

Supplementary Information

Facile rhenium-peptide conjugate synthesis using a one-pot derived $\text{Re}(\text{CO})_3$ reagent

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Table of Contents

	Page
Figure S1 ¹ H NMR of compound 1 (500 MHz, DMSO-d ₆)	2
Figure S2 ¹³ C NMR of compound 1 (125 MHz, DMSO-d ₆)	2
Figure S3 ¹ H NMR of compound 2 (500 MHz, DMSO-d ₆)	3
Figure S4 ¹³ C NMR of compound 2 (125 MHz, DMSO-d ₆)	3
Figure S5 ¹ H NMR of compound 4 (crude, 500 MHz, DMSO-d ₆)	4
Figure S6 ¹ H NMR of compound 5 (crude, 500 MHz, DMSO-d ₆)	4
Figure S7 ¹ H NMR of compound 6 (crude, 500 MHz, DMSO-d ₆)	4
Figure S8 Fluorescent images of peptides appended beads	5
Figure S9 Fluorescent micrographs of HUVECs incubated with 5 μM of peptides	5
Figure S10 Overlaid image (transmitted and GFP mode) of Diseased human lung fibroblasts	6
Figure S11 Fluorescent micrographs of 24-h-incubated HUVECs with peptides after one week	6
Figure S12 Rhenium emission intensity and rhenium uptake concentration ICP calibration curve	6

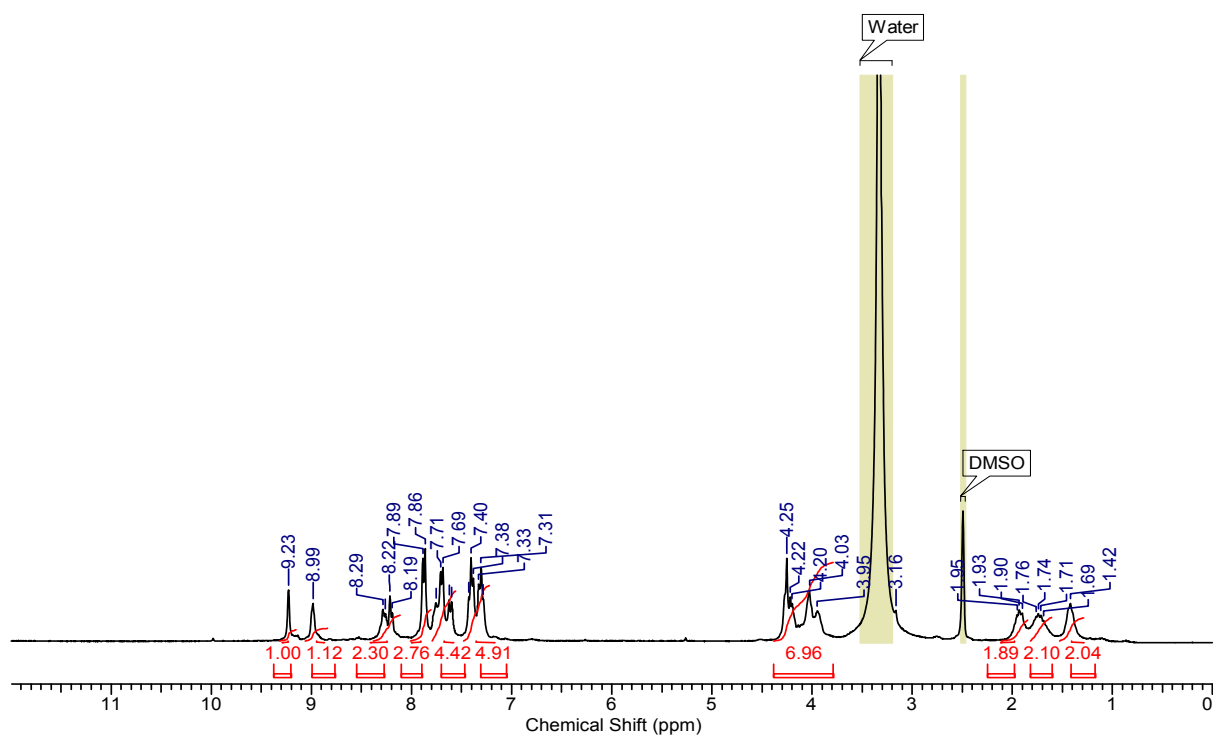


Figure S1 ^1H NMR of compound **1** (500 MHz, DMSO-d_6)

