

## Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)

### **Silver nanoparticles as solid sorbent in ultrasound-assisted dispersive micro solid-phase extraction for the atomic absorption spectrometric determination of mercury in water samples**

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#### **1. Instrumentation**

Analytik Jena ContraAA 700 spectrometer comprises a compact high-resolution double echelle monochromator and a charge-coupled device (CCD) array detector with a resolution of about 2 pm per pixel in the far-ultraviolet range. In this research, a transversely heated graphite atomizer (ET) with pyrolytically coated graphite tubes was employed for atomization of analyte.

The operating parameters of the HR-CS ETAAS instrument during mercury determination after AgNPs USA DMSPE are summarized in Table S1.

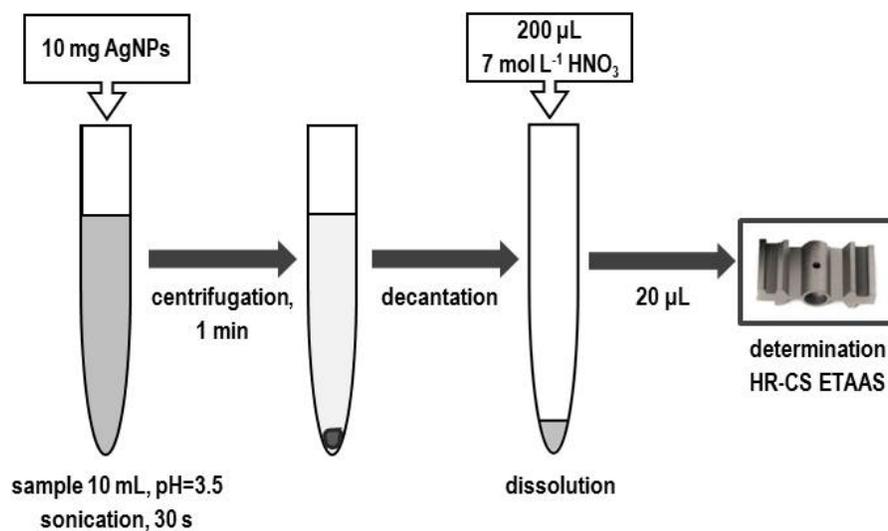
For SPE procedure the AgNPs were weighed using an M2P microanalytical balance (Sartorius, Gottingen, Germany) with a resolution of 1 µg (electronic weighing range up to 2 g). The pH values were measured with a pH-meter (pH 211 Microprocessor, Hanna Instruments, Kehl, Germany) supplied with a glass-combined electrode. In the first stage of the study, the samples with AgNPs were shaking using a Genius 3 vortex mixing machine (IKA, Staufen, Germany). A Sonopuls HD 70 ultrasonic cell disruptor/homogenizer (70 W, 20 kHz, Bandelin, Germany) equipped with a 2-mm titanium microtip was used for dispersive extraction processes. Ultrasonic energy was fixed at any desired level using a power setting in the 10-65 W for 2-mm titanium microtip. Additionally, a centrifuge (Model EBA 20, Hettich, Germany) was employed for phase separation after extraction procedure.

**Table S1**

Optimized experimental conditions for ultrasound-assisted dispersive micro solid-phase extraction (USA DMSPE) with AgNPs as sorbent material prior to AAS determination of mercury (parameters for HR-CS ETAAS are also presented).

<i>USA DMSPE with AgNPs</i>	
Sample volume (mL)	10
Amount of AgNPs (mg)	10
pH of sample solution	3.5
Sonication time (min)	0.5
Centrifugation time (min)	1
Solvent for solid phase / concentration (mol L <sup>-1</sup> ) / vol. (μL)	HNO <sub>3</sub> / 7 / 200
<i>HR-CS ET AAS detection</i>	
Wavelength (nm)	253.6519
Lamp current (A)	9
Spectral range (pixel)	200
Dispersion (pm pixel <sup>-1</sup> )	2
Read time (s)	5
Delay time (s)	0
Measurement mode	peak height
Sample volume (μL)	20
Modifier	Pd(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> /Mg(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>
Modifier concentration (μg μL <sup>-1</sup> )	2
Modifier volume (μL)	5
<i>Furnace program steps</i>	
Drying	80 °C, ramp 6 °C s <sup>-1</sup> , hold 20 s
Drying	90 °C, ramp 3 °C s <sup>-1</sup> , hold 20 s
Drying	120 °C, ramp 5 °C s <sup>-1</sup> , hold 10 s
Pyrolysis	300 °C, ramp 50 °C s <sup>-1</sup> , hold 20 s
Atomization	1300 °C, ramp 2000 °C s <sup>-1</sup> , hold 3 s
Cleanout	1600 °C, ramp 500 °C s <sup>-1</sup> , hold 4 s

