

**Nitration Pattern of Energetic 3,6-Diamino-1, 2, 4, 5-tetrazine Derivatives
Containing Azole Functional Groups.**

Supporting Information

Alexander Aizikovich, Avital Shlomovich, Adva Cohen and Michael Gozin*

School of Chemistry, Faculty of Exact Sciences, Tel-Aviv University, Tel-Aviv 69978, Israel

E-mail: cogozin@gmail.com; Phone: +972-3-640-5878.

Content

X-ray Crystallography	S2-S5
Spectra (^1H / ^{13}C / ^{15}N NMR)	S6-S11

X-ray Crystallography

Crystals of **16** suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained by subjecting a solution of **16** in H₂O to vapors of perchloric acid, while suitable crystals of compound **20** were obtained by recrystallization from water and DMF. The crystals of **16** and **20**·4DMF. Data were collected using MoKa radiation ($\lambda = 0.71073$ nm). An Oxford low-temperature device was used to keep the crystals at a constant temperature of 110K, during all data collection period. Details of the X-ray data collection and structure refinements are summarized in Table S1.

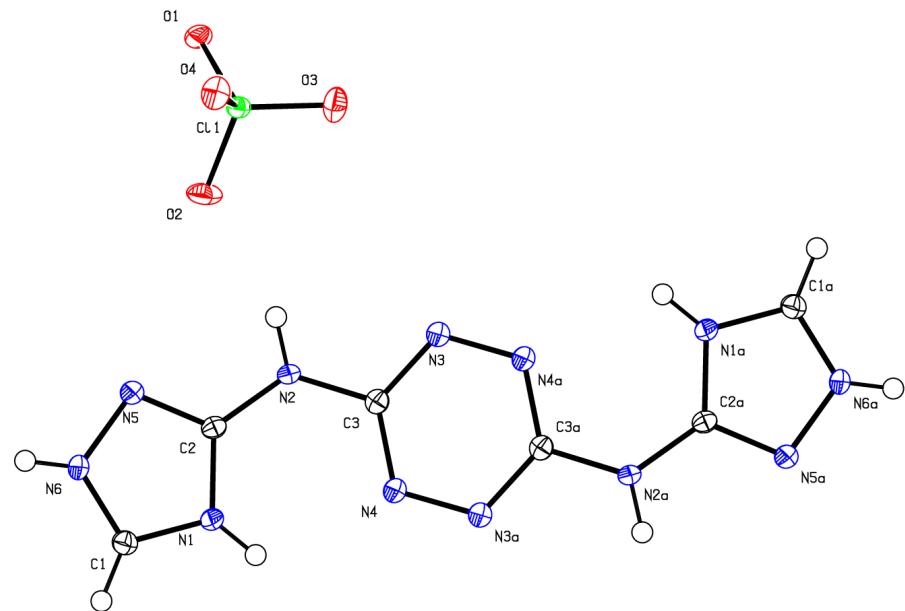


Figure S1. Structure of compound **16**, with contour probability level of 50%.

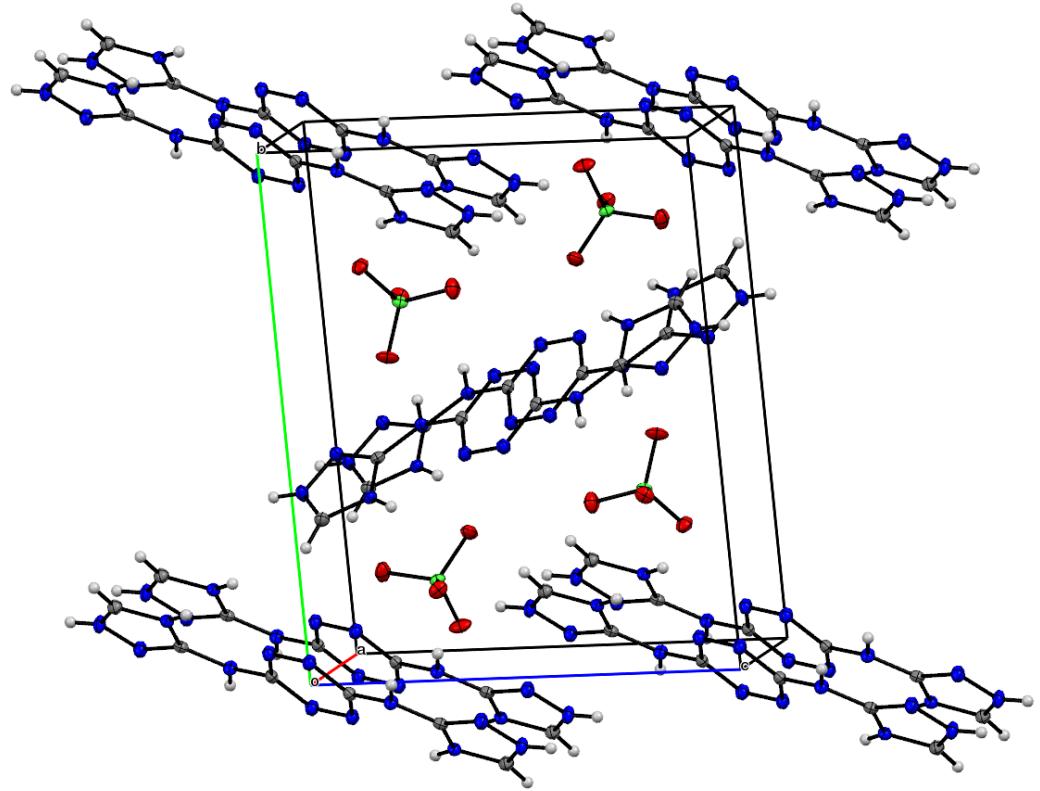


Figure S2. Arrangement of molecules of **16** in the obtained crystal.

