Supporting Information

Photoelectrochemical Generation of Hydrogen and Electricity from Hydrazine Hydrate Using BiVO₄ Electrodes

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Fig. S1 Photocurrent action spectrum of $BiM_{0.02}V_{0.98}O_4$ photoelectrode measured in 1mM Na₂SO₃ aqueous solution (pH7 phosphate buffered), applied bias 0.7 V *vs.* Ag/AgCl



Fig. S2 SEM Image of BiVO₄/FTO photoelectrode.



Fig. S3 Chopped light *I-V* profiles of BiVO4/FTO (green) $BiMo_{0.02}V_{0.98}O_4$ /FTO photoelectrode (red) measured in 0.1M NaH₂PO₄ aqueous solutions (pH7) under AM 1.5G (100 mWcm⁻²) irradiation.



Fig. S4 Steady state *I-V* profiles of $BiMo_{0.02}V_{0.98}O_4$ /FTO photoelectrode measured in (A) 0.1M NaH₂PO₄ and (B) 0.1M NaHCO₃ aqueous solutions (pH7) containing 0 mM (red) and 100 mM (blue) hydrazine hydrate under AM 1.5G (100 mWcm⁻²) irradiation.



Fig. S5 Steady state *I-V* profiles of $BiMo_{0.02}V_{0.98}O_4/FTO$ photoelectrode measured in 0.1M NaH_2PO_4 (red) and 0.1M $NaHCO_3$ (blue) aqueous solutions (pH7) containing 100 mM hydrazine hydrate under AM 1.5G (100 mWcm⁻²) irradiation.



Fig. S6 Chopped light photocurrent-time response profile of $BiMo_{0.02}V_{0.98}O_4/FTO$ photoelectrode measured at 0.0 V vs. Ag/AgCl under AM 1.5 G irradiation (100 mW cm⁻²).



Fig. S7 Cell polarization curves (I) and cell power output curves (*P-I*) operating with 40 mM hydrazine hydrate measured at 0 days (blue) and 15 days (red) in 0.1M NaHCO₃ aqueous solutions (pH7) under AM 1.5 G irradiation (100 mW cm⁻²).