

Supplementary information

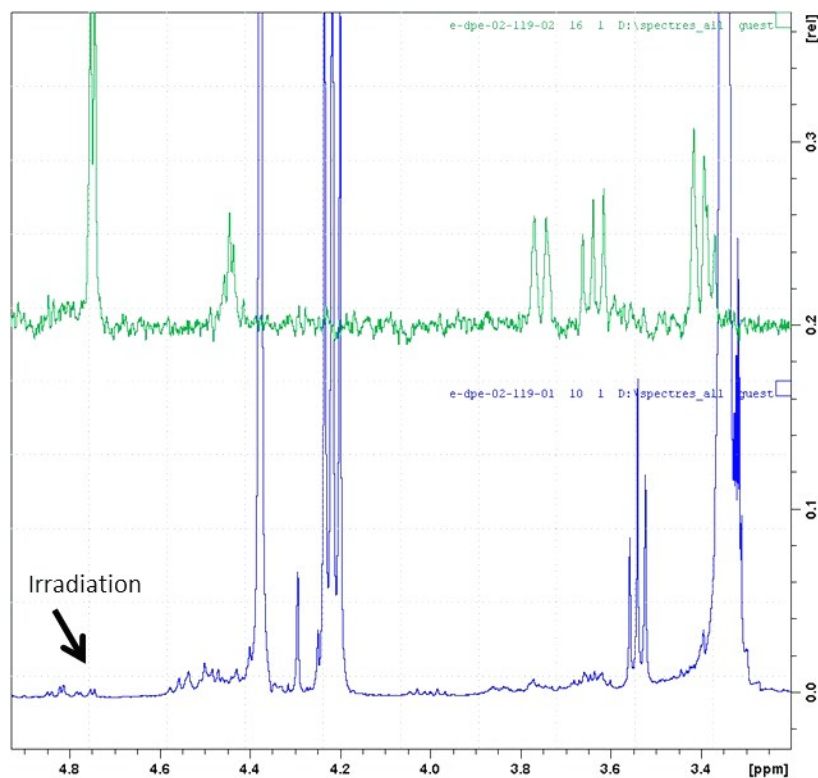
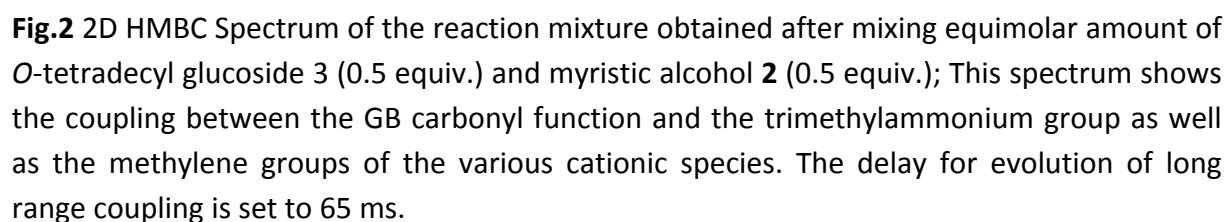


Fig.1 1D TOCSY spectrum of the reaction mixture obtained after mixing equimolar amount of *O*-tetradecyl glucoside **3** (0.5 equiv.) and myristic alcohol **2** (0.5 equiv.); in blue, ¹H NMR spectrum of the crude reaction mixture; in red, 1D TOCSY sub-spectrum after selective irradiation of the signal at 4.74 ppm with a mixing time of 200 ms (black arrow).



