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#### **Electronic Supplementary Information**

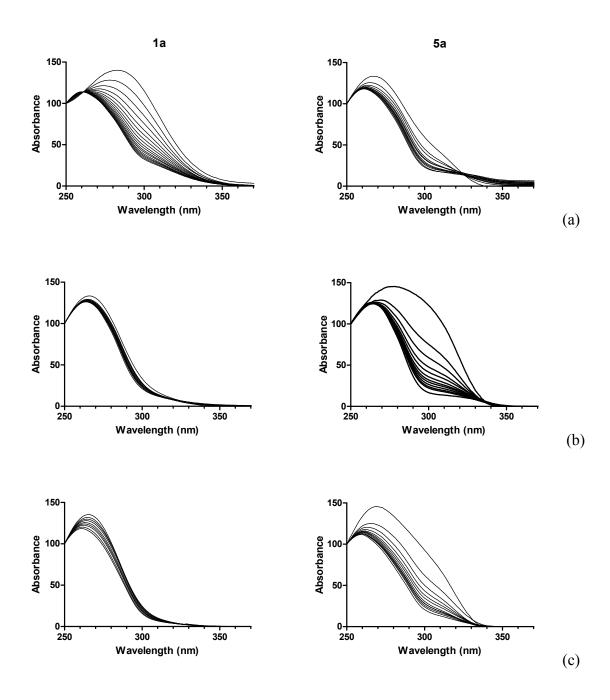
# Bisimidazoline arylamides binding to the DNA minor groove. N1-hydroxylation enhances binding affinity and selectivity to AATT sites

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**Figure S1.** UV titration of **1a** (left panels) and **5a** (right panels) with AATT (top), (AT)<sub>4</sub> (middle), and (CG)<sub>4</sub> (bottom) hairpin oligonucleotides

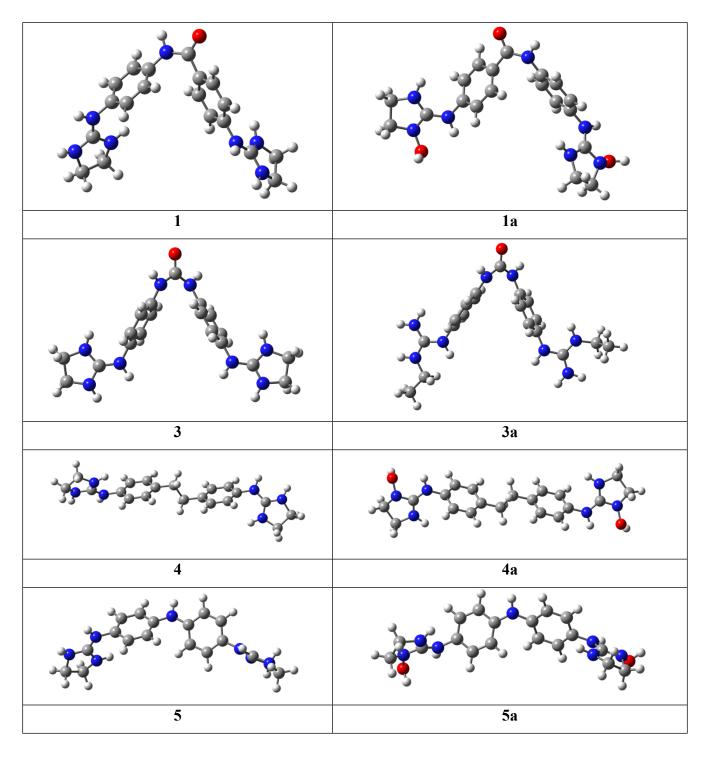


UV titration of **1a** and **5a** (2.5  $\mu$ M) with AATT (top), (AT)<sub>4</sub> (middle), and (CG)<sub>4</sub> (bottom) hairpin oligonucleotides in 10 mM phosphate buffer at 25 °C. DNA concentrations ranged from 0 to 3.92 × 10<sup>-7</sup> M (**1a**\_AATT), 0 to 7.41 × 10<sup>-7</sup> M [**1a**\_(AT)<sub>4</sub>], 0 to 8.2 × 10<sup>-5</sup> M [**1a**\_(CG)<sub>4</sub>)], and 0 to 7.41 × 10<sup>-7</sup> M (**5a**\_AATT, **5a**\_(AT)<sub>4</sub>, and **5a**\_(CG)<sub>4</sub>] from top to bottom.

