

Supporting Information

Theoretical Study about Mo₂C(101)-Catalyzed Hydrodeoxygenation of Butyric Acid to Butane for Biomass Conversion

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Table S1. Influence of relaxed-layer thickness on adsorption energies on the clean $p(2\times 2)$ surface (in eV, nR/mL, n for relaxed layers, and m for total layers; the ZPE corrected adsorption energies are given in parenthesis)

	1R/4L	2R/4L	3R/4L
R-CO	-3.28 (-3.22)	-3.29 (-3.23)	-3.28 (-3.22)
R-CH ₂ O	-4.40 (-4.34)	-4.40 (-4.34)	-4.41 (-4.35)
R-CH ₂	-2.84 (-2.76)	-2.85 (-2.77)	-2.82 (-2.74)

Table S2. Test calculations for the choice of vacuum thickness for the perpendicular adsorption of butyric acid on the clean $p(2\times 2)$ surface

Vacuum/ Å	E _{ads} / eV
12	-0.47
15	-0.89
17	-0.91
20	-0.91

Table S3: Bond distances (d , Å) of the IS, TS and FS for all the reaction pathways.

	$d_{\text{MoA-O}}$	$d_{\text{MoA-C}}$	$d_{\text{MoA-H}}$	$d_{\text{C-O}}$	$d_{\text{C-H}}$	$d_{\text{O-H}}$
IS1	2.345, 2.022	2.439	1.972, 2.004	1.505		
TS1	2.214, 2.089	2.168	1.889, 1.894	1.954		
FS1	2.186, 2.151, 2.180	2.122	1.885, 1.928	5.358		
IS2	2.345, 2.022	2.439	1.972, 2.004		2.942	
TS2	2.215, 2.249	2.358	1.731		1.694	
FS2	2.020, 2.267	3.068	3.370		1.108	
IS3	2.345, 2.022	2.439	1.972, 2.004			2.472
TS3	2.235, 2.357	2.252	1.904			1.288
FS3	2.332, 2.310	2.253	2.864			0.981
IS4	2.092, 2.302	2.277	1.887, 1.879	1.320		
TS4	1.807, 2.953	2.346	1.888, 1.918	1.908		
FS4	1.727, 2.344	2.125, 2.348	1.874, 1.935	4.440		
IS5	2.147, 2.181, 2.151	2.153	1.915, 1.896		2.685	
TS5	2.211, 2.164, 2.163	2.154	1.762		1.658	
FS5	2.015, 2.167, 2.166	2.375, 2.489			1.101	
IS6	2.147, 2.182, 2.151	2.153	1.915, 1.896			3.050
TS6	2.139, 2.149	2.161	1.978			1.426
FS6	2.148, 2.343	2.146				0.983
IS7	2.002, 2.184, 2.156	2.428, 2.461	1.914, 1.897		3.230	
TS7	2.093, 2.168, 2.169	2.393	1.886, 1.958		1.587	
FS7	2.164, 2.156, 2.168, 2.169				1.106	
IS8	2.002, 2.184, 2.156	2.428, 2.461	1.914, 1.897			3.051
TS8	2.008, 2.168	2.377, 2.502	1.849			1.398
FS8	2.021, 2.358	2.345, 2.523				0.979
IS9	2.175, 2.148, 2.156, 2.188		1.915, 1.933			3.078
TS9	2.164, 2.156, 2.172		1.949			1.411
FS9	2.326, 2.171, 2.164					0.980
IS10	2.144, 2.188, 2.184, 2.159		1.919, 1.908			3.068
TS10	2.153, 2.171, 2.148		1.961			1.399
FS10	2.165, 2.159, 2.346					0.979
IS11	2.161, 2.185, 2.316		1.880, 1.930			3.055
TS11	2.157, 2.317		1.949			1.355
FS11	2.350, 2.332					0.978
IS12	2.334, 2.154, 2.170		1.897, 1.949			3.065
TS12	2.339, 2.178		1.938			1.389
FS12	2.350, 2.332					0.980
IS13	2.327		1.900, 1.888	1.461		
TS13	2.097		1.897, 1.863	2.160		
FS13	2.164, 2.164	2.231	1.838, 1.847	4.895		
IS14	2.150, 2.181	2.260	1.876, 1.913		2.602	
TS14	2.161, 2.173	2.411	1.759		1.646	
FS14	2.167, 2.170		2.148		1.101	
IS15	2.150, 2.181	2.260	1.876, 1.913			3.015
TS15	2.130	2.267	1.968			1.453

