Supplementary data

Concise access to iminophosphonamide stabilized heteroleptic germylenes: Chemical reactivity and structural investigation

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Fig. S1 ¹H NMR (400MHz, C_6D_6) spectrum of [(2,6-*i*Pr₂C₆H₃N)P(Ph₂)(N*t*Bu)]GeCl (1).



Fig. S2 ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H{}NMR$ (162 MHz, C₆D₆) spectrum of [(2,6-*i*Pr₂C₆H₃N)P(Ph₂)(N*t*Bu)]GeCl (1).



Fig. S3 ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C_6D_6) spectrum of $[(2,6-iPr_2C_6H_3N)P(Ph_2)(NtBu)]$ GeCl (1). Inset shows expansion of the aliphatic region.



Fig. S4 ¹H NMR (400MHz, C_6D_6 +THF- d_8 (1:0.3)) spectrum of [(2,6-*i*Pr₂C₆H₃N)P(Ph₂)(N*t*Bu)]Ge(Cl) Fe(CO)₄ (2).



Fig. S5 ³¹P{¹H}NMR (162MHz, C_6D_6 +THF- d_8 (1:0.3)) spectrum of [(2,6-*i*Pr₂C₆H₃N)P(Ph₂)(N*t*Bu)]Ge(Cl) Fe(CO)₄ (2).



Fig. S6 ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C_6D_6 +THF- d_8 (1:0.3)) spectrum of [(2,6-*i*Pr₂C₆H₃N)P(Ph₂)(N*t*Bu)]Ge(Cl) Fe(CO)₄ (**2**). Inset shows expansion of the aliphatic region.



Fig. S7 ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) spectrum of [(2,6-*i*Pr₂C₆H₃N)P(Ph₂)(N*t*Bu)]GeO*t*Bu (3).



Fig. S8 ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$ NMR(162 MHz, C₆D₆) spectrum of [(2,6-*i*Pr₂C₆H₃N)P(Ph₂)(N*t*Bu)]GeO*t*Bu (3).



Fig. S9 ¹³C NMR (100MHz, C_6D_6) spectrum of $[(2,6-iPr_2C_6H_3N)P(Ph_2)(NtBu)]GeOtBu$ (3). Inset shows expansion of the aromatic region.



Fig. S10 ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) spectrum of [(2,6-*i*Pr₂C₆H₃N)P(Ph₂)(N*t*Bu)]GeOTf (4).



Fig. S11 ³¹P{¹H} NMR (162 MHz, C₆D₆) spectrum of $[(2,6-iPr_2C_6H_3N)P(Ph_2)(NtBu)]$ GeOTf (4). Inset shows its ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, C₆D₆) spectrum.



Fig. S12 ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C_6D_6) spectrum of $[(2,6-iPr_2C_6H_3N)P(Ph_2)(NtBu)]$ GeOTf (4). Inset shows expansion of the aromatic region.



Fig. S13 ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of [(2,6-*i*Pr₂C₆H₃N)P(Ph₂)(N*t*Bu)]Ge(S)Cl (5).



Fig. S14 ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$ NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of [(2,6-*i*Pr₂C₆H₃N)P(Ph₂)(N*t*Bu)]Ge(S)Cl (5).



Fig. S15 ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of [(2,6-*i*Pr₂C₆H₃N)P(Ph₂)(N*t*Bu)]Ge(S)Cl (5).





Fig. S16 ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of [(2,6-*i*Pr₂C₆H₃N)P(Ph₂)(N*t*Bu)]Ge(Se)Cl (6).



Fig. S17 ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$ NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of [(2,6-*i*Pr₂C₆H₃N)P(Ph₂)(N*t*Bu)]Ge(Se)Cl (6).



Fig. S18 ¹³C NMR (100MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of [(2,6-*i*Pr₂C₆H₃N)P(Ph₂)(N*t*Bu)]Ge(Se)Cl (6).



Fig. S19 ¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of [(2,6-*i*Pr₂C₆H₃N)P(Ph₂)(N*t*Bu)]Ge(S)O*t*Bu (7).



Fig. S20 ³¹P{¹H} NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of $[(2,6-iPr_2C_6H_3N)P(Ph_2)(NtBu)]Ge(S)OtBu (7)$.



Fig. S21 ¹³C NMR (100MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of $[(2,6-iPr_2C_6H_3N)P(Ph_2)(NtBu)]Ge(S)OtBu$ (7). Inset shows expansion of the aromatic region.





Fig. S22 1 H- 13 C HSQC NMR spectrum of [(2,6-*i*Pr₂C₆H₃N)P(Ph₂)(N*t*Bu)]Ge(S)O*t*Bu (7).



Fig. S23 Expansion of the aliphatic region of ${}^{1}H{}^{-13}C$ HSQC NMR spectrum of [(2,6- $iPr_2C_6H_3N)P(Ph_2)(NtBu)$]Ge(S)OtBu (7).



Fig. S24 Expansion of the aromatic region of ${}^{1}H{}^{-13}C$ HSQC NMR spectrum of [(2,6- $iPr_2C_6H_3N)P(Ph_2)(NtBu)$]Ge(S)OtBu (7).