## **Docking studies**

#### 1) Figure S2: optimized geometries

All compounds have been optimized using the Gaussian09 package at the B3LYP computational level with the 6-311++G(d,p) basis sets. The effect of water solvation was then accounted using the SCFR-PCM approach implemented in the Gaussian09 package including dispersing, repulsing and cavitation energy terms of the solvent in the optimization.



2) Table S1: predicted binding affinities of the compounds with dsDNA containing CGAATTCG and CATATATAT

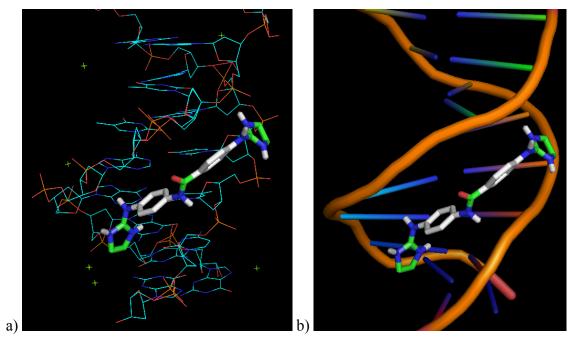
Docking calculations were performed with the AutoDock Vina 1.1.2 modelling software<sup>1</sup> using the crystallographic structures of d(GCGAATTCG) [pdb: 1ENN] and d(CCATATATATGC) [pdb: 3TED].

**Table S1**. Predicted binding affinities (kcal/mol)

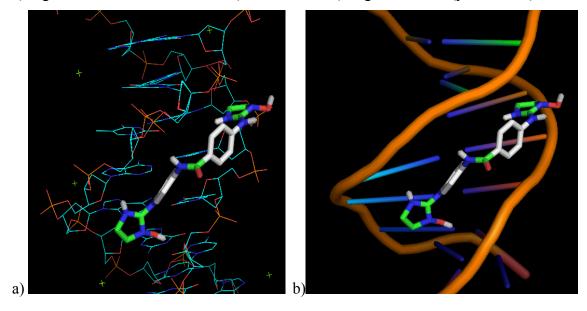
	1ENN	3TED
1	-8.7	-8.4
1a	-9.1	-9.1
3	-7.7	$nd^a$
3d	-6.7	nd
4	-8.6	-8.4
4a	-8.6	-8.7
4c	-7.2	nd
5	-8.7	-8.4
5a	-8.8	-8.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Not determined

3) Figure S3: 1 docked with the d(GCGAATTCG) oligonucleotide (pdb: 1ENN)

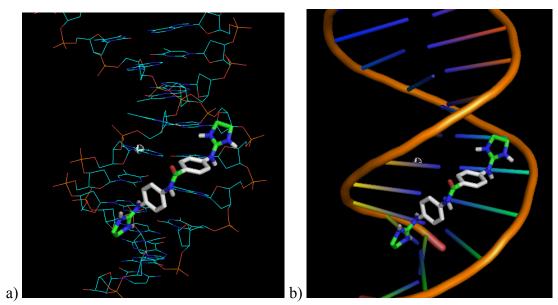


4) Figure S4: 1a docked with the d(GCGAATTCG) oligonucleotide (pdb: 1ENN)

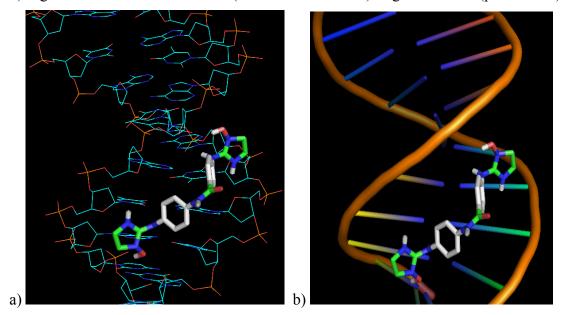


a) and b) are two images of the same complex drawn with Pymol [The PyMOL Molecular Graphics System, Version 1.3, Schrödinger, LLC., 2010].

