

### Supporting Information

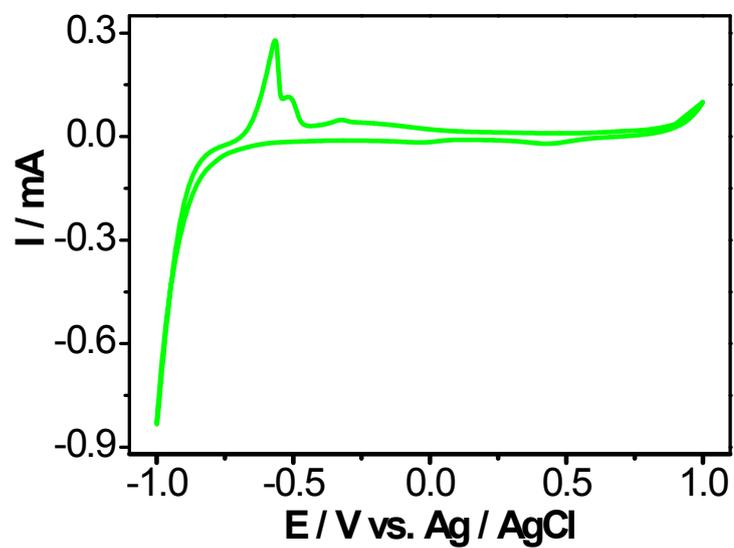


Fig. S1. CV of 2 mM HOPTS in 0.5 M  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4/\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$  solutions (pH = 2.5) on ITO electrode with scan rate of 100 mV/s.