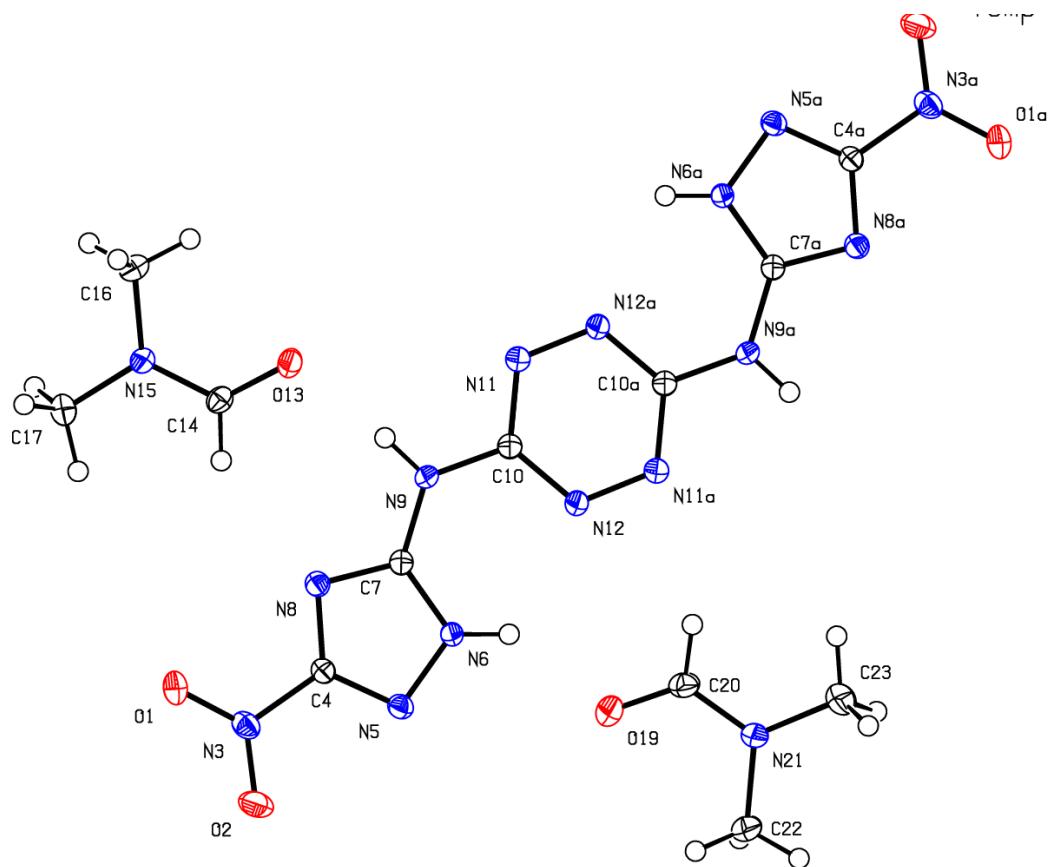


Figure S3. Structure of compound **20**, with contour probability level of 50%.

