## **Electronic Supplimentary Information for**

## Ratiometric Colorimetric "Naked eye" Selective Detection of CN- ions by Electron Deficient Ni(II) Porphyrins and their Reversibility Studies

Ravi Kumar, Nivedita Chaudhri, and Muniappan Sankar\*

Department of Chemistry, Indian Institute of Technology Roorkee, Roorkee – 247667, India

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Scheme 1. Synthetic route to  $\beta$ -substituted electron deficient Ni(II) perhaloporphyrins (4-5).



Figure S1. UV-Vis absorption spectra of (a) 1 and 3 as well as (b) 4-5 in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at 298 K.

Porphyrin	B band, nm	Q band(s), nm
1	440(5.10)	630(4.50)
2	445(5.13)	632(4.47)
3	450(5.07)	636(4.54)
4	448(5.12)	562(4.04), 604(3.80)
5	439(5.28)	554(4.18), 591(sh)

Table S1. UV-Visible spectral data of 1-5 in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at 298 K.

The values in parentheses refer to loge.



Figure S2. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 1 in CDCl<sub>3</sub> at 298 K.



Figure S3. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2 in CDCl<sub>3</sub> at 298 K.



Figure S4. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 3 in CDCl<sub>3</sub> at 298 K.



Figure S5. ORTEP diagrams showing top and side views of 3 (a-b), 4 (c-d) and 5 (e-f), respectively. Hydrogens are not shown for clarity, and in side views, the  $\beta$ -substituents and *meso*-phenyl groups are not shown for clarity.

	<b>1</b> (Py) <sub>2</sub>	3	4	5	<b>3</b> •CN <sup>-</sup>
Empirical Formula	C <sub>58</sub> H <sub>34</sub> N <sub>10</sub> Ni	$C_{52}H_{32}N_8NiO_4$	C <sub>44</sub> H <sub>20</sub> Cl <sub>7</sub> N <sub>6</sub> NiO <sub>0.5</sub>	$C_{44}H_{20}Cl_8N_4Ni$	$C_{69}H_{68}N_{10}NiO_4$
Formula wt.	929.66	891.56	947.52	946.95	1160.04
Crystal system	Triclinic	Monoclinic	Monoclinic	Monoclinic	Triclinic
Space group	P -1	C 2/c	P 21/c	P 21/c	P -1
<i>a</i> (Å)	9.340(5)	20.844(5)	14.4707(9)	14.5050(10)	14.154(5)
<i>b</i> (Å)	11.856(5)	10.732(5)	27.1087(15)	27.0592(17)	15.514(5)
<i>c</i> (Å)	13.471(5)	23.220(5)	10.8020(6)	10.7278(7)	16.154(5)
α (°)	87.223(5)	90.000(5)	90.00	90.00	61.669(5)
$\beta$ (°)	70.308(5)	114.682(5)	110.527(2)	111.70	78.484(5)
γ (°)	68.356(5)	90.000(5)	90.00	90.00	86.358(5)
Volume (Å <sup>3</sup> )	1300.5(10)	4720(3)	3968.4(4)	3912.1(4)	3057.4(17)
Ζ	1	4	4	4	2
$\rho_{calc} \left(g/cm^3\right)$	1.187	1.415	1.586	1.608	1.260
$\lambda$ (Å)	0.71073	0.71073	0.71073	0.71073	0.71073
T (°C)	293 K	293 K	293 K	296 K	293 K
No. of total reflns.	6639	3699	9684	34311	25054
No. of indepnt. reflns.	6639	3699	9684	5467	4230
R	0.0418	0.0642	0.0534	0.0421	0.0437
R <sub>w</sub>	0.1178	0.1952	0.1498	0.0910	0.1058
GOOF	1.024	1.074	1.046	0.896	1.043
CCDC No	1043611	1043609	1043615	1044025	1043610

**Table S2**. Crystal structure data of  $1(Py)_2$  (NiTPP(CN)<sub>4</sub>)(Py)<sub>2</sub>), **3** (NiT(*p*-OMe-Ph)P(CN)<sub>4</sub>), **4** (NiTPP(NO<sub>2</sub>)Cl<sub>7</sub>), **5** (NiTPPCl<sub>8</sub>) and **3**•CN<sup>-</sup> (NiT(*p*-OMe-Ph)P(CN)<sub>4</sub>(CN<sup>-</sup>).

