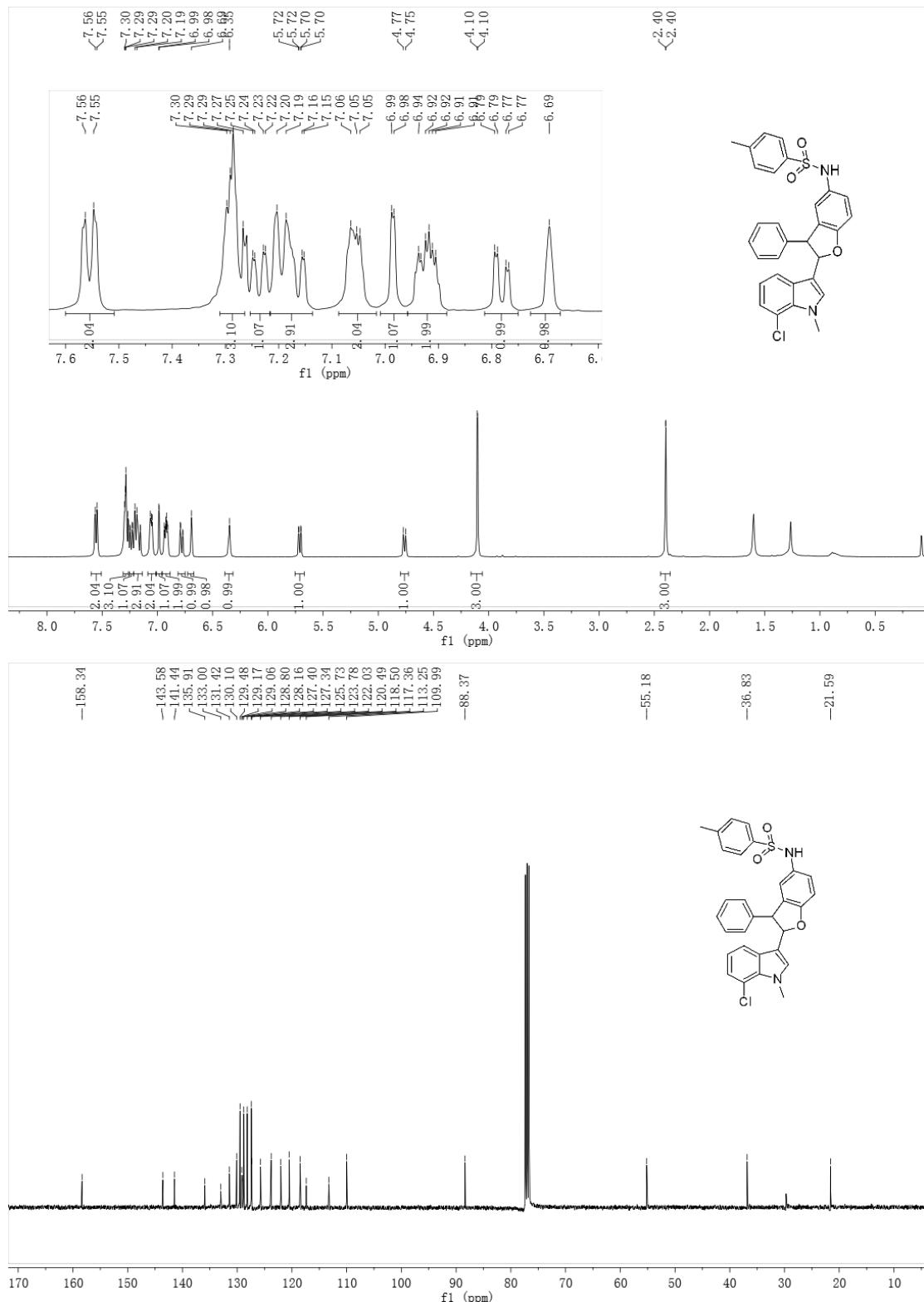


3ia

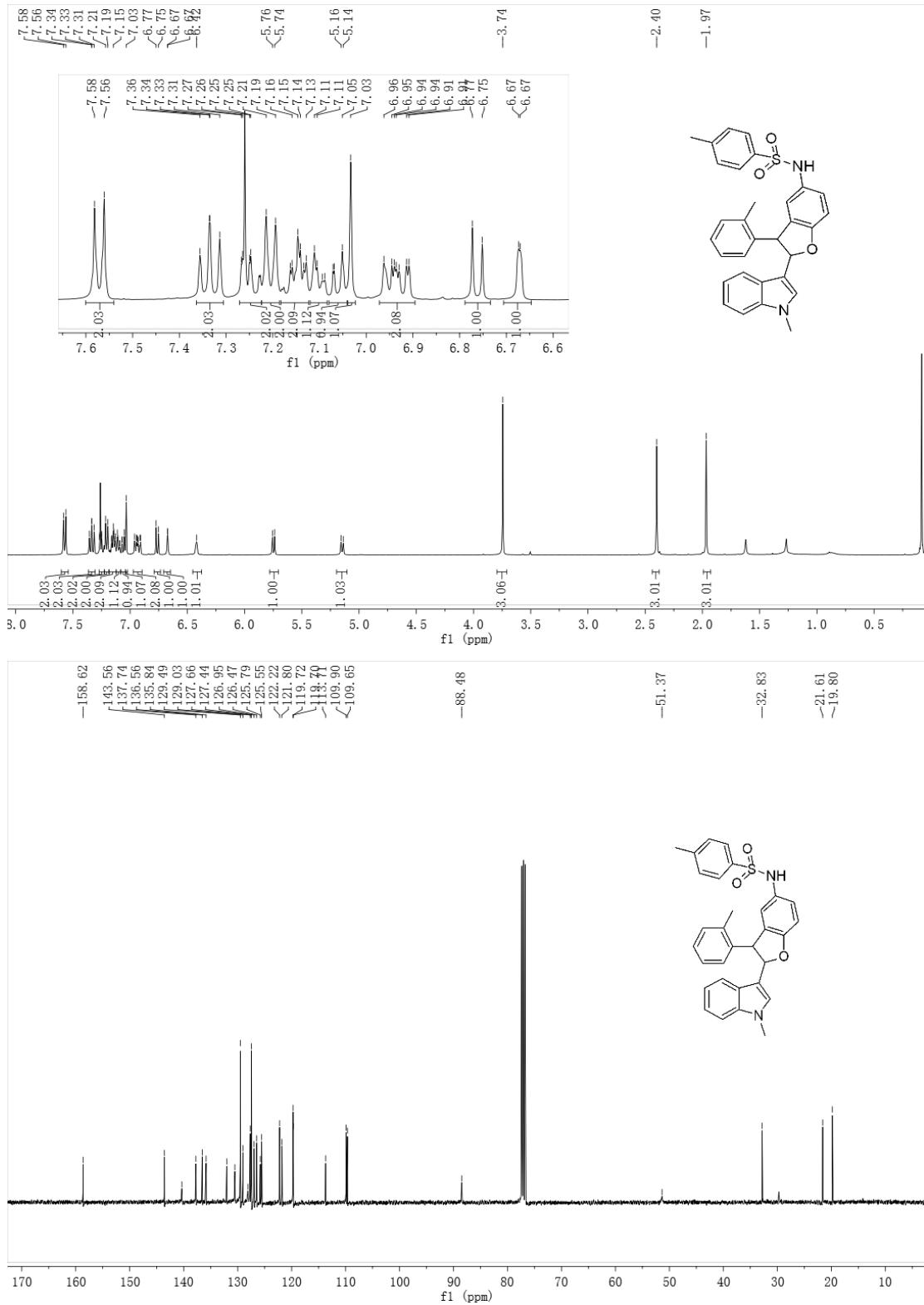


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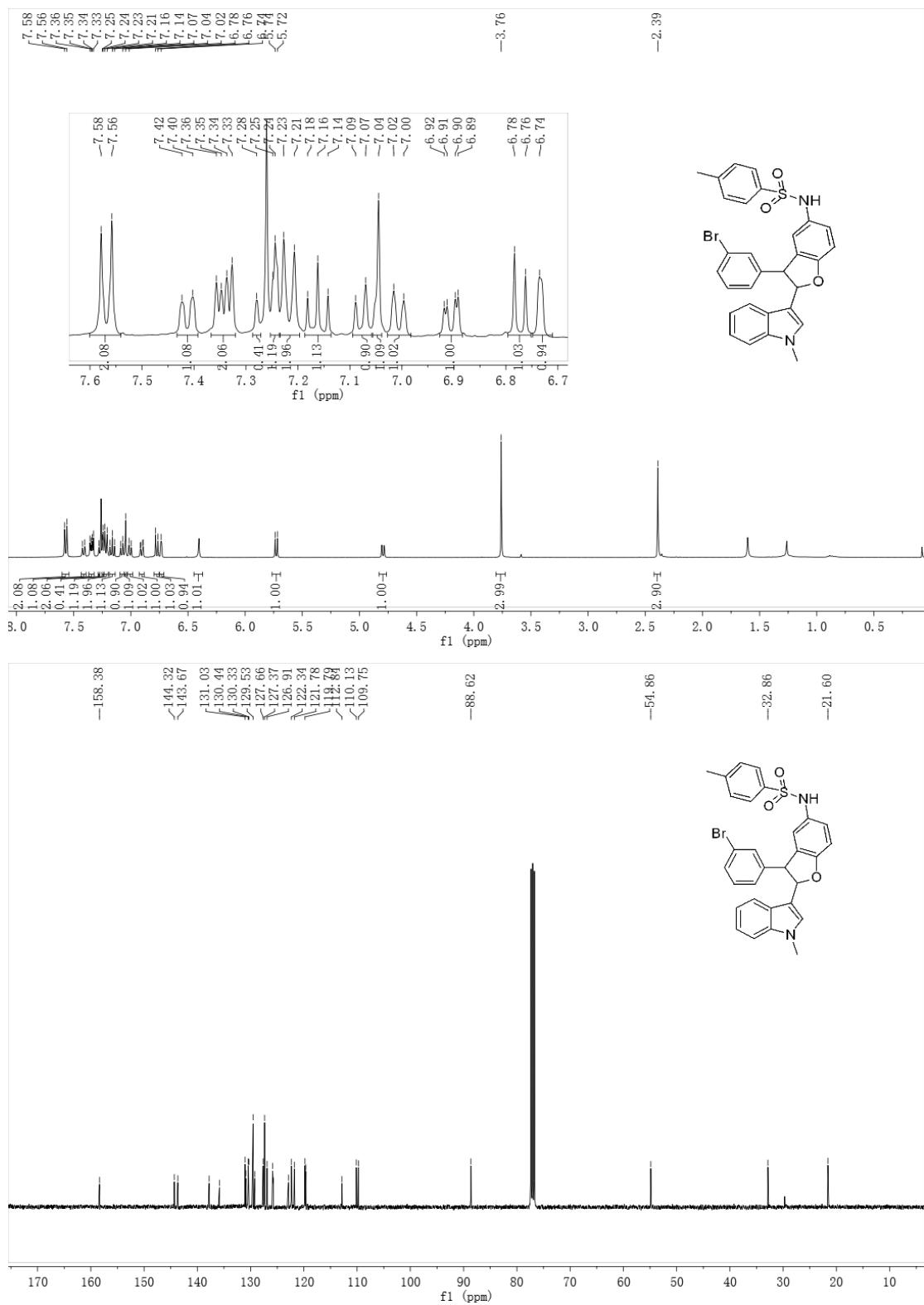


