

**First Principles study of Organic sensitizers for Dye Sensitized Solar Cells: Effects of  
Anchoring Groups on optoelectronic properties and Dye aggregation**

Santhanamoorthi Nachimuthu, Wei-Chieh Chen, Ermias Girma Leggesse and  
Jyh-Chiang Jiang<sup>1</sup>

Department of Chemical Engineering, National Taiwan University of Science and  
Technology, Taipei 106, Taiwan, R.O.C.

---

<sup>1</sup>Corresponding author Tel.: +886-2-27376653. Fax: +886-2-27376644

E-mail address: [jcjiang@mail.ntust.edu.tw](mailto:jcjiang@mail.ntust.edu.tw)

**Table S1.** The calculated absorption energies ( $\lambda$ , in nm) for the model dye L1 at different DFT functionals using 6-31G\* basis set at acetonitrile medium.

| Methods                                                     | L1           |                   | L2           |                   |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|
|                                                             | $\lambda$    | Exp. <sup>a</sup> | $\lambda$    | Exp. <sup>a</sup> |
| TDB3LYP//B3LYP                                              | 560.7        | 404               | 615.6        | 427               |
| TDBHandHLYP//B3LYP                                          | 441.0        |                   | 483.4        |                   |
| TDCAM-B3LYP//B3LYP                                          | 440.3        |                   | 479.7        |                   |
| TDM062X//B3LYP                                              | 445.6        |                   | 485.5        |                   |
| TD $\omega$ B97XD//B3LYP                                    | 426.0        |                   | 463.7        |                   |
| TDBHandHLYP//BHandHLYP                                      | 414.9        |                   | 452.2        |                   |
| TDCAM-B3LYP//CAM-B3LYP                                      | 414.9        |                   | 449.0        |                   |
| TDM062X//M062X                                              | 421.2        |                   | 455.9        |                   |
| <b>TD<math>\omega</math>B97XD//<math>\omega</math>B97XD</b> | <b>397.1</b> |                   | <b>430.6</b> |                   |

<sup>a</sup>taken from Ref.

**Table S2.** The calculated most representative absorption energies ( $\lambda$ , in nm), oscillator strengths ( $f$  in a.u.), and the corresponding MO transitions of designed dyes with  $\text{PO}_3\text{H}_2$  anchoring group at TD  $\omega\text{B97XD}/\omega\text{B97XD}/6\text{-31G}^*$  level of theory.

| Dyes                                      | State               | $\lambda$ | $f$  | Transition assignment                                                                    |
|-------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>D<math>\pi</math>-CDM</b>              | S0 $\rightarrow$ S1 | 642.8     | 0.12 | H-1 $\rightarrow$ L+0 (67%)                                                              |
|                                           | S0 $\rightarrow$ S3 | 343.0     | 1.55 | H-0 $\rightarrow$ L+1 (28%), H-1 $\rightarrow$ L+1 (25%)                                 |
| <b>D<math>\pi</math>-<sup>CN</sup>CDM</b> | S0 $\rightarrow$ S1 | 630.5     | 0.18 | H-1 $\rightarrow$ L+0 (64%), H-0 $\rightarrow$ L+0 (19%)                                 |
|                                           | S0 $\rightarrow$ S3 | 357.3     | 1.47 | H-1 $\rightarrow$ L+1 (35%), H-0 $\rightarrow$ L+1 (19%)                                 |
| <b>D<math>\pi</math>-TP</b>               | S0 $\rightarrow$ S1 | 487.7     | 0.84 | H-0 $\rightarrow$ L+0 (51%), H-1 $\rightarrow$ L+0 (44%)                                 |
|                                           | S0 $\rightarrow$ S3 | 339.5     | 0.35 | H-1 $\rightarrow$ L+0 (27%), H-0 $\rightarrow$ L+0 (23%),<br>H-0 $\rightarrow$ L+1 (21%) |
|                                           | S0 $\rightarrow$ S4 | 300.2     | 0.54 | H-0 $\rightarrow$ L+1 (37%), H-1 $\rightarrow$ L+1 (25%)                                 |
| <b>D<math>\pi</math>-<sup>CN</sup>TP</b>  | S0 $\rightarrow$ S1 | 511.1     | 1.00 | H-0 $\rightarrow$ L+0 (52%), H-1 $\rightarrow$ L+0 (43%)                                 |
|                                           | S0 $\rightarrow$ S4 | 312.4     | 0.49 | H-1 $\rightarrow$ L+1 (45%), H-0 $\rightarrow$ L+1 (31%)                                 |
| <b>D<math>\pi</math>-CDT</b>              | S0 $\rightarrow$ S1 | 385.8     | 1.99 | H-0 $\rightarrow$ L+0 (43%), H-1 $\rightarrow$ L+0 (42%)                                 |
| <b>D<math>\pi</math>-<sup>CN</sup>CDT</b> | S0 $\rightarrow$ S1 | 412.0     | 1.98 | H-1 $\rightarrow$ L+0 (52%), H-0 $\rightarrow$ L+0 (32%)                                 |

