

Supporting Information

Coexistence of Electrical Conductivity and Ferromagnetism in a Hybrid Material formed from Reduced Graphene Oxide and Manganese Oxide

Yusuke Murashima, Ryo Ohtani, Takeshi Matsui, Hiroshi Takehira, Ryotaro Yokota, Masaaki Nakamura, Leonard F. Lindoy, and Shinya Hayami

Corresponding authors:

S. Hayami, hayami@sci.kumamoto-u.ac.jp

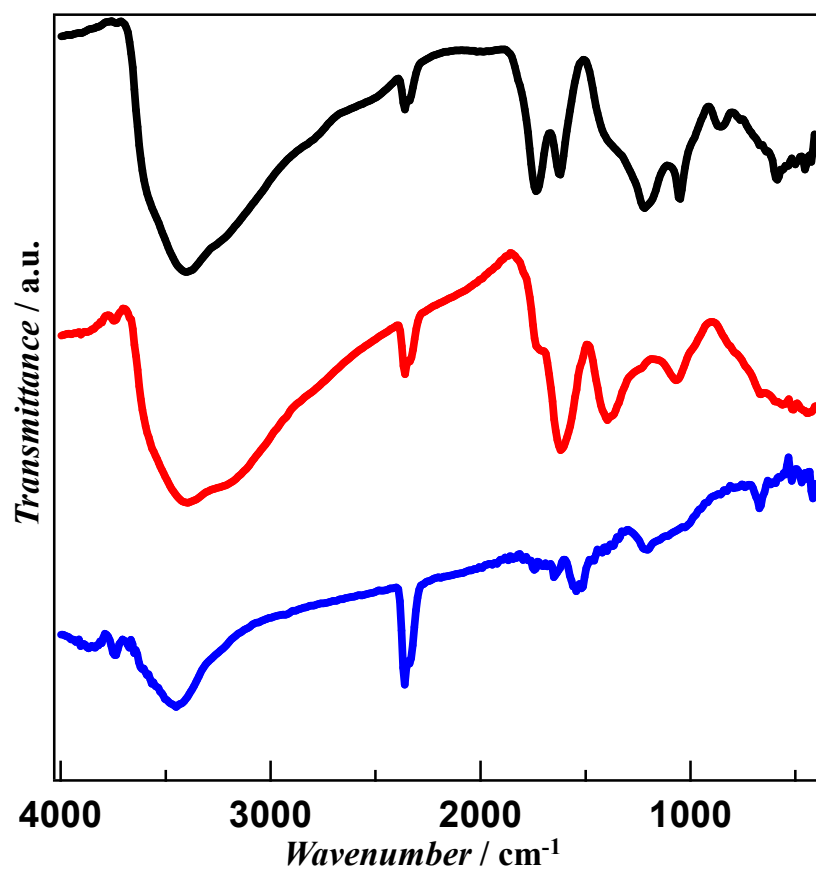


Figure S1. FT-IR spectra of GO (black), GO-Mn²⁺ complex (red) and rGO-Mn (blue).

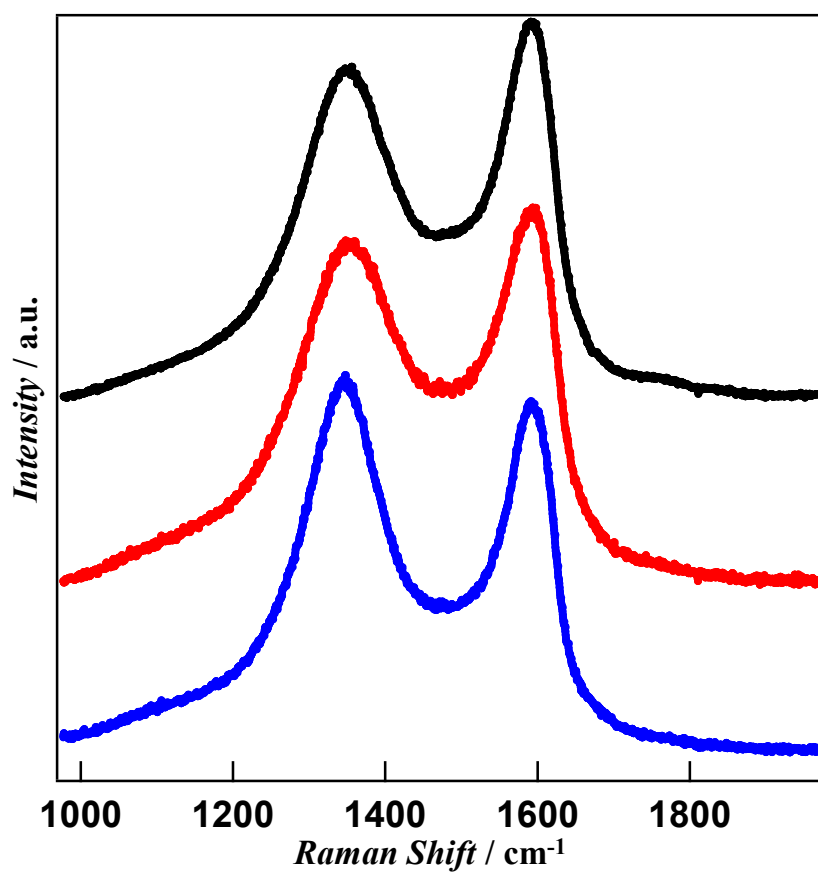


Figure S2. Raman spectra of GO (black), GO-Mn²⁺ complex (red) and rGO-Mn (blue).

