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Electronic Supplementary Informations

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Experimental procedures

Analytical solvents were purchased at analytical grade and used without further purification. All commercially available products were used without further purification.

¹H, ¹³C and ³¹P spectra were recorded at 298 K on a Bruker AV300 spectrometer, with the solvent peak as the internal reference. In the assignment, the chemical shift is given first, followed in brackets by the multiplicity of the signal (br = broad, m = multiplet), the integration and the assignment. Mass spectrometry was performed by the Service de Spectrométrie de Masse, University of Strasbourg. Elemental analyses were performed on a Thermo Scientific Flash 2000 by the Service Commun de Microanalyse of the University of Strasbourg.

X-Ray diffraction studies on single crystals were performed on a Bruker APEX8 CCD Diffractometer equipped with an Oxford Cryosystem liquid N₂ device, at 173(2) K, using graphite-monochromated Mo-K α (λ = 0.71073 Å) 50 radiation. For both structures, diffraction data were corrected for absorption. Structures were solved using SHELXS-97 and refined by full matrix least-squares on F² using SHELXL-97.^[1] Powder X-ray diffraction (DRXP) patterns were recorded on a Bruker D8 AV diffractometer using Cu- K α radiation (λ = 1.5406 Å) operating at 40 kV and 40 mA with a scanning range between 3.8 and 30° by a scan step size of 2°/min. For comparison, simulated patterns were calculated using the Mercury software. Thermo gravimetric analysis (TGA) were performed on a Pyris 6 TGA Lab System apparatus (Perkin-Elmer), using a N₂ flow of 20 mL/min and a heat rate of 5°/min.

Synthetic procedures

4-ethynylpyridine was synthesized as described in the literature.^[2] *trans*- $[Pt(C \equiv CPy)_2(PPh_3)_2]$ was synthesized following an adapted literature procedure.^[3]

Tecton T: *cis*-Pt(PPh₃)₂Cl₂ (150 mg, 0.19 mmol, 1 eq.) and 4-ethynylpyridine (59 mg, 0.57 mmol, 3 eq.) were dissolved in degassed toluene/Et₂NH (1/1 mixture, 8 mL) and CuI (2.5 mg, 0.013 mmol, 0.07 eq.) was added. After 2 days at RT, the solution was evaporated to dryness, purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, CH₂Cl₂/acetone 1/0 to 1/1) and recrystallized with CH₂Cl₂/pentane to yield *trans*-[Pt(C=CPy)₂(PPh₃)₂] (133 mg, 76%) as yellow needles.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) = 6.11 (br, 4H, pyr), 7.29-7.45 (m, 18H, Ph), 7.67-7.81 (m, 12H, Ph), 8.09 (br, 4H, pyr).

¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz): δ (ppm) = 88.6, 111.3, 125.3, 128.0, 130.6, 130.8, 135.0, 136.0, 148.5.

³¹P-NMR (CDCl₃, 121.5 MHz): δ (ppm) = 18.8 (J_{P-Pt} = 2600 Hz).

MS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{50}H_{38}N_2P_2PtH^+$ [M + H]⁺ 1139.37 g·mol⁻¹; found 1139.37 g·mol⁻¹.

Crystallization conditions: Crystals of the networks have been obtained by diffusion of an alcoholic solution of the metal salt (*ca.* 5 mg/mL) in a solution of the bis-pyridyl compound in a chlorinated solvent (*ca.* 1 mg/mL), the two phases being separated with a buffer layer, in a glass tube (inner diameter 0.4 cm).

For the crystallization of larger amounts of the materials, the same procedure has been applied in a test tube. Yields are given based on the micro-analysis formula and the amount of starting trans-[Pt(C=CPy)₂(PPh₃)₂] complex.

