Supporting Information

Novel core-shell structure microspheres based on lanthanide

complexes for white light emission and fluorescence sensing

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Fig. S1 The synthesis process of SiO₂@Ln-dpa.



Scheme S1. The structure and typical coordination environment of [H₂NMe₂]₃[Ln(dpa)₃].



Fig. S2 The selected SEM images of silica microspheres.



Fig. S3 The selected SEM images of SiO₂@Ln-dpa.



Fig. S4 The selected TEM images of SiO₂@Ln-dpa.



Fig. S5 Particle size distribution of as-synthesized bare silica microspheres.



Fig. S6 Particle size distribution of as-synthesized SiO₂@Ln-dpa.



Fig. S7 Energy dispersive analysis by X-rays (EDX) spectroscopy of SiO₂@Eu-dpa.



Fig. S8 Raman spectra of SiO₂@Ln-dpa.



Fig. S9 Excitation spectrum and emission spectrum of SiO₂@Sm-dpa.



Fig. S10 Excitation spectrum and emission spectrum of SiO₂@Dy-dpa.



Fig. S11 CIE chromaticity diagram of (a) SiO₂@Eu-dpa; (b) SiO₂@Tb-dpa; (c) SiO₂@Sm-dpa; (d) SiO₂@Dy-dpa.



Fig. S12 (a) UV–vis absorption spectroscopy of acetone; (b) ultraviolet diffuse-reflectance spectra of H_2 dpa and SiO₂@Eu-dpa.



Fig. S13 Photograph of the luminescence change after addition of Cu^{2+} in SiO₂@Eu-dpa suspension under UV light.



Fig. S14 FTIR spectra (a) and PXRD pattern (b) of the core-shell structure materials after treated with Cu^{2+} .

Table S1. The luminescent data of as-synthesized materials.

	Lifetime	Total quantum yield	Excitation wavelength
Eu-dpa	1882 µ s	34.1%	293 nm
Tb-dpa	1663 µ s	23.5%	295 nm
SiO ₂ @Eu-dpa	2398 µ s	45.7%	300 nm
SiO ₂ @Tb-dpa	2066 µ s	30.4%	300 nm
SiO ₂ @(Eu:Tb)-dpa	2358 µ s	38.2%	290 nm
SiO ₂ @(Dy:Eu)-dpa	2066 µ s	28.1%	300 nm