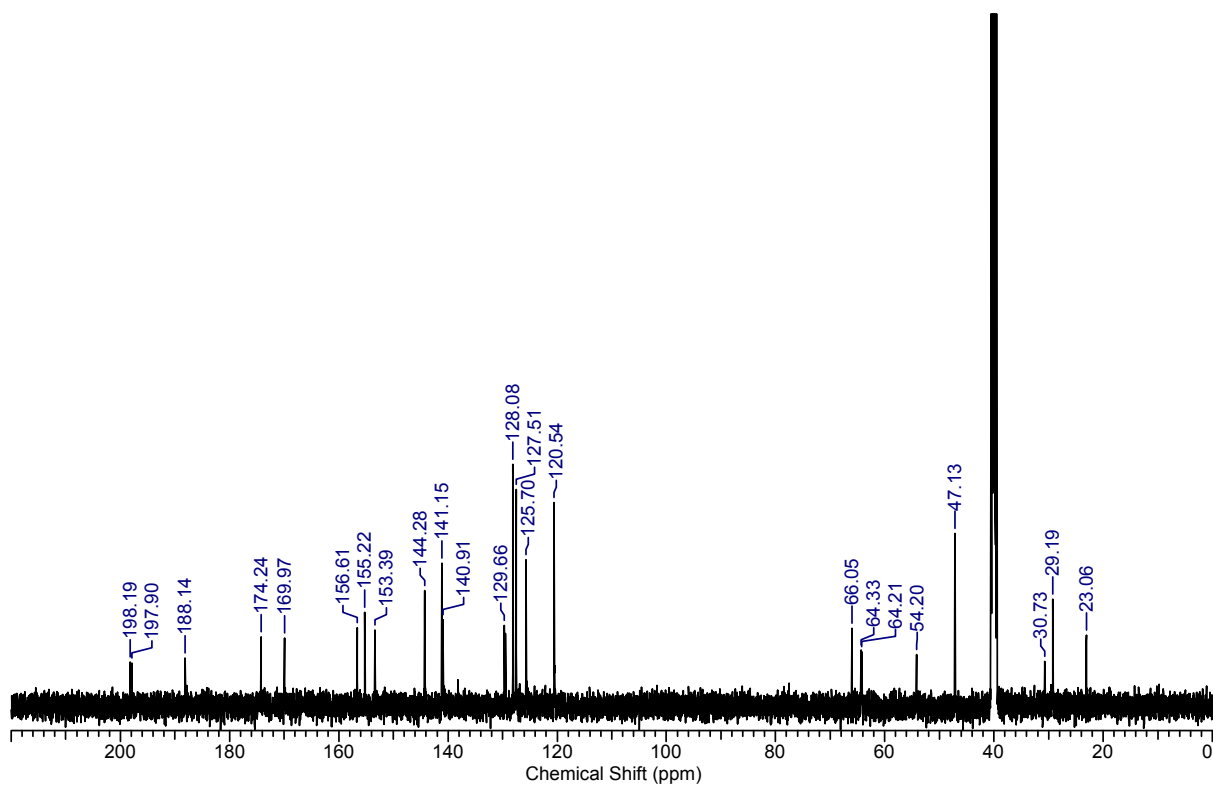


Figure S2 ^{13}C NMR of compound **1** (125 MHz, DMSO-d_6)