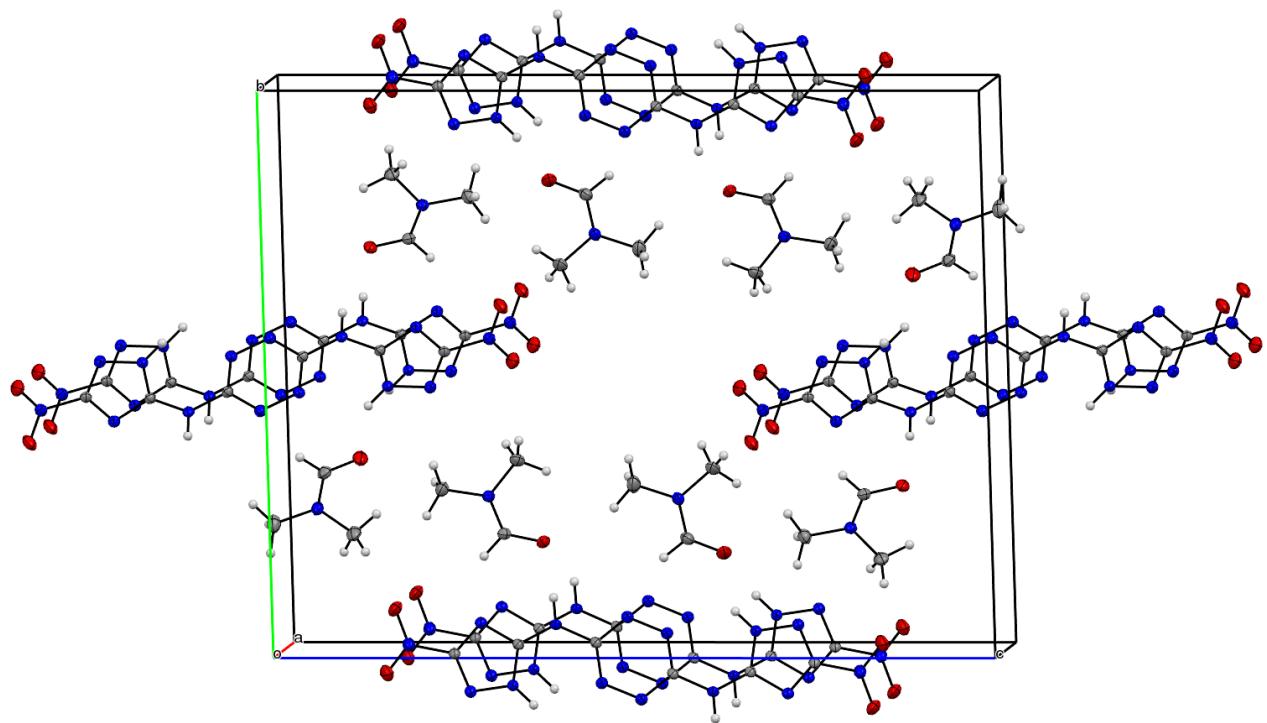


Figure S4. Arrangement of molecules of **20** in the obtained crystal.

Table S1. Crystallography data for compounds **16** and **20**.

	16	20
Formula	C ₆ H ₈ N ₁₂ · 2(ClO ₄)	C ₆ H ₄ N ₁₄ O ₄ · 4(C ₃ H ₇ NO)
FW/ g mol⁻¹	447.14	628.26
Color	Yellow	Orange
Habit	Needle	Needle
Crystal size /mm	0.15 × 0.35 × 0.15	0.049 × 0.131 × 0.667
Crystal system	monoclinic	monoclinic
Space group	P 2 ₁ /c	P 2 ₁ /c
a/ Å	4.9063(2)	3.8323(4)
b/ Å	13.3753(5)	17.6530(19)
c/ Å	11.7380(4)	22.906(2)
α/ °	90	90
β/ °	100.4560(10)	93.488(5)
γ/ °	90	90
V/ Å³	757.49(5)	1546.76
Z	2	2
p_{calcd.}/g·cm⁻³	1.960	1.350
T /K	110 (2)	110 (2)
F (000)	452	660
μ/ mm⁻¹	0.508	0.109
Absorption correction	multi-scan	multi-scan
Dataset (h; k; l)	-5:6; -17:16; -15:12	-4:4; -20:20; -26:27
θ range /°	2.331:28.354	3.73:24.7
Reflections collected	7325	11663
Independent reflections	1882	2732
R_{int.}	0.0197	0.0252
Parameters	139	204
R1 [I>2σ(I)]	0.0297	0.0398
WR2 [I>2σ(I)]	0.0719	0.1182
R₁ (all data)	0.0328	0.0451
wR2 (all data)	0.0741	0.1223
S	1.055	1.046
Res. dens. /e·Å⁻³	0.063	0.057
Solution	SHELXTL-2014	SHELXL-2013
Refinement	SHELXL-2014/6	SHELXS-97

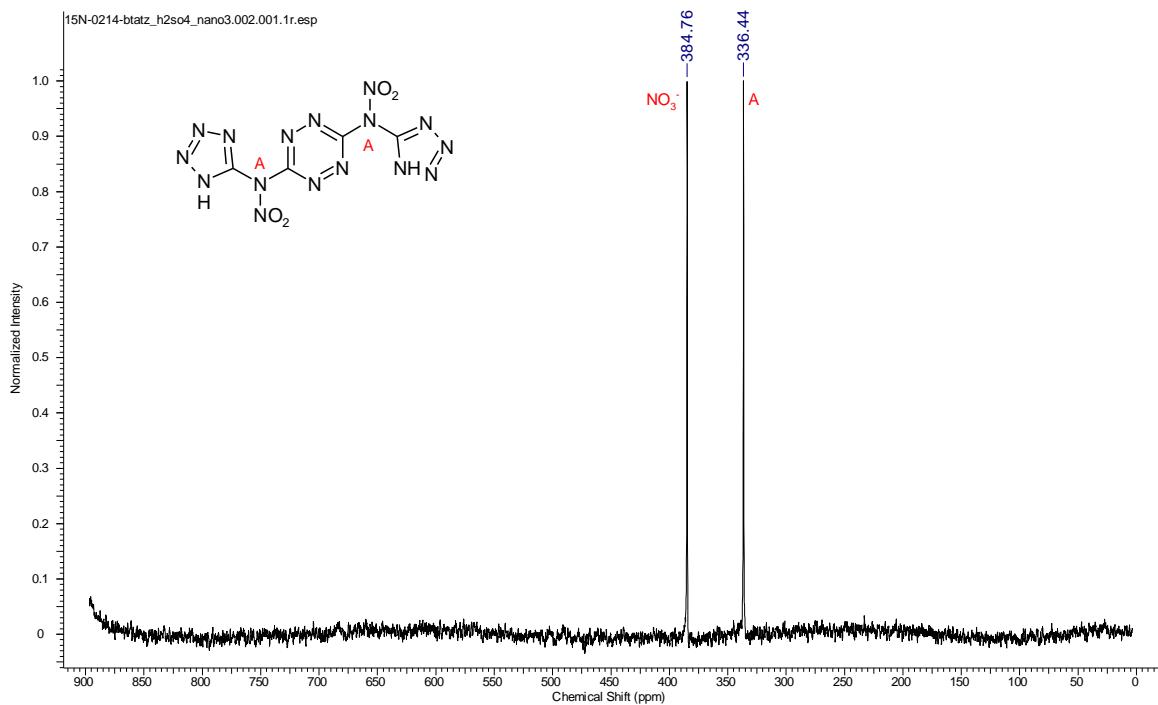


Figure S5. Study of nitration of compound 5 by ^{15}N NMR. Reaction conditions: H_2SO_4 , $\text{Na}^{15}\text{NO}_3$.