3ka

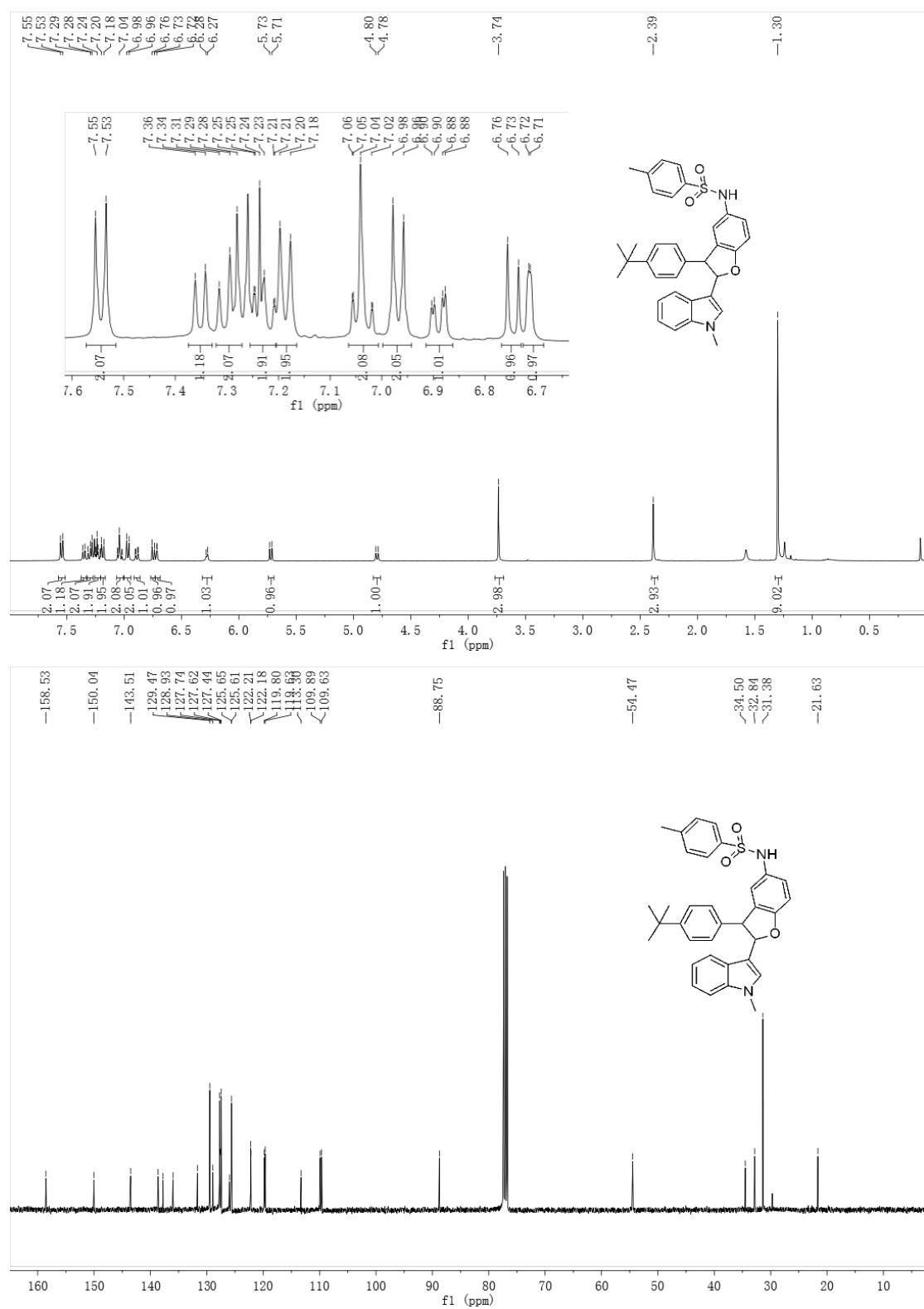
3la



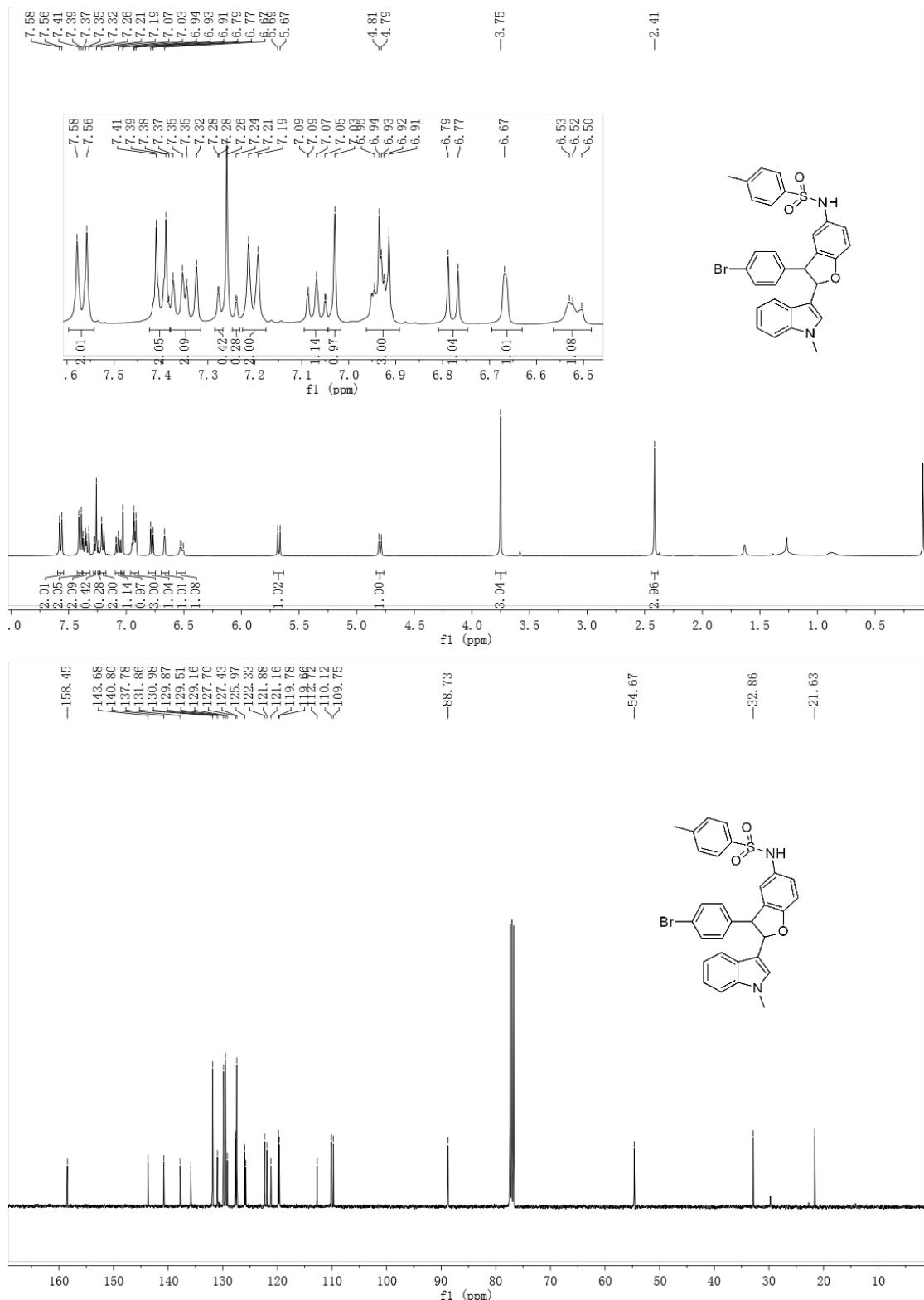
3ma



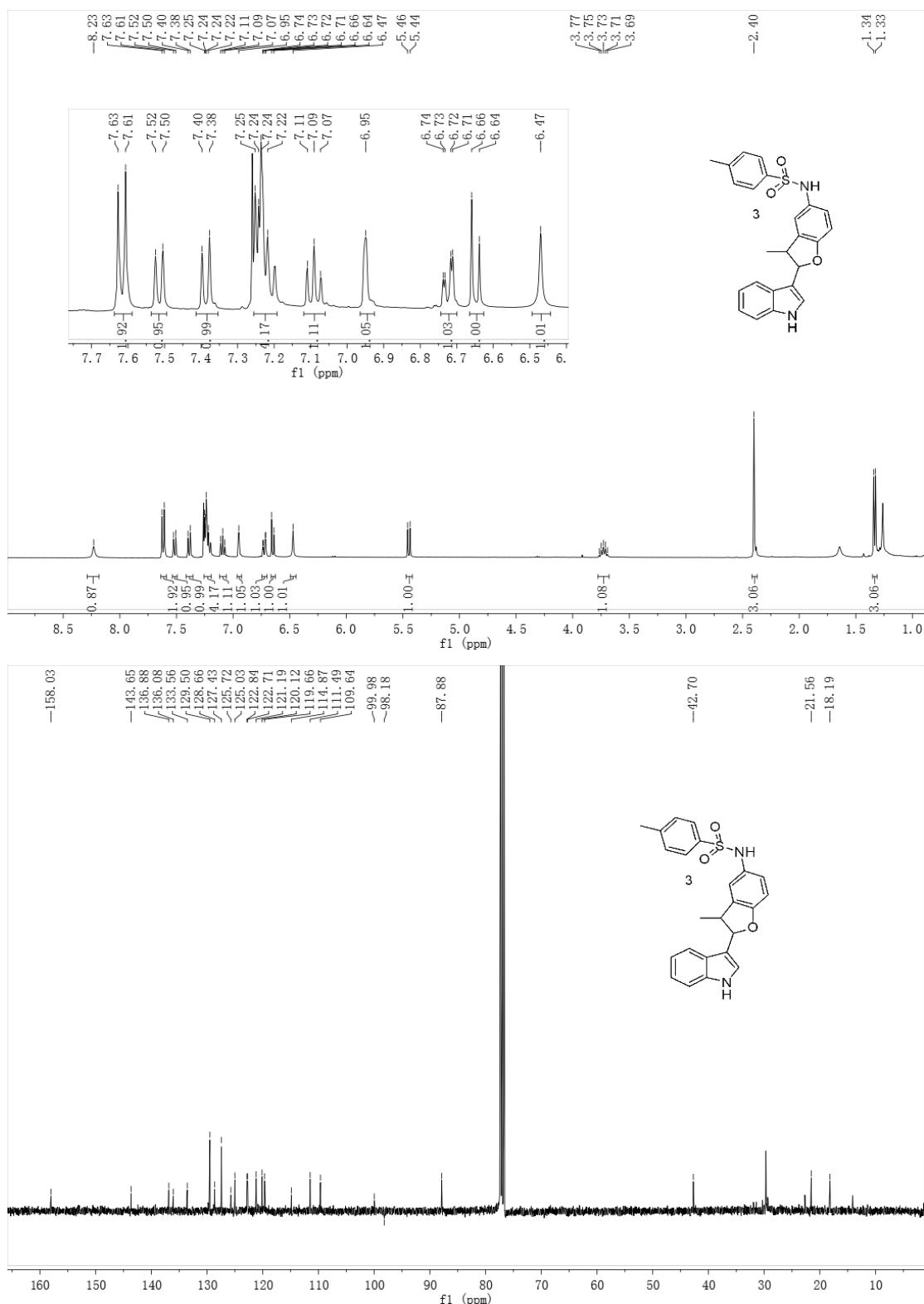
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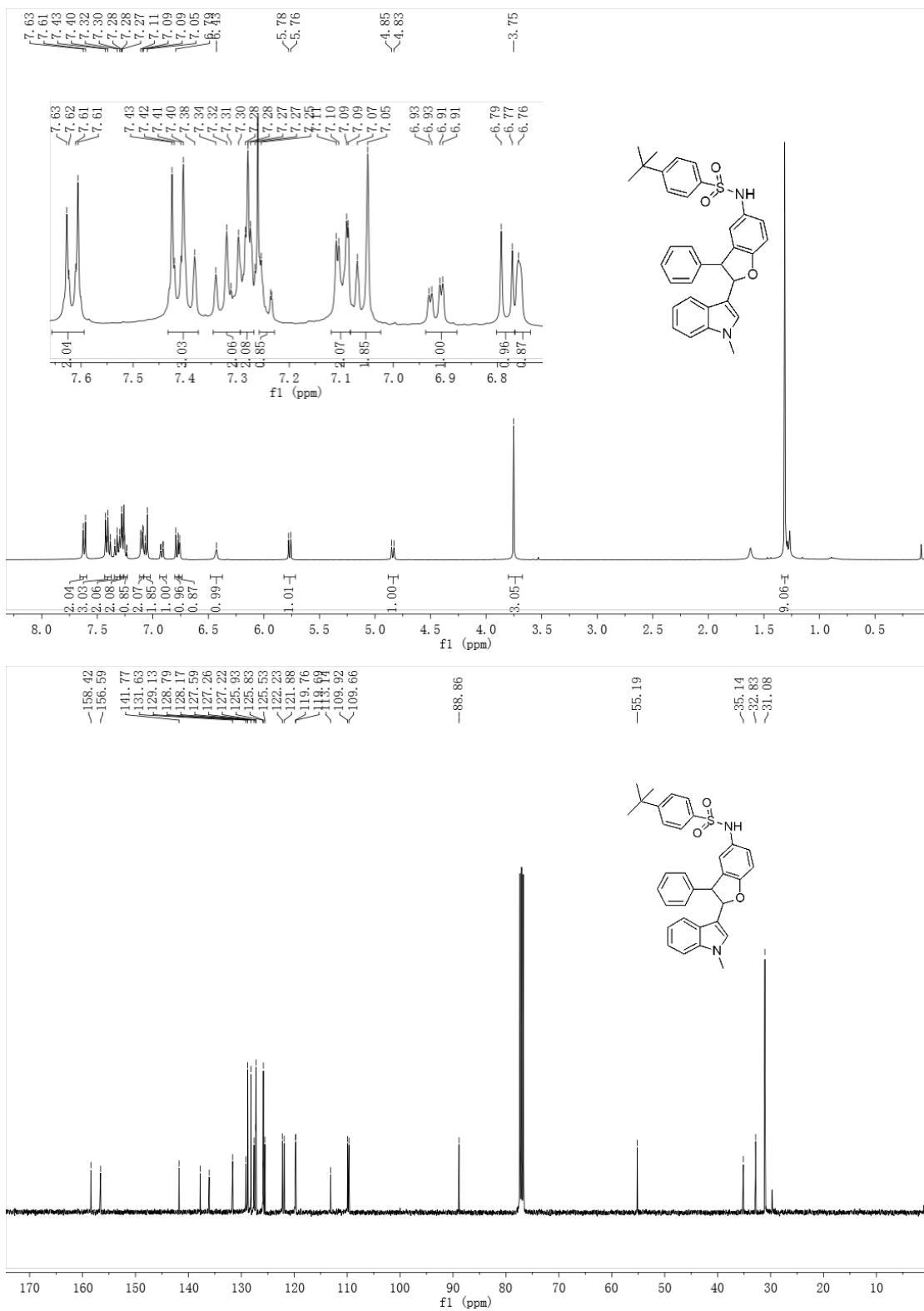


3oa

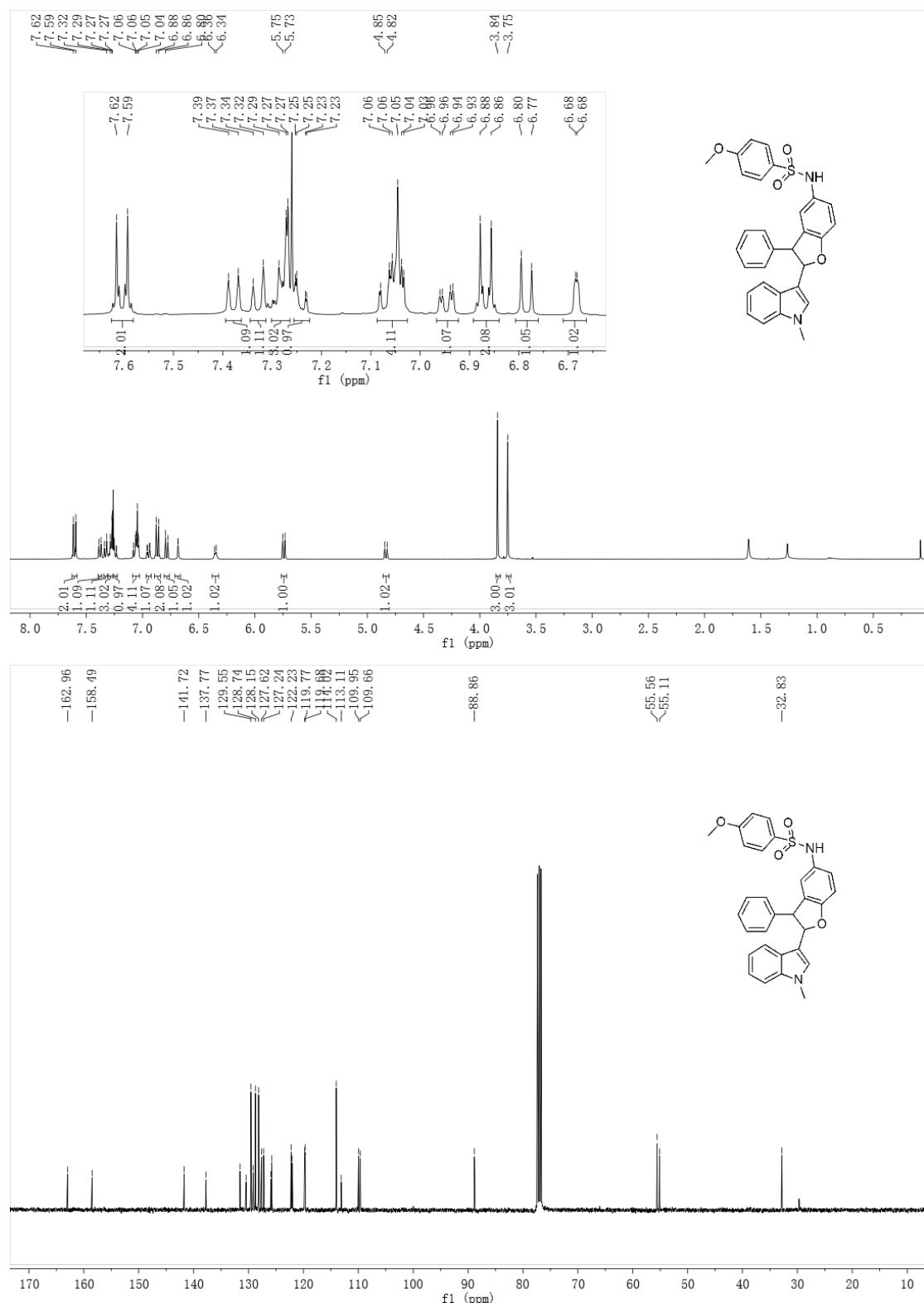


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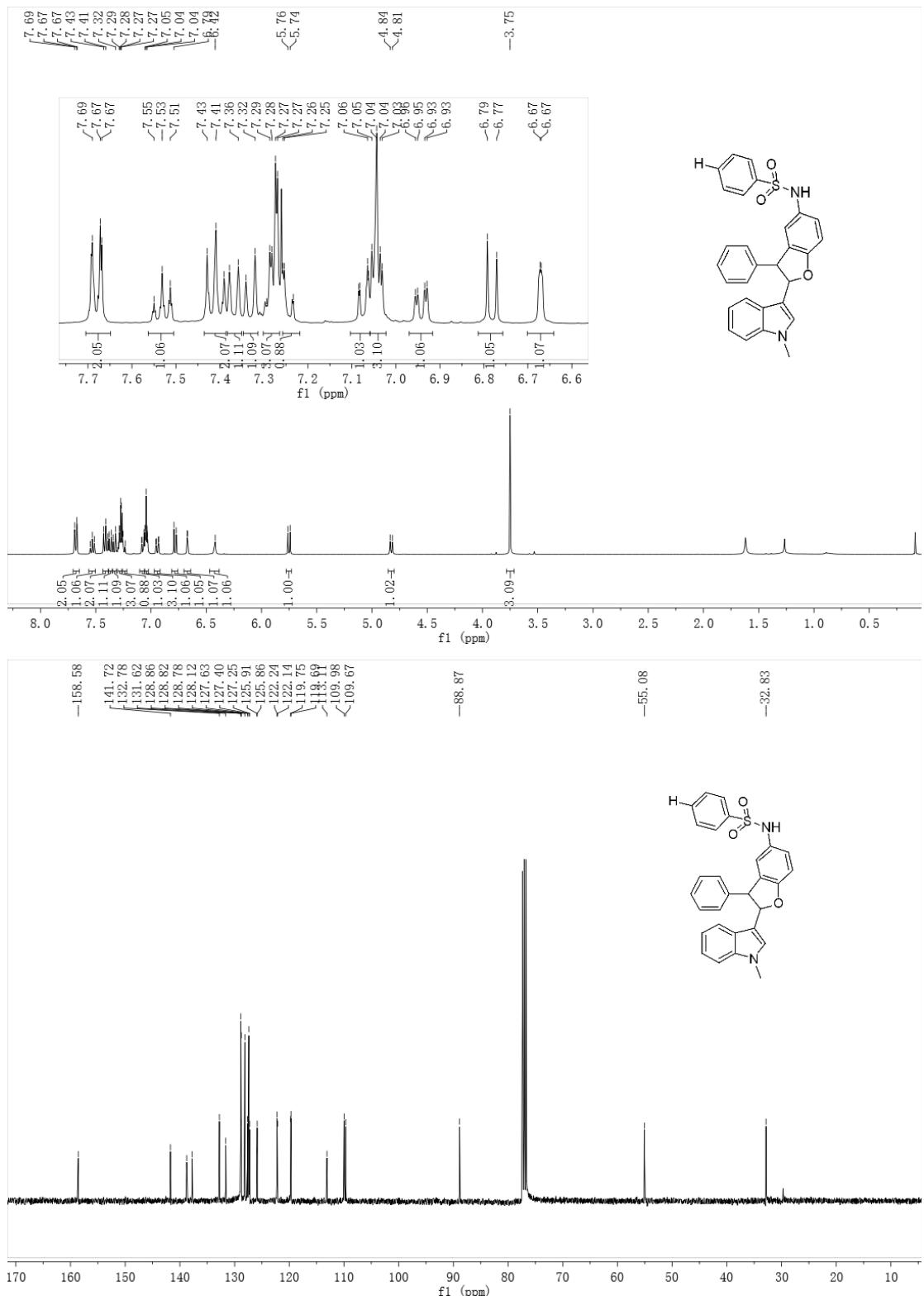