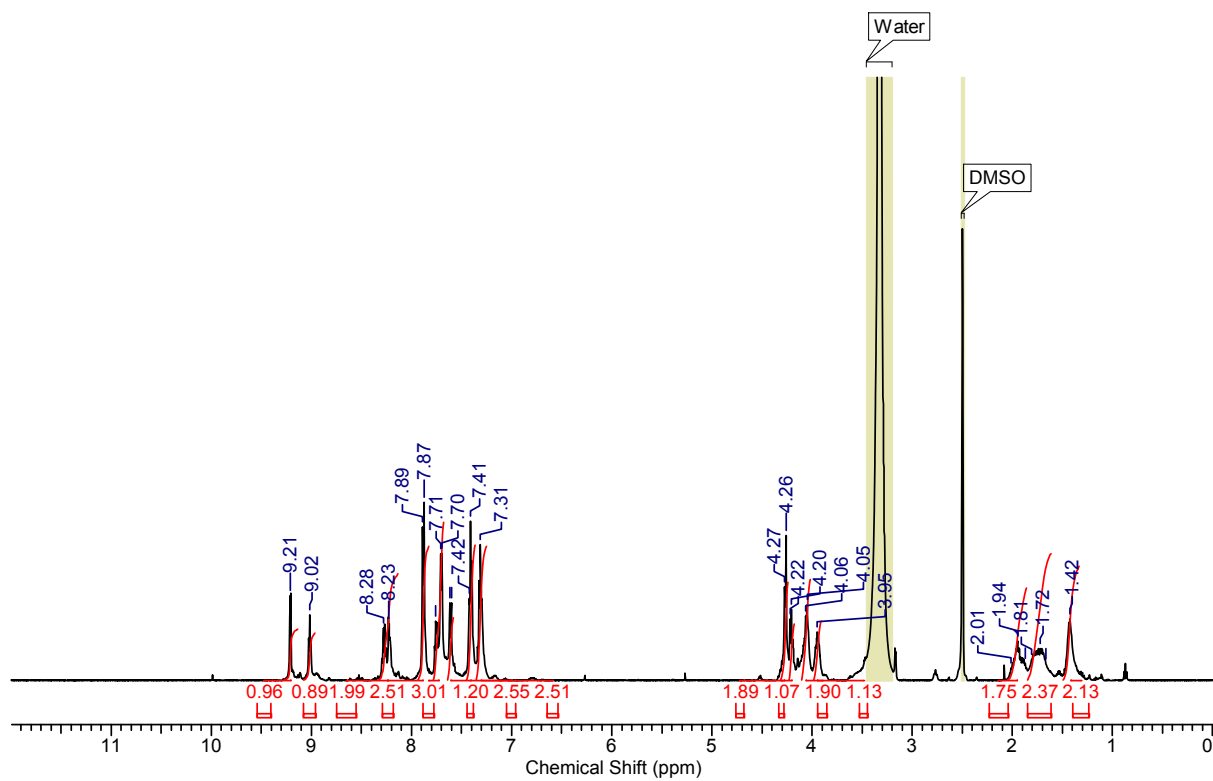


Figure S3 ^1H NMR of compound **2** (500 MHz, DMSO-d_6)