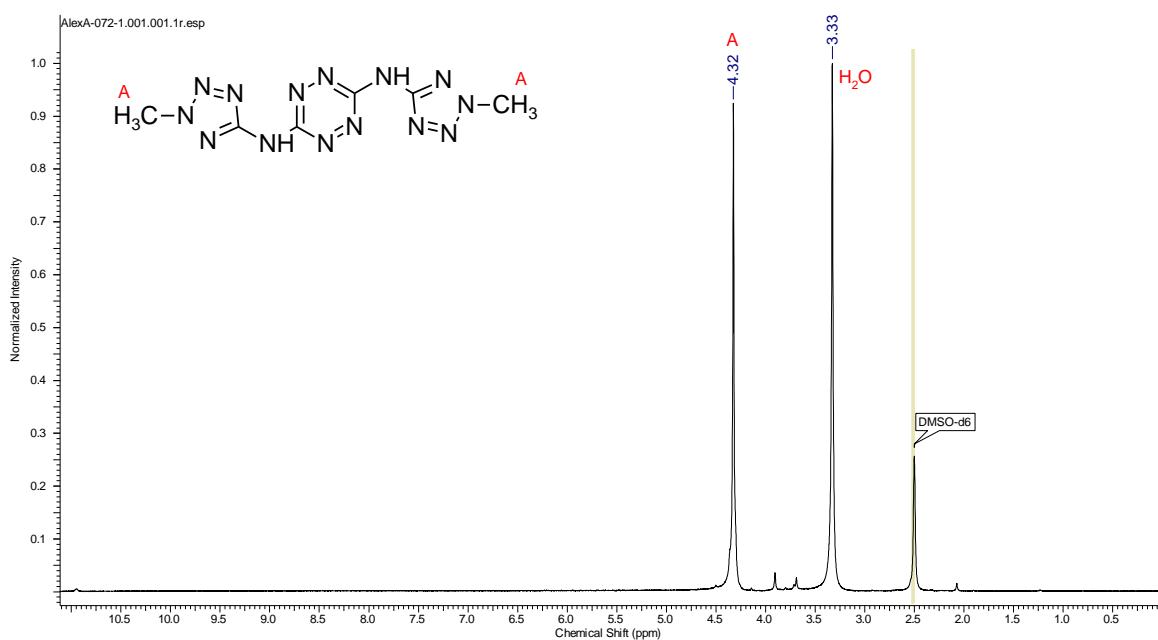


Figure S6. ^1H NMR of compound 12.

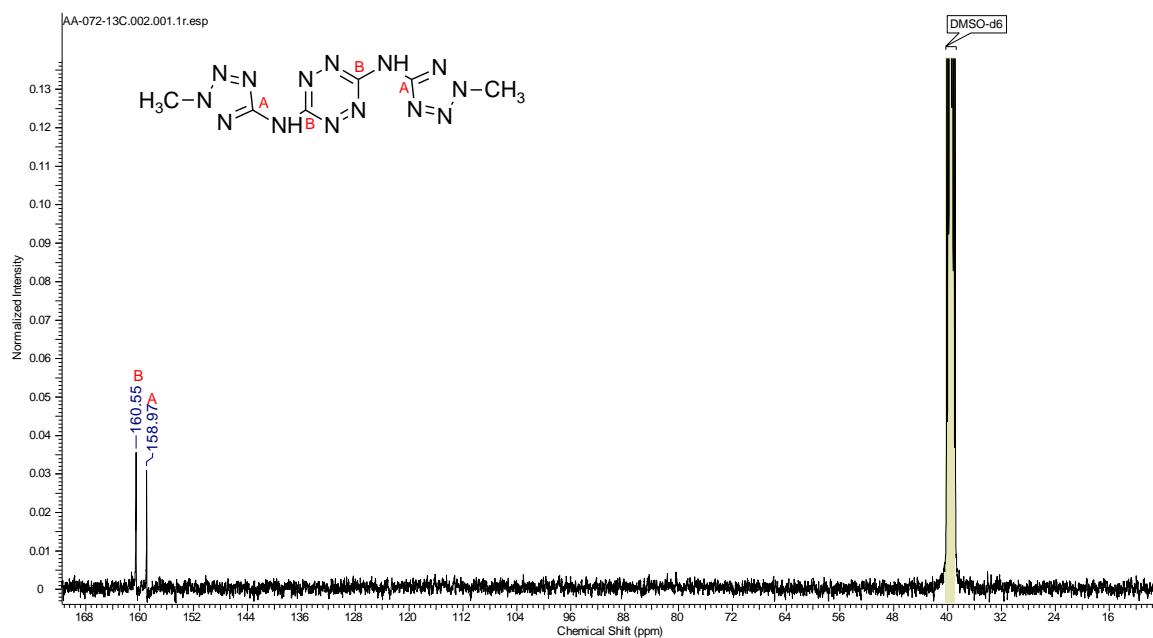


Figure S7. ^{13}C NMR of compound **12**.