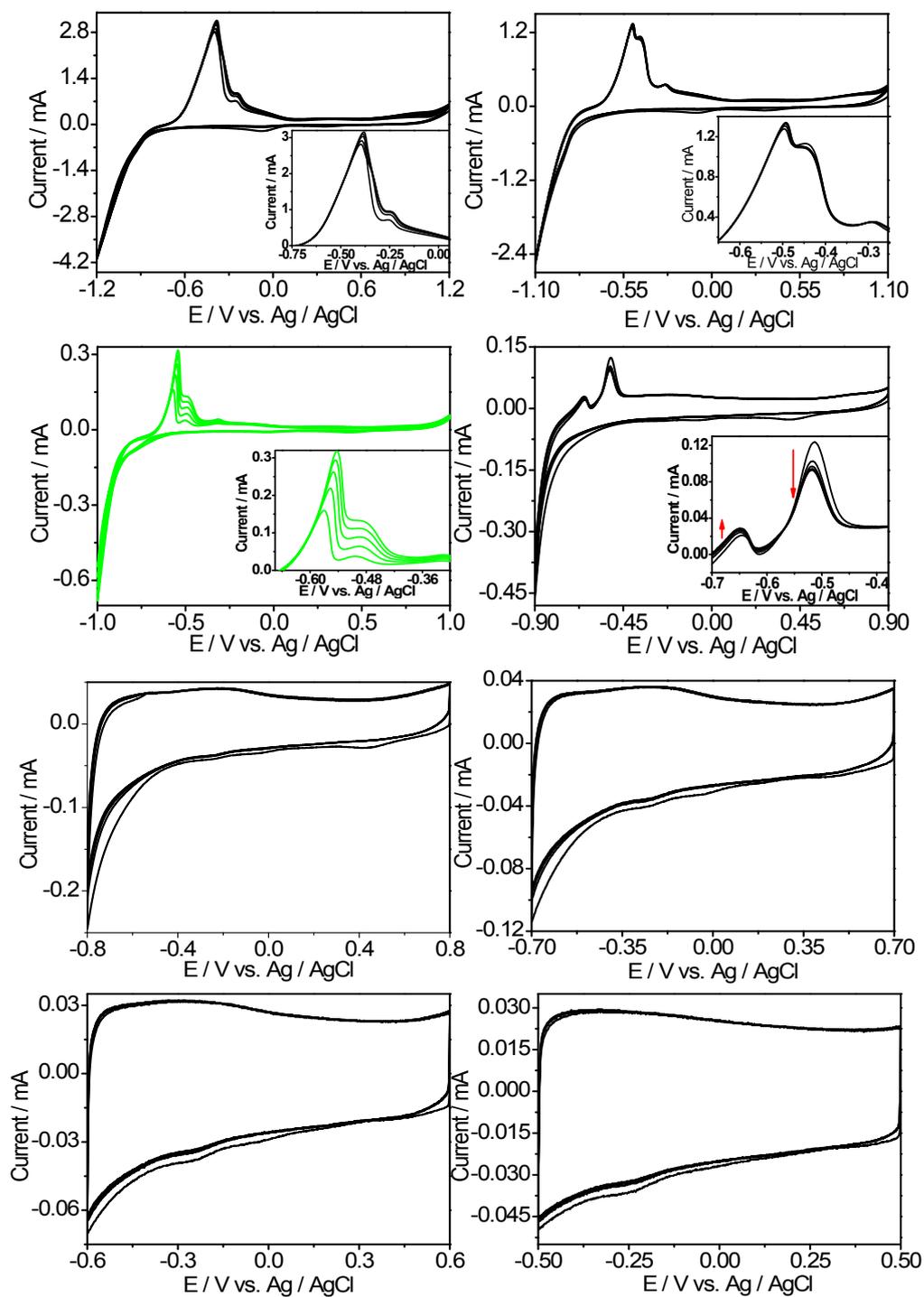


Fig. S2. Electrodeposition CVs at different potential ranges including -1.2 ~ 1.2 V, -1.1 ~ 1.1V, -1.0 ~ 1.0 V, -0.9~0.9 V, -0.8~0.8 V, -0.7~0.7 V, -0.6~0.6 V, -0.5~0.5 V on ITO electrode at scan rate of 100 mV/s in 10 mL 0.5 M  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4/\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$  solutions (pH = 2.5) containing 0.02 mmol HOPTS.