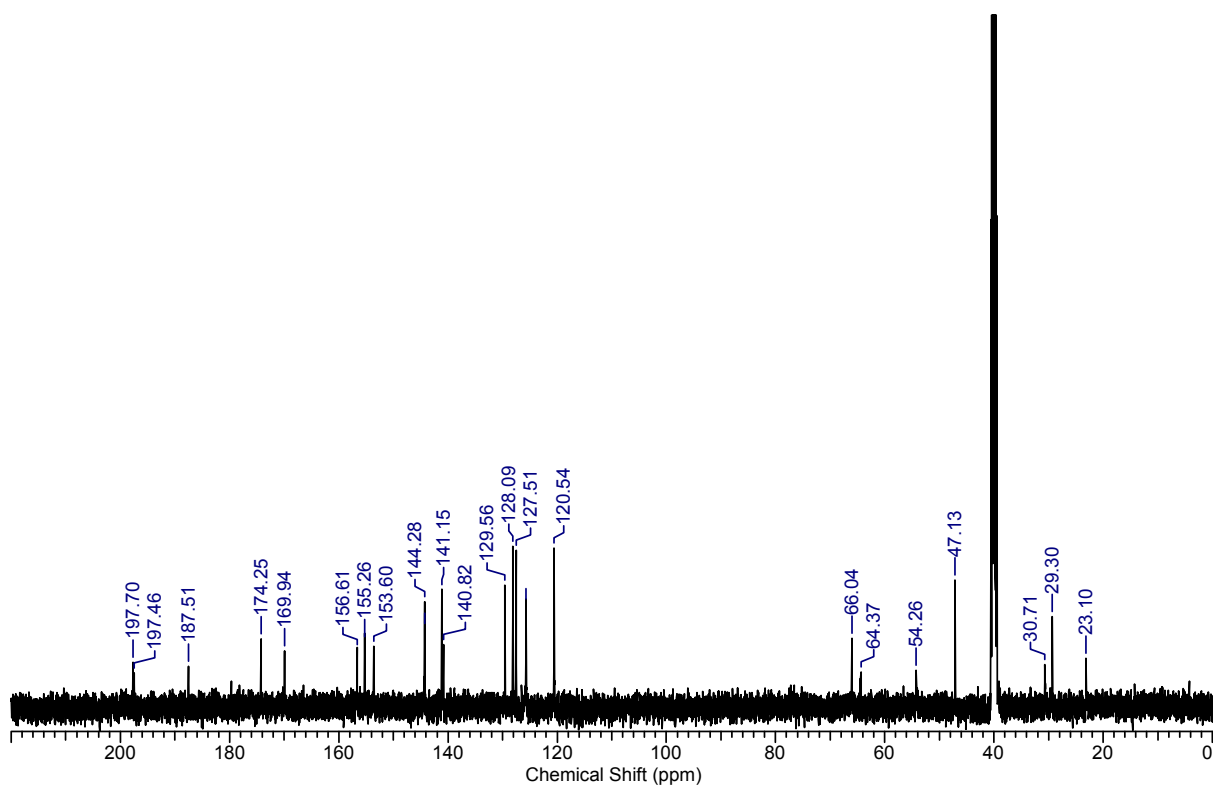


Figure S4 ^{13}C NMR of compound **2** (125 MHz, DMSO-d_6)

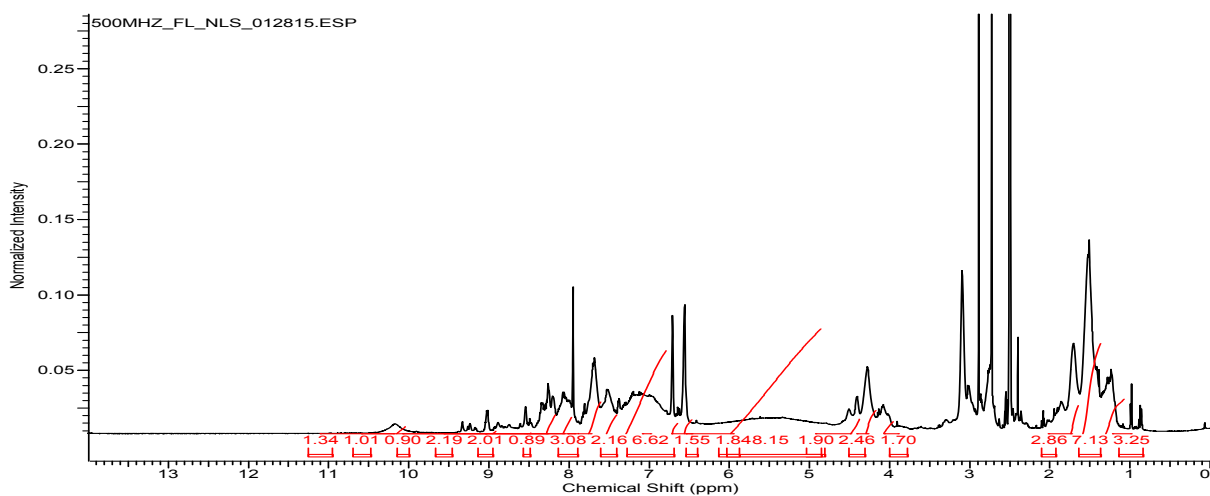


Figure S5 ^1H NMR of compound **4** (crude, 500 MHz, DMSO-d_6)

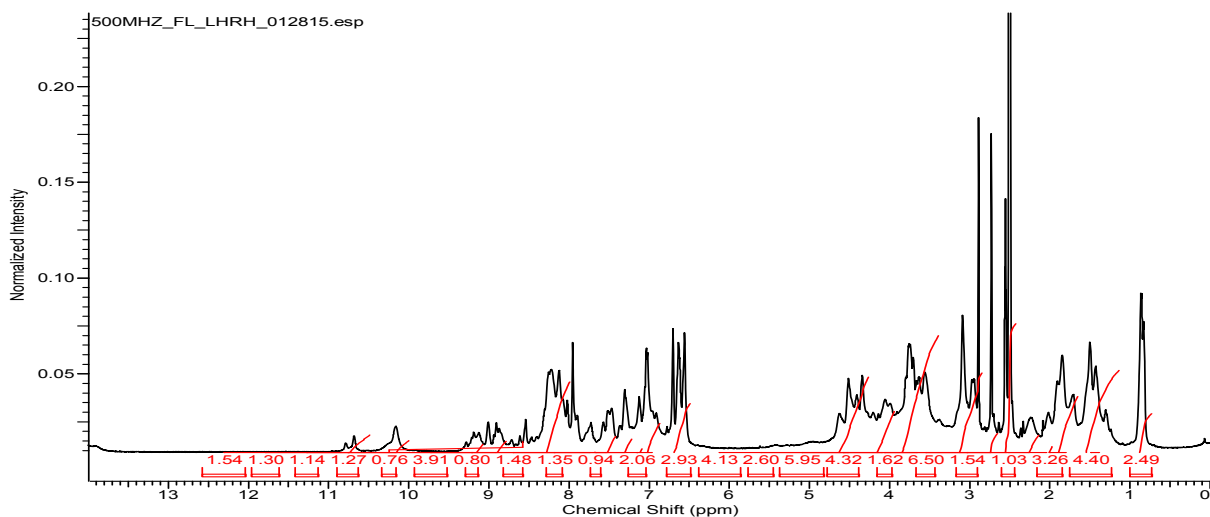


Figure S6 ^1H NMR of compound **5** (crude, 500 MHz, DMSO-d_6)