Networks characterization

(T,CoCl₂)





PXRD (black: simulated pattern; red: observed pattern)



TGA trace (N₂ flow: 20 mL/min; heat rate: 5° /min)

40 % <u>Yield:</u> 4.6 mg

<u>Elemental analysis:</u> $C_{100}H_{76}Cl_2CoN_4P_4Pt_2$ ·CHCl₃·3(H₂O): Calc. C 56.40, H 3.89, N 2.60, found C 56.47, H 3.78, 2.64.

(T,NiCl₂)



PXRD (black: simulated pattern; red: observed pattern)



TGA trace (N₂ flow: 20 mL/min; heat rate: 5° /min)

62 %<u>Yield</u>, 7.0 mg

<u>Elemental analysis:</u> $C_{100}H_{76}Cl_2N_4NiP_4Pt_2$ ·CHCl₃: Calc. C 57.86, H 3.70, N 2.67, found C 58.12, H 3.90, 2.73.





TGA trace (N₂ flow: 20 mL/min; heat rate: 5°/min)

28 % <u>Yield</u>, 4.0 mg.

<u>Elemental analysis:</u> $C_{51}H_{41}CdCl_2N_2OP_2PtC_2H_2Cl_4$: Calc. C 48.74, H 2.14, N 3.32, found C 48.08, H 2.62, 3.29.



PXRD (black: simulated pattern; red: observed pattern)



TGA trace (N2 flow: 20 mL/min; heat rate: 5°/min)

94 % <u>Yield</u>, 12.9 mg. <u>Elemental analysis:</u> 2(C₁₀₀H₇₆Br₂CdN₄P₄Pt₂)·7(CHCl₃): Calc. C 48.98, H 3.16, N 2.21, found C 48.93, H 3.27, 2.31.

Crystallographic datas for T



<u>Crystallization conditions:</u> diffusion of pentane into a solution of T in CH_2Cl_2 .

Empirical formula	$C_{50}H_{38}N_2P_2Pt$	$C_{50}H_{38}N_2P_2Pt$	
Formula weight	923.85	923.85	
Temperature	173(2) K		
Wavelength	0.71073 Å		
Crystal system	Triclinic		
Space group	P-1		
Unit cell dimensions	a = 9.8982(5) Å	$\alpha = 83.162(2)^{\circ}$	
	b = 10.2683(5) Å	$\beta = 67.534(2)^{\circ}$	
	c = 10.6425(5) Å	$\gamma = 81.896(2)^{\circ}$.	
Volume	987.09(8) Å ³		
Ζ	1		
Density (calculated)	1.554 Mg/m ³		
Absorption coefficient	3.673 mm ⁻¹		
F(000)	460		
Crystal size	0.08 x 0.06 x 0.05 mm	0.08 x 0.06 x 0.05 mm ³	
Theta range for data collection	2.01 to 29.16°	2.01 to 29.16°	
Index ranges	-13<=h<=13, -14<=k	-13<=h<=13, -14<=k<=13, -13<=l<=15	
Reflections collected	10992	10992	
Independent reflections	5285 [R(int) = 0.0360	5285 [R(int) = 0.0360]	
Completeness to theta = 29.16°	99.6 %	99.6 %	
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from	Semi-empirical from equivalents	
Max. and min. transmission	0.8377 and 0.7576	0.8377 and 0.7576	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squa	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	
Data / restraints / parameters	5285 / 0 / 250	5285 / 0 / 250	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.023	1.023	
Final R indices $[I \ge 2\sigma(I)]$	R1 = 0.0354, WR2 =	R1 = 0.0354, wR2 = 0.0772	
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0369, wR2 =	R1 = 0.0369, wR2 = 0.0782	
Largest diff. peak and hole	1.844 and -1.204 e.Å	1.844 and -1.204 e.Å ⁻³	

Crystallographic datas for (T,CoCl₂)

<u>Crystallization conditions</u>: diffusion of a $CoCl_2$ solution in MeOH (5 mg/mL) into a solution of T in CHCl₃ (1 mg/mL).