\*H and L represent HOMO and LUMO, respectively.

**Table S3.** The calculated most representative absorption energies ( $\lambda$ , in nm), oscillator strengths ( $f$  in a.u.), and the corresponding MO transitions of designed dyes with SO<sub>3</sub>H anchoring group at TD  $\omega$ B97XD// $\omega$ B97XD/6-31G\* level of theory.

| Dyes                                      | State | $\lambda$ | $f$  | Transition assignment                             |
|-------------------------------------------|-------|-----------|------|---------------------------------------------------|
| <b>D<math>\pi</math>-CDM</b>              | S0→S1 | 637.3     | 0.14 | H-1->L+0 (64%)                                    |
|                                           | S0→S3 | 346.8     | 1.63 | H-1->L+1 (26%), H-0->L+1 (24%),<br>H-0->L+2 (21%) |
| <b>D<math>\pi</math>-<sup>CN</sup>CDM</b> | S0→S1 | 630.8     | 0.21 | H-1->L+0 (61%), H-0->L+0 (19%)                    |
|                                           | S0→S3 | 364.7     | 1.48 | H-1->L+1 (36%), H-0->L+1 (20%)                    |
| <b>D<math>\pi</math>-TP</b>               | S0→S1 | 493.9     | 0.91 | H-0->L+0 (50%), H-1->L+0 (45%)                    |
|                                           | S0→S3 | 345.7     | 0.22 | H-1->L+0 (30%), H-0->L+0 (28%)                    |
|                                           | S0→S4 | 302.7     | 0.63 | H-0->L+1 (36%), H-1->L+1 (30%)                    |
| <b>D<math>\pi</math>-<sup>CN</sup>TP</b>  | S0→S1 | 521.9     | 1.06 | H-0->L+0 (52%), H-1->L+0 (43%)                    |
|                                           | S0→S4 | 315.1     | 0.50 | H-1->L+1 (47%), H-0->L+1 (29%)                    |
| <b>D<math>\pi</math>-CDT</b>              | S0→S1 | 392.7     | 2.02 | H-1->L+0 (48%), H-0->L+0 (35%)                    |
| <b>D<math>\pi</math>-<sup>CN</sup>CDT</b> | S0→S1 | 422.1     | 1.97 | H-1->L+0 (53%), H-0->L+0 (29%)                    |

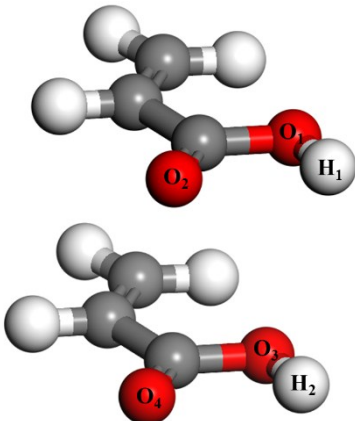
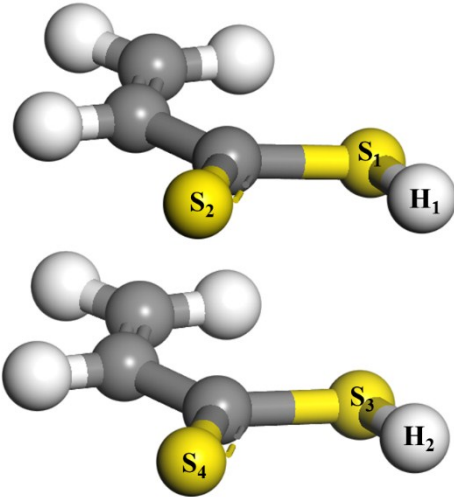
\*H and L represent HOMO and LUMO, respectively.