¹H-¹³C HMBC NMR spectrum of compound 7



Fig. S25 ¹H-¹³C HMBC NMR spectrum of [(2,6-*i*Pr₂C₆H₃N)P(Ph₂)(N*t*Bu)]Ge(S)O*t*Bu (7).



Fig. S26 Expansion of the aliphatic region of ${}^{1}\text{H}{}^{-13}\text{C}$ HMBC NMR spectrum of $[(2,6-iPr_2C_6H_3N) P(Ph_2)(NtBu)]Ge(S)OtBu$ (7).



Fig. S27 Expansion of the aromatic region of ${}^{1}\text{H}{}^{-13}\text{C}$ HMBC NMR spectrum of [(2,6- $iPr_2C_6H_3N)P(Ph_2)(NtBu)$]Ge(S)OtBu (7).

Assignment of ¹H and ¹³C NMR signals of [(2,6-*i*Pr₂C₆H₃N)P(Ph₂)(N*t*Bu)]Ge(S)O*t*Bu (7)



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = -0.12$ (d, ³*J*_{H-H} = 6.8 Hz, 3 H, C^{2or6}(CH)(CH₃)(CH₃)), 0.22 (d, ³*J*_{H-H} = 6.8 Hz, 3 H, C^{2or6}(CH)(CH₃)(CH₃)), 1.17 (overlapped doublets, ³*J*_{H-H} = 6.4 & 5.1 Hz, 6 H, 2x C^{2&6}(CH)(CH₃)(CH₃)), 1.35 (s, 9 H, NC(CH₃)₃), 1.60 (s, 9 H, OC(CH₃)₃), 3.12 (sept, ³*J*_{H-H} = 6.8 Hz, 1 H, C^{2or6}(CH)(CH₃)(CH₃)), 3.84 (sept, ³*J*_{H-H} = 6.8 Hz, 1 H, C^{2or6}(CH)(CH₃)(CH₃)), 6.84–6.88

(m, 1 H, C^{3or5}–*H*, Dipp), 6.94–6.97 (m, 1 H, C^{3or5}–*H*, Dipp), 7.00–7.07 (m, 1 H, C⁴–*H*, Dipp), 7.43–7.55 (m, 4 H, 2xC^{(3'&5')or(9'&11')}–*H*, Ph), 7.55–7.64 (m, 4 H, 2xC^{(2'&6')or(8'&12')}–*H*, Ph), 8.29–8.37 (m, 2 H, C^{4'&10'}–*H*, Ph).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 22.3$ (s, 1 C, C^{2or6}CH(CH₃)(CH₃)), 24.6 (s, 1 C, C^{2or6}CH(CH₃)(CH₃)), 25.6 (s, 1 C, C^{2or6}CH(CH₃)(CH₃)), 27.8 (s, 1 C, C^{2or6}CH(CH₃)(CH₃)), 28.6 (s, 1 C, C^{2or6}CH(CH₃)₂), 29.3 (s, 1 C, C^{2or6}CH(CH₃)₂), 32.2 (s, 3 C, 1xOC(CH₃)₃), 32.8 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 5.6 Hz, 3 C, 1xNC(CH₃)₃), 55.0 (s, 1 C, NC(CH₃)₃), 75.3 (s, 1 C, OC(CH₃)₃), 123.6 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 2.5 Hz, 1 C, C^{2or6}, Dipp), 124.1 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 2.6 Hz, 1 C, C^{2or6}, Dipp), 124.6 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 102.0 Hz, C_{*ipso*^{1/or7'}, Ph), 126.3 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 2.8 Hz, C⁴, Dipp), 128.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 13.0 Hz, 2 C, 1xC^{(3'&5')or(9'&11')}, Ph), 128.7 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 12.9 Hz, 2 C, 1xC^{(3'&5')or(9'&11')}, Ph), 131.0 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 99.2 Hz, 1 C, C_{*ipso*^{1/or7'}, Ph), 131.3 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 1.5 Hz, C_{*ipso*¹, Dipp), 132.6 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 10.4 Hz, 2 C, 1xC^{(2'&6')or(8'&12')}, Ph), 133.2 (vtr, *J*_{C-P} = 6.9 & 3.4 Hz, 2 C, C^{4'&10'}, Ph), 134.8 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 11.6 Hz, 2 C, 1xC^{(2'&6')or(8'&12')}, Ph), 148.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 4.2 Hz, 1 C, C³, Dipp), 150.1 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 4.5 Hz, 1 C, C⁵, Dipp).}}}



Fig. S28 ¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of [(2,6-*i*Pr₂C₆H₃N)P(Ph₂)(N*t*Bu)]Ge(Se)O*t*Bu (8).



Fig. S29 ³¹P{¹H} NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of [(2,6-*i*Pr₂C₆H₃N)P(Ph₂)(N*t*Bu)]Ge(Se)O*t*Bu (8).



Fig. S30 ¹³C NMR (100MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of $[(2,6-iPr_2C_6H_3N)P(Ph_2)(NtBu)]Ge(Se)OtBu$ (8). Inset shows expansion of the aromatic region.