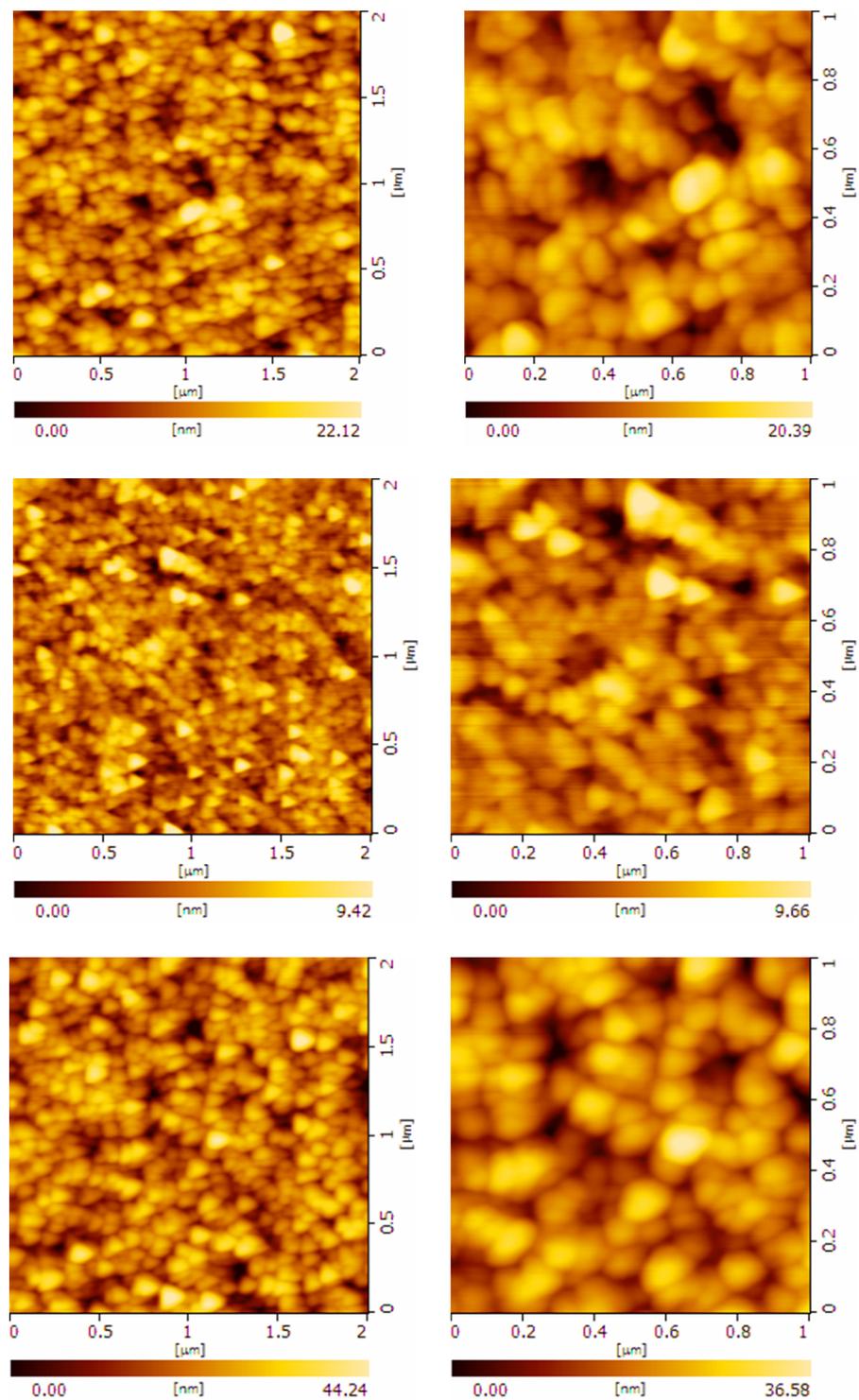


Fig.S3. AFM images of the films (HOPTS)<sub>50</sub> (top), (HOPTS)<sub>10</sub> (middle) and (HOPTS)<sub>100</sub> (bottom) on ITO substrates in scanning range of 2 micrometer (left) and 1 micrometer (right).