3ab

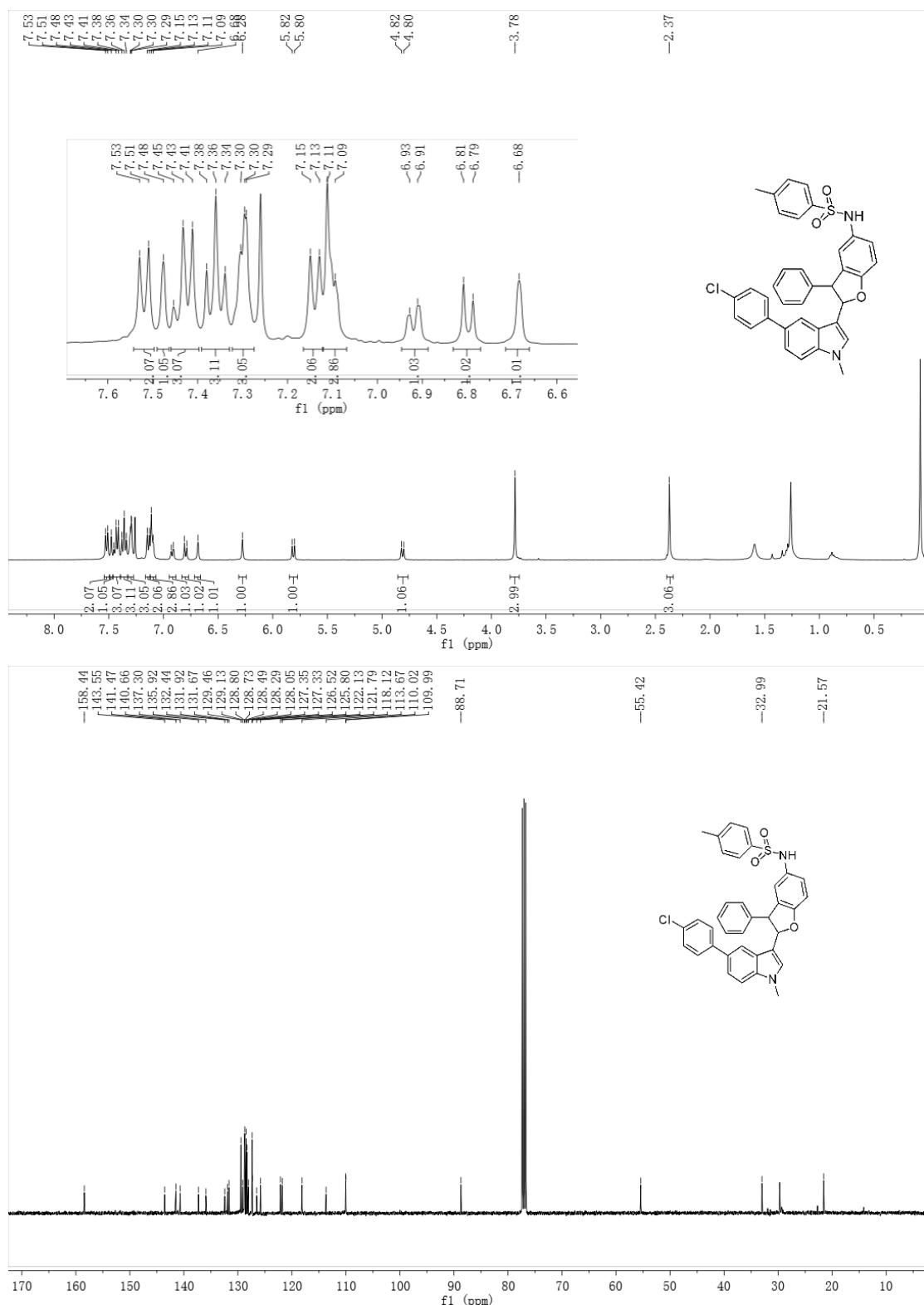
3ac



3ae

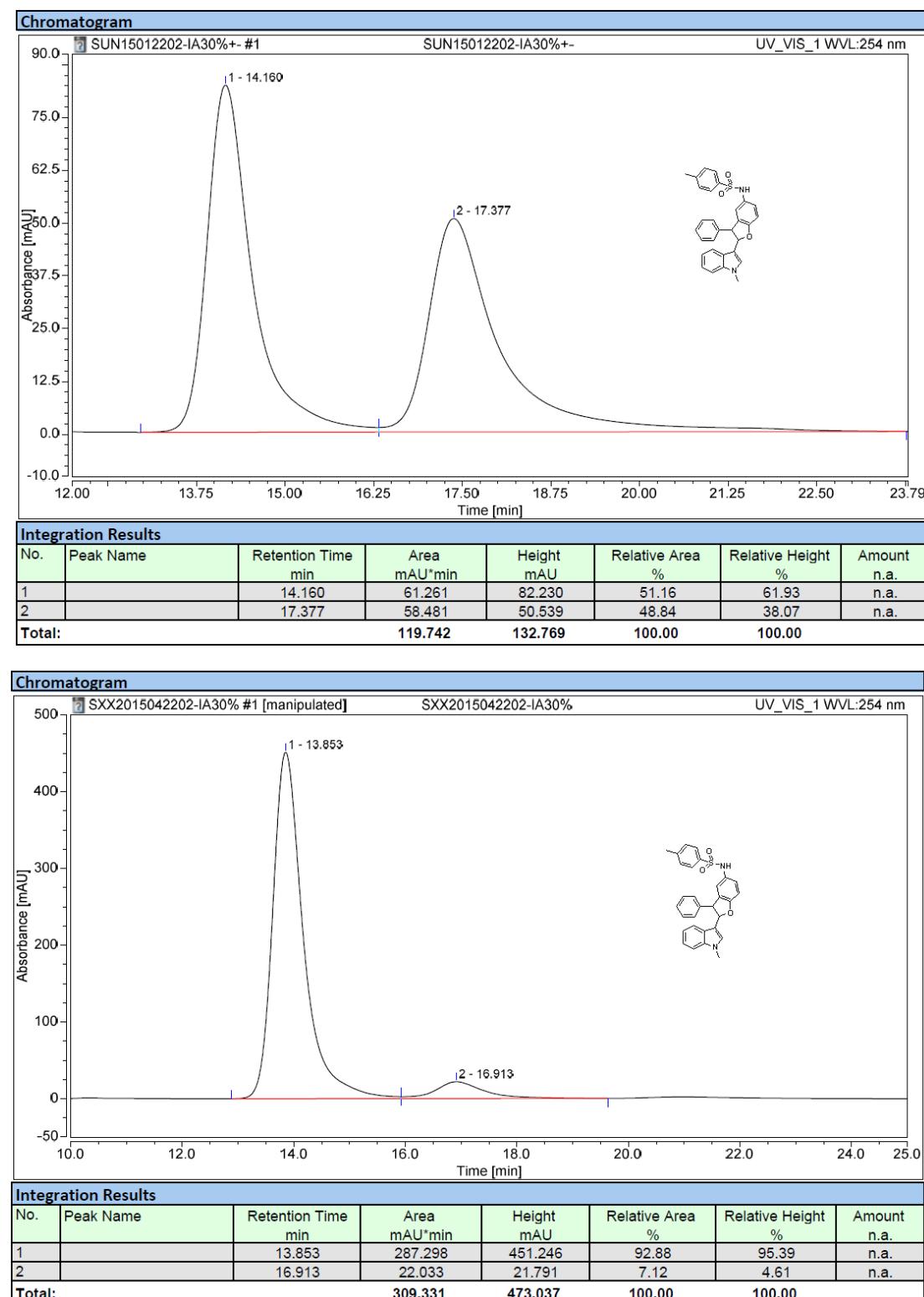


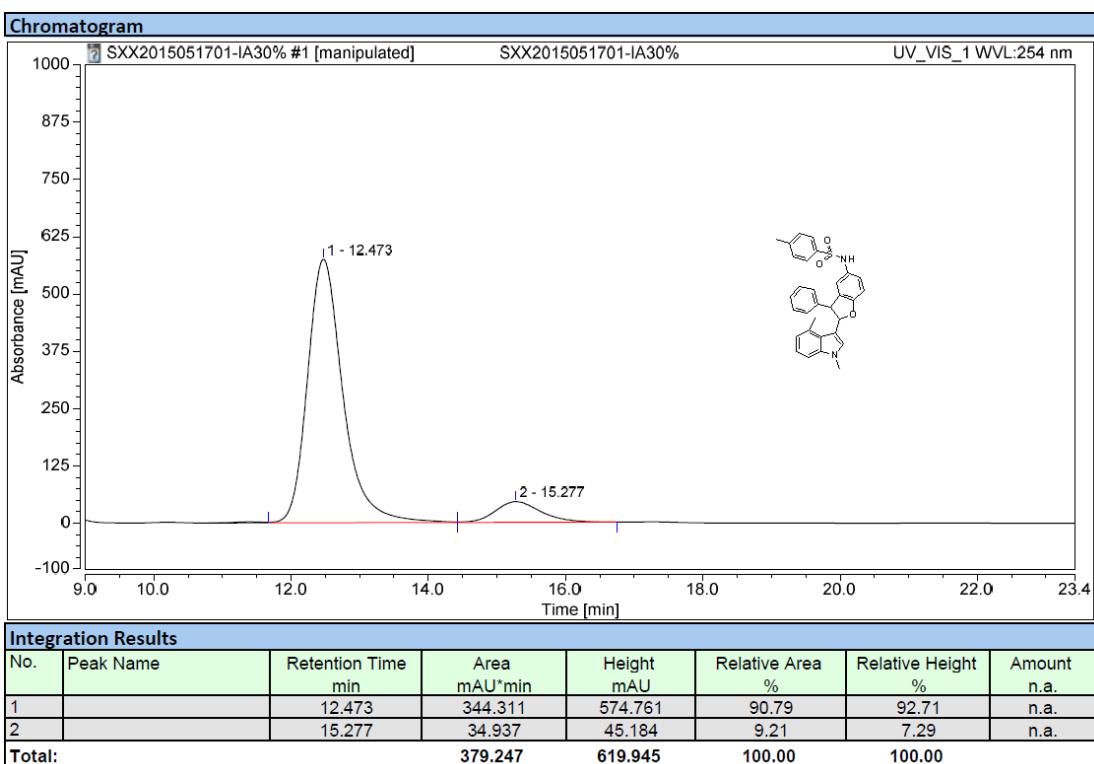
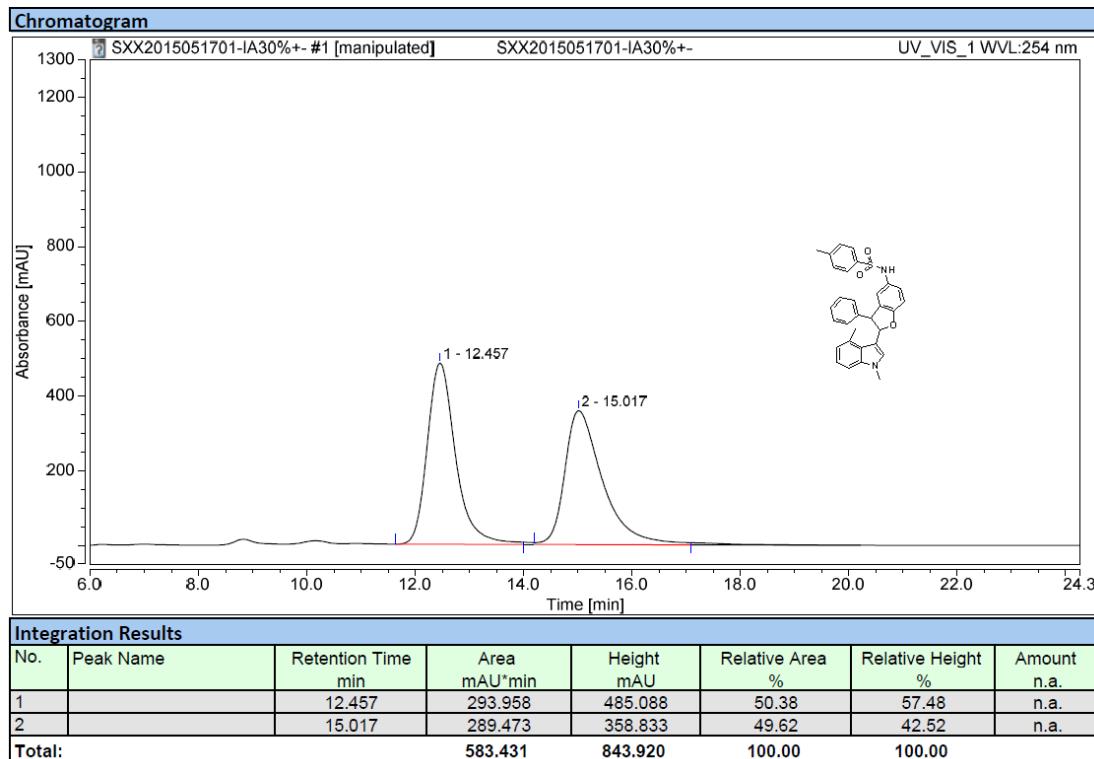
Compound 7



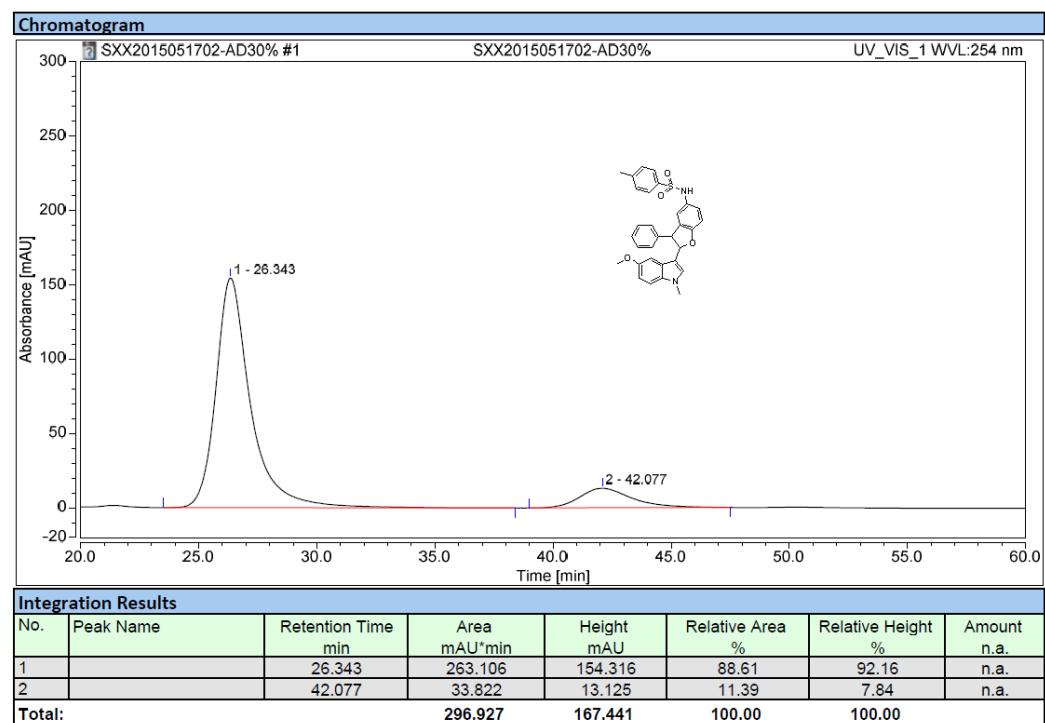
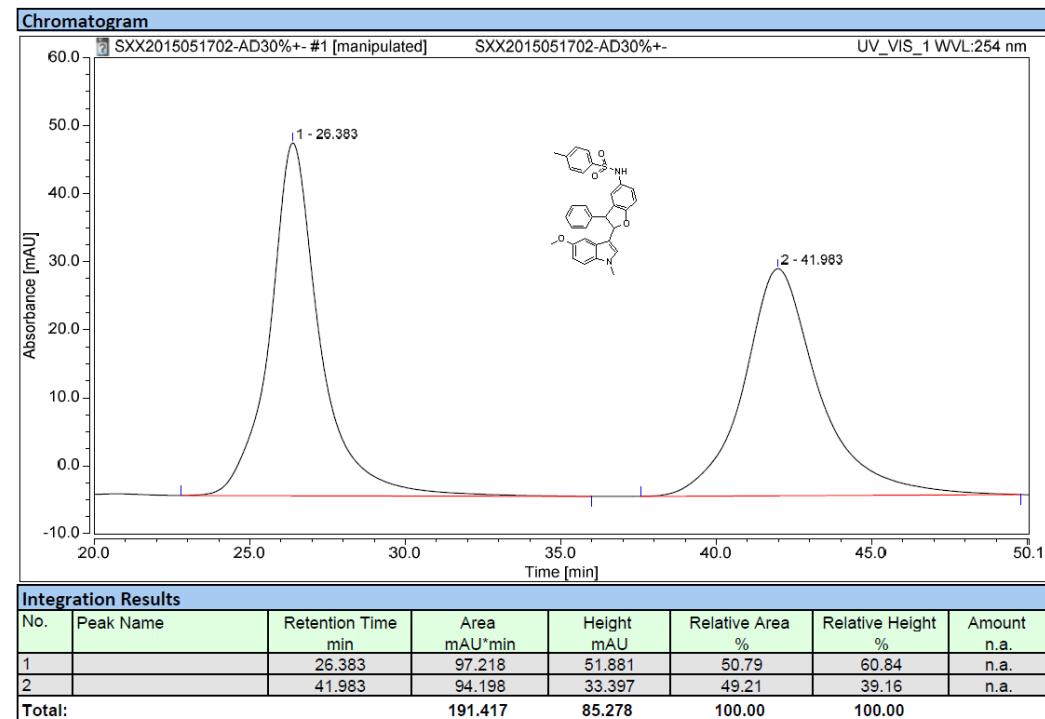
8. HPLC spectra of products 3 and compound 7

3aa

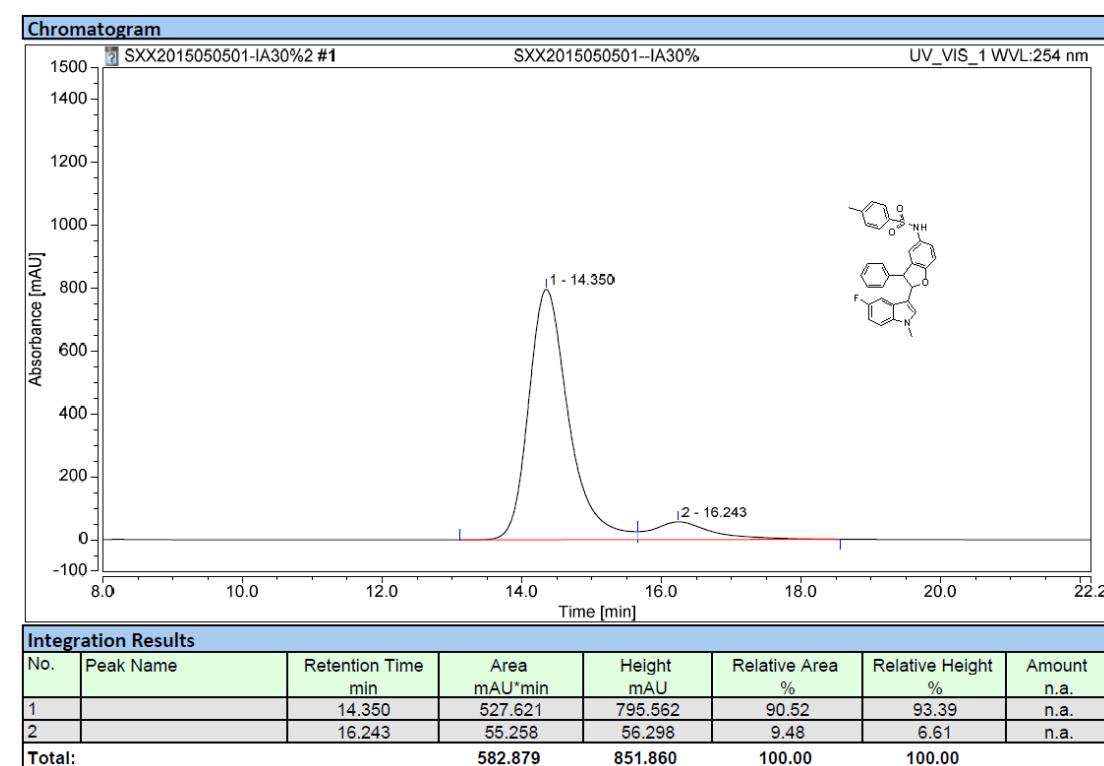
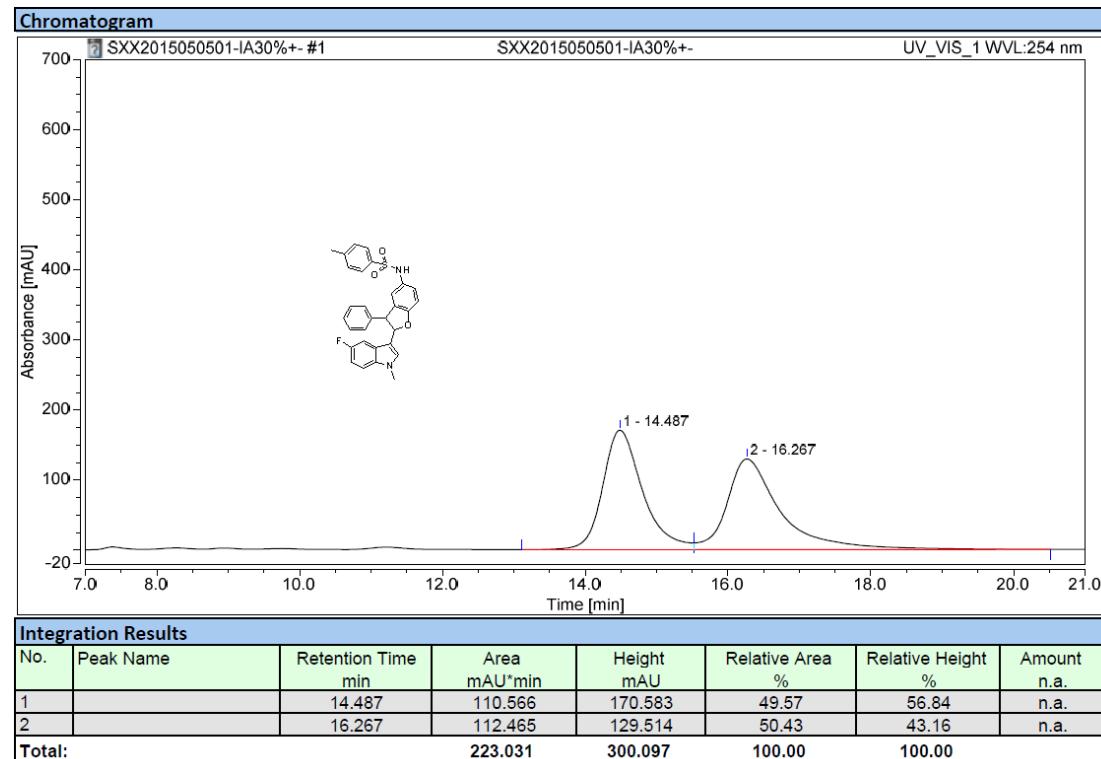


