Supporting Information

Synthesis, Structure, Spectral, Electrochemical and Fluoride Sensing Properties of *meso*-Pyrrolyl Boron Dipyrromethene

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Figure S1: HRMS spectrum of compound 5





Figure S2: ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 5 recorded in CDCl_{3.}



Figure S3: ¹H NMR spectrum of compound **5** recorded in DMSO-d₆. Inset shows the expansion.



Figure S4: ¹H-¹HCOSY NMR spectrum of compound 5 recorded in CDCl_{3.}



Figure S5: ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 5 recorded in CDCl_{3.}





Figure S6: ¹⁹F NMR spectrum of compound **5** recorded in CDCl₃. Inset shows the expansion.





Figure S7: ¹¹B NMR spectrum of compound **5** recorded in CDCl₃. Inset shows the expansion.



Calcd mol. wt. = 294.0987 Observed mol. Wt. = 294.0960



Figure S8: HRMS spectrum of compound 6





Figure S9: ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 6 recorded in CDCl₃. Inset shows the expansion.





Figure S10: ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 6 recorded in CDCl_{3.}





Figure S11: ¹⁹F NMR spectrum of compound **6** recorded in CDCl₃. Inset shows the expansion.





Figure S12: ¹⁹F NMR spectrum of compound **6** recorded in DMSO-d6 Inset shows the expansion.





Figure S13: ¹⁹B NMR spectrum of compound **6** recorded in CDCl₃. Inset shows the expansion.





Figure S14: Comparison of ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 5 and 6 recorded in CDCl_{3.}



Calcd mol. wt. = 357.9936

Observed mol. Wt. = 357.9920









Figure S16: ¹H NMR spectrum of compound **7** recorded in CDCl₃. Inset shows the expansion.





Figure S17: ¹⁹F NMR spectrum of compound 7 recorded in CDCl₃. Inset shows the expansion





Figure S18: ¹¹B NMR spectrum of compound 7 recorded in CDCl_{3.}



Calcd mol. wt. = 308.0780

Observed mol. Wt. = 308.0779



Figure S19: HRMS spectrum of compound 8

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Figure S20: ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 8 recorded in CDCl₃. Inset shows the Expansion.





Figure S21: ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 8 recorded in CDCl₃. Inset shows the Expansion.





Figure S22: ¹¹B NMR spectrum of compound **8** recorded in CDCl₃. Inset shows the Expansion.



Figure S23: ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 9 recorded in CDCl₃. Inset shows the Expansion.



Figure S24: ¹H-¹H COSY spectrum of compound 9 recorded in CDCl₃



Figure S25: ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 9 recorded in CDCl_{3.}



Figure S26: ¹⁹F NMR spectrum of compound **9** recorded in CDCl₃. Inset shows the Expansion.



F

Figure S27: ¹¹B NMR spectrum of compound **9** recorded in CDCl₃. Inset shows the Expansion.





Figure S28: ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 11 recorded in CDCl_{3.}



Figure S29: Comparison of absorption spectra of compound **5** (2×10⁻⁵M) recorded in different solvents.



Figure S30: Comparison of absorption spectra of compound **6** (2×10⁻⁵M) recorded in different solvents.



Figure S31: Comparison of absorption spectra of compound **7** (2×10⁻⁵M) recorded in different solvents.



Figure S32: Comparison of absorption spectra of compound **8** (2×10⁻⁵M) recorded in different solvents.



Figure S33: Comparison of absorption spectra of compound **9** (2×10⁻⁵M) recorded in different solvents.



Figure S34: Comparison of emission spectrum of compound **5**(2×10⁻⁵M) recorded in different solvents



Figure S35: Comparison of emission spectrum of compound 6 (2×10⁻⁵M) recorded in different solvents



Figure S36: Comparison of emission spectrum of compound **8** (2×10⁻⁵M) recorded in different solvents



Figure S37: Comparison of emission spectrum of compound 9 (2×10⁻⁵M) recorded in different solvents



Figure S38. Job's plots of compound 5



Figure 39. Supramolecular assembly through a weak intermolecular hydrogen bonding network in BODIPY **5**.



Figure 40. Supramolecular assembly through intermolecular-hydrogen bonding network (between Methyl-H and F (2.247 Å) which is attached to boron in Compound **6**.



Figure 41. Optical response of BODIPY 5 after addition of different anions

Experimental section

General: THF and n-hexane was dried over sodium benzophenone ketyl, BF₃. Et₂O, 2,3dichloro-5,6-dicyano-1,4-benzoquinone (DDQ) and TFA were used as obtained. All other chemicals used for the synthesis were reagent grade unless otherwise specified. Column chromatography was performed on silica (60-120 mesh) or alumina. All the ¹H NMR spectra (δ in ppm) were recorded using Bruker 400 and 500 MHz instruments. ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on Bruker operating at 100.6 and 125.7 MHz. TMS was used as an internal reference for ¹H and ¹³C (δ 77.0 signal) in CDCl₃. For UV-vis, the stock solution of compound **5** (2×10⁻⁵ M) was prepared by using spectroscopic grade toluene.

Their corresponding UV-vis was recorded at 298 K. In ¹H NMR titration, the spectra were measured on 400 MHz NMR spectrometer. A solution of **5** in CDCl₃ was prepared (2×10^{-5} M), and a 0.4 mL portion of this solution was transferred to a 5-mm NMR tube. A small aliquot of Bu₄NF in CDCl₃ was added in an incremental fashion, and their corresponding spectra were recorded.

X-ray crystal structure analysis:

Single-crystal X-ray structure analysis was performed on a Rigaku Saturn 724 diffractometer that was equipped with a low-temperature attachment. Data were collected at 100 K using graphite-monochromated Mo-K_{α} radiation (λ_{α} = 0.71073 Å) with the ω -scan technique. The data were reduced by using CrystalClear-SM Expert 2.1 b24 software. The structures were solved by direct methods and refined by least-squares against F² utilizing the software packages SHELXL-97,³³ SIR-92,³⁴ and WINGX.³⁵ All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically.

References:

- (33) G. M. Sheldrick, Acta Crystallogr., 2008, A64, 112-122.
- (34) A. Altomare, G. Cascarano, C. Giacovazzo and A. Gualardi, *J. Appl. Crystallogr.*, 1993, **26**, 343-350.

(35) L. J. Farrugia, J. Appl. Crystallogr., 1999, 32, 837-838.



Figure 42. Absorption spectra of compound **5** (2×10^{-5} M) and after addition of HPO₄²⁻ H₂PO₄⁻ recorded in Toluene



Figure 43. Absorption spectral change of compound **5** (2×10⁻⁵M) and after addition of different equivalents of F⁻ (0-50 equiv.) recorded in CH₃OH.



Figure 44. Absorption spectral changes of BODIPY **5** (2×10^{-5} M) upon addition of increasing equivalents of F⁻ ions (0-15 equiv) in CH₃CN.



Figure 45. Absorption spectral changes of BODIPY **5** (2×10⁻⁵ M) upon addition of increasing equivalents of F⁻ ions (0–50 equiv) in CH₃CN:H₂O (9:1).