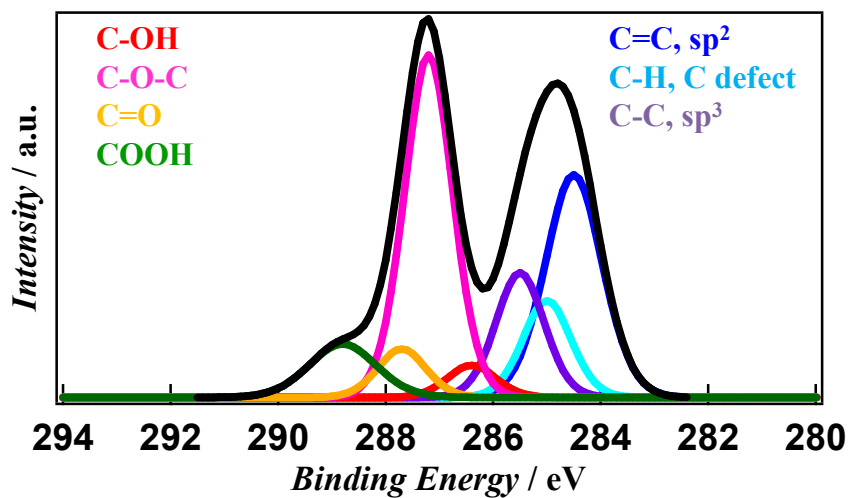


Figure S3. XPS spectrum of C1s for pristine GO. The deconvolution consisted of the sp² C=C (284.6 eV), C-H (285.0 eV), sp³ C-C (285.5 eV), C-OH (286.4 eV), C-O-C (287.2 eV), C=O (287.7 eV), and COOH (288.8 eV) peaks.

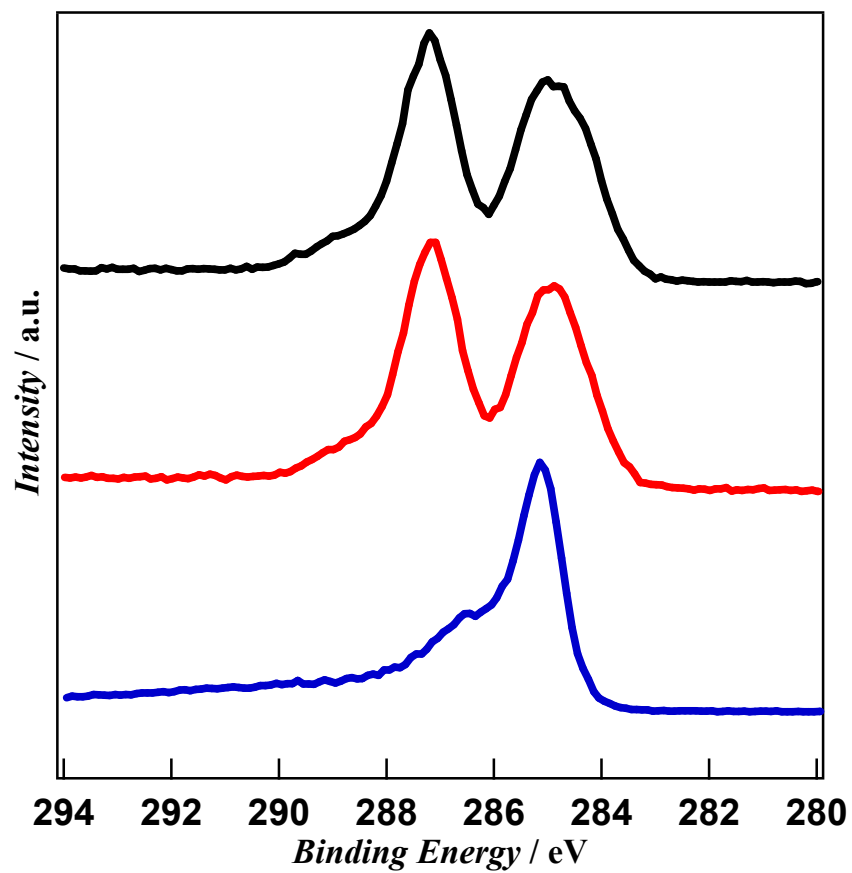


Figure S4. XPS spectra of C1s for GO (black), GO-Mn²⁺ complex (red) and rGO-Mn (blue).