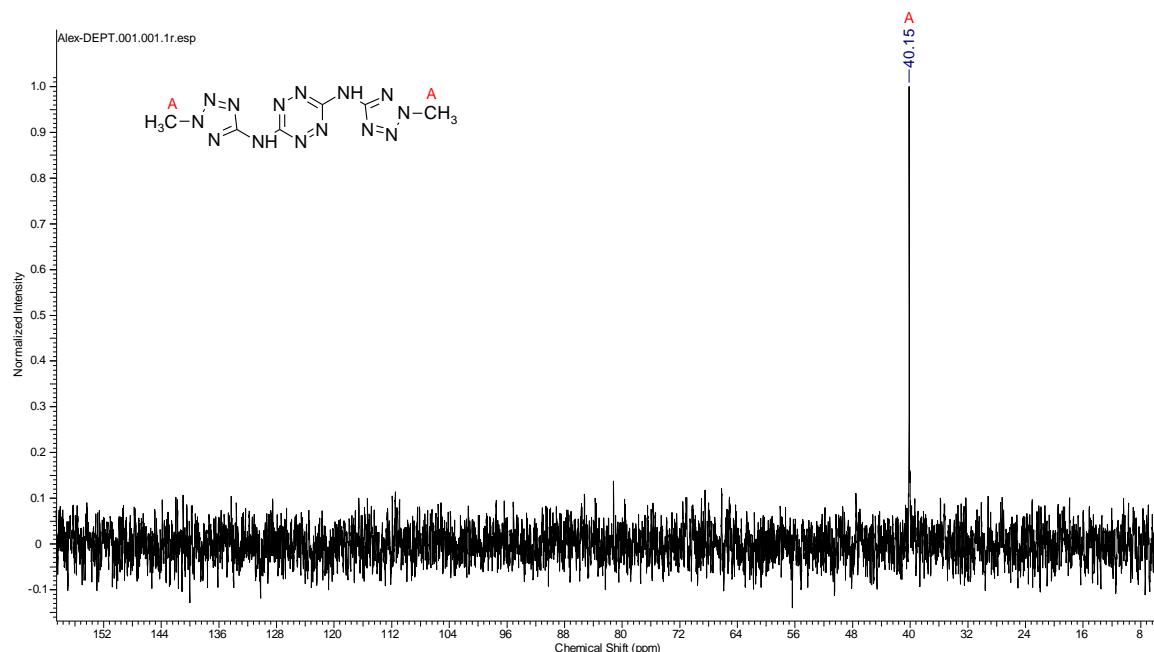


Figure S8. ^{13}C DEPT135 NMR of compound **12**.

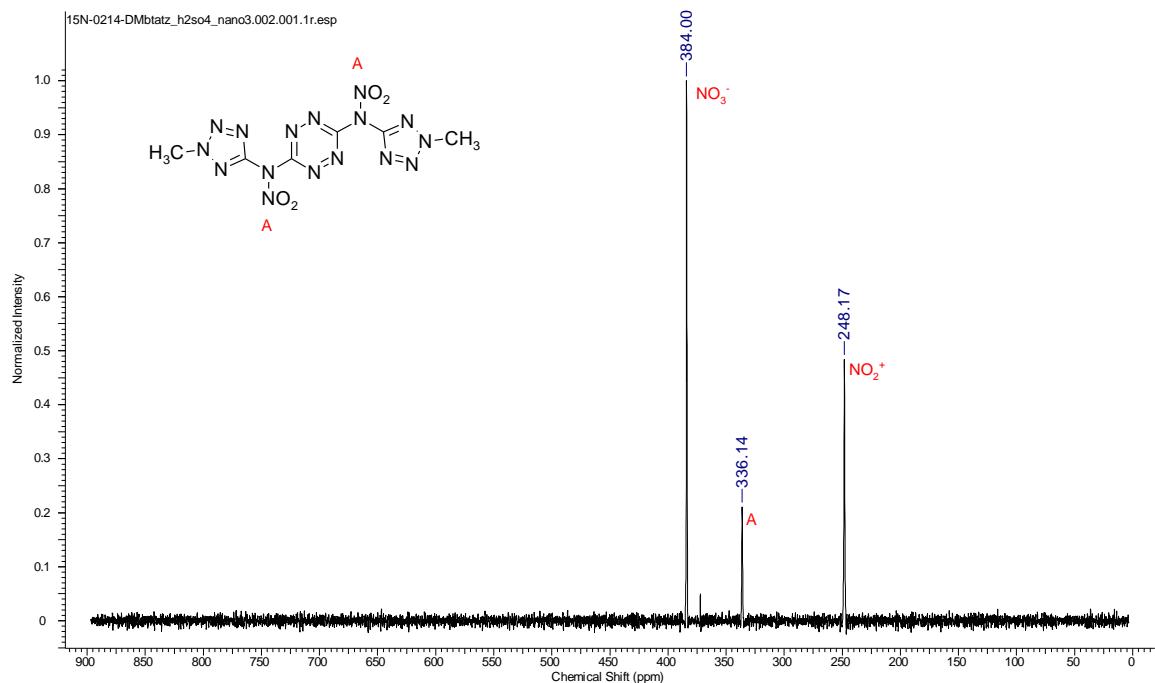


Figure S9. Study of nitration of compound **12** by ^{15}N NMR. *Reaction conditions:* H_2SO_4 , $\text{Na}^{15}\text{NO}_3$.