**Table S4.** The calculated dihedral angle values (  $\theta$  in degrees) between different units for the face-to-face dimeric configurations including isolated monomer and individual monomers in dimer. ( See figure 8 for dihedral angle definition)

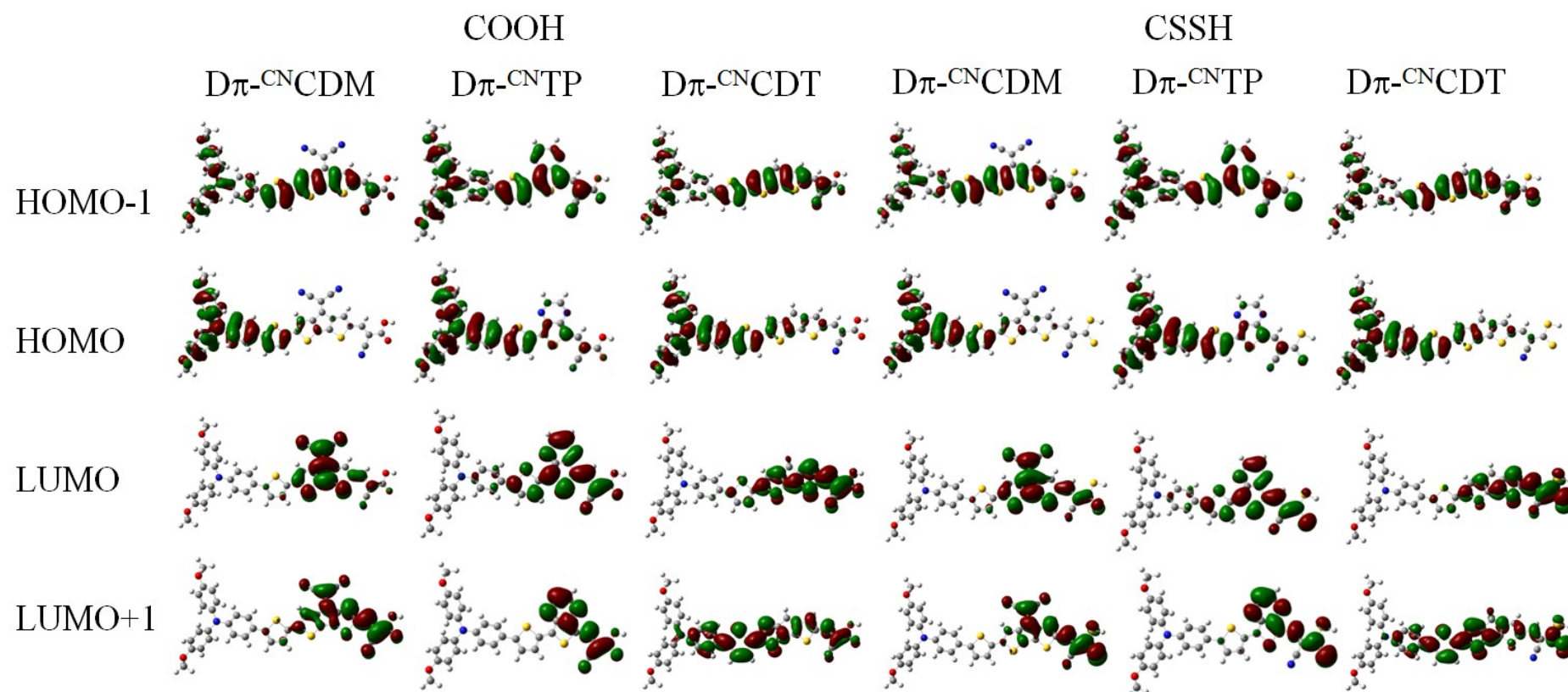
| Anchoring group | Acceptor group | Type* | $\theta_1$ | $\theta_2$ | $\theta_3$ |
|-----------------|----------------|-------|------------|------------|------------|
| <b>COOH</b>     | CDM            | IM    | 0.51       | 0.96       | -26.49     |
|                 |                | M1    | 17.06      | 6.36       | 11.67      |
|                 |                | M2    | -12.97     | -5.94      | 27.17      |
|                 | TP             | IM    | -0.02      | 0.09       | -1.14      |
|                 |                | M1    | -12.24     | -3.43      | -10.89     |
|                 |                | M2    | -4.19      | 11.71      | 2.73       |
|                 | CDT            | IM    | -0.02      | 0.07       | -29.33     |
|                 |                | M1    | 16.56      | 2.99       | 17.59      |
|                 |                | M2    | -13.51     | -6.73      | 29.14      |
| <b>CSSH</b>     | CDM            | IM    | -0.30      | 0.71       | -26.08     |
|                 |                | M1    | -1.04      | 2.34       | -8.71      |
|                 |                | M2    | -3.82      | 1.16       | 10.98      |
|                 | TP             | IM    | -0.12      | -0.01      | -1.90      |
|                 |                | M1    | -5.85      | -0.41      | -7.30      |
|                 |                | M2    | -4.42      | -0.19      | 5.08       |
|                 | CDT            | IM    | 1.32       | 1.21       | -23.32     |
|                 |                | M1    | -7.82      | -1.26      | -18.25     |
|                 |                | M2    | -5.19      | 0.58       | -4.29      |