3ba

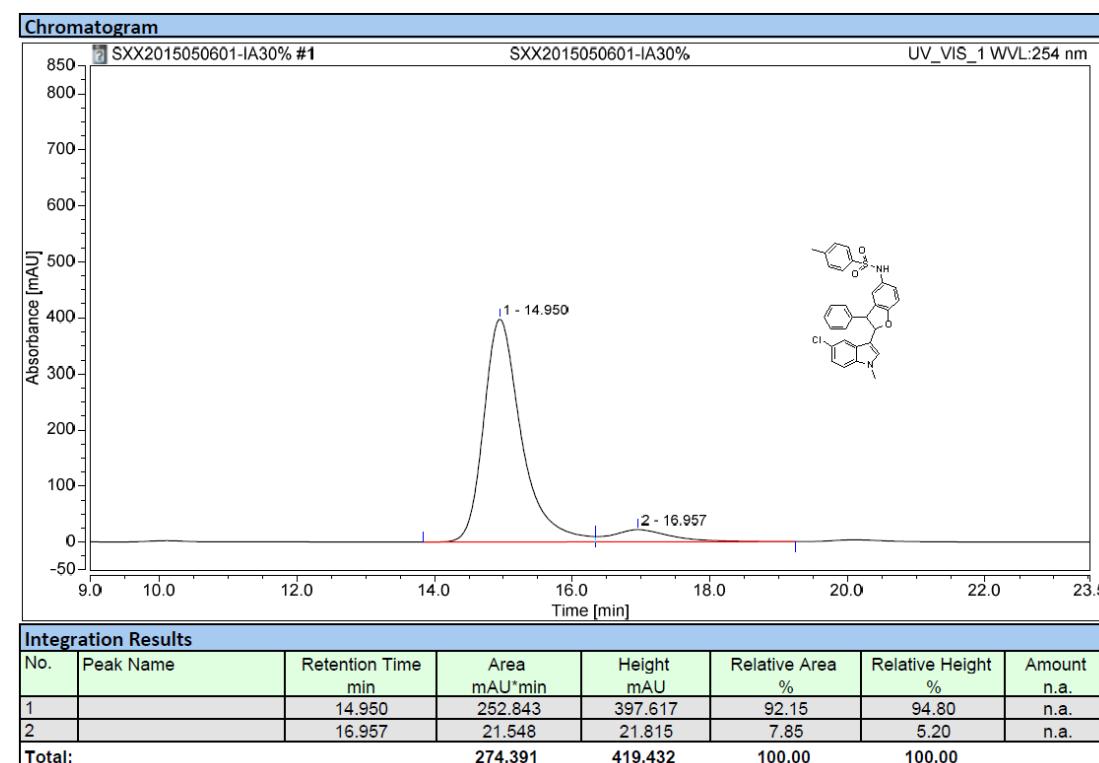
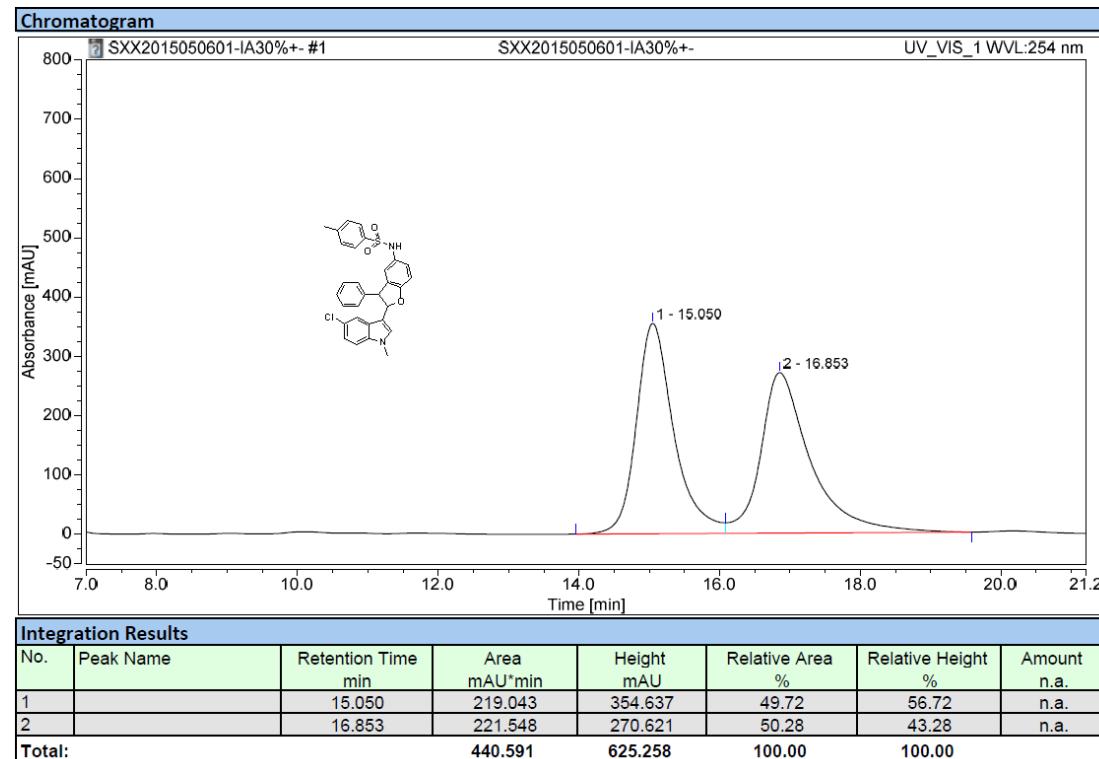
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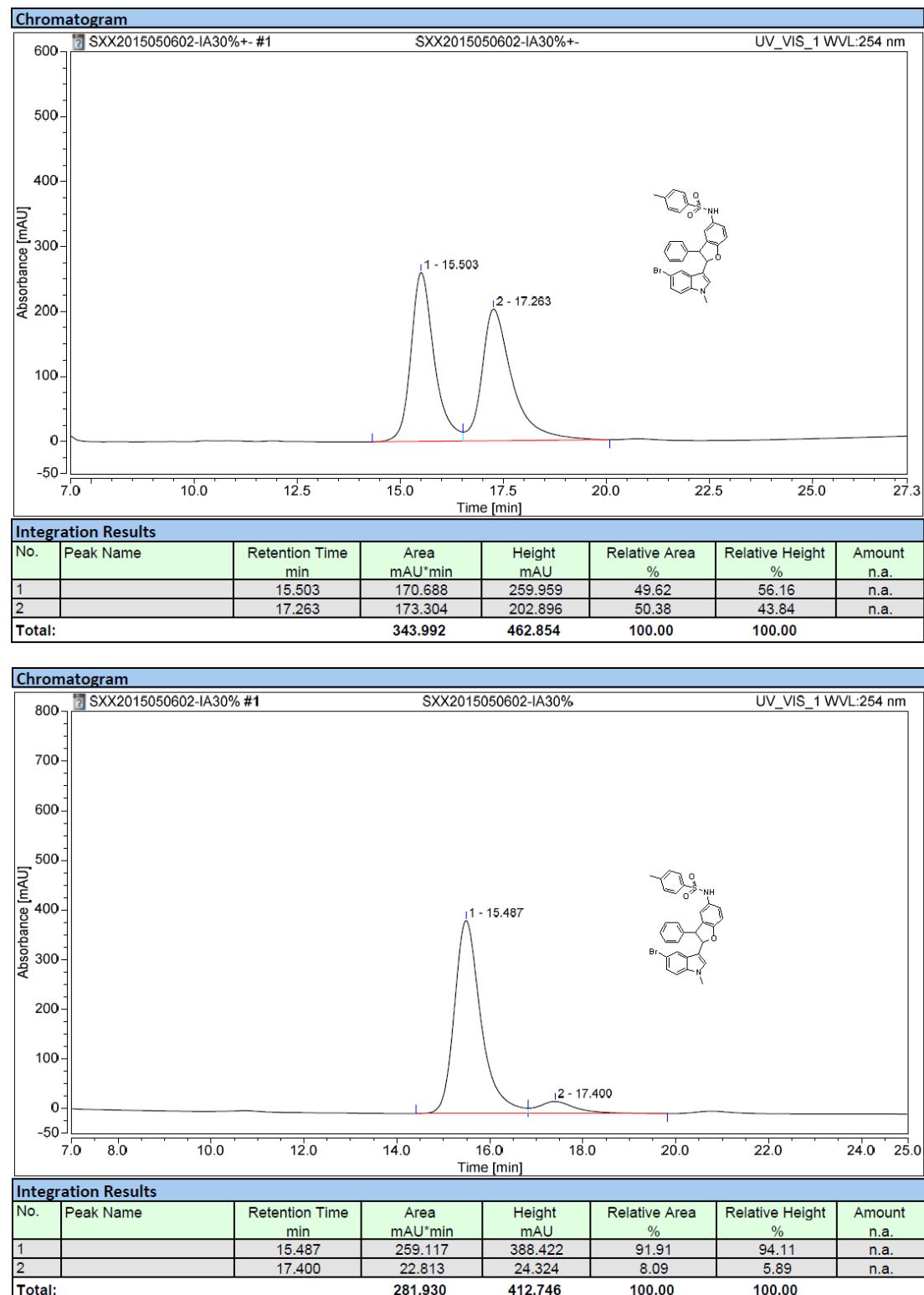
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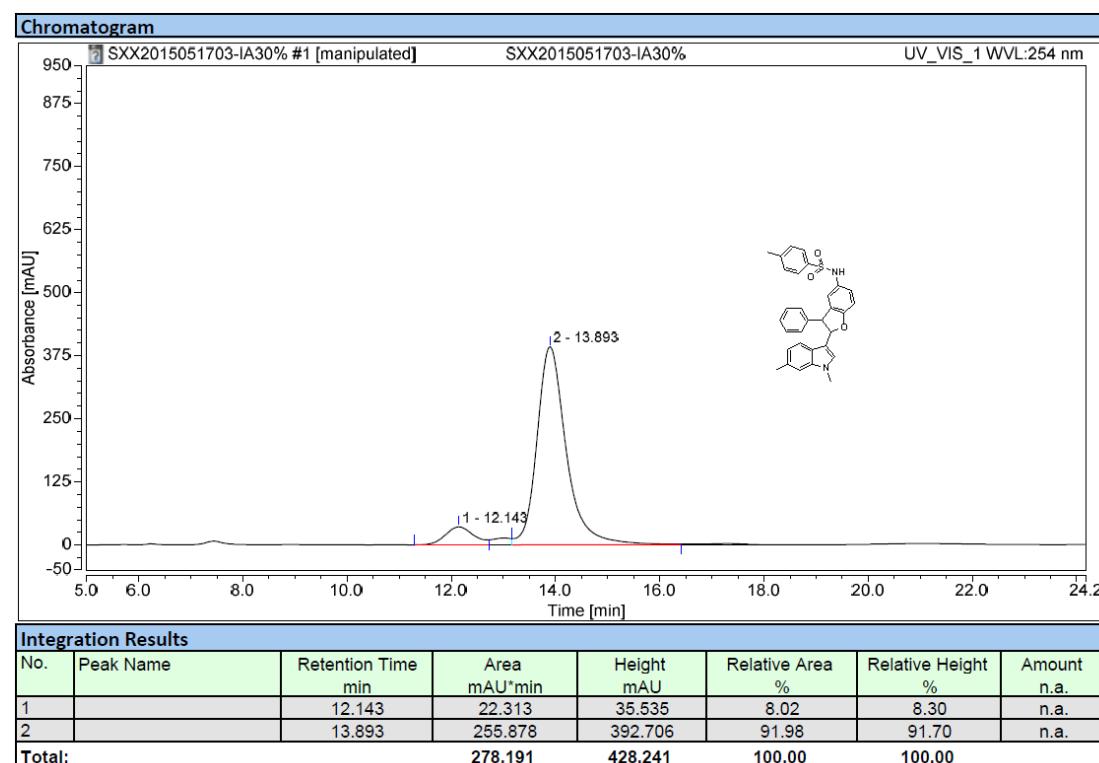
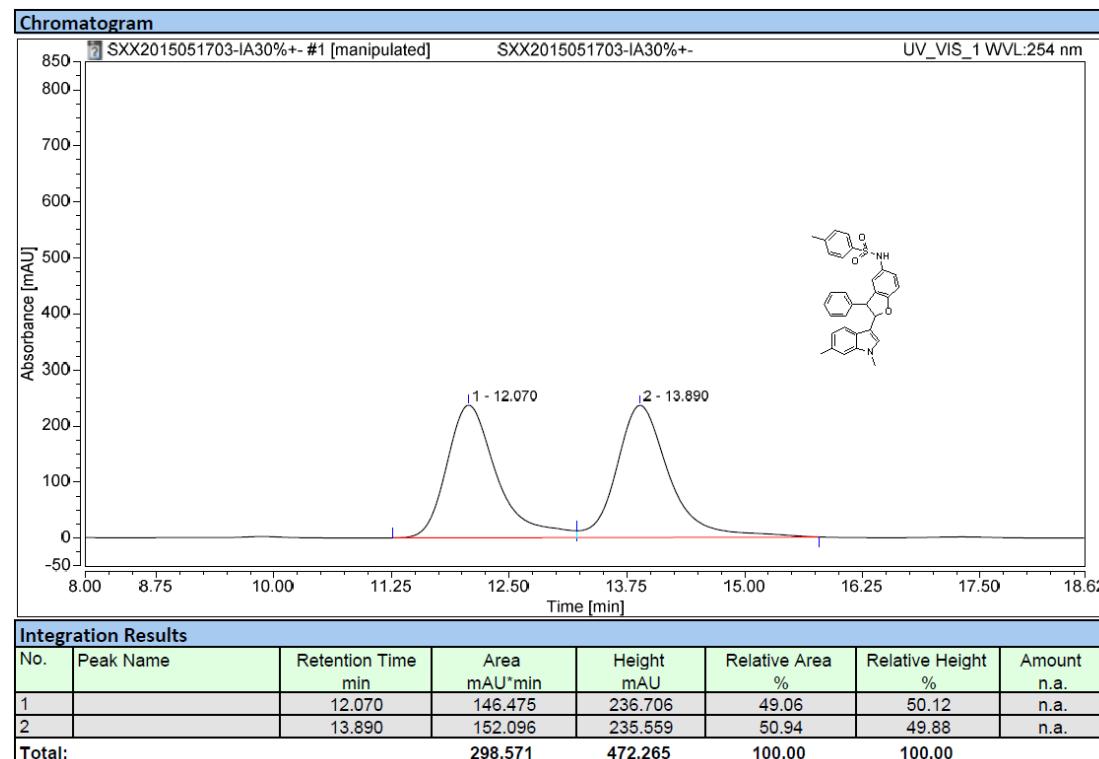


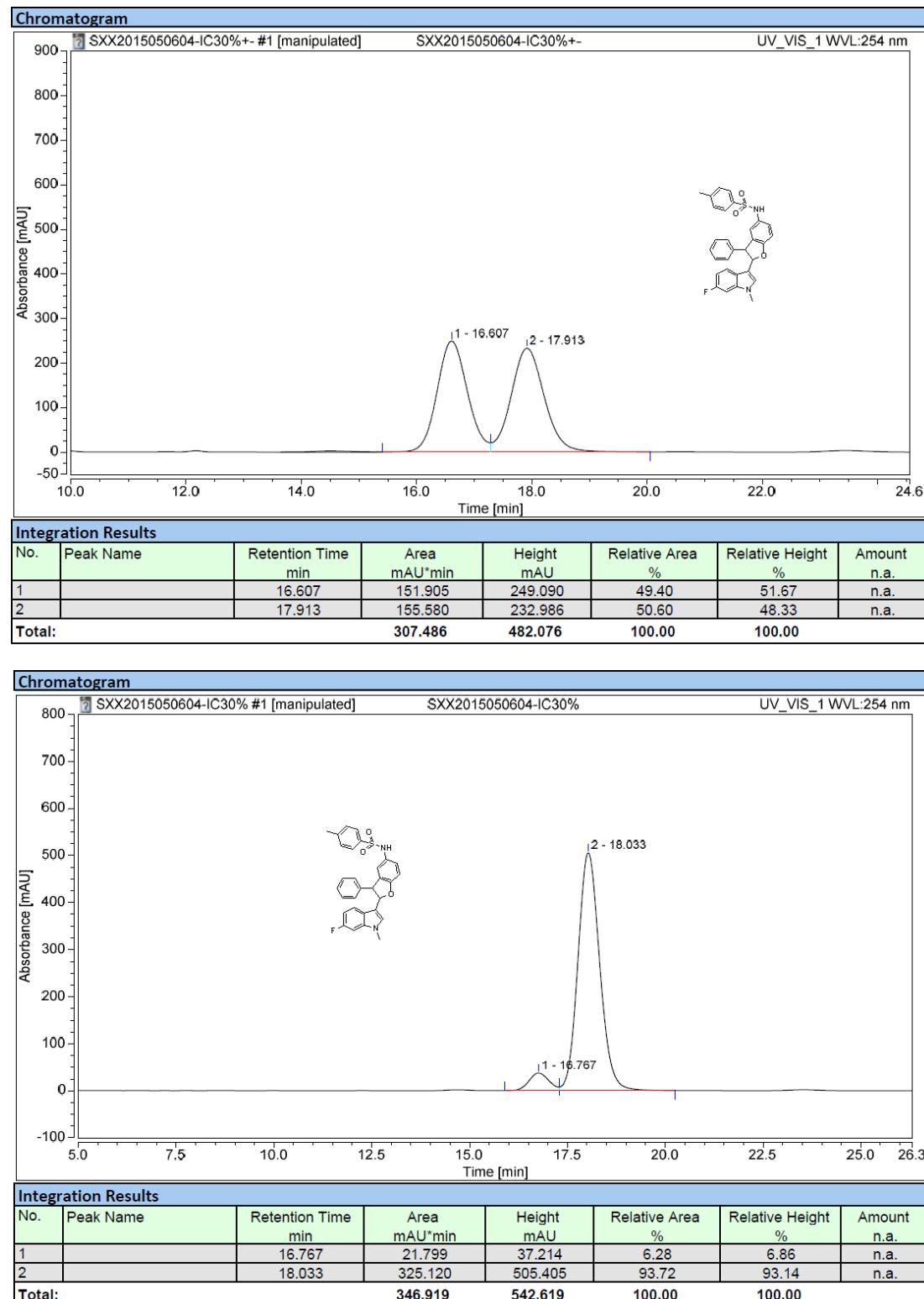
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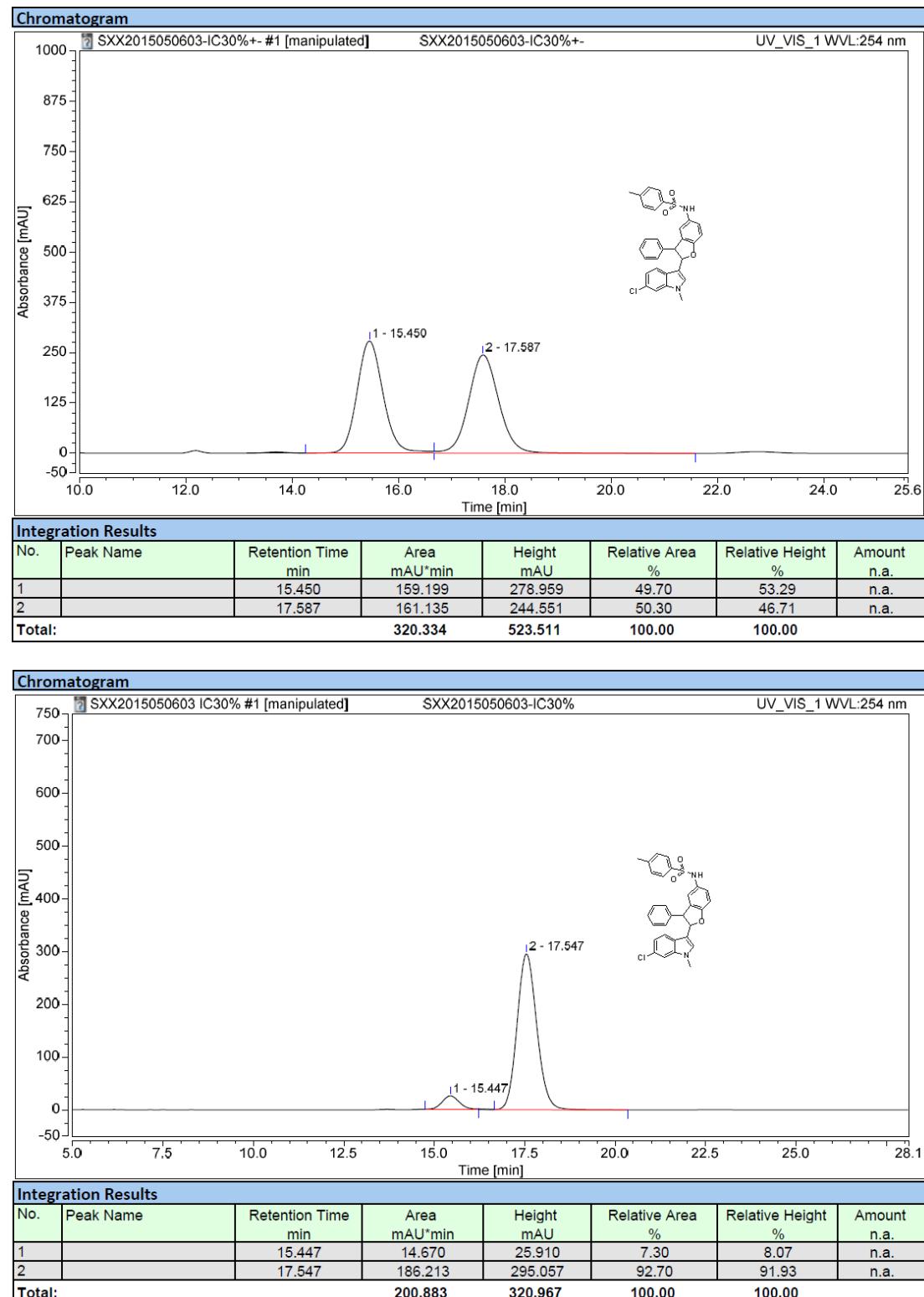
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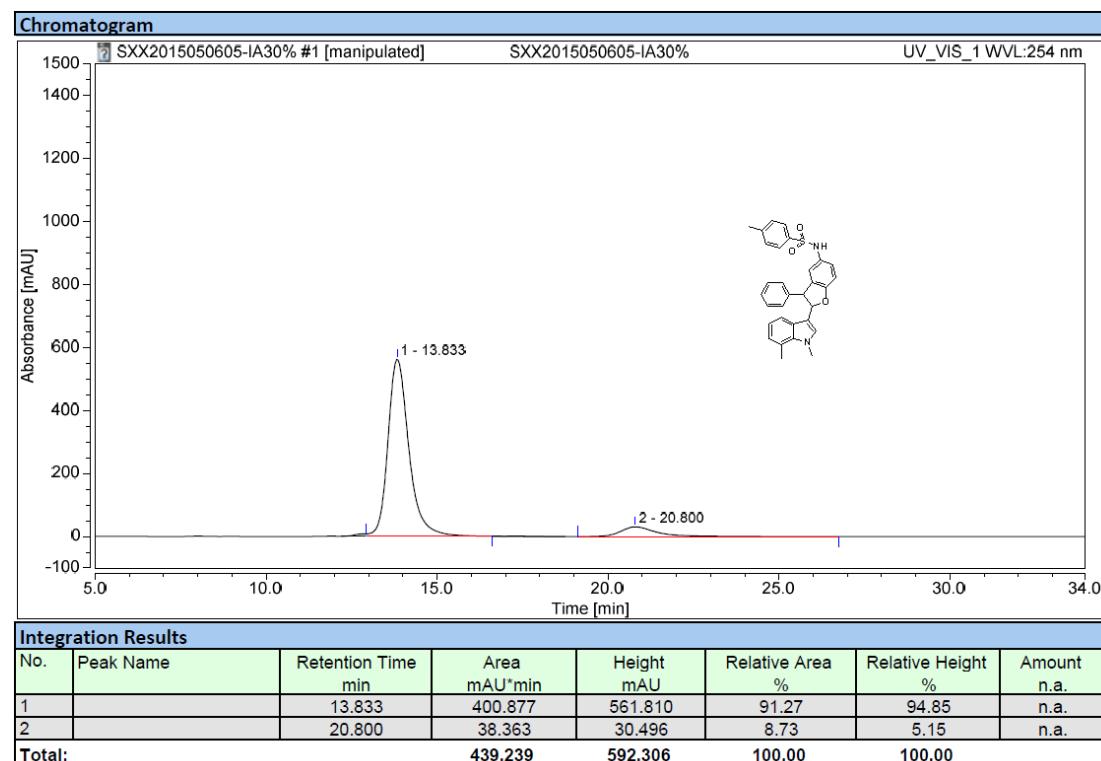
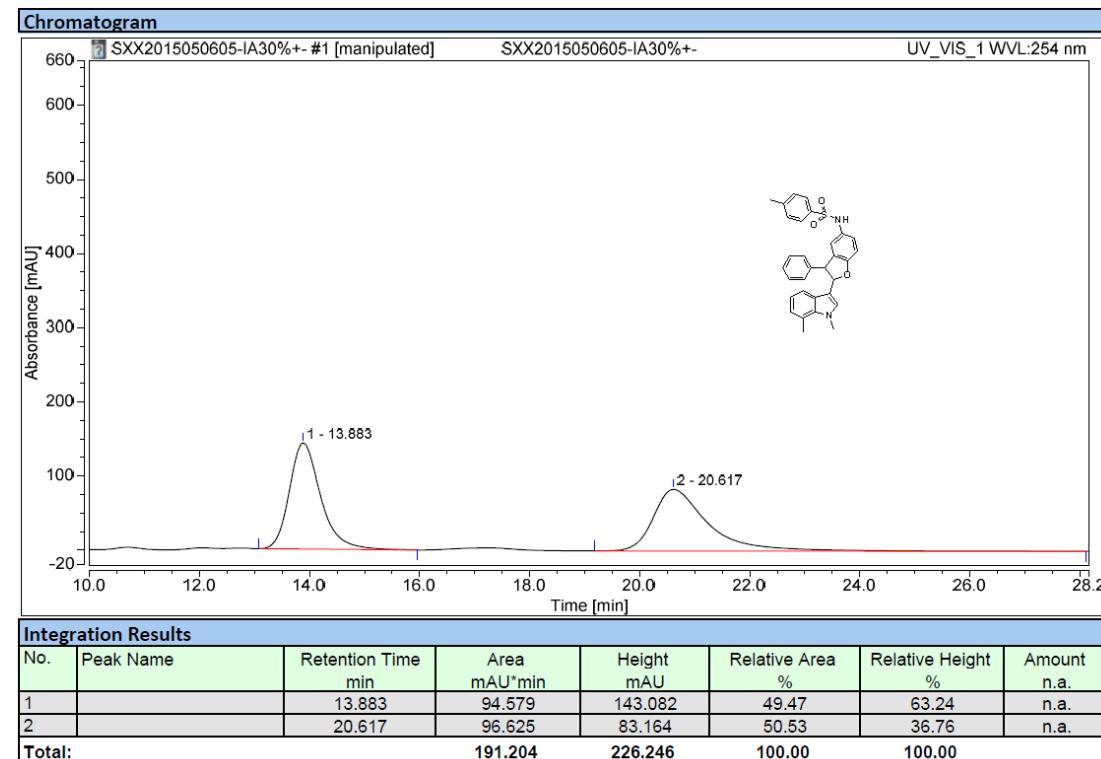
3ga