FS15	2.318	2.239		0.983
IS16	2.186, 2.151, 2.180	2.122	1.928, 1.885	2.702
TS16	2.350, 2.165, 2.164	2.086	1.830	1.309
FS16	2.401, 2.169, 2.169	2.039		0.984
IS17	2.147, 2.182, 2.151	2.153	1.915, 1.896	1.279
TS17	1.807, 2.189, 2.153	1.920	1.899, 1.933	1.937
FS17	1.925, 2.083, 2.163, 2.179	2.222, 2.088		3.278
IS18	2.035, 2.157, 2.181	2.418, 2.466	1.941, 1.827	2.342
TS18	2.201, 2.164, 2.180	2.421, 2.510	1.851	1.339
FS18	2.24, 2.178, 2.1693	2.286		0.981
IS19	2.002, 2.184, 2.156	2.428, 2.461	1.914, 1.897	1.369
TS19	1.796, 2.185, 2.160	2.497, 2.067, 2.506	1.913, 1.894	2.080
FS19	1.926, 2.090, 2.161, 2.229	2.168, 2.216, 2.497	1.915, 1.951, 1.938	3.071
IS20	2.144, 2.188, 2.184, 2.159		1.919, 1.908	1.431
TS20	1.796, 2.175, 2.168	3.350	1.911, 1.860	2.066
FS20	1.727, 2.169, 2.152	2.232	1.878, 1.857	3.223
IS21	2.150, 2.181	2.260	1.876, 1.913	1.144
TS21	2.153, 2.182	2.287	1.843, 1.919, 1.753	1.780
FS21	2.183, 2.158	2.260, 2.467	1.992, 2.038, 2.021, 1.928, 1.885	2.954
2OH	2.141, 2.190, 2.141, 2.190			3.305, 0.976
TS(H-OH)	2.088, 1.861			1.427, 1.077
H ₂ O+O	2.275, 1.760			1.013, 1.680

Table S4: Reaction barrier E_a (eV) and reaction energy E_r (eV) of all the reaction pathways (values including ZPE in parentheses, R represents the propyl group)

<i>Reaction pathway</i>	E_a	E_r
R-COOH+H $\rightarrow$ TS1 $\rightarrow$ R-CO+OH+H	0.25 (0.19)	-0.88 (-0.94)
R-COOH+H $\rightarrow$ TS2 $\rightarrow$ R-CHO(OH)	1.29 (1.23)	-0.35 (-0.22)
R-COOH+H $\rightarrow$ TS3 $\rightarrow$ R-C(OH) ₂	1.38 (1.31)	0.77 (0.88)
R-COOH+H $\rightarrow$ TS4 $\rightarrow$ R-COH+O+H	1.31 (1.24)	-0.02 (-0.07)
R-CO+OH+H $\rightarrow$ TS5 $\rightarrow$ R-CHO+OH	0.83 (0.79)	-0.19 (-0.09)
R-CO + OH +H $\rightarrow$ TS6 $\rightarrow$ R-CO + H ₂ O	1.41 (1.30)	0.61 (0.68)
R-CHO+OH+H $\rightarrow$ TS7 $\rightarrow$ R-CH ₂ O+OH	0.95 (0.91)	-0.19 (-0.09)
R-CHO+OH+H $\rightarrow$ TS8 $\rightarrow$ R-CHO+H ₂ O	1.56 (1.47)	0.48 (0.56)
R-CH ₂ O+OH+H $\rightarrow$ TS9 $\rightarrow$ R-CH ₂ OH+OH	1.36 (1.26)	0.29 (0.40)
R-CH ₂ O+OH+H $\rightarrow$ TS10 $\rightarrow$ R-CH ₂ O+H ₂ O	1.44 (1.36)	0.50 (0.60)
R-CH ₂ OH+OH+H $\rightarrow$ TS11 $\rightarrow$ R-CH ₂ OH+H ₂ O	1.52 (1.44)	0.69 (0.79)
R-CH ₂ O+H ₂ O $\rightarrow$ TS12 $\rightarrow$ R-CH ₂ OH+H ₂ O	1.50 (1.41)	0.57 (0.70)
R-CH ₂ OH+H $\rightarrow$ TS13 $\rightarrow$ R-CH ₂ +OH+H	1.63 (1.50)	-0.75 (-0.83)
R-CH ₂ +OH+H $\rightarrow$ TS14 $\rightarrow$ R-CH ₃ +OH	0.74 (0.70)	-0.46 (-0.35)
R-CH ₂ +OH+H $\rightarrow$ TS15 $\rightarrow$ R-CH ₂ +H ₂ O	1.31 (1.20)	0.44 (0.52)
R-CO+OH+H $\rightarrow$ TS16 $\rightarrow$ R-COH+OH	1.90 (1.79)	1.08 (1.18)
R-CO+OH+H $\rightarrow$ TS17 $\rightarrow$ R-C+O+OH+H	1.80 (1.70)	0.16 (0.09)
R-CHO+OH+H $\rightarrow$ TS18 $\rightarrow$ R-CHOH+OH	1.41 (1.34)	0.45 (0.58)
R-CHO+OH+H $\rightarrow$ TS19 $\rightarrow$ R-CH+O+OH+H	1.15 (1.10)	0.41 (0.33)
R-CH ₂ O+OH+H $\rightarrow$ TS20 $\rightarrow$ R-CH ₂ +O+OH+H	2.31 (2.19)	0.17 (0.10)
R-CH ₂ +OH+H $\rightarrow$ TS21 $\rightarrow$ R'-CH=CH ₂ +2H+OH	1.17 (1.00)	0.12 (0.00)
2OH $\rightarrow$ TS(H-OH) $\rightarrow$ H ₂ O + O	0.41 (0.33)	0.23 (0.23)