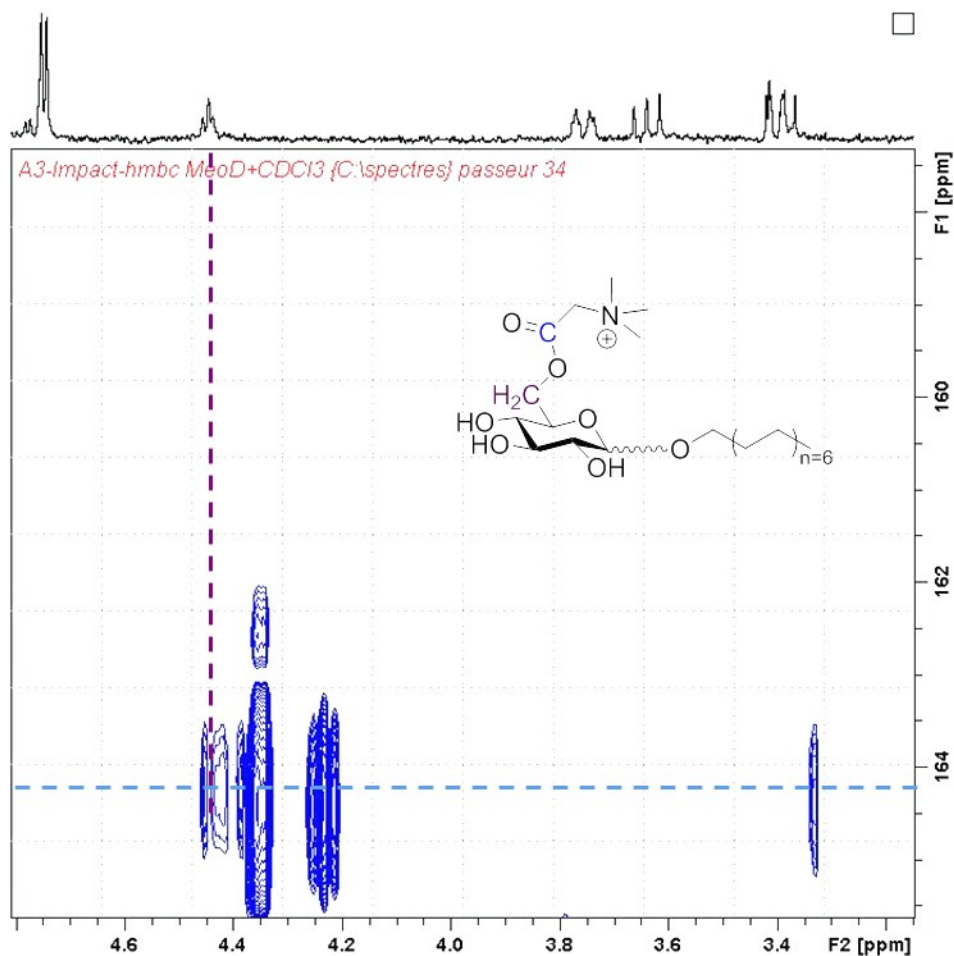


Fig.3 Projection of the 1D TOCSY sub-spectrum on HMBC spectrum proving that the chemical linkage between GB and glucoside **3** operated at the position 6 of the carbohydrate residue. The delay for evolution of long range coupling is set to 65 ms.