3ha

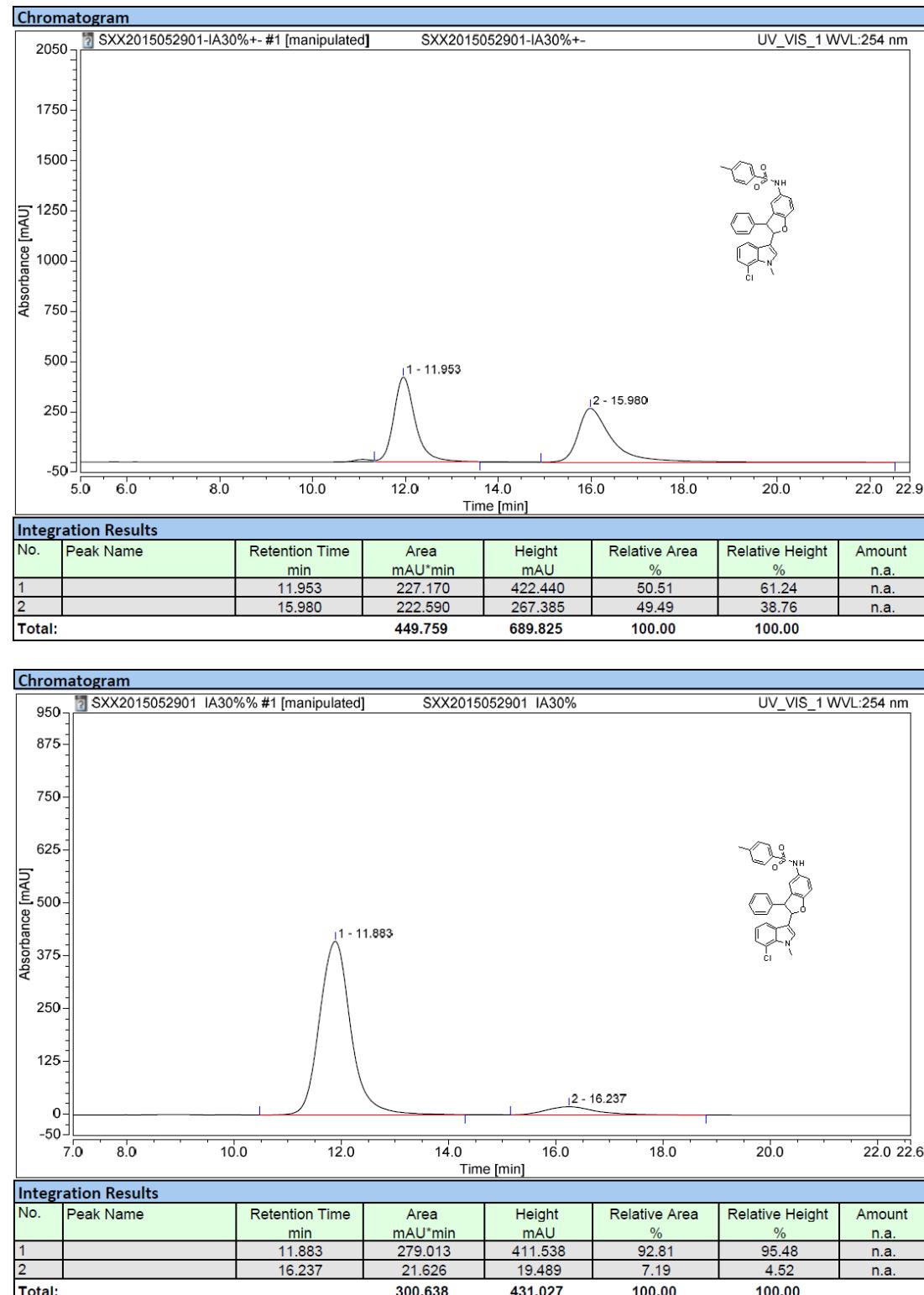
3ia



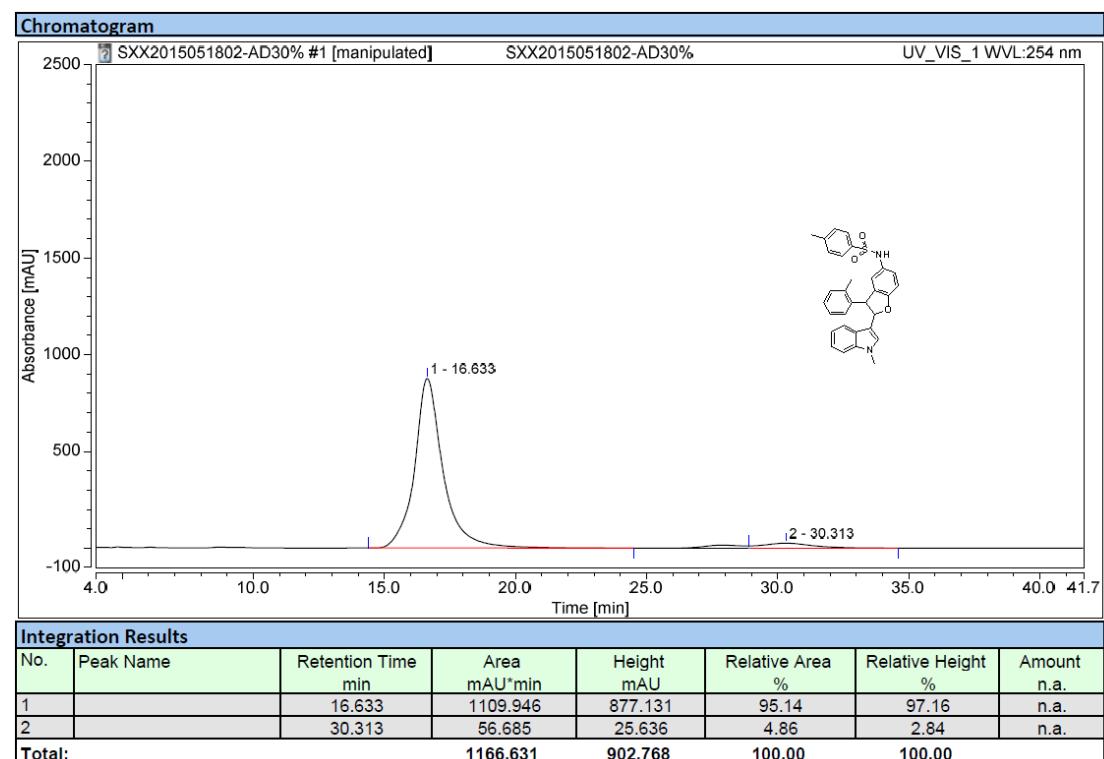
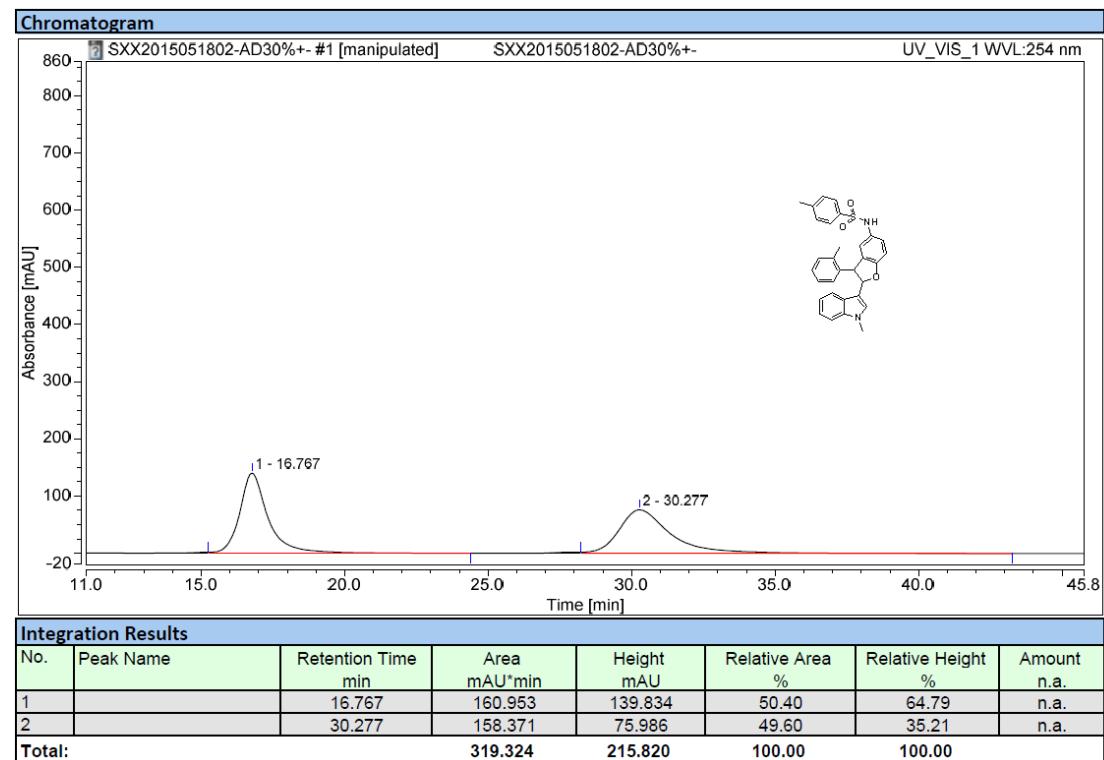
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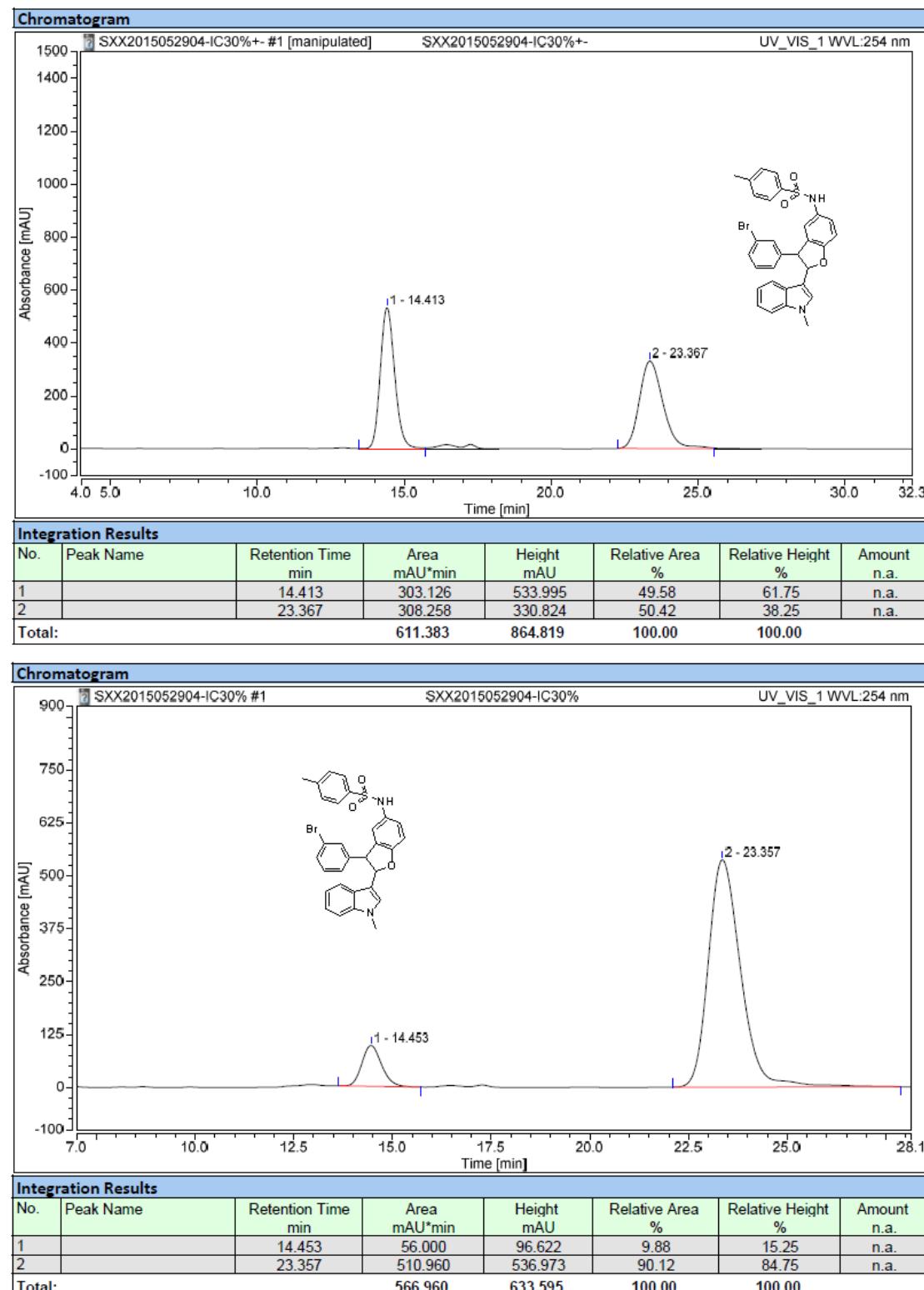


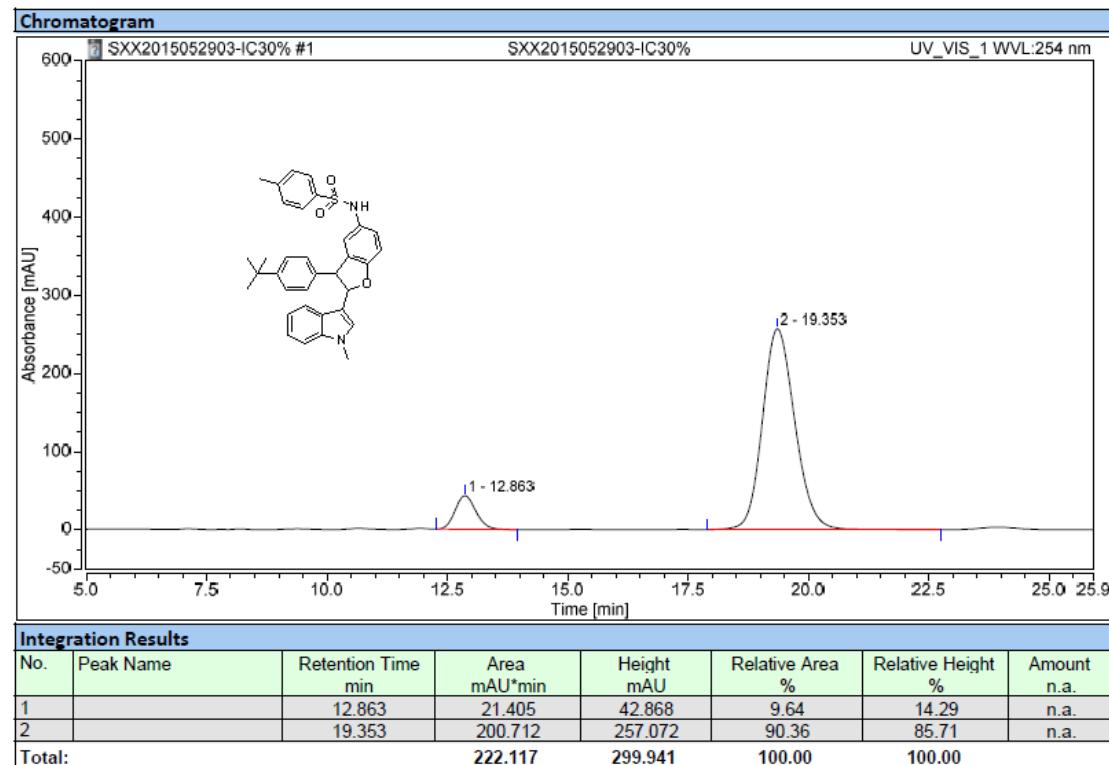
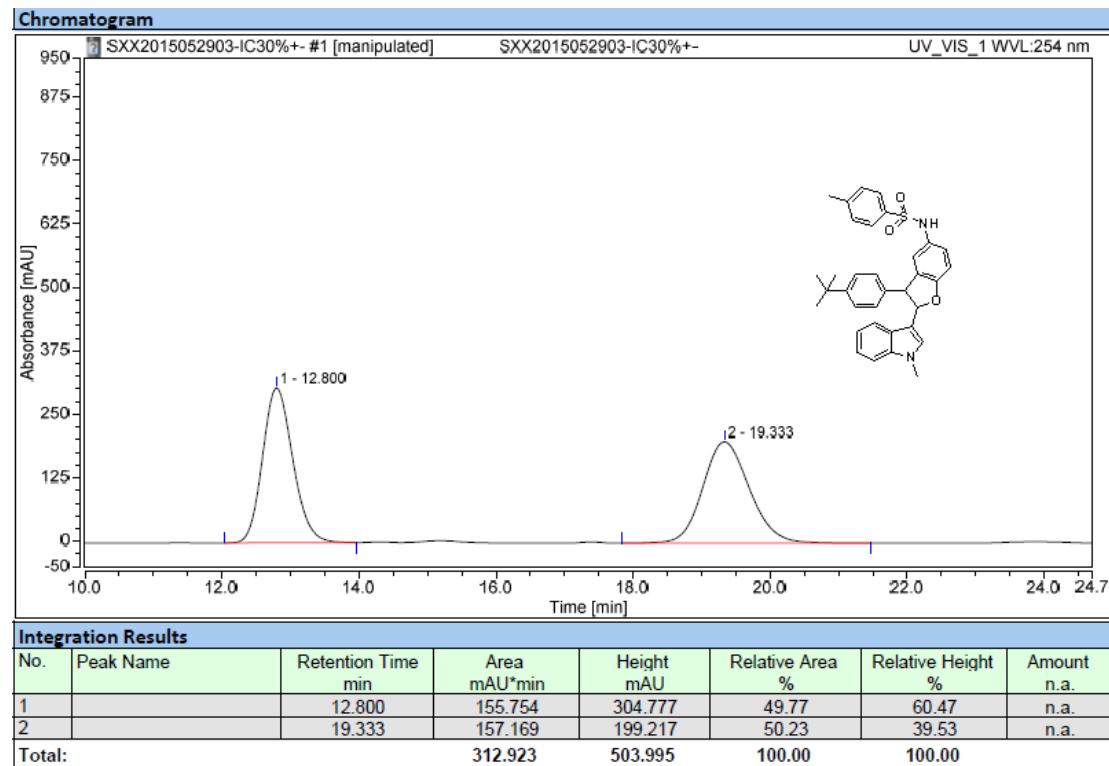
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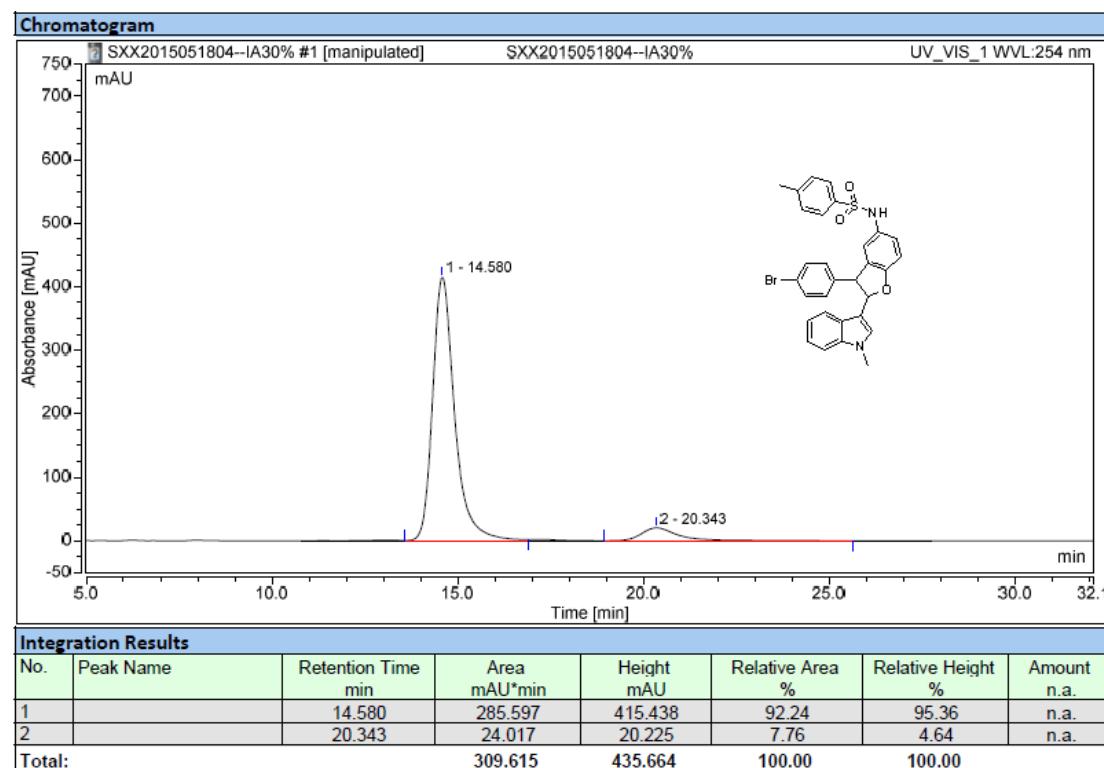
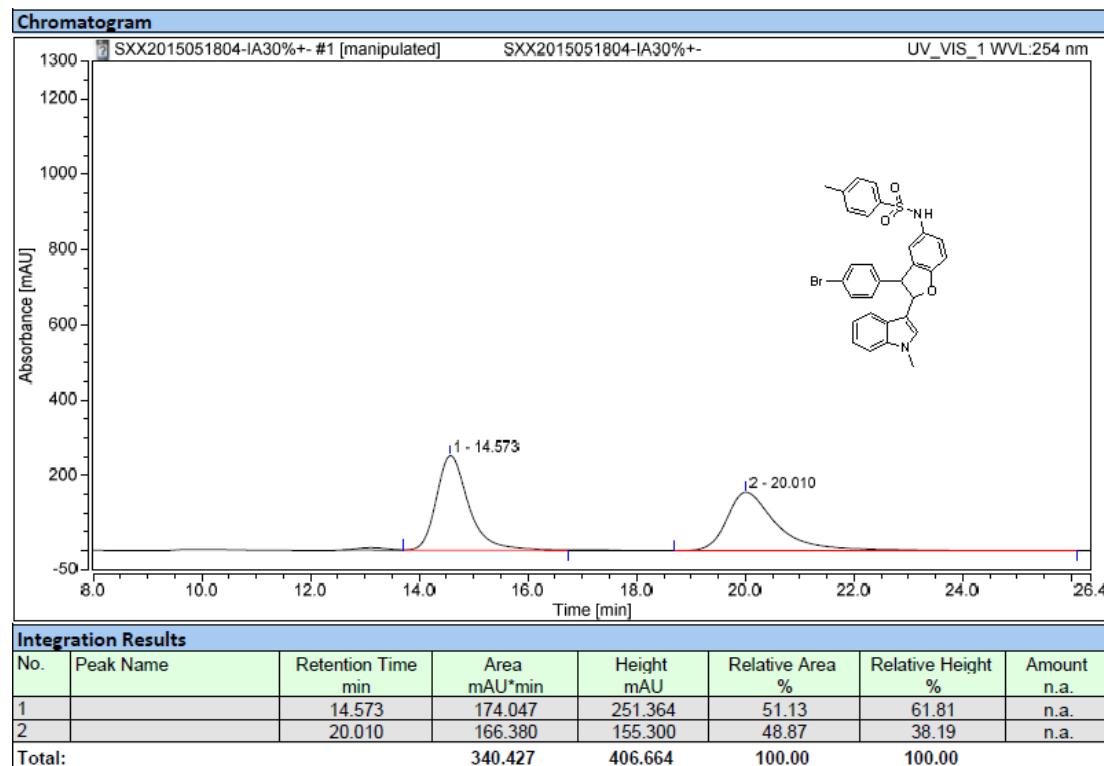