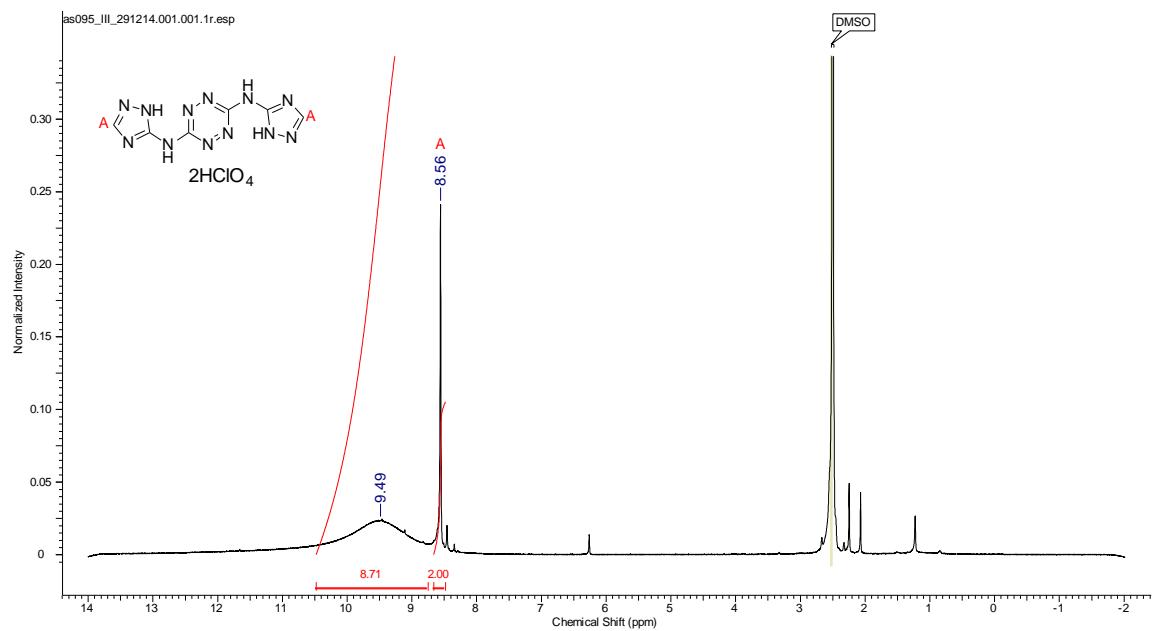


Figure S10. ^1H NMR of compound **16**.

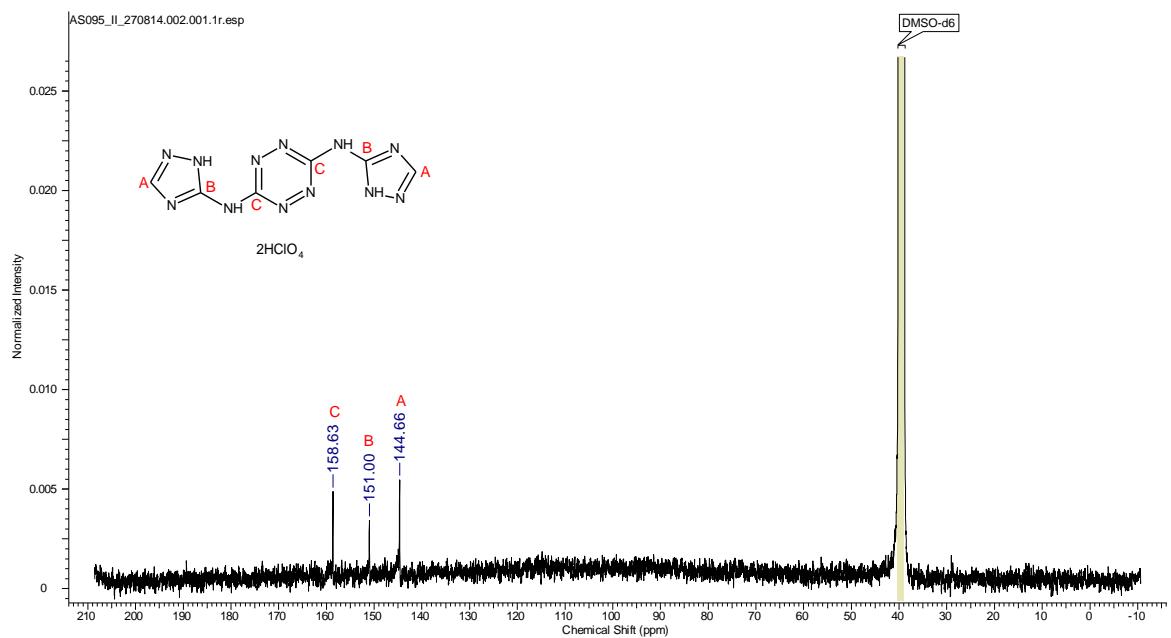


Figure S11. ¹³C NMR of compound 16.