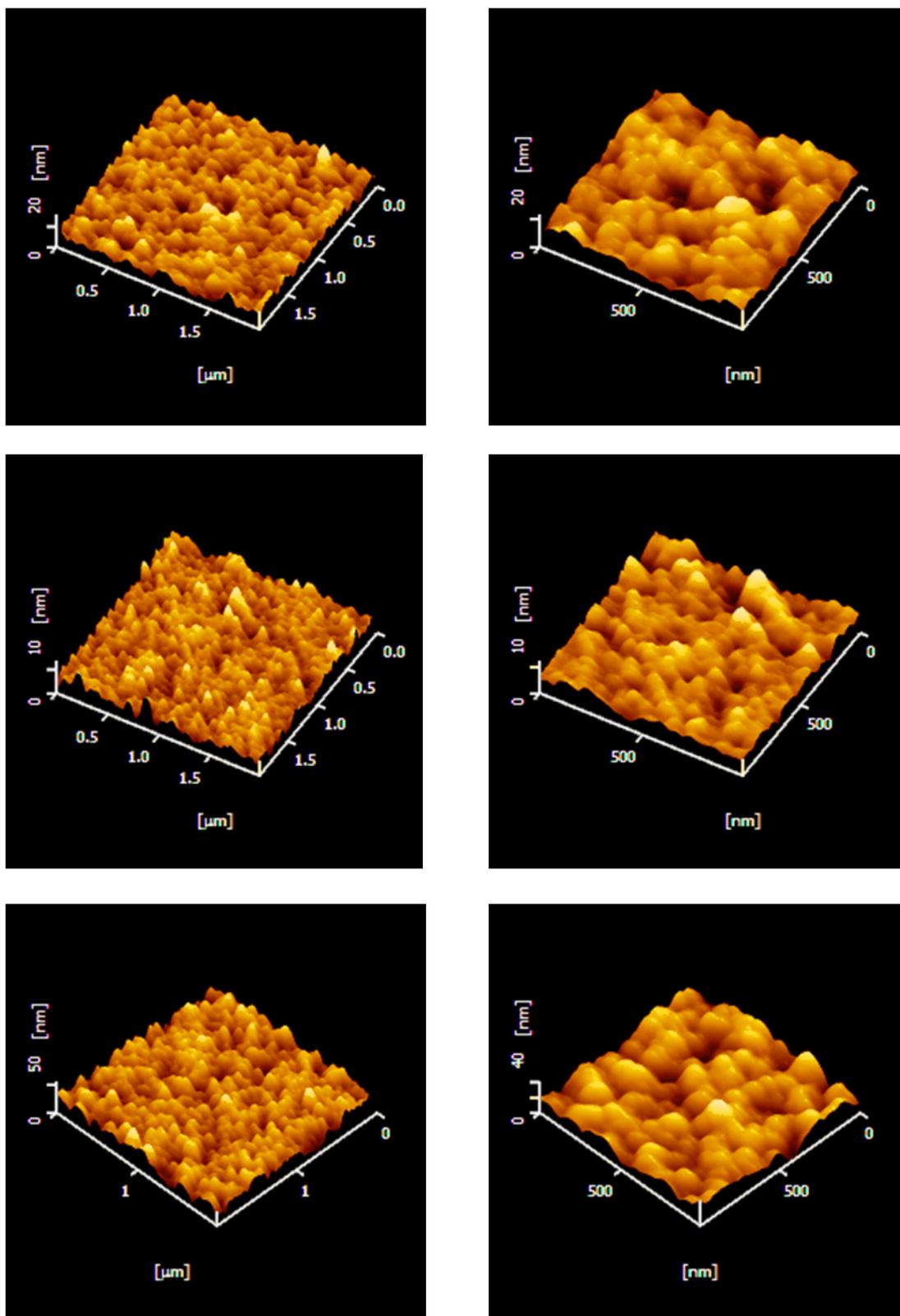


Fig. S4 AFM top images of the films (HOPTS)<sub>50</sub> (top), (HOPTS)<sub>10</sub> (middle) and (HOPTS)<sub>100</sub> (bottom) on ITO substrates in scanning range of 2 micrometer (left) and 1 micrometer (right).

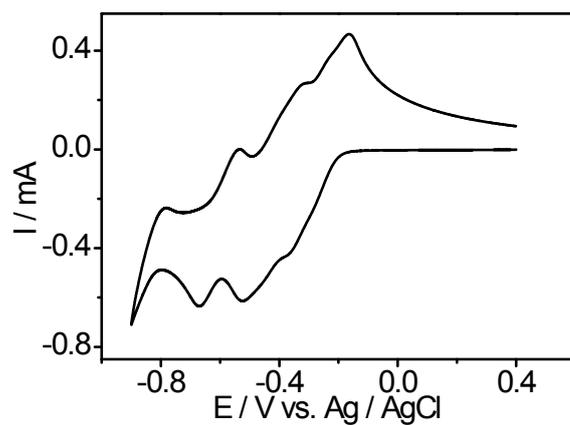


Fig. S5. Cyclic voltammogram (CV) of 1 mM  $P_5W_{30}$  in 0.5 M  $H_2SO_4/Na_2SO_4$  solution (pH = 2.5) on ITO electrode with scan rate of 100 mV/s.