\*IM, M1 and M2 are Isolated monomer dye, individual monomer dye 1 in dimer and individual monomer dye 2 in dimer, respectively.

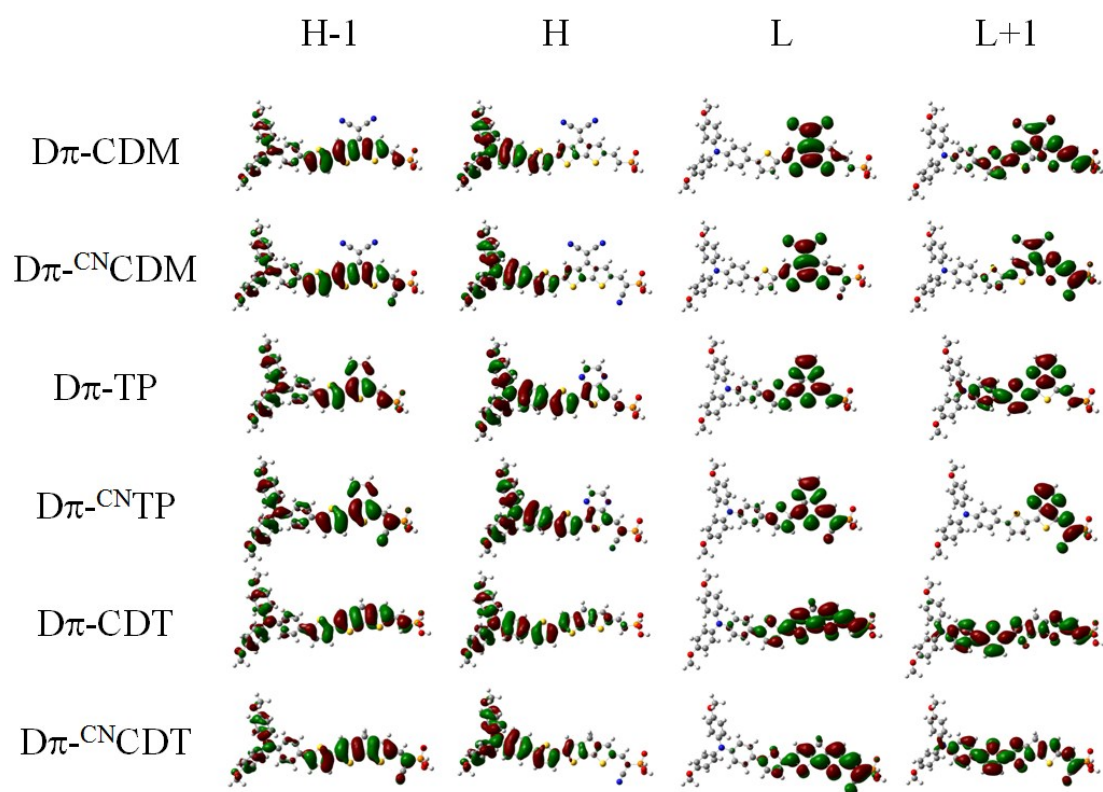
**Table S5.** The calculated hydrogen bond distances (in Å) between individual monomers of Head-to-Head dimeric configuration of designed dyes.

| System                                                                              | Acceptor group | R1   | R2   | R3   | R4   |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|------|------|------|------|
|    | CDM            | 4.52 | 5.94 | 3.83 | 1.98 |
|                                                                                     | TP             | 2.07 | 3.86 | 3.53 | 3.77 |
|                                                                                     | CDT            | 4.52 | 5.92 | 3.83 | 1.99 |
|  | CDM            | 4.62 | 4.23 | 3.76 | 5.50 |
|                                                                                     | TP             | 4.71 | 4.29 | 3.65 | 5.51 |
|                                                                                     | CDT            | 3.26 | 4.75 | 4.83 | 5.01 |