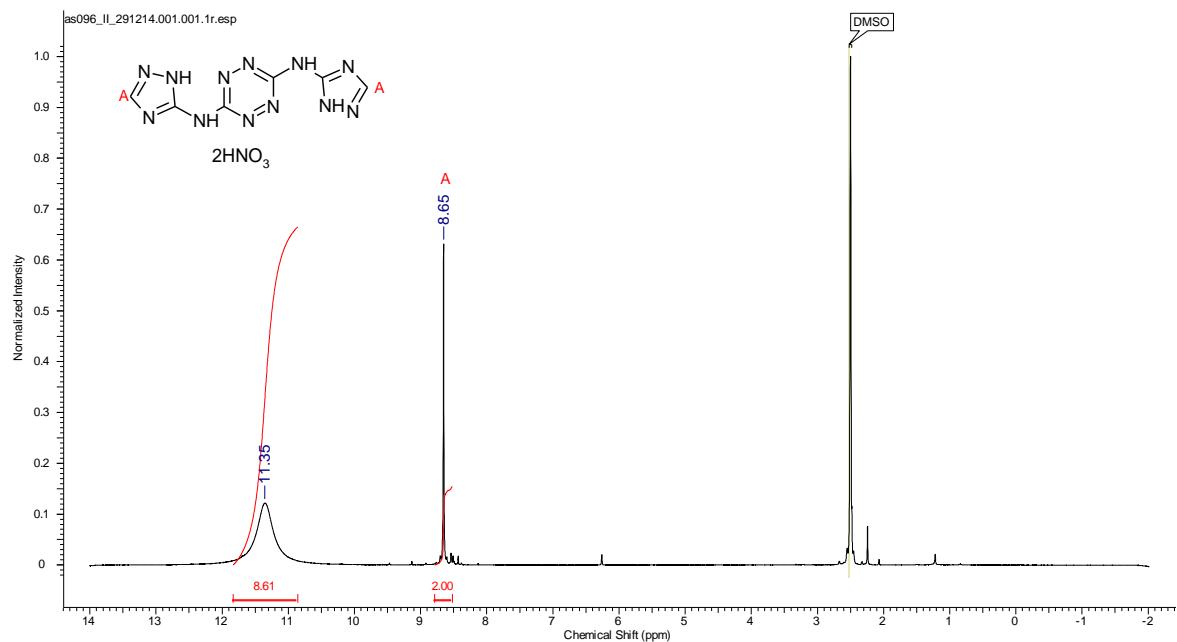


Figure S12. ¹H NMR of compound 17.

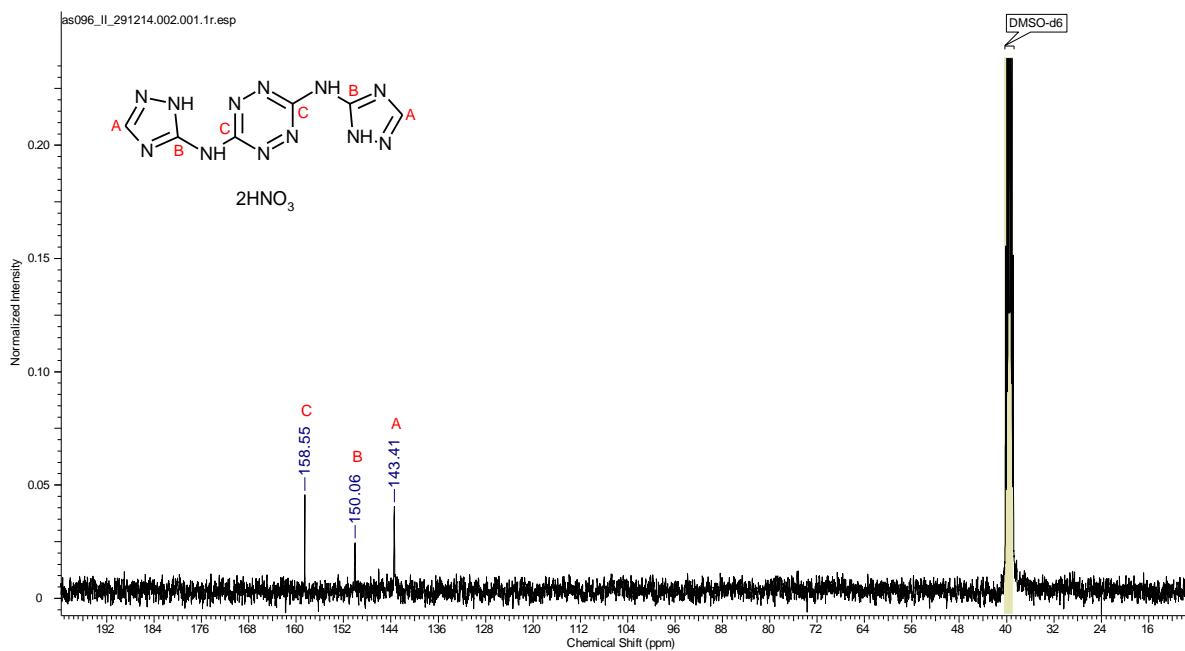


Figure S13. ^{13}C NMR of compound **17**.

