## Supplementary information

# Rapid degradation of cyclic peroxides by titanium and antimony chlorides

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Fig. S2. ethyl propanoate (EP) 3:1 TiCl<sub>4</sub> – Variable Temp experiment





**Fig. S4.** TPTP 1:2 TiCl<sub>4</sub> – Variable Temp experiment



Fig. S5. TPTP 1:2 TiCl<sub>4</sub> (sealed 5 mm NMR tube sample over days) showing only trace chlorination product formation

Fig. S6. TPTP 1:0.5 TiCl<sub>4</sub> (sealed 10 mm NMR tube sample for collection of precipitate)

100min	"M			Mr.M.		Man	Mullinh	
90min	M			Mr.M.		M_m_	Mullinh	
80min	M			Mhm		M_m_	Mullinh	
70min	M			Mhm	M	Mann	Mr. Mr. M.	
60min	M			Mm	m	Mann	Mullim	
50min	M			Mm	······	Mm	Mr. Malle M	
40min				Mm	Mm	M_M_	MMMM	<u> </u>
30min				Mn	M	MM	MMM	
20min				M	M	m_rMm_	MMM	
10min				~	M	Mh	nnl	
	4.5 4.0	3.5	3.0 2	2.5	2.0	1.5	1.0	0.5 ppm



Fig. S7. TPTP 1:0.5 TiCl<sub>4</sub> (Sealed 5 mm NMR tube sample over days) showing significant chlorination product formation

#### Fig. S8. TPTP 1:0.5 TiCl<sub>4</sub> (sealed 5mm NMR tube sample after 9 days) with assigments of chlorinated products

A - 1-chloroethanol(?), Ref: No ref found, reasonable match with calculated spectra (Scifinder Scholar, ChemBioDraw ChemNMR)

B - 2-chloropropionyl chloride, Ref: M. Cocivera and A. Effio, J Org Chem, 1980, 45, 415-420.

C - 2-chloro-3-pentanone, Ref: M. Marigo, S. Bachmann, N. Halland, A. Braunton and K. A. Jorgensen, Angew Chem Int Edit, 2004, 43, 5507-5510.

D - ethyl propanoate, Ref: AIST, Spectral Database for Organic Compounds, Tsukuba, Japan, 2013.

E - 3-pentanone, Ref: AIST, Spectral Database for Organic Compounds, Tsukuba, Japan, 2013.



**Fig. S9.** TPTP 1:0.5 TiCl<sub>4</sub> (Sealed 5 mm NMR tube sample after 9 days - HHgCOSY) For confirmation characterisation of chlorination products by literature NMR shifts



## Fig. S10. FT-IR of reactions of TiCl<sub>4</sub> with ethyl propanoate (EP) and 3-pentanone (3P). 1:1 molar ratio





## **Fig. S12.** FT-IR of precipitate from reaction of TPTP with TiCl<sub>4</sub> 1:0.5, collected after 9 days (dried at 60°C *in vacuo*, 4 h)