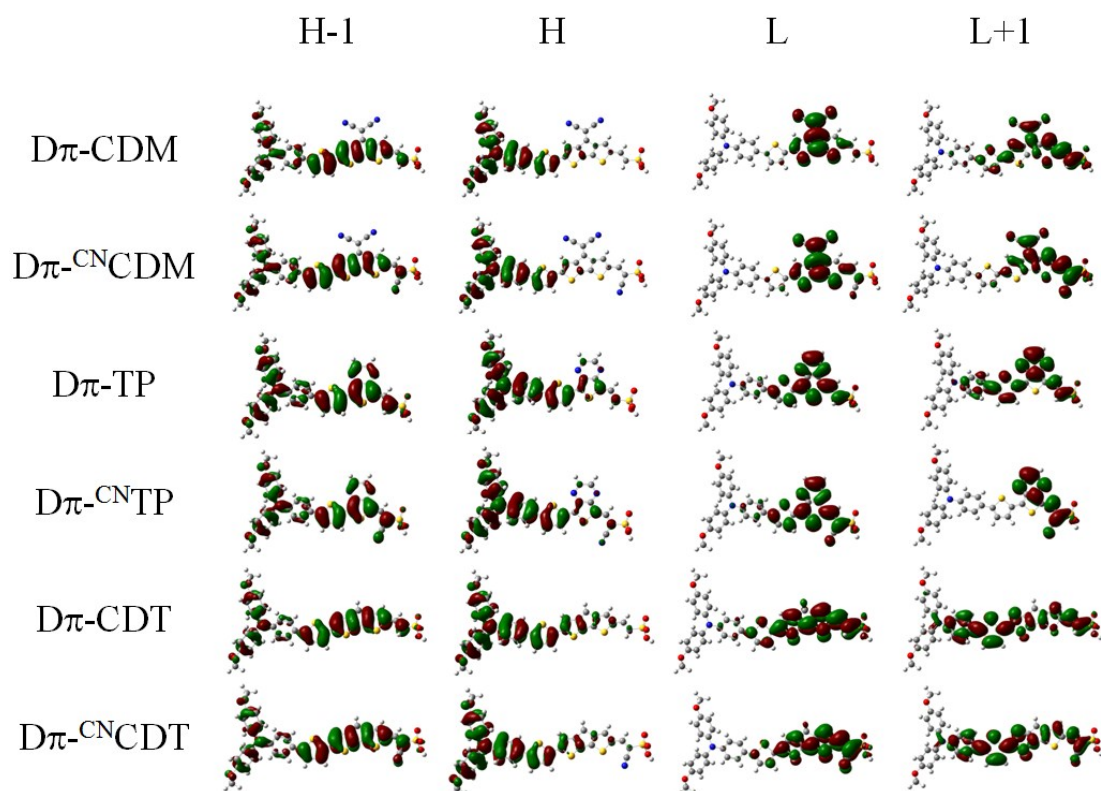
R1, R2, R3 and R4 are distances of O<sub>1</sub>...H<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub>...H<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>3</sub>...H<sub>1</sub> and O<sub>4</sub>...H<sub>1</sub> for COOH and S<sub>1</sub>...H<sub>2</sub>, S<sub>2</sub>...H<sub>2</sub>, S<sub>3</sub>...H<sub>1</sub> and S<sub>4</sub>...H<sub>1</sub> for CSSH dyes.



**Figure S1.** Isodensity plots of selected frontier molecular orbitals of the designed dyes with different acceptors and anchoring groups containing CN. The calculations were performed by  $\omega$ B97XD/6-31G\* level of theory and the isovalue is 0.02 a.u.



**Figure S2.** Isodensity plots of selected frontier molecular orbitals of the designed dyes with different acceptors and PO<sub>3</sub>H<sub>2</sub> anchoring group. The calculations were performed by  $\omega$ B97XD/6-31G\* level of theory and the isovalue is 0.02 a.u.



**Figure S3.** Isodensity plots of selected frontier molecular orbitals of the designed dyes with different acceptors and SO<sub>3</sub>H anchoring group. The calculations were performed by  $\omega$ B97XD/6-31G\* level of theory and the isovalue is 0.02 a.u.