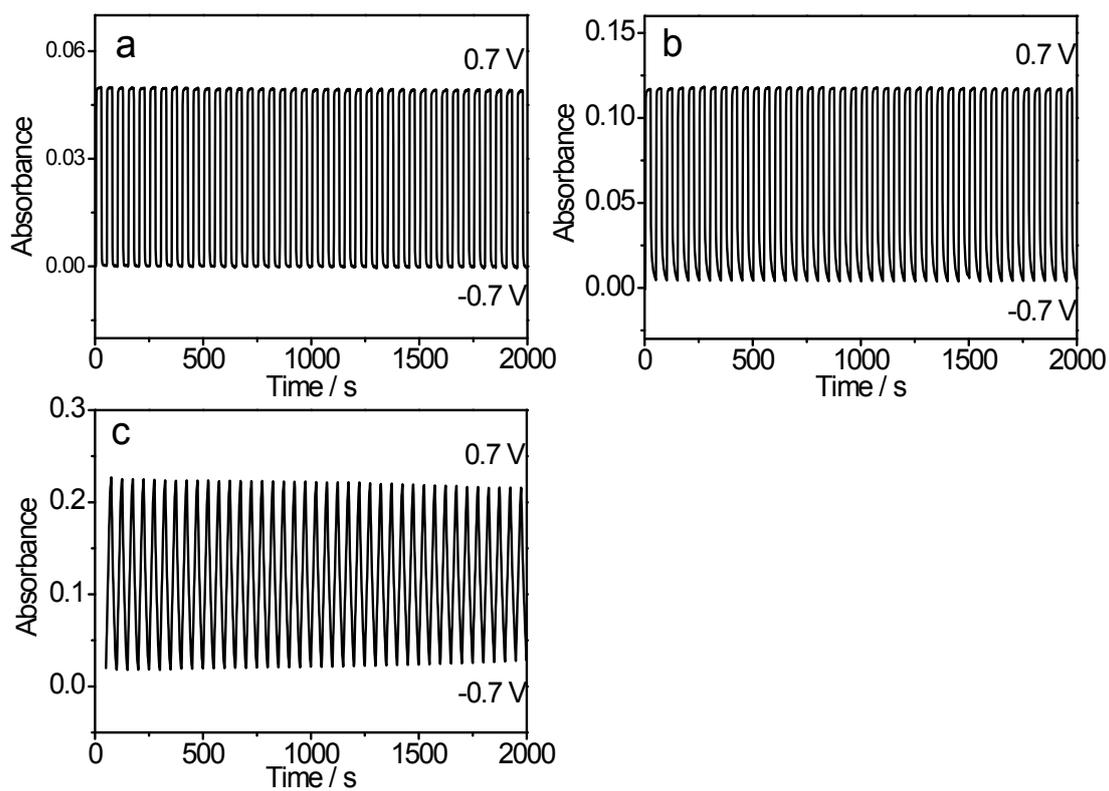


Fig. S6. UV-visible dynamic curves of absorbance at 650 nm of three composite films during subsequent double-potential steps from -0.7 V to +0.7 V in 0.5 M  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4/\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  (pH = 2.5) solutions: (a) ITO/ $[(\text{HOPTS})_{50}/(\text{PDDA}/\text{P}_5\text{W}_{30})_{10}]$ ; (b) ITO/ $[(\text{HOPTS})_{50}/(\text{PDDA}/\text{P}_5\text{W}_{30})_{27}]$ ; (c) ITO/ $[(\text{HOPTS})_{50}/(\text{PDDA}/\text{P}_5\text{W}_{30})_{57}]$ .