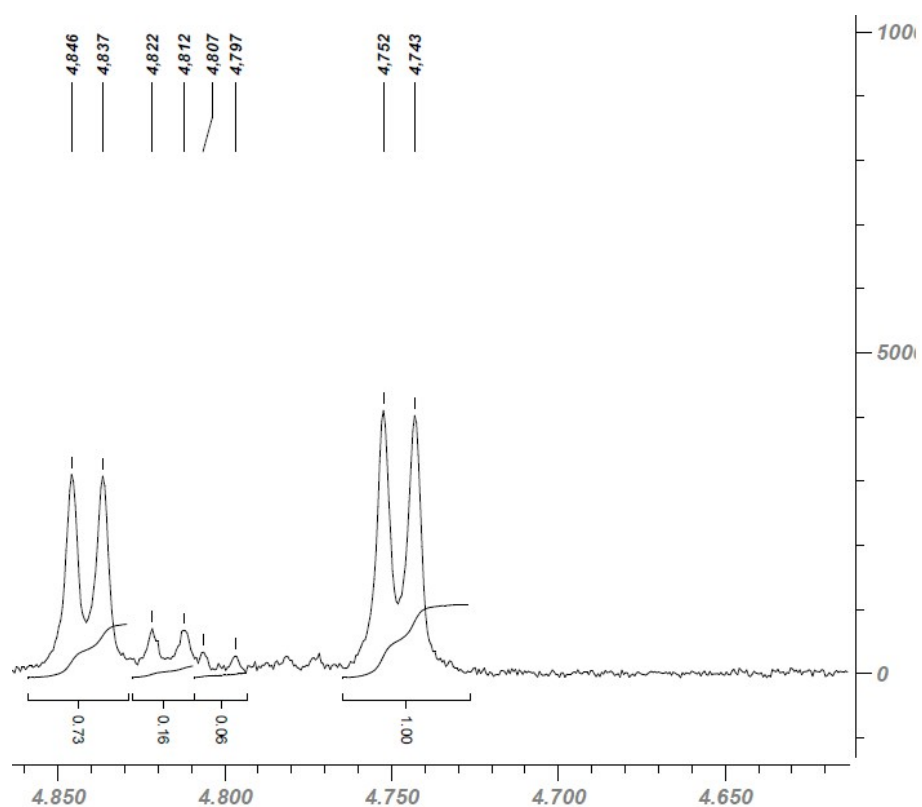


Fig.4 ¹H NMR signals observed around the signal of the α -anomeric proton of glucoside **3** after purification by silica gel chromatography. Only cationized versions of glucoside **3** were present in the sample isolated after purification.

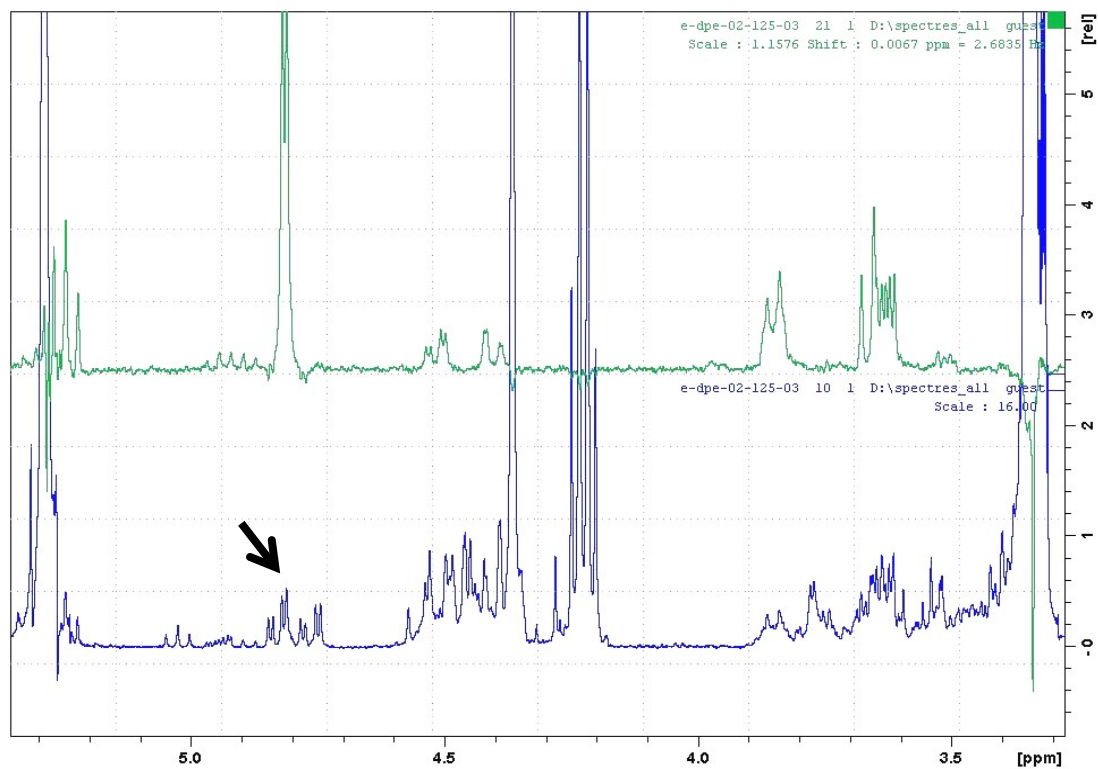


Fig.5 1D TOCSY spectrum of the reaction mixture obtained after mixing equimolar amount of *O*-tetradecyl glucoside **3** (0.5 equiv.) and myristic alcohol **2** (0.5 equiv.) and using an excess of GB butyl ester **1** (3 equiv.); in blue, ^1H NMR spectrum of the crude reaction mixture; in red, 1D TOCSY sub-spectrum after selective irradiation of the signal at 4.81 ppm with a mixing time of 200 ms (black arrow).