Empirical formula	$C_{101}H_{83}Cl_5CoN_4O_3P_4Pt_2 = C_{100}H_{76}Cl_2Co$	N ₄ P ₄ Pt ₂ , CHCl ₃ , 3(H ₂ O)	
Formula weight	2150.95		
Temperature	173(2) K		
Wavelength	0.71073 Å		
Crystal system	Triclinic		
Space group	P-1		
Unit cell dimensions	a = 11.0755(2) Å	$\alpha = 89.7140(10)^{\circ}$.	
	b = 17.2285(3) Å	$\beta = 86.0250(10)^{\circ}.$	
	c = 30.5221(6) Å	$\gamma = 81.0480(10)^{\circ}$.	
Volume	5739.17(18) Å ³		
Ζ	2		
Density (calculated)	1.245 Mg/m ³		
Absorption coefficient	2.789 mm ⁻¹		
F(000)	2138		
Crystal size	0.06 x 0.05 x 0.05 mm ³	0.06 x 0.05 x 0.05 mm ³	
Theta range for data collection	on 0.67 to 29.33°	0.67 to 29.33°	
Index ranges	-15<=h<=15, -24<=k<=24	-15<=h<=15, -24<=k<=24, 0<=l<=43	
Reflections collected	30865	30865	
Independent reflections	30865 [R(int) = 0.0678]	30865 [R(int) = 0.0678]	
Completeness to theta = 30.3	3° 98.1 %		
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equi	Semi-empirical from equivalents	
Max. and min. transmission	0.8731 and 0.8505		
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares	Full-matrix least-squares on F^2	
Data / restraints / parameters	30865 / 21 / 1198	30865 / 21 / 1198	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.098		
Final R indices $[I>2\sigma(I)]$	R1 = 0.0617, WR2 = 0.198	R1 = 0.0617, WR2 = 0.1987	
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0885, WR2 = 0.212	R1 = 0.0885, WR2 = 0.2118	
Largest diff. peak and hole	1.647 and -1.228 e.Å ⁻³	1.647 and -1.228 e.Å ⁻³	

Crystallographic datas for (T,NiCl₂)

<u>Crystallization conditions:</u> diffusion of a $Ni(NO_3)_2$ solution in MeOH (5 mg/mL) into a solution of T in CHCl₃ (1 mg/mL).

Empirical formula	$C_{100}H_{76}Cl_2N_4NiP_4Pt_2$	
Formula weight	1977.32	
Temperature	173(2) K	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal system	Triclinic	
Space group	P-1	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 11.0555(4) Å	$\alpha = 90.794(2)^{\circ}$.
	b = 17.1663(6) Å	$\beta = 93.971(2)^{\circ}$.
	c = 30.4851(10) Å	$\gamma = 99.038(2)^{\circ}$.
Volume	5698.2(3) Å ³	
Ζ	2	
Density (calculated)	1.152 Mg/m ³	
Absorption coefficient	2.753 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	1964	
Crystal size	0.08 x 0.06 x 0.05 mm ³	
Theta range for data collection	1.78 to 28.00°	
Index ranges	-15<=h<=15, -24<=k<=24, 0<=l<=42	
Reflections collected	27043	
Independent reflections	27043 [R(int) = 0.0456]	
Completeness to theta = 28.00°	99.9 %	
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalents	
Max. and min. transmission	0.8746 and 0.8098	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	
Data / restraints / parameters	27043 / 0 / 967	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.111	
Final R indices $[I \ge 2\sigma(I)]$	R1 = 0.0713, $wR2 = 0.2419$	
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.1317, wR2 = 0.2663	
Largest diff. peak and hole	1.075 and -1.477 e.Å ⁻³	

Crystallographic datas for (T,CdCl₂)

<u>Crystallization conditions</u>: diffusion of a $CdCl_2$ solution in MeOH (5 mg/mL) into a solution of T in $C_2H_2Cl_4$ (1 mg/mL).