**Table S3**. Selected average bond lengths and bond angles of  $1(Py)_2$  (NiTPP(CN)<sub>4</sub>)(Py)<sub>2</sub>, **3** (NiT(*p*-OMe-Ph)P(CN)<sub>4</sub>, **4** (NiTPP(NO<sub>2</sub>)Cl<sub>7</sub>, **5** (NiTPPCl<sub>8</sub>) and **3**•CN<sup>-</sup> (NiT(*p*-OMe-Ph)P(CN)<sub>4</sub>(CN<sup>-</sup>).

R	$\begin{array}{c} NC & CN \\ C_{\beta} \\ C_{\beta} \\ \end{array}$	R	<b>R</b> C <sub>β</sub> ,		
Į			$C_m C_{\alpha'}$	$C_{\alpha}$ , $C_{m}$	
Ca	$C_{\alpha}$ N N'		$C_{\beta} C_{\alpha}$	$C_{\alpha} C_{\beta}$	CI
ο <sub>ρ</sub>	N—Ni—N		N N	i—N T	
C <sub>β</sub>			$C_{\beta}C_{\alpha}$	$C_{\alpha}$	CI
		C <sub>m</sub>		C <sub>m</sub>	
	$C_{\alpha}'$		$C_{\alpha}$		
R		R			
R =	H, NiTPP(CN) <sub>4</sub> , <b>1</b>		R = NO <sub>2</sub> , NiTPF	CI P(NO <sub>2</sub> )Cl <sub>7</sub> , <b>4</b>	
R =	OMe, NiT(p-OMe-Ph)	)P(CN) <sub>4</sub> , <b>3</b>	R = CI, NITPPC	Cl <sub>8</sub> , <b>5</b> (C'= C, N'=N)	
	<b>1</b> (Py) <sub>2</sub>	3	4	5	<b>3</b> .CN <sup>-</sup>
		Bond Leng	gths (A°)		
Ni -N	2.035(16)	1.949(3)	1.906(2)	1.907(3)	2.039(4)
Ni -N'	2.074(16)	1.971(3)	1.912(2)	-	2.062(4)
N - $C_{\alpha}$	1.370(2)	1.381(5)	1.382(4)	1.383(5)	1.373(6)
$N'-C_{\alpha}$	1.373(2)	1.390(5)	1.376(4)	-	1.374(6)
$C_{\alpha}$ - $C_{\beta}$	1.452(2)	1.430(6)	1.447(4)	1.445(6)	1.439(7)
$C_{\alpha} - C_{\beta}$	1.450(2)	1.429(5)	1.447(4)	-	1.434(7)
$C_{\beta} - C_{\beta}$	1.337(3)	1.323(6)	1.347(8)	1.354(5)	1.328(7)
$C_{\beta} - C_{\beta}$	1.378(2)	1.362(5)	1.346(5)	-	1.366(7)
$C_{\alpha}-C_{m}$	1.398(2)	1.384(5)	1.393(4)	1.393(6)	1.383(7)
$C_{\alpha} - C_{m}$	1.409(3)	1.387(6)	1.395(4)	-	1.409(7)
$\Delta C_{\beta}^{a}$	0.0721	0.059	0.871	0.898	0.184
Δ24 <sup>5</sup>	0.0604	0.0473	0.525	0.535	0.113
ΔΙΝΙ	0.000	Bond An	0.004	0.001	0.309
N- Ni-N	180(0)	180 0(1)	172.3(10)	171 4(13)	160 9(15)
N'- Ni -N'	180(0)	180.0(1)	172.5(10) 171 5(10)	-	164 8(15)
Ni -N-C <sub>a</sub>	126.7(12)	128.1(2)	125.6(11)	125.5(3)	126.5(4)
Ni -N'- $C_{\alpha}$	125.8(12)	127.3(2)	125.4(10)	-	125.7(4)
N- $C_{a}$ - $C_{m}$	126.6(15)	126.4(3)	123.9(4)	123.8(6)	126.5(7)
$N'-C_{\alpha}'-C_{m}$	125.6(16)	125.8(3)	124.1(4)	-	125.3(6)
$N-C_{\alpha}-C_{\beta}$	109.4(15)	110.8(3)	108.4(3)	108.4(4)	109.3(5)
$N'-C_{\alpha}'-C_{\beta}'$	109.0(15)	110.0(3)	108.3(3)	-	109.2(5)
$C_{\beta} - C_{\alpha} - C_{m}$	123.9(16)	122.8(4)	127.0(3)	127.0(4)	124.2(6)
$C_{\beta}^{\prime}-C_{\alpha}^{\prime}-C_{m}$	125.4(16)	124.2(4)	126.8(3)	-	125.5(7)
$C_{\alpha}$ - $C_{\beta}$ - $C_{\beta}$	107.3(2)	107.3(4)	107.6(3)	107.5(4)	107.6(5)
$C_{\alpha}$ - $C_{\beta}$ - $C_{\beta}$	106.9(15)	107.2(3)	107.5(3)	-	107.2(5)
$C_{\alpha}$ -N- $C_{\alpha}$	106.6(13)	103.8(3)	107.1(2)	107.3(4)	106.3(4)
$C_{\alpha}$ - N - $C_{\alpha}$	108.1(14)	105.3(3)	107.6(2)	-	107.2(4)
$C_{\alpha}$ - $C_m$ - $C_{\alpha}$	124.9(16)	122.3(4)	120.0(3)	120.1(4)	124.5(5)