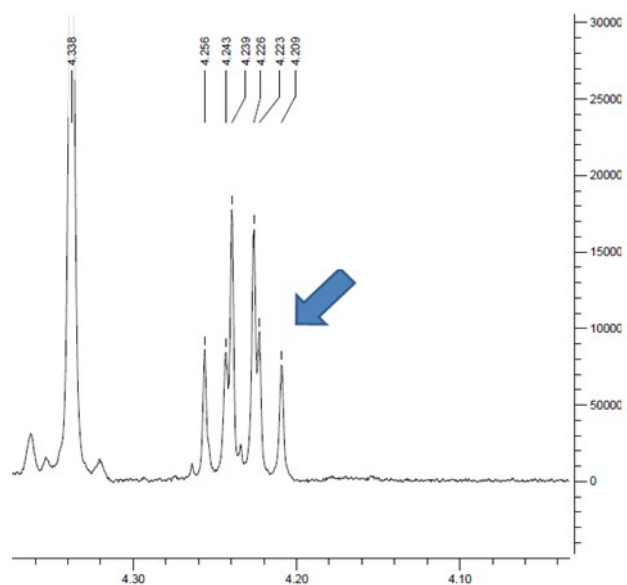


Fig.6 ¹H NMR signals (blue arrow) of the β -anomeric protons of glucoside **3** and methylene groups of the butyl and myristic chains directly linked to glycine betaine.

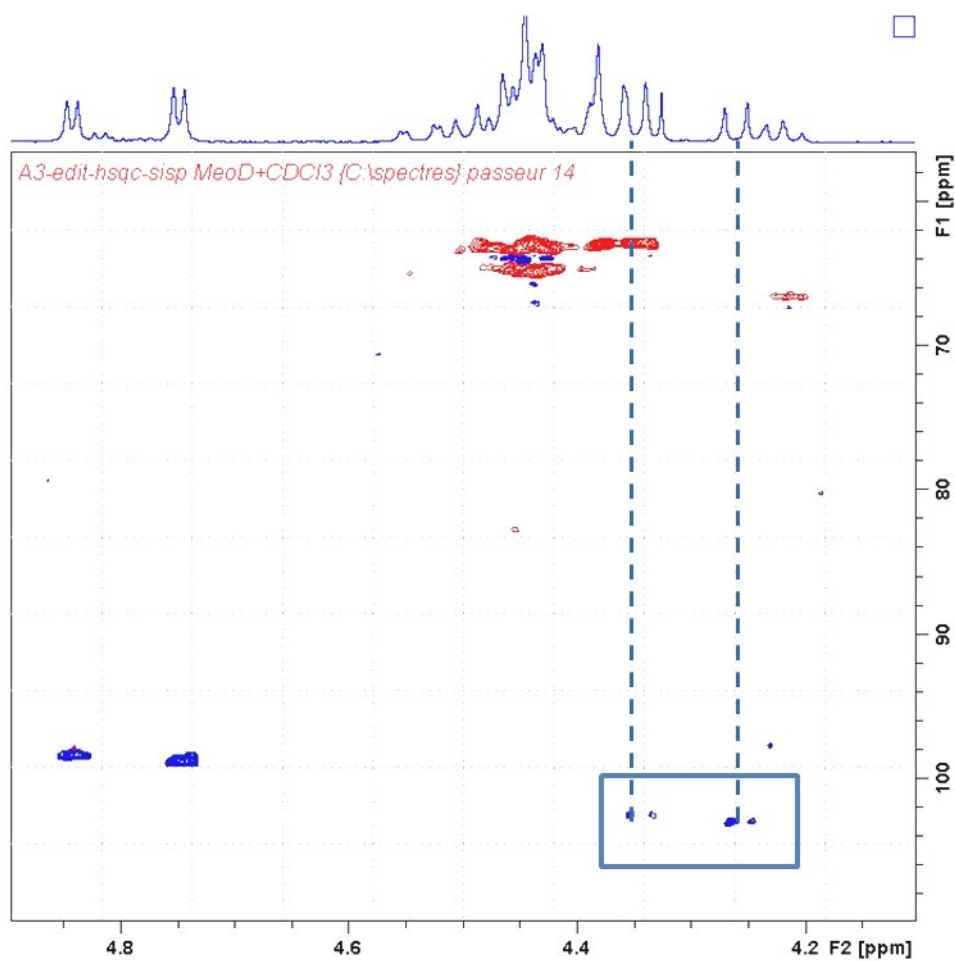


Fig.7 signals corresponding to the anomeric protons of cationized β -D-glucosides observed by 2D-HSQC experiment.