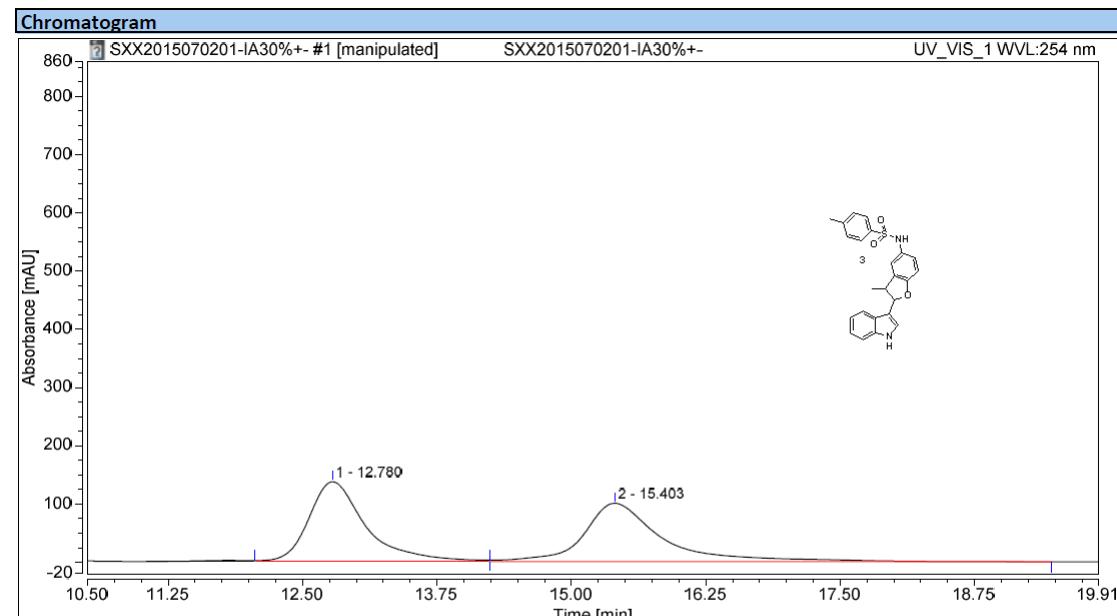
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3ma

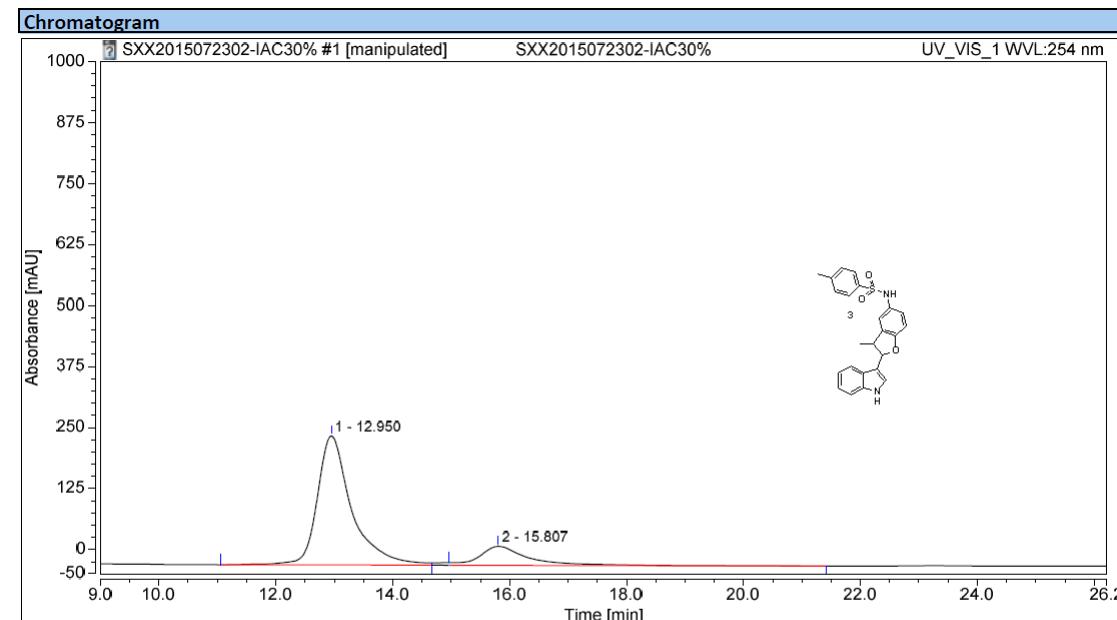
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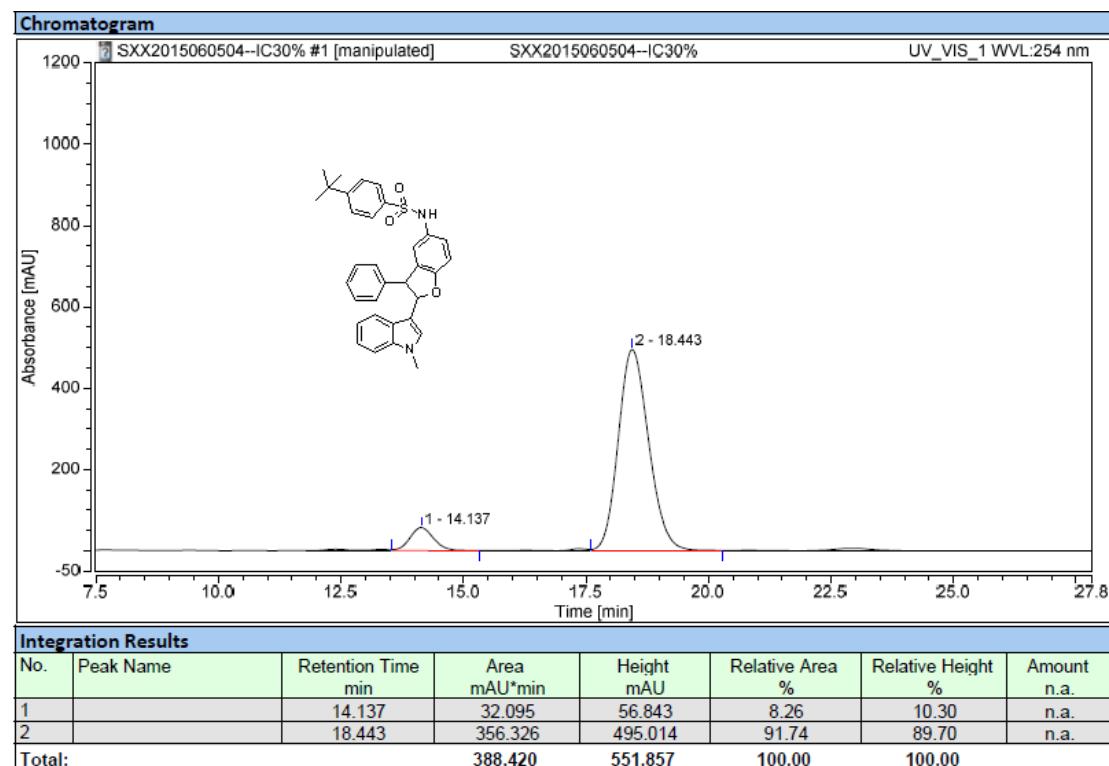
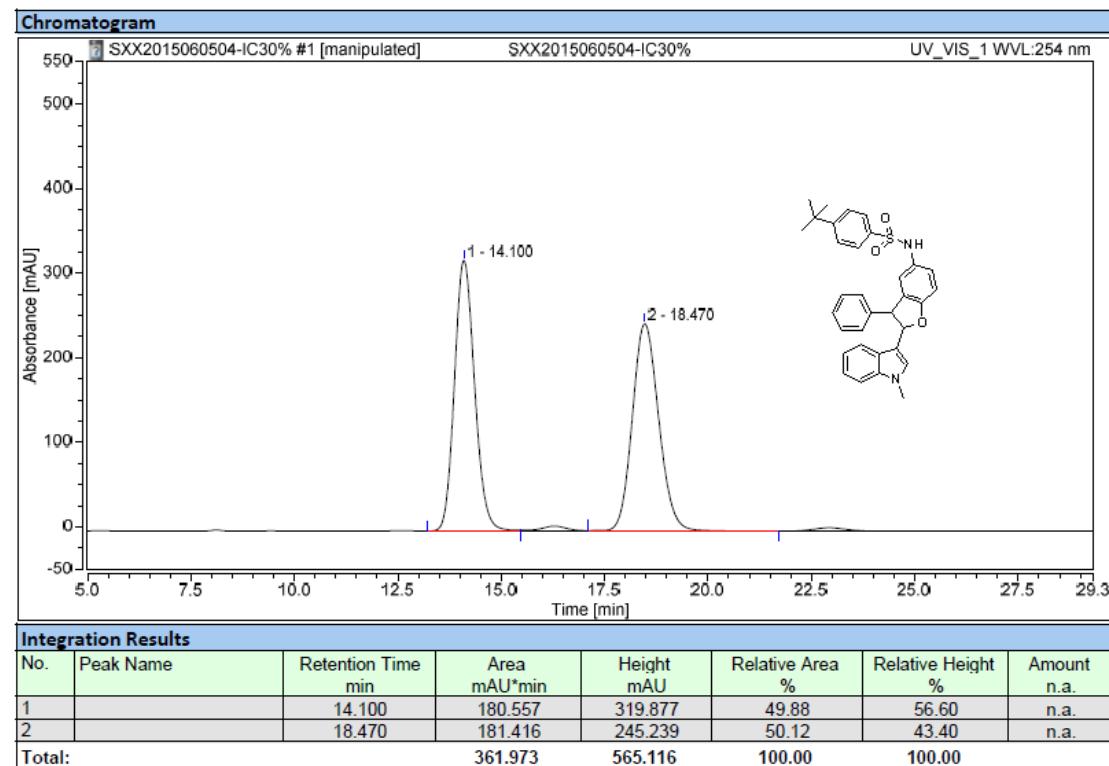
Integration Results

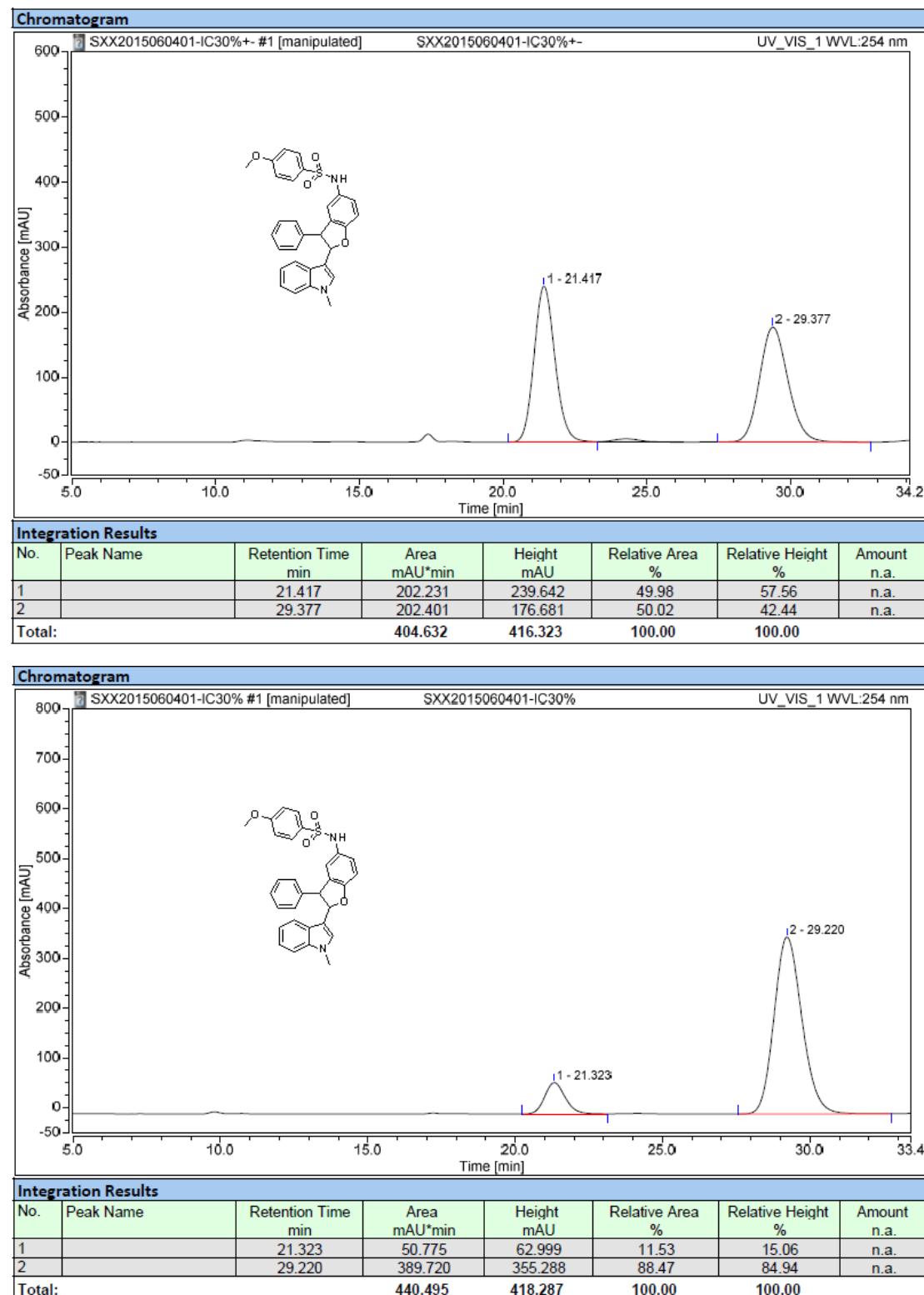
No.	Peak Name	Retention Time min	Area mAU*min	Height mAU	Relative Area %	Relative Height %	Amount n.a.
1		12.780	84.171	137.014	49.83	57.77	n.a.
2		15.403	84.742	100.148	50.17	42.23	n.a.
Total:			168.914	237.162	100.00	100.00	



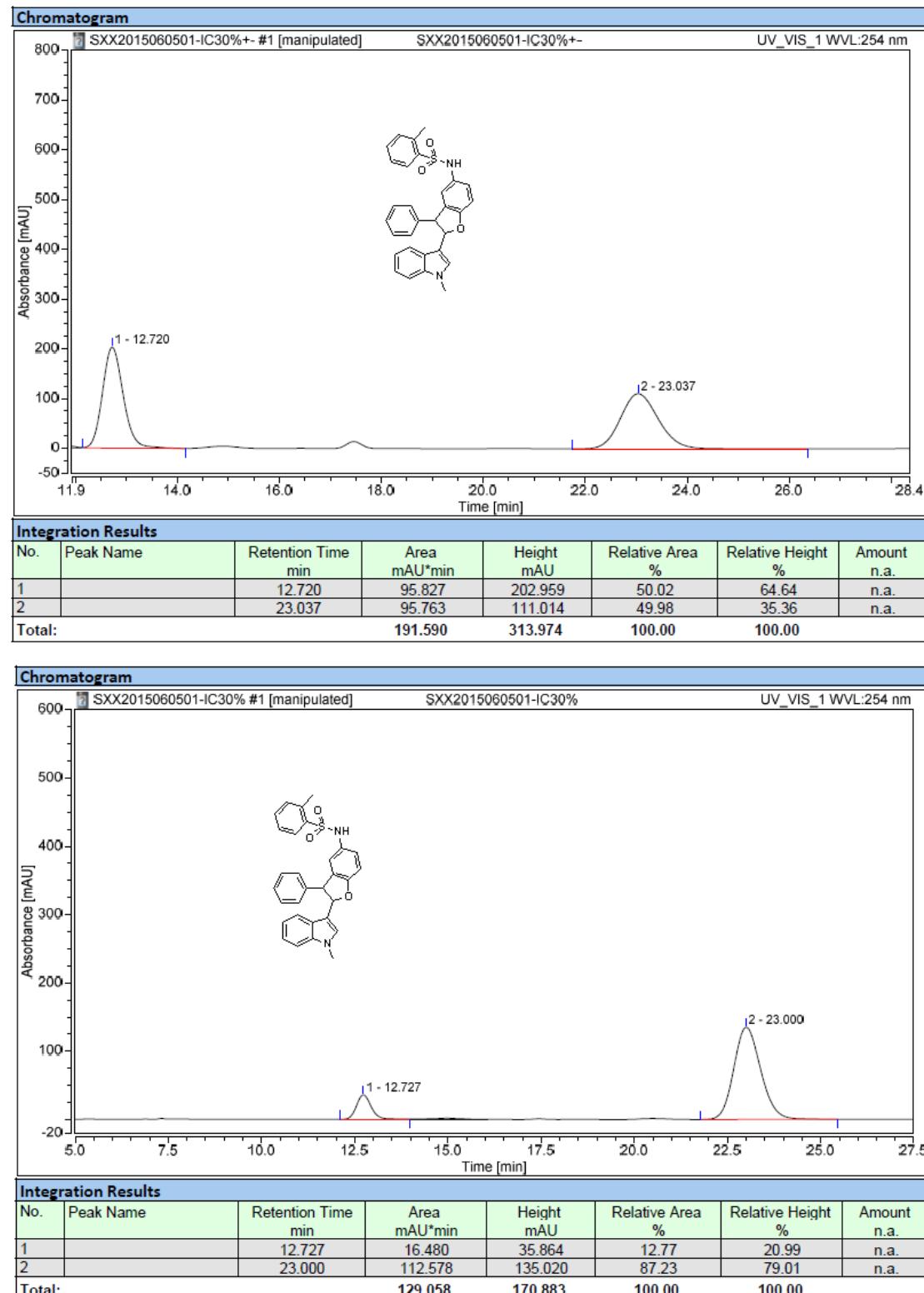
Integration Results

No.	Peak Name	Retention Time min	Area mAU*min	Height mAU	Relative Area %	Relative Height %	Amount n.a.
1		12.950	180.180	264.583	82.46	87.20	n.a.
2		15.807	38.336	38.826	17.54	12.80	n.a.
Total:			218.517	303.409	100.00	100.00	