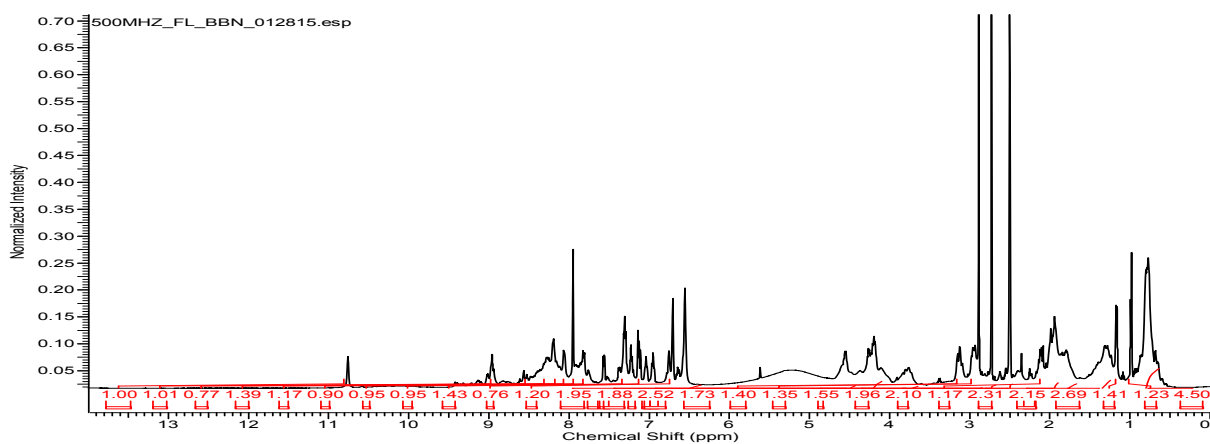


Figure S7 ^1H NMR of compound **6** (crude, 500 MHz, DMSO-d_6)

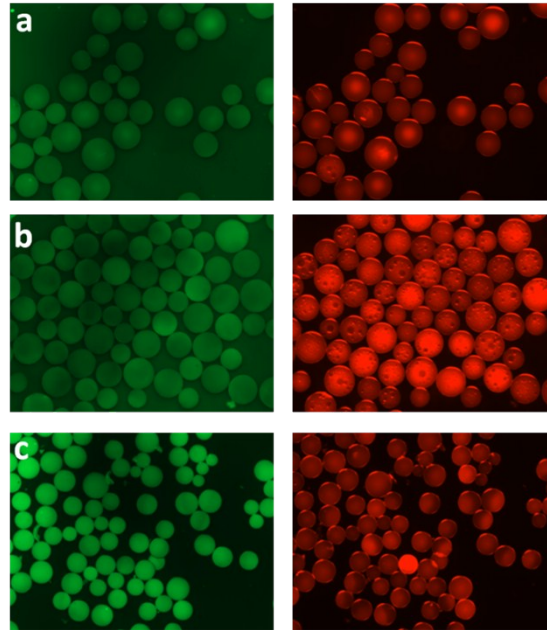


Figure S8 Fluorescent images of peptide appended beads. Left column: 470 nm excitation. Right column: 594 nm excitation for compound **4** (a), **5** (b), and **6** (c).