 $^{a}\Delta C_{\beta}$  refers mean plane deviation of  $\beta$ -carbon atoms,  $^{b}\Delta 24$  refers mean plane deviation of 24 core atoms

Porphyrin	Oxidation(volts)	Reductio	on(volts)	$\Delta E_{1/2} (I_{ox}-I_{red})$
				(Volts)
	Ι	Ι	II	
1	1.44	-0.38	-0.81	1.82
2	1.40	-0.44	-0.84	1.84
3	1.32	-0.43	-0.85	1.75
4	1.33	-0.64	-0.88	1.97
5	1.26	-0.82	-1.14	2.08
	<sup>a</sup> v,	s Ag/AgCl		

Table S4. Electrochemical redox potentials<sup>a</sup> of 1-5 in  $CH_2Cl_2$  at 298 K.



**Figure S6**. Colorimetric responses and corresponding absorption spectral changes of **2-5** while adding of excess of anions in toluene at 298 K.



**Figure S7.** UV-Vis spectral titrations of **2-5** with TBACN in toluene and insets show their corresponding Hill plots. The stoichiometry of **2-3** was established using Job's plot.



**Figure S8**. Ratiometric response of **2-5** on addition of 2 equiv. of cyanide ions in presence of 10 equiv. of other interfering anions. Blue bars indicate the references, Black bars indicate only with CN<sup>-</sup> ions, Green bars indicate various anions and red bar indicate the addition of cyanide ion in presence of interfering anions.



**Figure S9**. DPV traces of **2-5** in absence and presence of [CN-] in  $CH_2Cl_2$  containing 0.1 M TBAPF<sub>6</sub> at 298 K.

![](_page_14_Figure_0.jpeg)

**Figure S10.** UV-Vis spectra of **2-5** for complexation with 2CN<sup>-</sup> and reversibility test in toluene at 298 K, insets show corresponding colorimetric response for reversibility and reusability test.

![](_page_15_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure S11. Colorimetric response by coated paper strips of 2 and 3 (1 mM) with various anions in toluene (a and c) and neutral aqueous solution (b and d) at 298 K.

![](_page_16_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure S12. Colorimetric response by coated paper strips of 4 and 5 (1 mM) with various anions in toluene (a,c) and neutral aqueous solution (b,d) at 298 K.