## 2. Preconcentration and AAS determination procedures

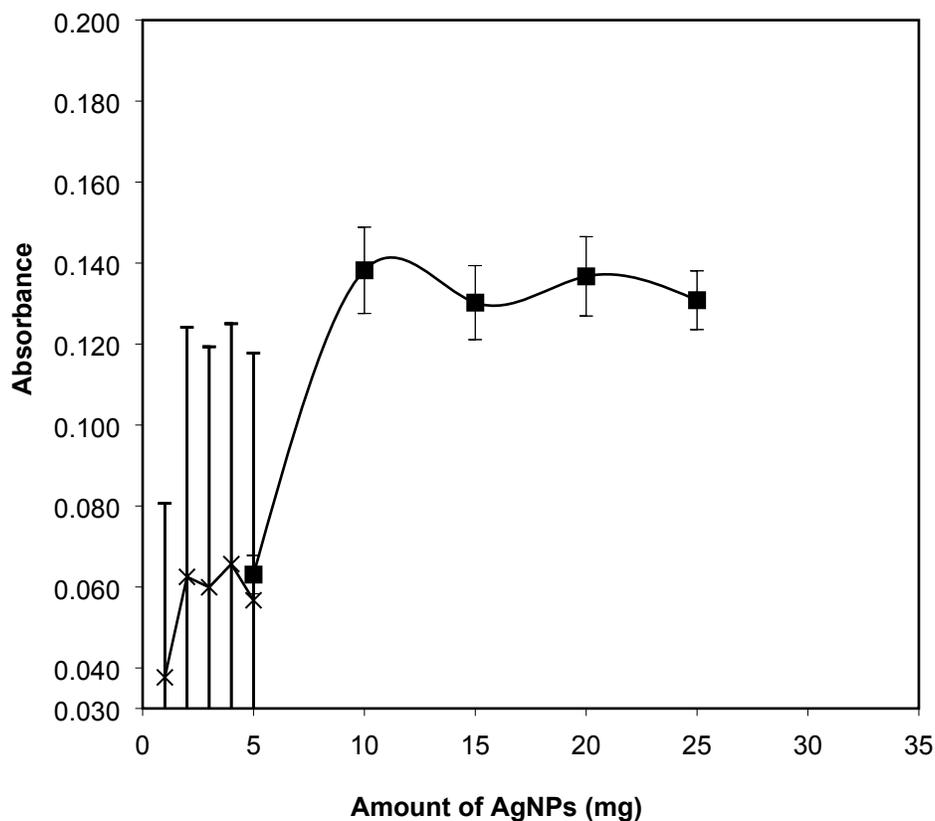


**Fig. S1.** Schematic diagram for AgNPs ultrasound-assisted micro dispersive SPE procedure combined with HR-CS ETAAS for the determination of mercury.