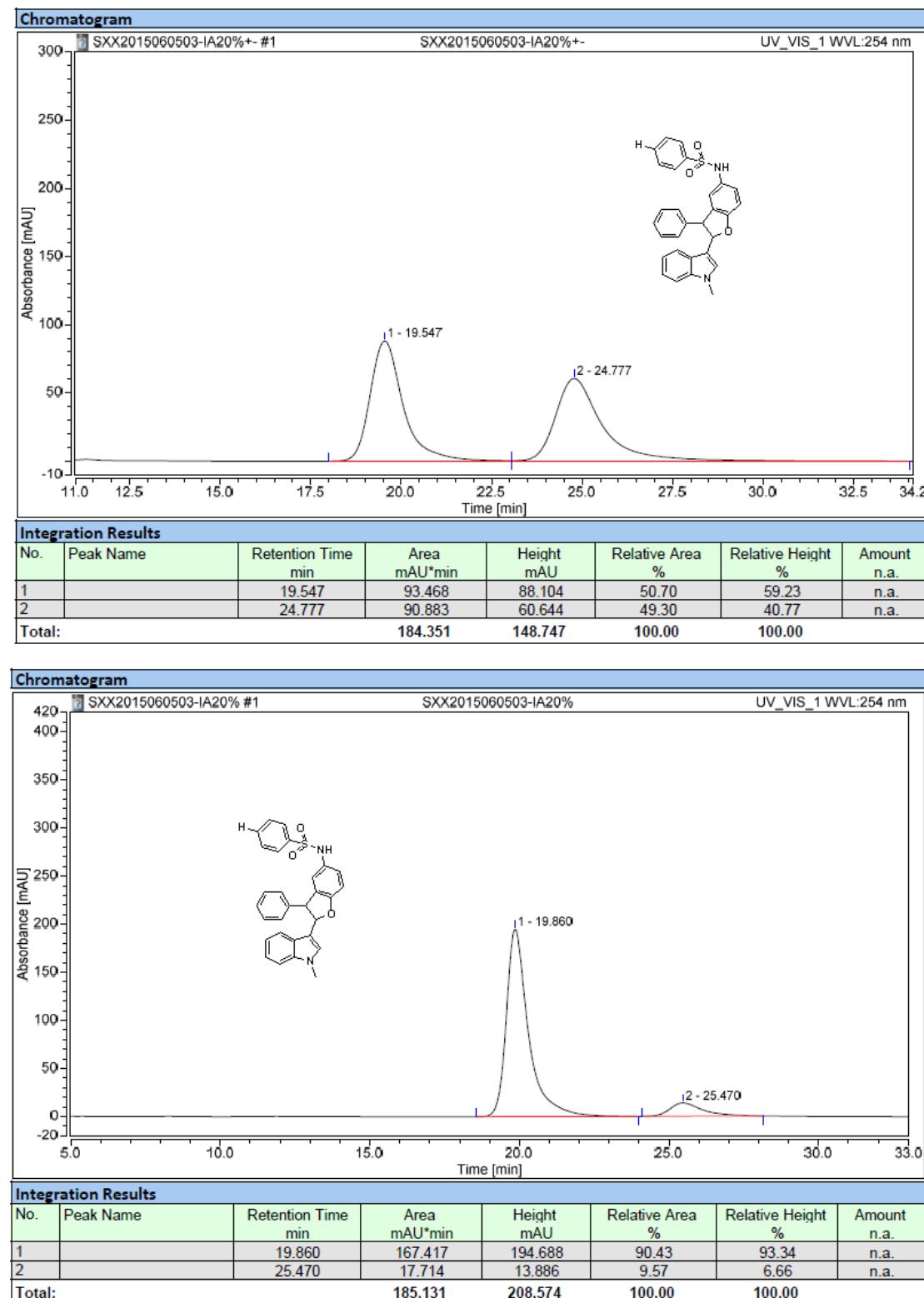
3ab

3ac

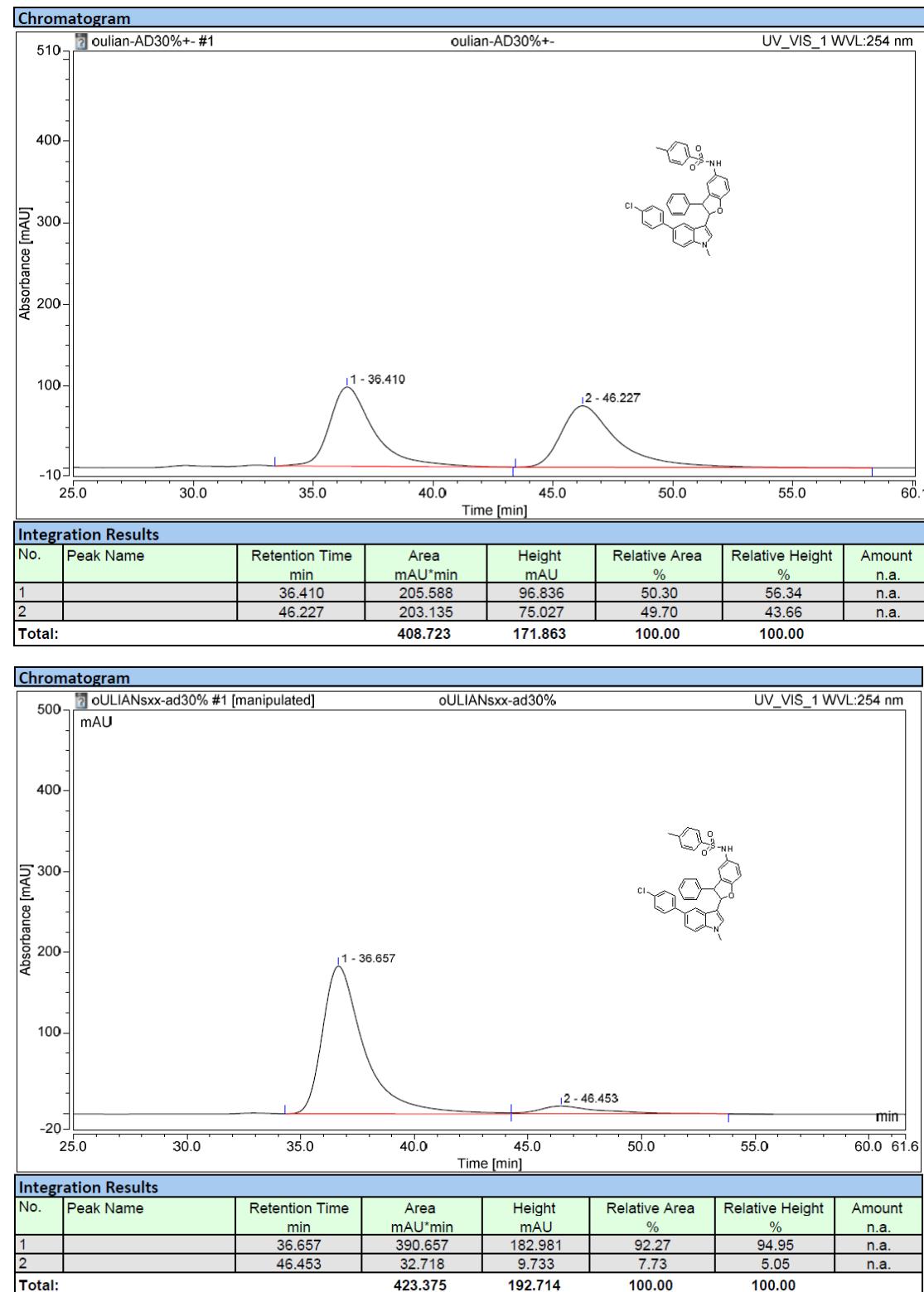
3ad



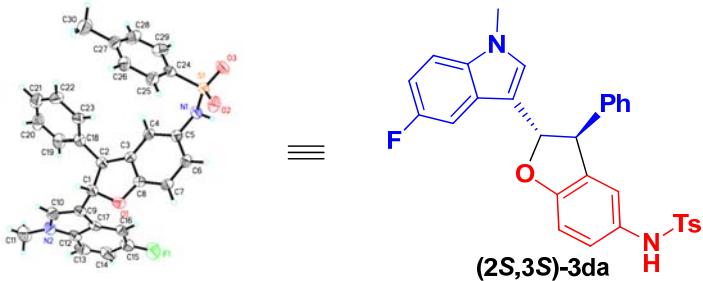
3ae



Compound 7:



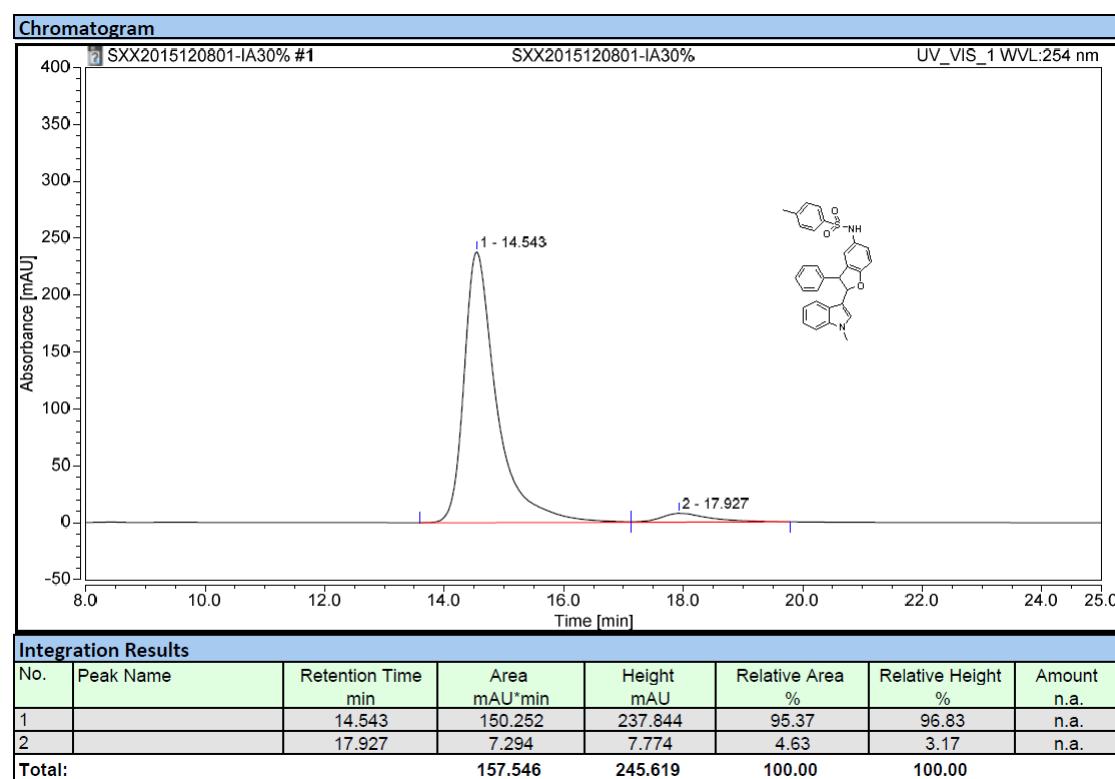
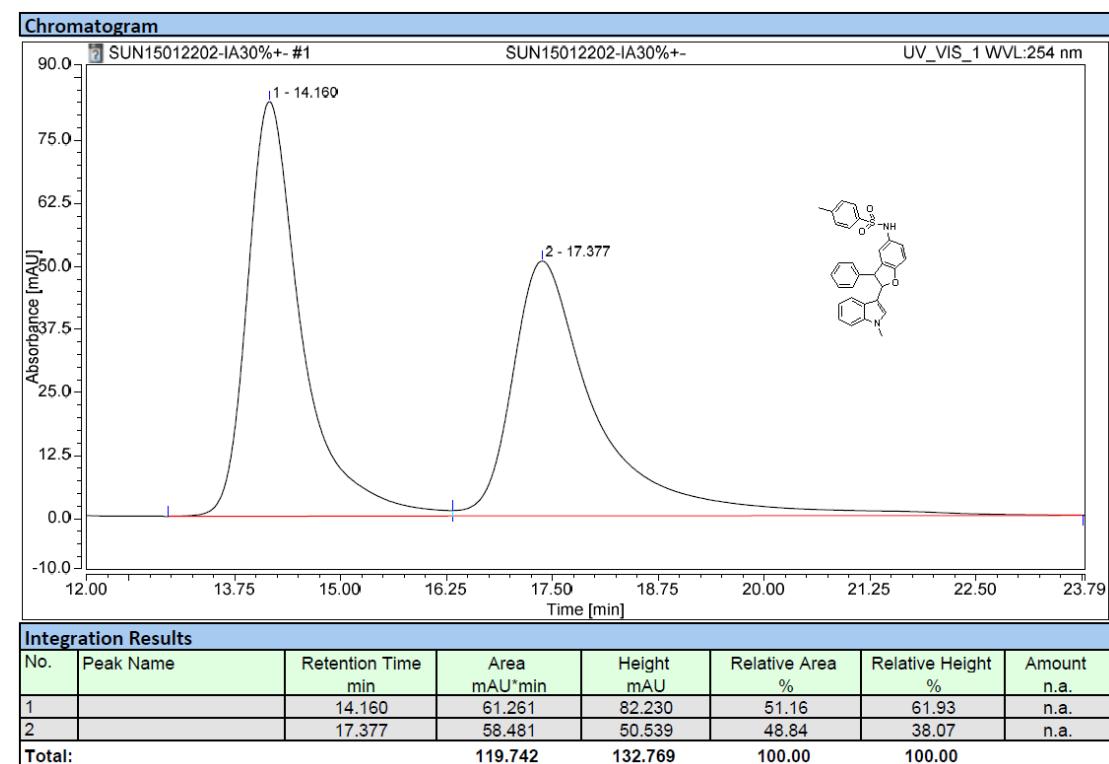
9. X-ray single crystal data for compound 3da



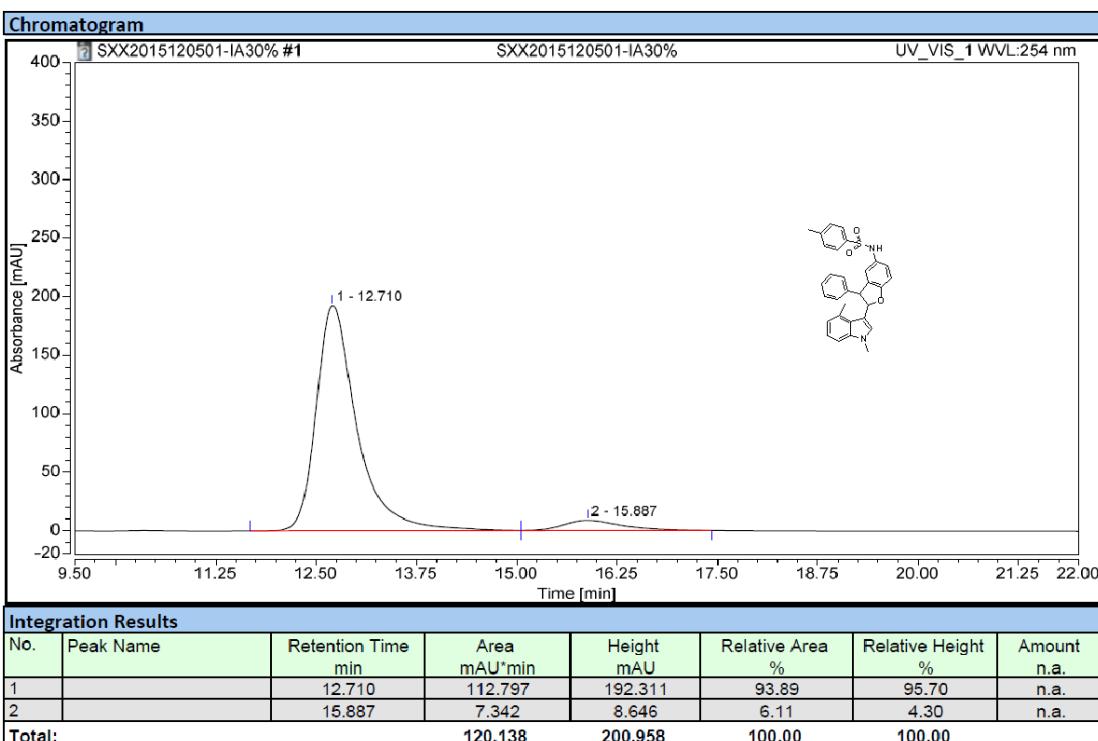
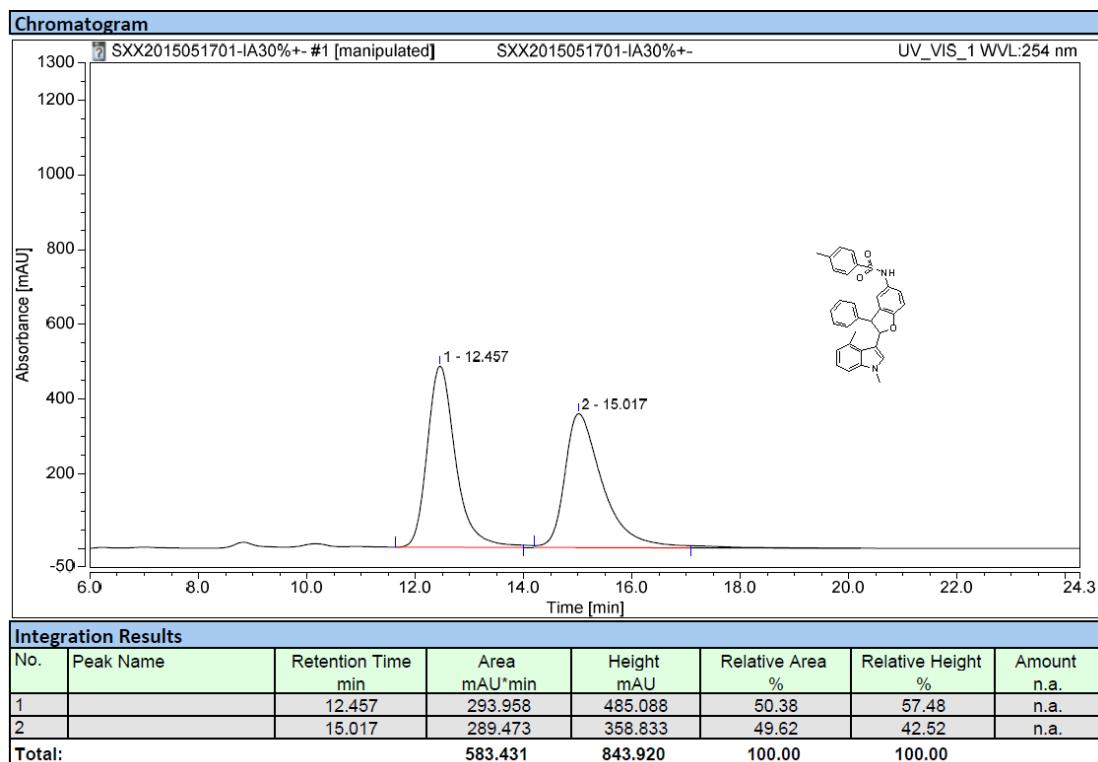
Empirical formula	C30 H25 F N2 O3 S	
Formula weight	512.58	
Temperature	296.15 K	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal system	Monoclinic	
Space group	P 1 21 1	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 5.552(3) Å	α = 90°.
	b = 17.133(8) Å	β = 93.446(7)°.
	c = 13.413(6) Å	γ = 90°.
Volume	1273.7(11) Å³	
Z	2	
Density (calculated)	1.337 Mg/m³	
Absorption coefficient	0.170 mm⁻¹	
F(000)	536	
Crystal size	0.31 x 0.3 x 0.25 mm³	
Theta range for data collection	1.930 to 27.643°.	
Index ranges	-7<=h<=6, -22<=k<=21, -17<=l<=16	
Reflections collected	7137	
Independent reflections	5119 [R(int) = 0.0256]	
Completeness to theta = 26.000°	98.7 %	
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalents	
Max. and min. transmission	0.7456 and 0.6064	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F²	
Data / restraints / parameters	5119 / 1 / 337	
Goodness-of-fit on F²	1.067	
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0785, wR2 = 0.2076	
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.1099, wR2 = 0.2371	
Absolute structure parameter	0.03(7)	
Extinction coefficient	0.026(8)	
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.896 and -0.337 e.Å⁻³	