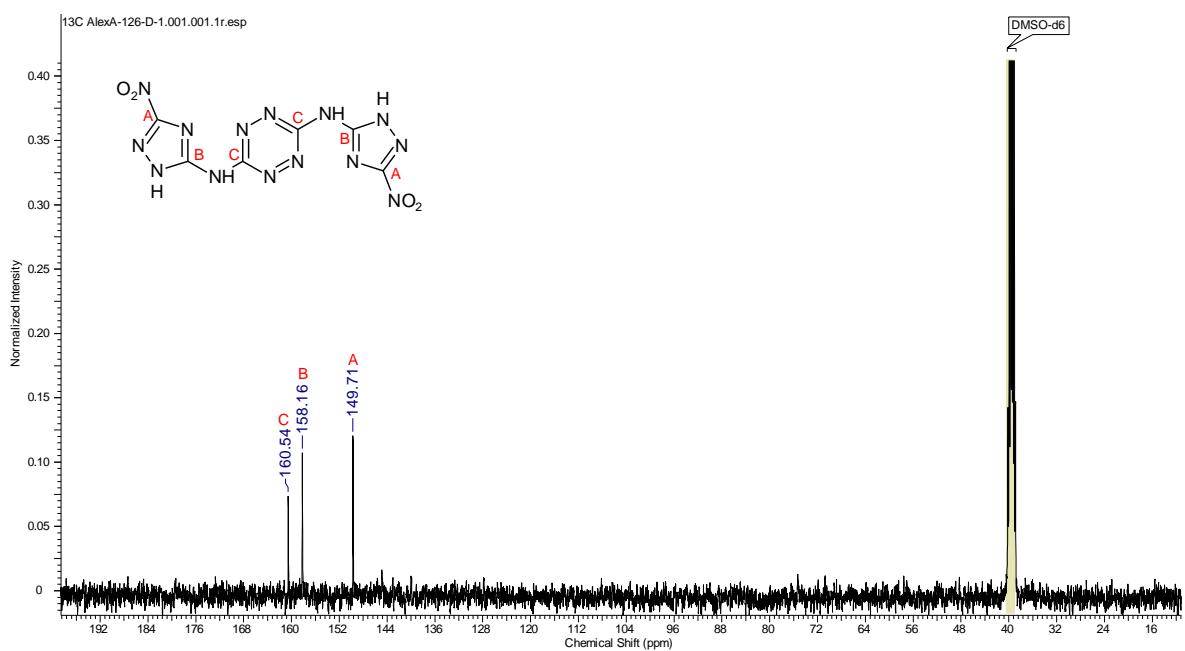


Figure S14. ^{13}C NMR of compound **20**.

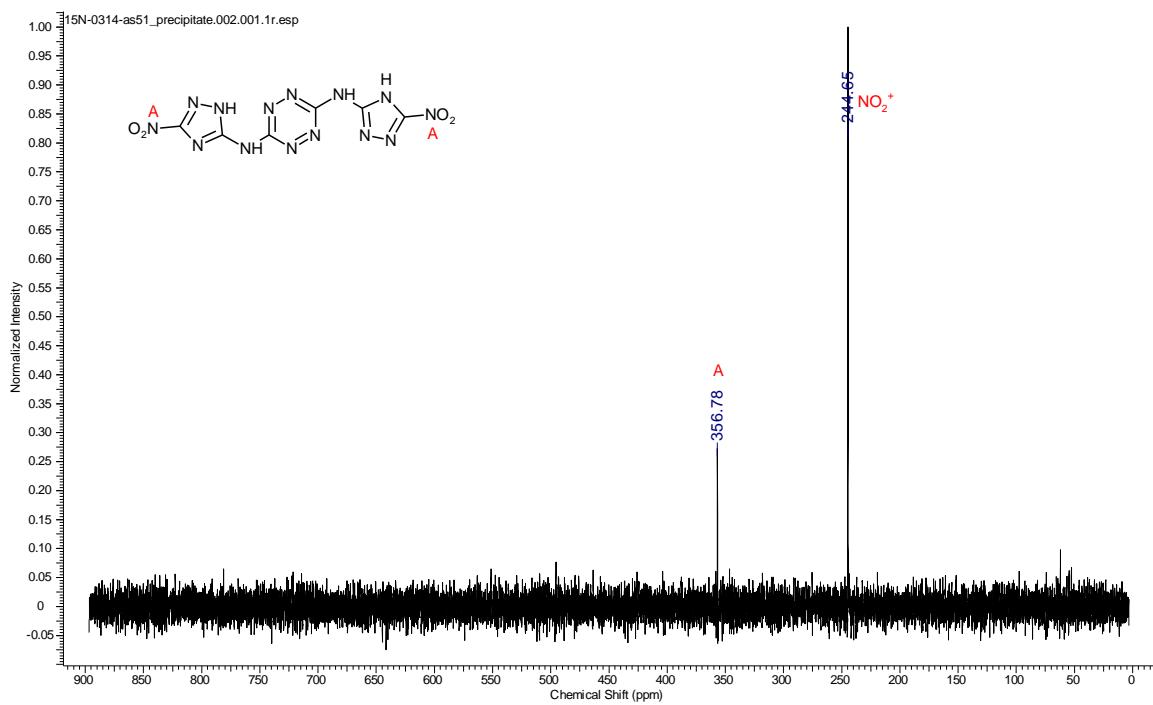


Figure S15. Study of the formation of compound **20** by ^{15}N NMR. *Reaction conditions:* Ac_2O , $\text{Na}^{15}\text{NO}_3$, HNO_3 .