### 3. Results and Discussion

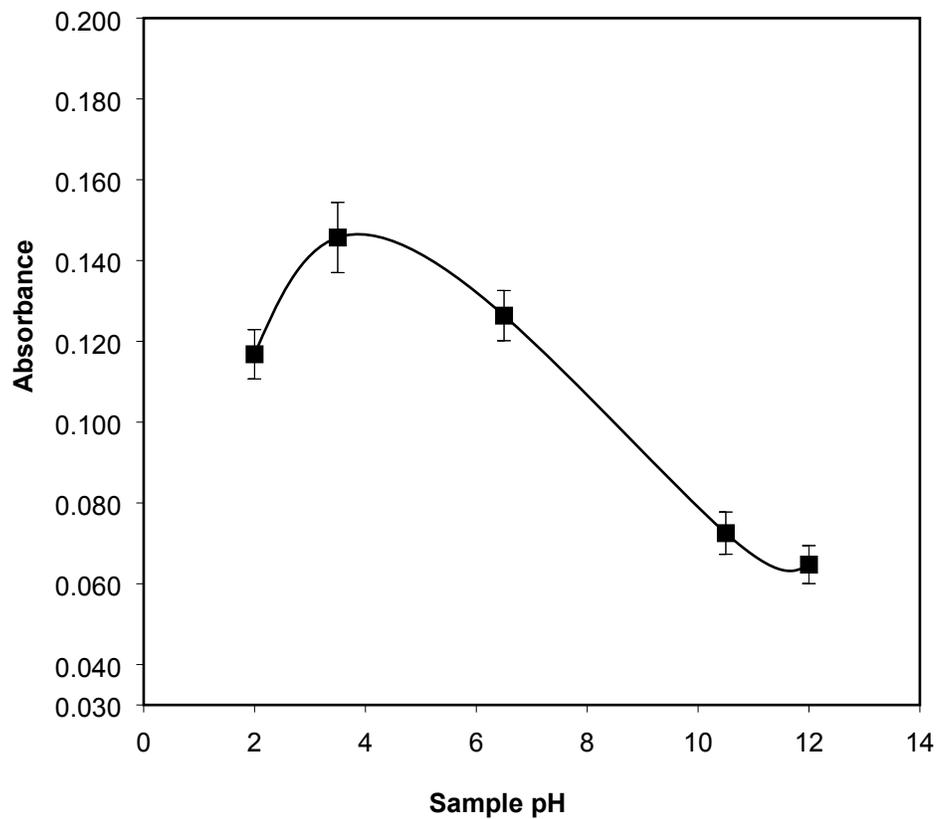
#### 3.1 Optimization of AgNPs USA MDSPE conditions

##### 3.1.1. Particles amount



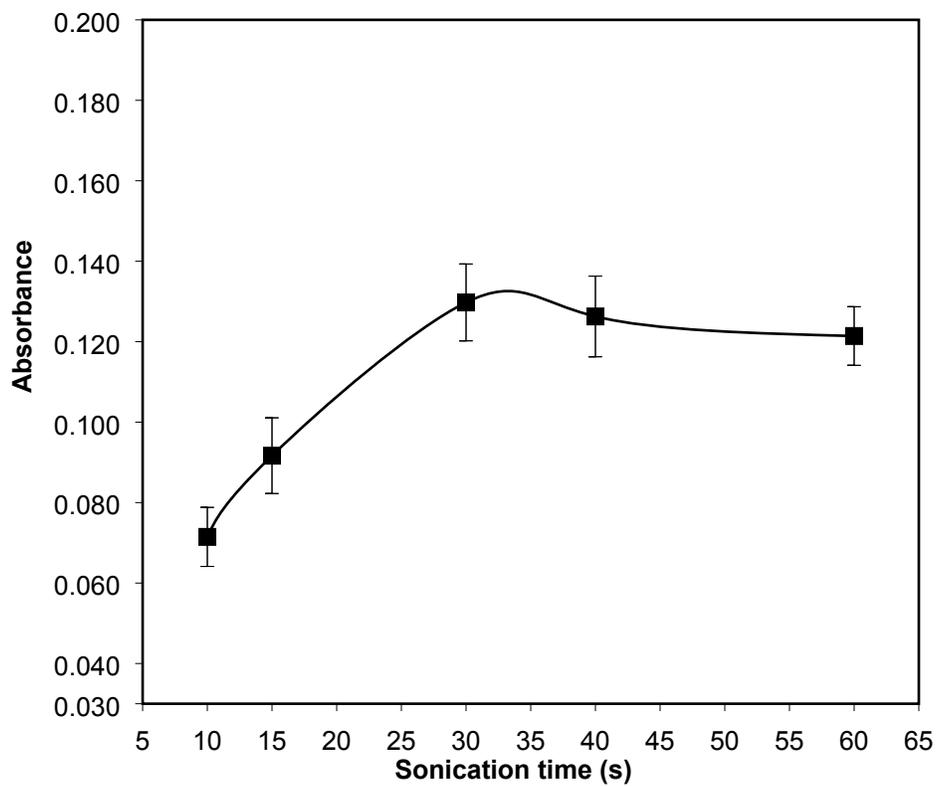
**Fig. S2.** Effect of amount of AgNPs on the determination of  $\text{Hg}^{2+}$  with the use of USA MDSPE procedure. Conditions: pH=3.5, sample volume 10 mL, sonication time 40 s, centrifugation 1 min, dissolution of AgNPs after extraction in 250  $\mu\text{L}$  of 7 mol  $\text{L}^{-1}$   $\text{HNO}_3$ . The error bar is the standard deviation (SD, n= 3).