![](_page_17_Figure_0.jpeg)

**Figure S13.** B3LYP/LANL2DZ optimized geometry showing top (a) as well as side views (b) of NiTPP(NO<sub>2</sub>)Cl<sub>7</sub>•2CN<sup>-</sup>, hydrogens are omitted in both top and side views for clarity.

![](_page_18_Figure_0.jpeg)

**Figure S14.** Pictorial representation of frontier molecular orbitals of NiTPP(CN)<sub>4</sub> (1) obtained by DFT calculations using B3LYP as density functional with LANL2DZ basis sets in gas phase.

![](_page_18_Figure_2.jpeg)

**Figure S15.** Pictorial representation of frontier molecular orbitals of  $NiTPP(CN)_4 \cdot 2CN^-$  (1 $\cdot 2CN^-$ ) obtained by DFT calculations using B3LYP as density functional with LANL2DZ basis sets in gas phase.

![](_page_19_Figure_0.jpeg)

**Figure S16.** Pictorial representation of frontier molecular orbitals of NiTPP(NO<sub>2</sub>)Cl<sub>7</sub> (**4**) obtained by DFT calculations using B3LYP as density functional with LANL2DZ basis sets in gas phase.

![](_page_19_Figure_2.jpeg)

**Figure S17**. Pictorial representation of frontier molecular orbitals of NiTPP(NO<sub>2</sub>)Cl<sub>7</sub>•2CN<sup>-</sup> (4•2CN<sup>-</sup>) obtained by DFT calculations using B3LYP as density functional with LANL2DZ basis sets in gas phase.

![](_page_20_Figure_0.jpeg)

**Figure S18**. Theoretical UV-Visible spectra of (a) **1** and (b) **1**•2CN<sup>-</sup> obtained by TD-DFT calculations in gas phase.

![](_page_20_Figure_2.jpeg)

**Figure S19**. Theoretical UV-Visible spectra of (a) **4** and (b) **4**•2CN<sup>-</sup> obtained by TD-DFT calculations in gas phase.

![](_page_21_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure S20. Single crystal X-ray structure of 3 with axial coordination of  $CN^{-}$  ion. The counter cation (tetrabutylammonium ion) was not shown for clarity.

![](_page_22_Figure_0.jpeg)

**Figure S21**. The time-dependent absorption changes of **1-5** after addition cyanide ions for 4 hours in toluene at 298 K.

![](_page_23_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure S22. MALDI-TOF negative ion mode mass spectrum of 1 in presence cyanide ions using HABA matrix.

![](_page_24_Figure_0.jpeg)

**Figure S23.** UV-Visible spectra of (a) *meso*-tetraphenylporphyrinato nickel(II) (NiTPP); (b) *meso*-*tetrakis*(2,6-dichlorophenyl)porphyrinato nickel(II) (NiT(2,6-DCP)P); (c) 2,3,5,7,8,10,12,13,15,17, 18,20-dodecaphenylporphyrinato nickel(II) (NiDPP); (d) 2,3,5,10,15,17,18,20-octaphenyl-porphyrinato nickel(II) (NiOPP); (e) *Meso-tetrakis*(*p*-'butylphenyl)porphyrinato nickel(II) (NiT(*p*-'bu-ph)P) in toluene (black lines) at 298 K and then excess addition of [CN-] in toluene (red lines).

![](_page_25_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure S24. CVs of various planar and nonplanar Ni(II) porphyrins in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at 298 K.

Porphyrin	Oxidation (V)		Reduction (V)	
	Ι	II	Ι	
NiTPP	1.009	1.280	-1.314	
NiOPP	0.877	1.189	-1.428	
NiDPP	0.723	1.024	-1.427	
NiT(2,6-DCP)P	1.017	1.231	-1.323	
NiT(p- <sup>t</sup> BuPh)PBr <sub>4</sub>	1.101	-	-1.049	

Table S5. Electrochemical redox data of various planar and nonplanar porphyrins in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at 298 K.