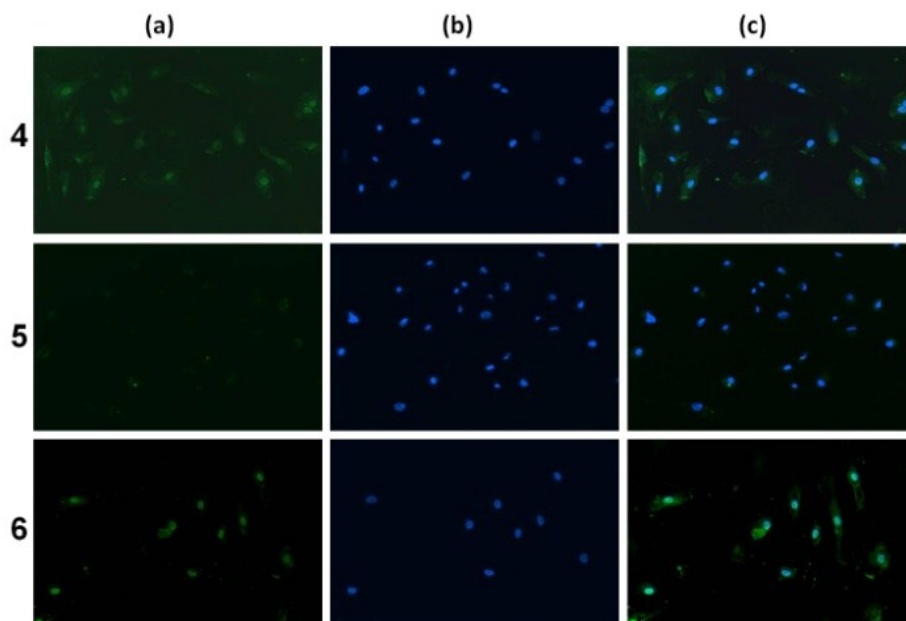


Figure S9 Fluorescent micrographs of HUVECs incubated with 5 μ M of compound **4** (first row), **5** (second row), and **6** (third row) for 24 hours. Images were achieved in 470 nm excitation (a), DAPI (b), and merged (c) modes.

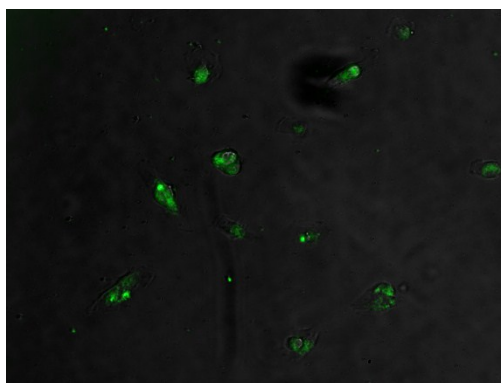


Figure S10 Overlaid image (transmitted and GFP mode) of diseased human lung fibroblasts (DHLF) incubated with 20 μM of compound **3** for 24 hours. DHLF were maintained in DMEM medium with 10% FBS/BS/l-glutamine/ 25,000 (DHLF) cells per well.

DHLF is more vulnerable to all peptides than HUVEC. We observed large amount of dead cells at 80, 40, and 20 μM incubation.

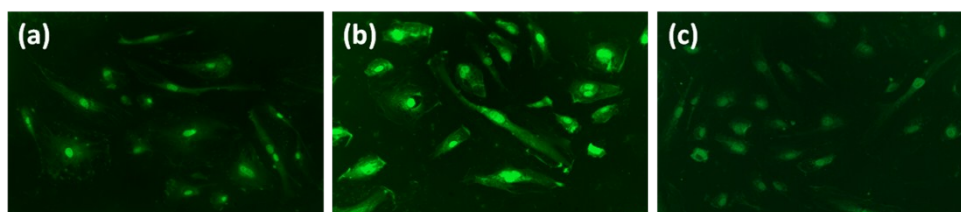


Figure S11 Fluorescent micrographs of 24-h-incubated HUVECs with 80 μM of compound **4** (a), **5** (b), and **6** (c) after one week.

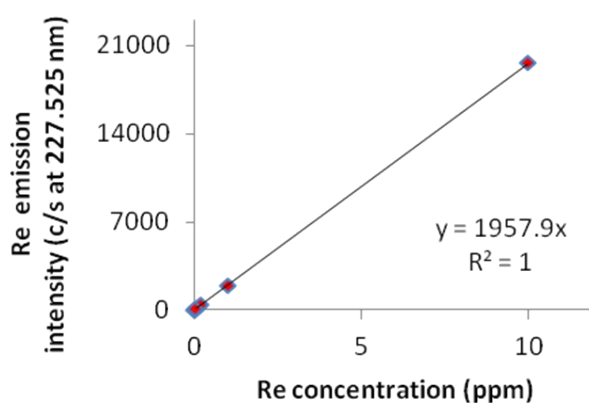


Figure S12 Rhenium emission intensity and rhenium uptake concentration calibration curve from ICP experiment. Relative standard deviations of replicate measurements ($N = 3$) of single calibration points are $<6\%$.