5) Figure S5: 1 docked with the d(CCATATATATGC) oligonucleotide (pdb: 3TED)



6) Figure S6: 1a docked with the d(CCATATATATGC) oligonucleotide (pdb: 3TED)

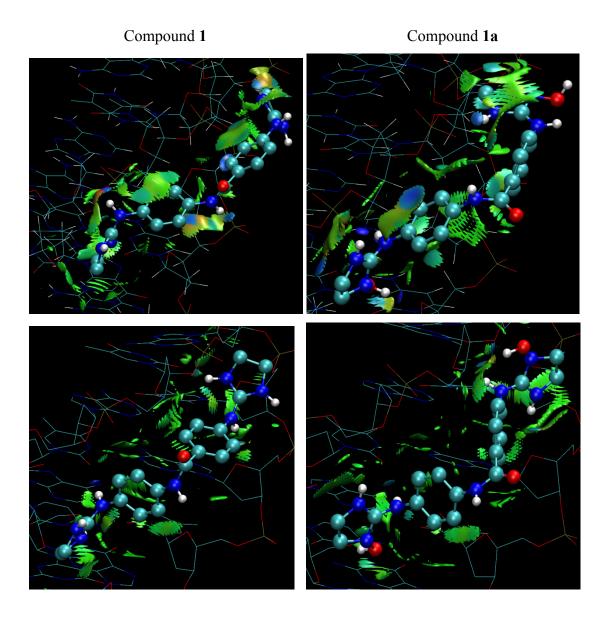


#### 7) NCI Analysis

The Non-covalent Interaction (NCI) program<sup>2</sup> allows visualising the non covalent interactions resulting from complexation using the electron density Hessian. While NCI does not provide quantitative results is a very powerful qualitative tool.

Green areas denote weak ( $\lambda_2 \approx 0$ ) but attractive interactions, while blue ones indicate strong interactions (normally associated with hydrogen bonds). Larger areas correspond to more interaction regions.

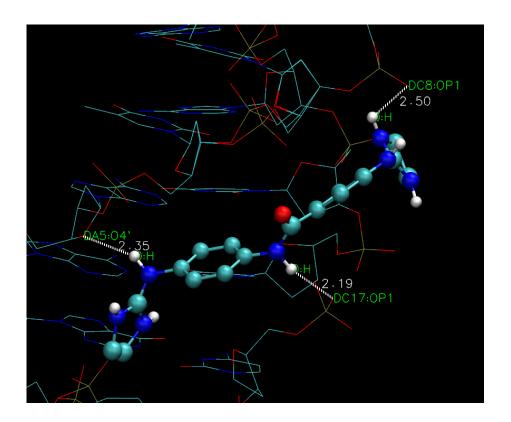
Figure S7. NCI plot of non-covalent interaction of compound 1 (left) and 1a (right) docked with 1ENN (upper pannels) and 3TED (bottom). Green areas correspond to  $\lambda_2 \approx 0$  (weak).  $\lambda_2$  is one of the three eigenvalues of the electron density Hessian with  $\lambda_1 \leq \lambda_2 \leq \lambda_3$ .



