Supporting Information

Ni nanoparticles supported on CNTs with excellent activity produced by atomic layer deposition for hydrogen generation from hydrolysis of ammonia borane

Jiankang Zhang,^{a,b} Chaoqiu Chen,^a* Wenjun Yan, ^a Feifei Duan,^a Bin Zhang,^a Zhe Gao^a and Yong Qin^a*

^a State Key Laboratory of Coal Conversion, Institute of Coal Chemistry, Chinese

Academy of Sciences, Taiyuan 030001, P. R. China

^bUniversity of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100039, P. R. China



Fig. S1. XPS survey spectra (a) and XPS Ni 2p spectra (b) for NiO/CNTs and Ni/CNTs.



Fig. S2. Photographs of the Ni/CNTs catalysts before (left) and after (right) magnetic separation.

Catalyst -		Heterocarbon					
	C=C	C-C	C-O	C=O	O=C-O	π-π*	(%)
CNTs	71.6	9.0	8.8	2.4	2.4	5.8	13.6
NiO/CNTs	37.1	21.4	13.3	6.4	21.6	0.2	41.3

4.1

4.8

4.6

19.7

10.8

 Table S1. Relative content of XPS C1s functional groups of CNTs, NiO/CNTs and Ni/CNTs.

 Table S2. Data comparison of Ni/CNTs catalysts before and after Pt doping.

17.5

Ni/CNTs

58.2

Catalysts	Pt loading (wt%)	Average size (nm)	Induction period (s)	Completion time (min)
Ni/CNTs	0	5.6	15	4.5
Pt-Ni/CNTs	0.68	3.6	0	2.0



Fig. S3. Hydrogen generation from AB solution (0.15 mol/L, 10.0 mL) at 25 ± 0.5 °C catalyzed by Ni/CNTs, Ni/XC-72 and Ni/G.



Fig. S4. Hydrogen generation from AB solution (0.15 mol/L, 10.0 mL) at 25 ± 0.5 °C catalyzed by Pt-Ni/CNTs obtained at different reduction temperatures.



Fig. S5. Hydrogen generation from AB solution (0.15 mol/L, 10.0 mL) catalyzed by Ni/CNTs (a) and Pt promoted Pt-Ni/CNTs (c) bimetallic catalysts during a three-cycle and six-cycle durability test at 25 ± 0.5 °C, respectively ; The corresponding TEM images after three (b) and six (d) catalytic cycles, respectively.