10. HPLC spectra of products 3 generated by large scale reactions

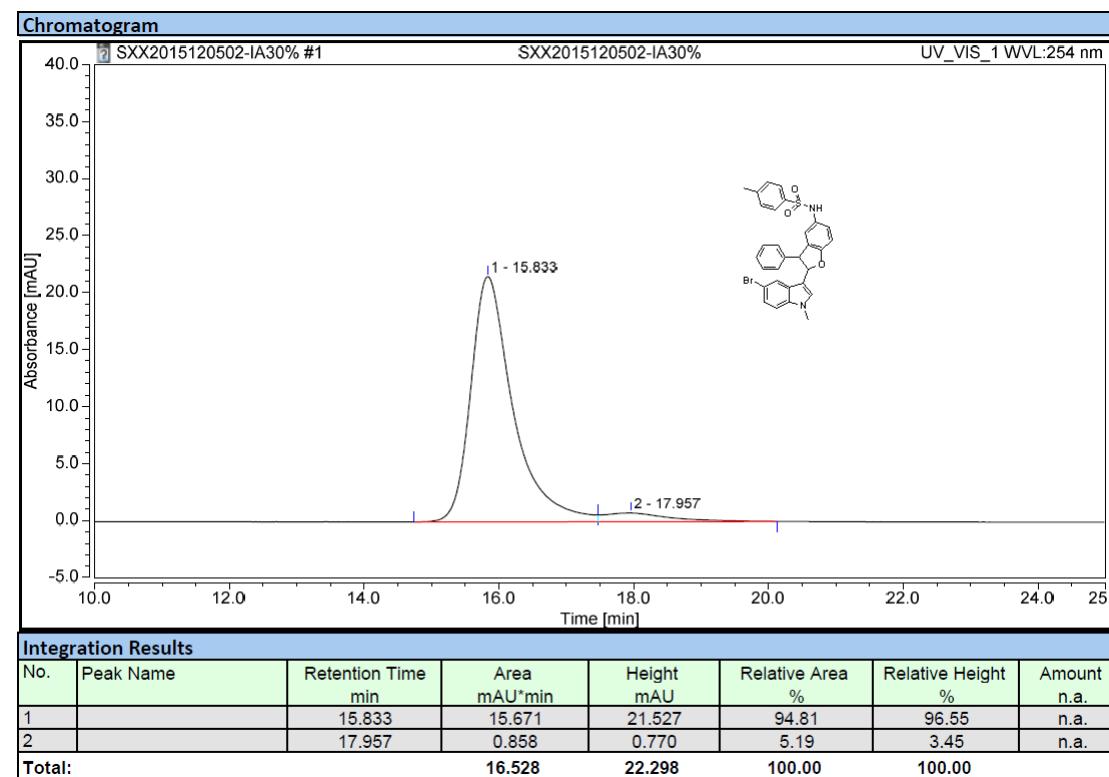
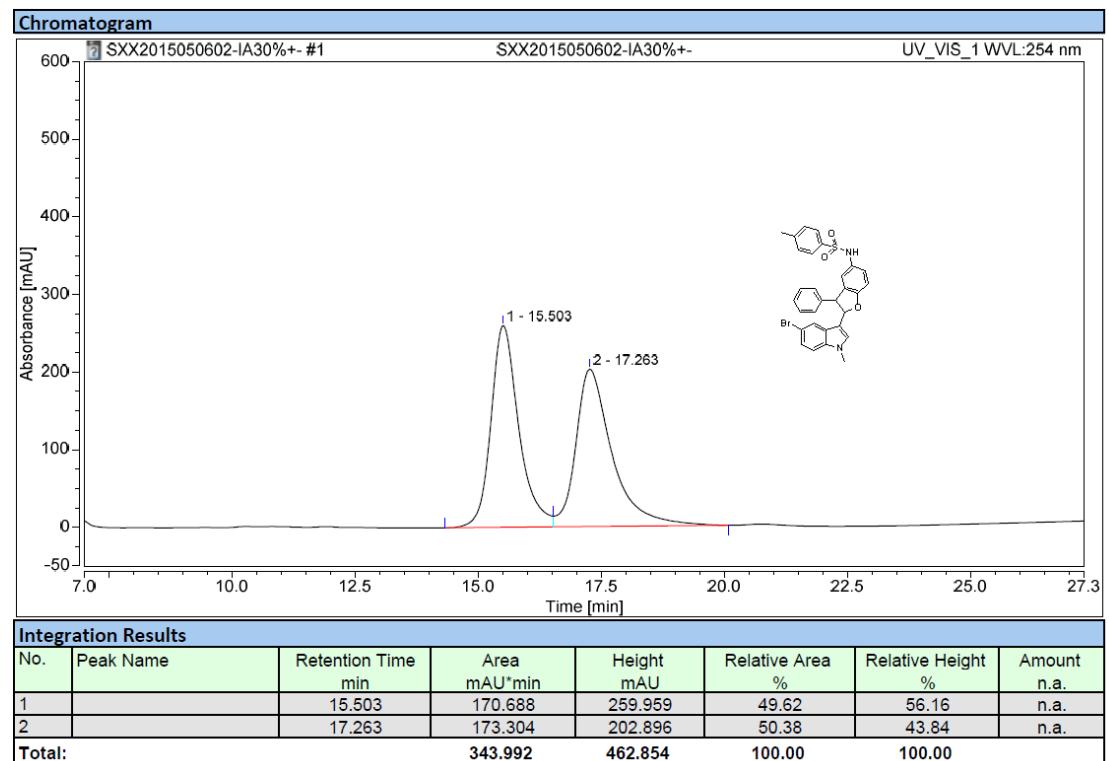
3aa (0.5 mmol scale)



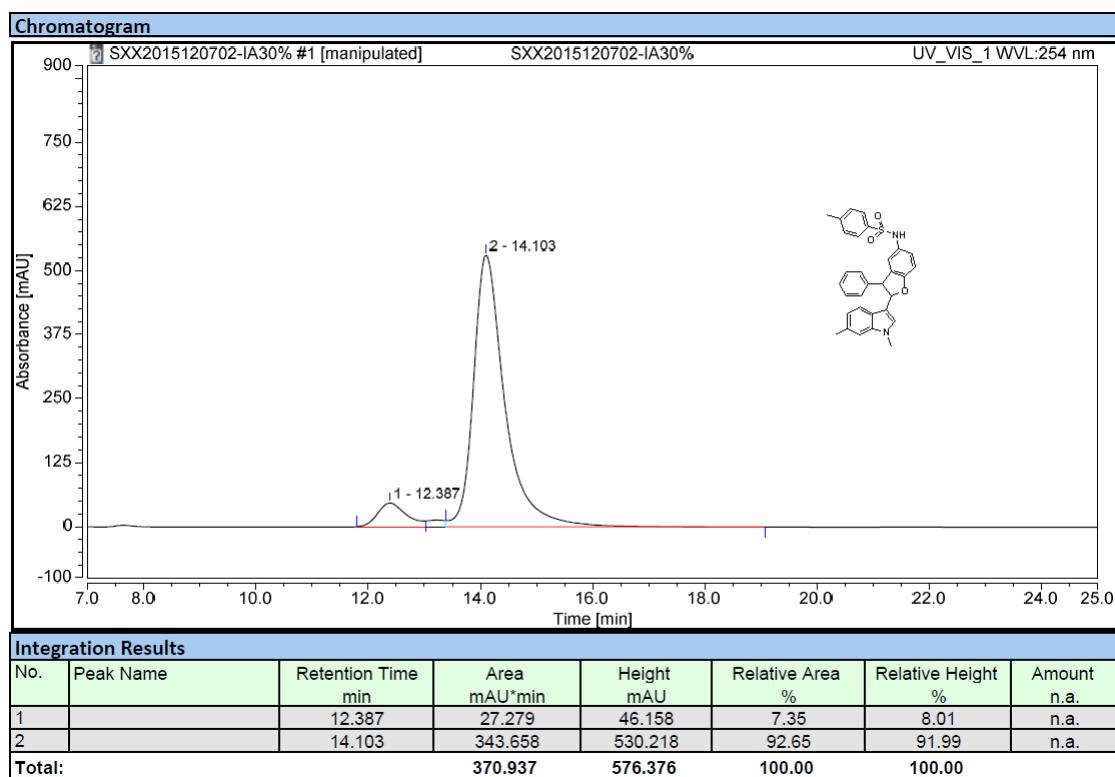
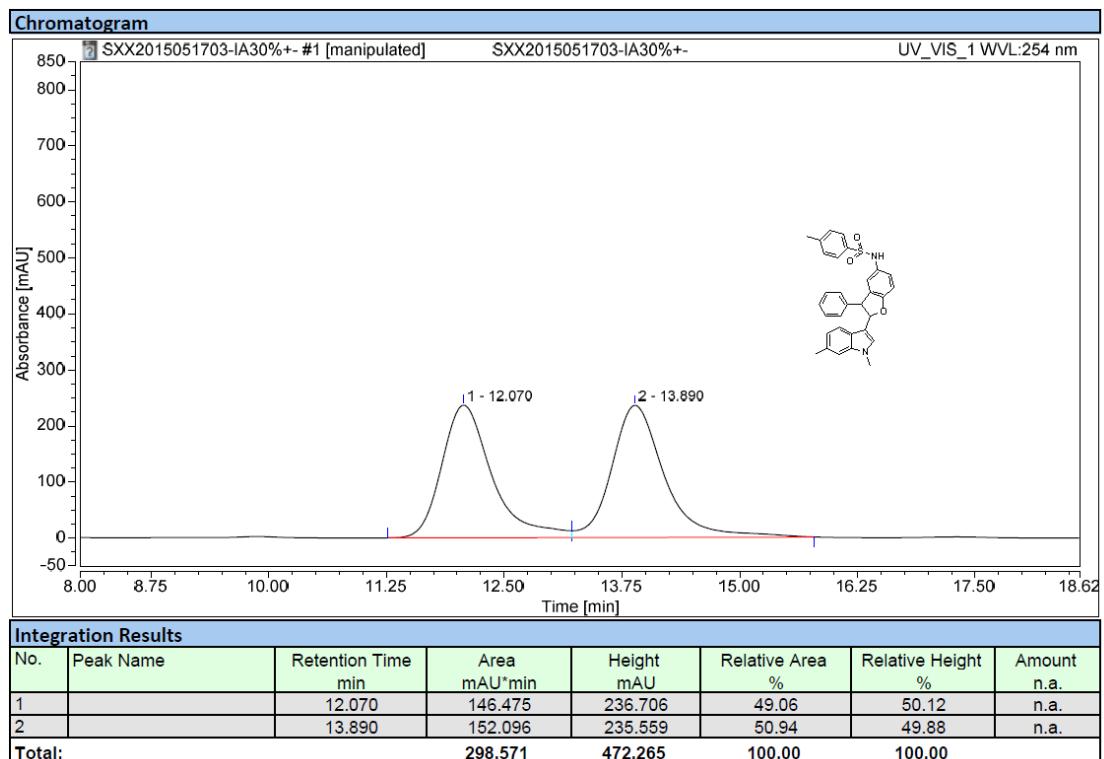
3ba (0.5 mmol scale)



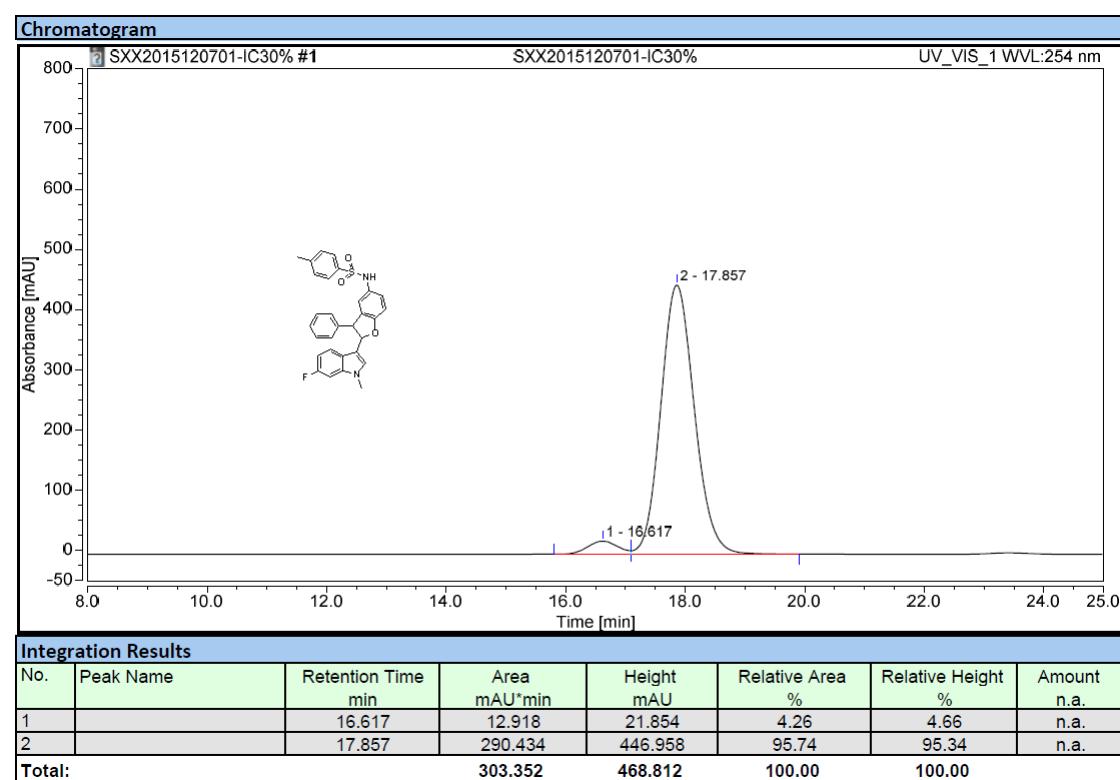
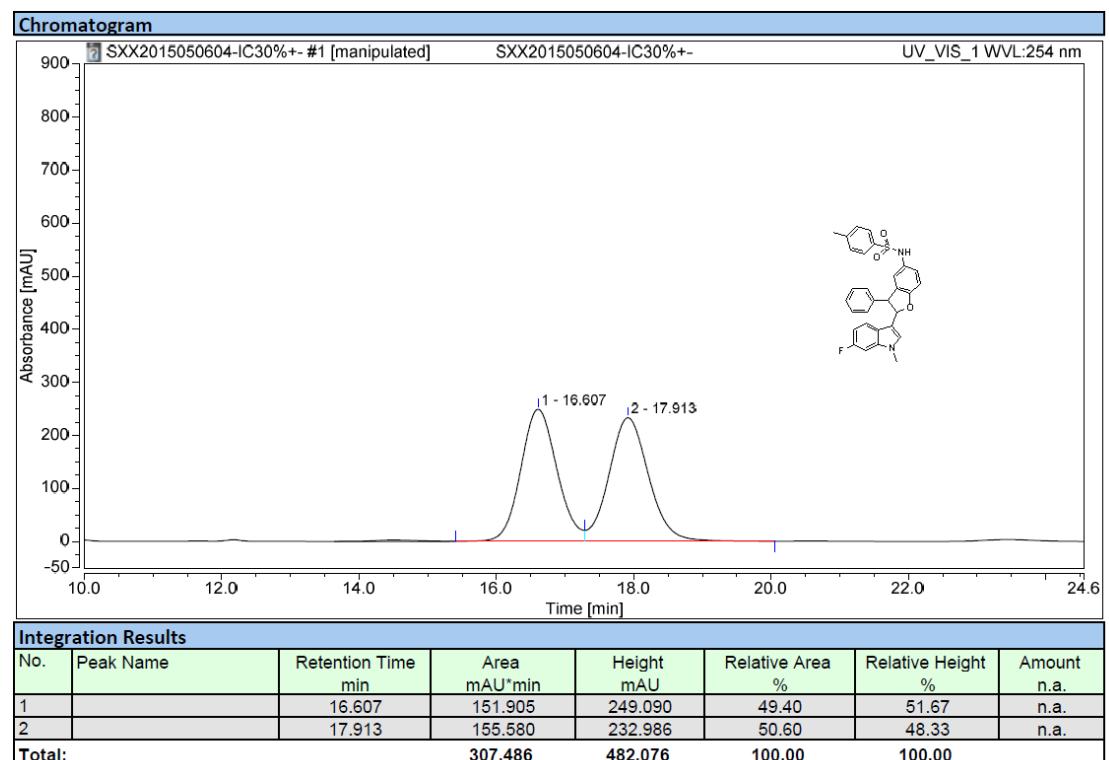
3fa (0.5 mmol scale)



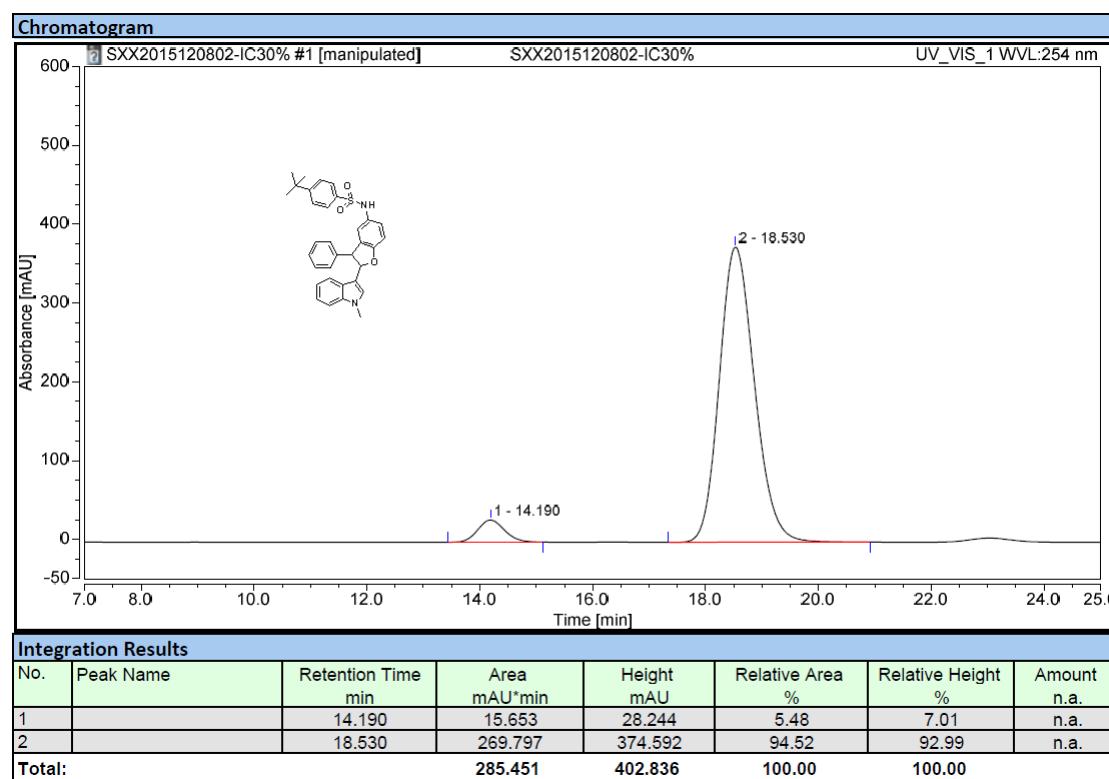
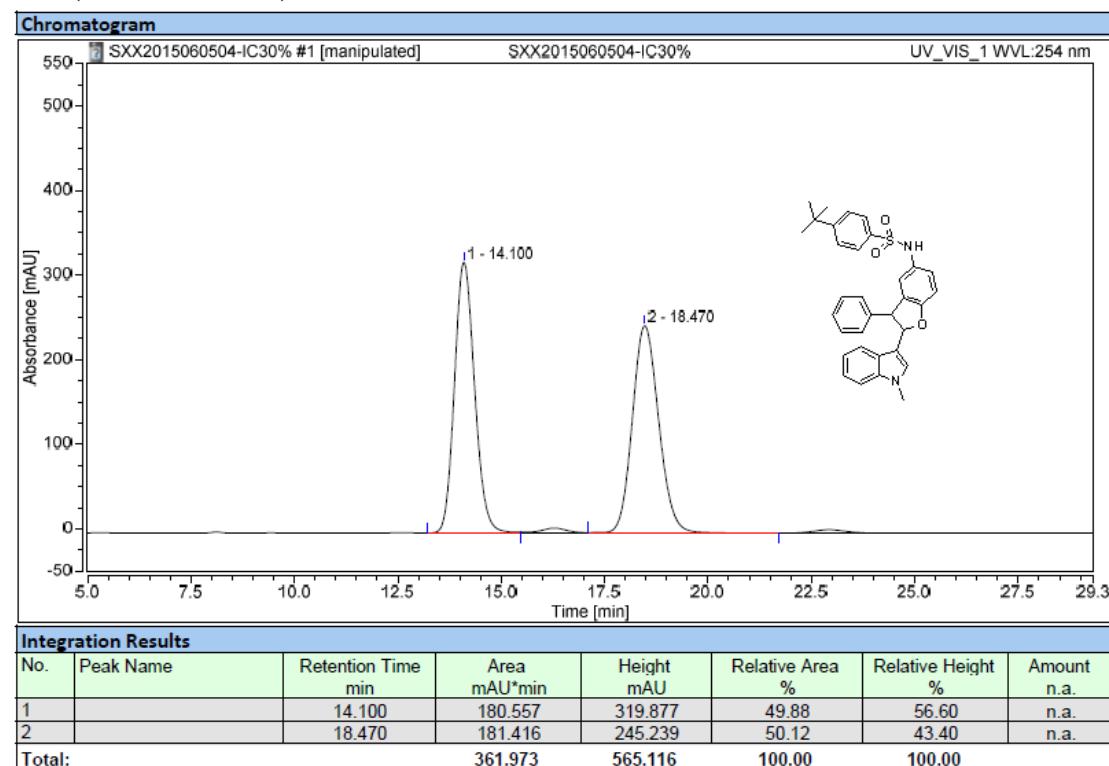
3ga (0.5 mmol scale)



3ha (0.5 mmol scale)



3ab (0.5 mmol scale)



3ha (3.5 mmol scale, 1.71 g)