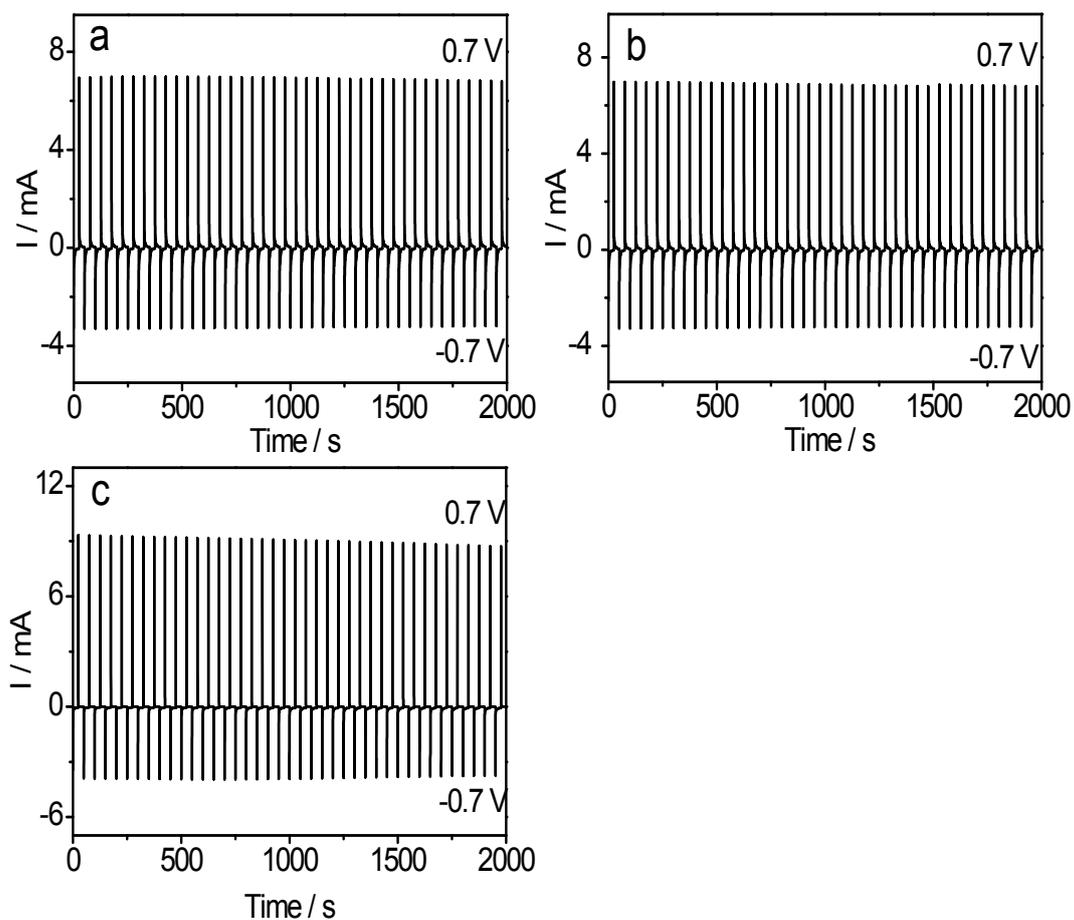


Fig. S7. Chronoamperometry curves of three composite films during subsequent double-potential steps from  $-0.7$  V to  $+0.7$  V in  $0.5$  M  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4/\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  ( $\text{pH} = 2.5$ ) solutions: (a) ITO/ $[(\text{HOPTS})_{50}/(\text{PDDA}/\text{P}_5\text{W}_{30})_{10}]$ ; (b) ITO/ $[(\text{HOPTS})_{50}/(\text{PDDA}/\text{P}_5\text{W}_{30})_{27}]$ ; (c) ITO/ $[(\text{HOPTS})_{50}/(\text{PDDA}/\text{P}_5\text{W}_{30})_{57}]$ .

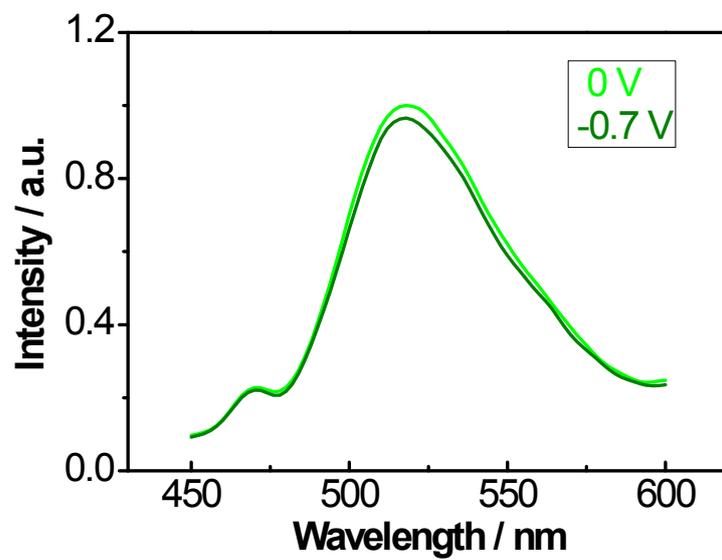


Fig. S8. Luminescent spectra of (HOPTS)<sub>50</sub> film in open circuit condition and with a potential of -0.7 V for 30 min in 0.5 M H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>/Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> solutions (pH = 2.5)

**Table S1.** Roughness of different HOPTS film in scanning range of 2 micrometer and 1 micrometer.

	<b>Film 1</b>	<b>Film 2</b>	<b>Film3</b>
<b>R<sub>1</sub></b>	1.466 nm	3.481nm	6.981 nm
<b>R<sub>2</sub></b>	1.520 nm	3.244 nm	5.856 nm

**Note:** R<sub>1</sub>: scanning range of 2 micrometer; R<sub>2</sub>: scanning range of 1 micrometer;  
Film 1: (HOPTS)<sub>10</sub>; Film 2: (HOPTS)<sub>50</sub>; Film 3: (HOPTS)<sub>100</sub>.