Empirical formula	$C_{55}H_{45}Cl_{10}CdN_2OP_2Pt = C_{51}H_{41}Cl_2CdN_2OP_2Pt, 2(C_2H_2Cl_4)$		
Formula weight	1473.86		
Temperature	173(2) K		
Wavelength	0.71073 Å		
Crystal system	Triclinic		
Space group	P-1		
Unit cell dimensions	a = 9.7730(3) Å	$\alpha = 96.5820(10)^{\circ}$.	
	b = 18.3347(5) Å	$\beta = 102.6170(10)^{\circ}.$	
	c = 19.9481(6) Å	$\gamma = 100.1690(10)^{\circ}.$	
Volume	3389.35(17) Å ³		
Ζ	2		
Density (calculated)	1.444 Mg/m ³		
Absorption coefficient	2.851 mm ⁻¹	2.851 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	1446		
Crystal size	0.06 x 0.05 x 0.05 mm ³	0.06 x 0.05 x 0.05 mm ³	
Theta range for data collection	n 1.68 to 30.72°.	1.68 to 30.72°.	
Index ranges	-14<=h<=13, -27<=k<=2	-14<=h<=13, -27<=k<=26, 0<=l<=29	
Reflections collected	19923	19923	
Independent reflections	19923 [$R(int) = 0.0254$]	19923 [$R(int) = 0.0254$]	
Completeness to theta = 30.7	2° 96.6 %	96.6 %	
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equ	Semi-empirical from equivalents	
Max. and min. transmission	0.8706 and 0.8476	0.8706 and 0.8476	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	
Data / restraints / parameters	19923 / 20 / 707	19923 / 20 / 707	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.054	1.054	
Final R indices $[I>2\sigma(I)]$	R1 = 0.0566, WR2 = 0.17	R1 = 0.0566, wR2 = 0.1735	
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0718, wR2 = 0.18	R1 = 0.0718, $wR2 = 0.1835$	
Largest diff. peak and hole	2.003 and -1.790 e.Å ⁻³	2.003 and -1.790 e.Å ⁻³	

Crystallographic datas for (T,CdBr₂)

<u>Crystallization conditions</u>: diffusion of a $CdBr_2$ solution in EtOH (5 mg/mL) into a solution of **T** in $CHCl_3$ (1 mg/mL).

Empirical formula C ₂₀₄ H ₁₇₀ Br ₄ Cd ₂ C ₁₁₂ N ₈ O ₇	$P_8Pt_4 = 2(C_{100}H_{76}Br_2CdN_4)$	P_4Pt_2 ,4(CHCl ₃),7(H ₂ O)
Formula weight	4843.44	
Temperature	173(2) K	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal system	Triclinic	
Space group	P-1	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 17.6603(4) Å	$\alpha = 113.2070(10)^{\circ}$.
	b = 19.2398(4) Å	$\beta = 99.7830(10)^{\circ}$.
	c = 19.5076(4) Å	$\gamma = 101.2470(10)^{\circ}$.
Volume	5746.7(2) Å ³	
Z	1	
Density (calculated)	1.400 Mg/m ³	
Absorption coefficient	3.547 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	2378	
Crystal size	0.09 x 0.07 x 0.07 mm ³	
Theta range for data collection	1.95 to 29.08°	
Index ranges	-24<=h<=24, -27<=k<=24, 0<=l<=27	
Reflections collected	30582	
Independent reflections	30582 [R(int) = 0.0547]	
Completeness to theta = 29.08°	99.7 %	
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalents	
Max. and min. transmission	0.7894 and 0.7408	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	
Data / restraints / parameters	30582 / 18 / 1174	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.041	
Final R indices $[I \ge 2\sigma(I)]$	R1 = 0.0513, $wR2 = 0.147$	78
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0716, $wR2 = 0.1566$	
Largest diff. peak and hole	1.890 and -1.418 e.Å ⁻³	

References

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