8) **Figure S8**: plot of hydrogen bonds (HB) interactions for **1** and **1a** docked with d(GCGAATTCG) (pdb: 1ENN) and d(CCATATATATGC) (pdb: 3TED)

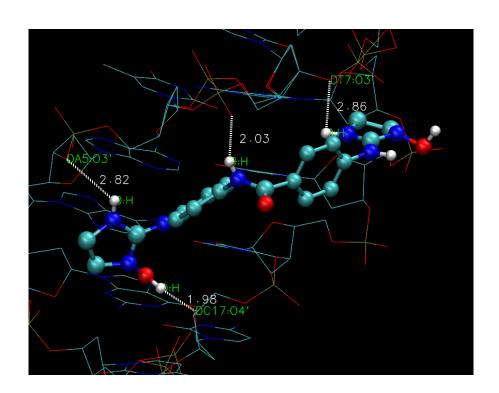
### A) HB interactions for compound 1 bound to 1ENN:

- 1HB (2.19 Å) between phosphate (DC17) and amide NH of the ligand
- 1HB (2.35 Å) between the imidazoline exocyclic N(2)H and O4' atom of the adenine (DA5) deoxiribose
- 1HB (2.50 Å) between phosphate (DC8) and the imidazoline N(1)H

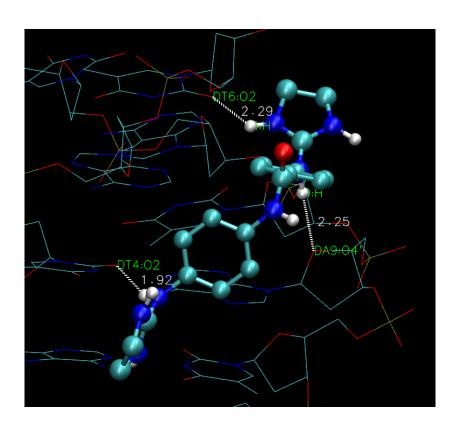


## B) HB interactions for compound 1a bound to 1ENN:

- 1HB (1.98 Å) between the imidazoline N(1)OH substituent and O4' atom of the cytosine (DC17) deoxiribose
- 1HB (2.03 Å) between phosphate and amide NH of the ligand
- 1HB (2.82 Å) between phosphate (DA5) and the imidazoline endocyclic N(3)H
- 1HB (2.86 Å) between phosphate (DT7) and the imidazoline endocyclic N(3)H of the second imidazoline group

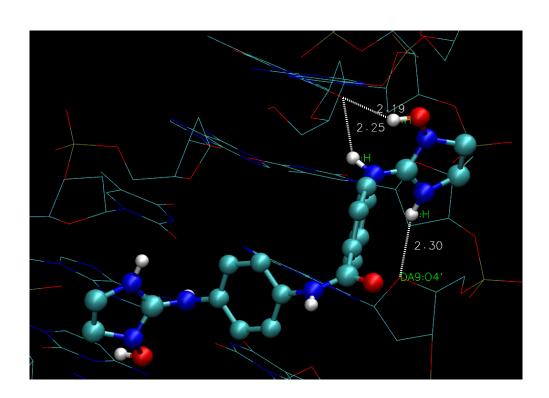


- C) HB interactions for compound 1 bound to 3TED:
  - 1 HB (1.92 Å) between thymine (DT4) and imidazoline N(2)H
  - 1 HB (2.29 Å) between thymine (DT6) and imidazoline N(1)H
  - 1 HB (2.25 Å) between the imidazoline exocyclic N(2)H and O4' atom of the adenine (DA9) deoxiribose



## D) HB interactions for compound 1a bound to 3TED:

- 1 bifurcated HB (2.19 and 2.25 Å) between thymine (DT6) and imidazoline N(2)H and N(1)OH.
- 1 HB (2.30 Å) between the imidazoline N(3)H and O4' atom of the adenine (DA9)



## References

- 1. Trott, O.; Olson, A. J. AutoDock Vina: Improving the speed and accuracy of docking with a new scoring function, efficient optimization, and multithreading. *J. Comput. Chem.* **2010,** 31, 455-461.
- 2. Johnson, E. R.; Keinan, S.; Mori-Sanchez, P.; Contreras-Garcia, J.; Cohen, A. J.; Yang, W. Revealing Noncovalent Interactions. *Journal of the American Chemical Society* **2010**, 132, 6498-6506.