### 3.1.2. Sample pH



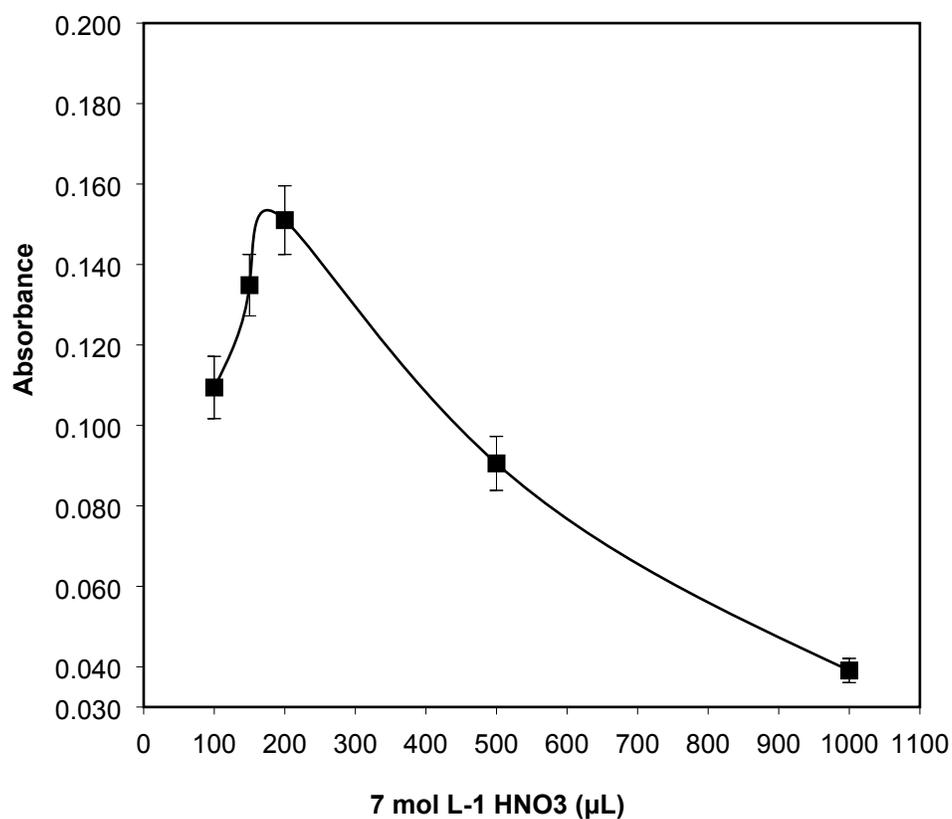
**Fig. S3.** Effect of sample pH on the determination of  $\text{Hg}^{2+}$  with the use of USA MDSPE procedure. Conditions: sample volume 10 mL, 10 mg of AgNPs, sonication time 30 s centrifugation 1 min, dissolution of AgNPs after extraction in 250  $\mu\text{L}$  of 7 mol  $\text{L}^{-1}$   $\text{HNO}_3$ . The error bar is the standard deviation (SD,  $n=3$ ).

### 3.1.3. Sonication and centrifugation time



**Fig. S4.** Effect of sonication time on the determination of  $\text{Hg}^{2+}$  with the use of USA MDSPE procedure. Conditions: pH=3.5, sample volume 10 mL, 10 mg of AgNPs, centrifugation 1 min, dissolution of AgNPs after extraction in 250  $\mu\text{L}$  of 7 mol  $\text{L}^{-1}$   $\text{HNO}_3$ . The error bar is the standard deviation (SD, n= 3).

### 3.1.4. Dissolution of solid phase after extraction step



**Fig. S5.** Effect of volume of 7 mol L<sup>-1</sup> HNO<sub>3</sub> (used as dissolving solution for solid phase after extraction) on the determination of Hg<sup>2+</sup> with the use of USA MDSPE procedure. Conditions: pH=3.5, sample volume 10 mL, 10 mg of AgNPs, sonication time 30 s, centrifugation 1 min. The error bar is the standard deviation (SD, n= 3).