## Solvent-free synthesis of new inorganic-organic hybrid solids with finely tuned manganese oxalate structures

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## **Physical measurements:**

IR spectra (KBr pellets) were recorded on a Nicolet Impact 410 FTIR spectrometer. Powder X-ray diffraction (XRD) data were obtained using a Rigaku D/MAX-rA diffractometer with Cu-K $\alpha$  radiation ( $\lambda = 1.5418$  Å). The thermogravimetric analyses were performed on a Netzsch STA 449c analyzer in a flow of N<sub>2</sub> with a heating rate of 10 °C/min. Magnetic measurements were performed at 5 kG in the temperature range 2-300 K with a SQUID MPMS-7 magnetometer manufactured by Quantum Design. Background corrections for the sample holder assembly and diamagnetic components of the compound were applied. Single crystal X-ray diffraction data were collected on a New Gemini, Dual, Cu at zero, EosS2 diffractometer with Cu K $\alpha$  ( $\lambda = 1.54184$  Å) at room temperature. The crystal structures were solved by direct methods. The structures were refined on  $F^2$  by full-matrix least-squares methods using the *SHELXTL* program package.<sup>1</sup>

## Reference

1. G. M. Sheldrick, Acta Cryst., Sect. A, 2008, 64, 112.

## Synthesis

Synthesis of  $(H_2mpip)_{1.5}$ ·Mn<sub>3</sub>(HPO<sub>4</sub>) $(H_2PO_4)(ox)_3$  (1): A mixture of MnO (0.213 g), H<sub>2</sub>C<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>·2H<sub>2</sub>O (0.378 g), H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> (85 wt%, 135 µL), and 1-methylpiperazine (165 µL) was sealed in a Teflon-lined stainless steel autoclave and heated at 150 °C for 8 d. The autoclave was subsequently allowed to cool to room temperature. Yellow crystals were recovered by filtration, washed with distilled water, and finally dried at ambient temperature (81 % yield based on manganese). Synthesis of  $H_2dap \cdot Mn_2(HPO_4)(ox)_2$  (2): A mixture of MnO (0.142 g),  $H_2C_2O_4 \cdot 2H_2O$  (0.252 g),  $H_3PO_4$  (85 wt%, 135 µL), and 1,2-diaminopropane (85 µL) was sealed in a Teflon-lined stainless steel autoclave and heated at 150 °C for 7 d. The autoclave was subsequently allowed to cool to room temperature. Yellow crystals were recovered by filtration, washed with distilled water, and finally dried at ambient temperature (41 % yield based on manganese).

Synthesis of Hpa·Mn<sub>2</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>)(ox)<sub>2</sub> (3): A mixture of MnO (0.142 g), H<sub>2</sub>C<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>·2H<sub>2</sub>O (0.252 g), H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> (85 wt%, 135  $\mu$ L), and propylamine (165  $\mu$ L) was sealed in a Teflonlined stainless steel autoclave and heated at 150 °C for 8 d. The autoclave was subsequently allowed to cool to room temperature. Yellow crystals were recovered by filtration, washed with distilled water, and finally dried at ambient temperature (75 % yield based on manganese).

Table 1. CHN elemental analysis results

	anal. found	calc
compound 1	C 20.55%, H 3.03%, N 5.46%	C 20.92%, H 3.12%, N 5.42%
compound 2	C 18.07%, H 2.78%, N 6.05 %	C 18.36%, H 2.86%, N 6.12 %
compound <b>3</b>	C 18.92%, H 2.68%, N 3.04%	C 18.98%, H 2.73%, N 3.16 %



Fig. S1. Experimental and simulated powder XRD patterns of compound 1.



Fig. S2. Experimental and simulated powder XRD patterns of compound 2.



Fig. S3. Experimental and simulated powder XRD patterns of compound 3.



Fig. S4. IR spectrum of compound 1.



Fig. S5. IR spectrum of compound 2.



Fig. S6. IR spectrum of compound 3.



Fig. S7. TGA curve of compound 1.



Fig. S8. TGA curve of compound 2.



Fig. S9. TGA curve of compound 3.



**Fig. S10**. Temperature dependence of  $\chi_M T$  and  $\chi_M^{-1}$  for compound **1**.



**Fig. S11**. Temperature dependence of  $\chi_M T$  and  $\chi_M^{-1}$  for compound **2**.



**Fig. S12**. Temperature dependence of  $\chi_M T$  and  $\chi_M^{-1}$  for compound **3**.



**Fig. S13**. ORTEP plot of the asymmetric unit of compound **1**, showing the labeling scheme and the 30% probability displacement ellipsoid.



**Fig. S14**. ORTEP plot of the asymmetric unit of compound **2**, showing the labeling scheme and the 30% probability displacement ellipsoid.



**Fig. S15**. ORTEP plot of the asymmetric unit of compound **3**, showing the labeling scheme and the 30% probability displacement ellipsoid.



**Fig. S16**. (Left) A hypothetical interrupted pcu-topology with the  $Mn_2O_{10}$  to  $Mn_2P_2$  ratio of 3:1. Purple ball:  $Mn_2O_{10}$  dimer; blue ball:  $Mn_2P_2$  tetramer. (Right) This compound possesses a new  $Mn_8(ox)_8$  nanobelt with the width of ca. 17.5 Å.