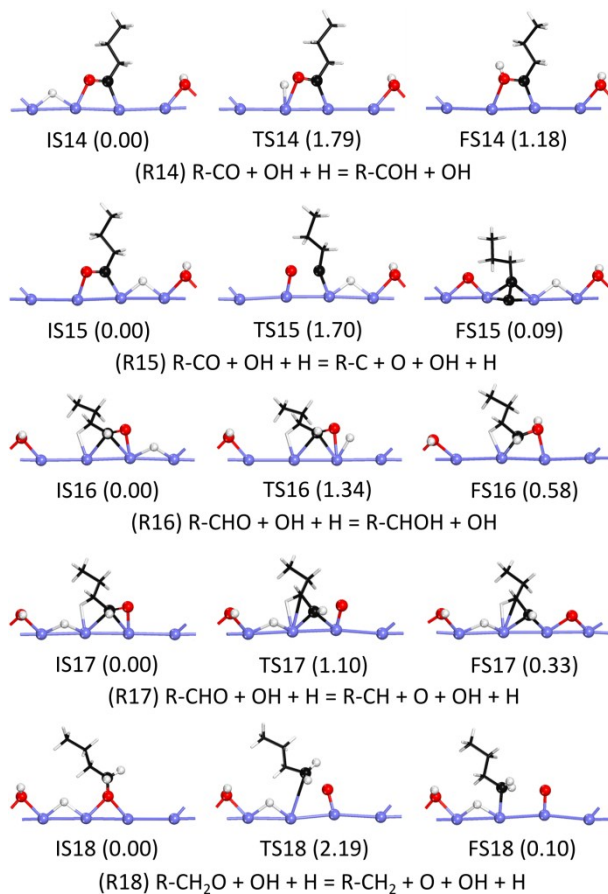


Figure S1: Side views of all the optimized geometries for the C-O dissociation and hydrogenation of O atom (Mo/blue, H/white, C/black, O/red)

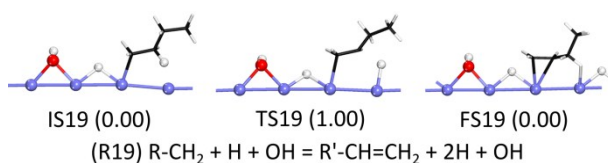


Figure S2: Side views of the optimized geometries for the β -H elimination of R-CH_2 (Mo/blue, H/white, C/black, O/red)

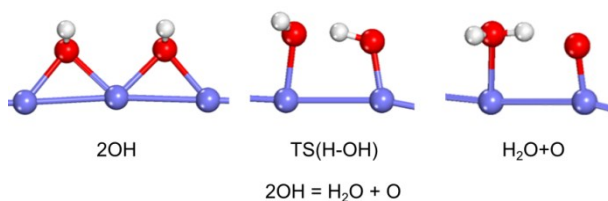


Figure S3: Side views of the optimized geometries for the disproportionation of OH (Mo/blue, H/white, O/red).