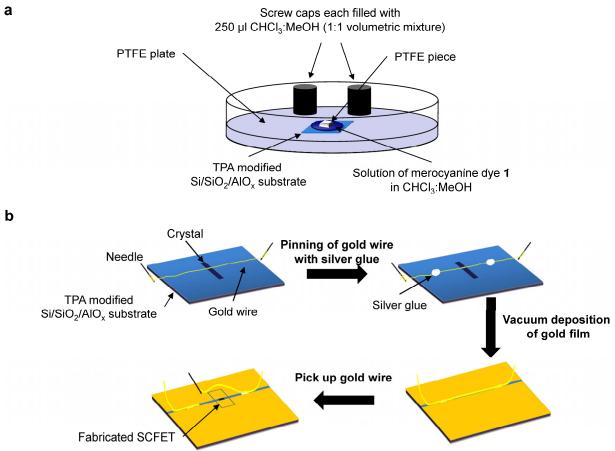
## **Supporting Information**

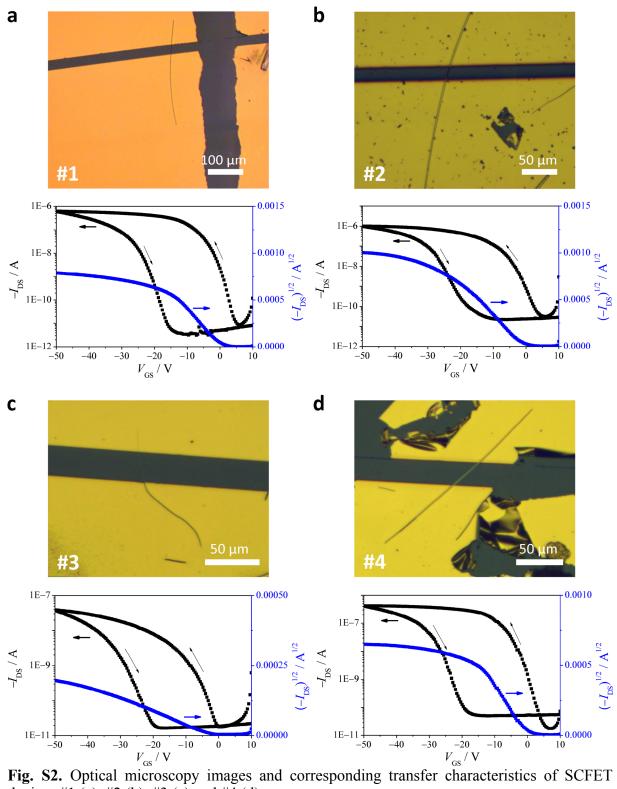
## Single crystal field-effect transistors of a highly dipolar merocyanine dye

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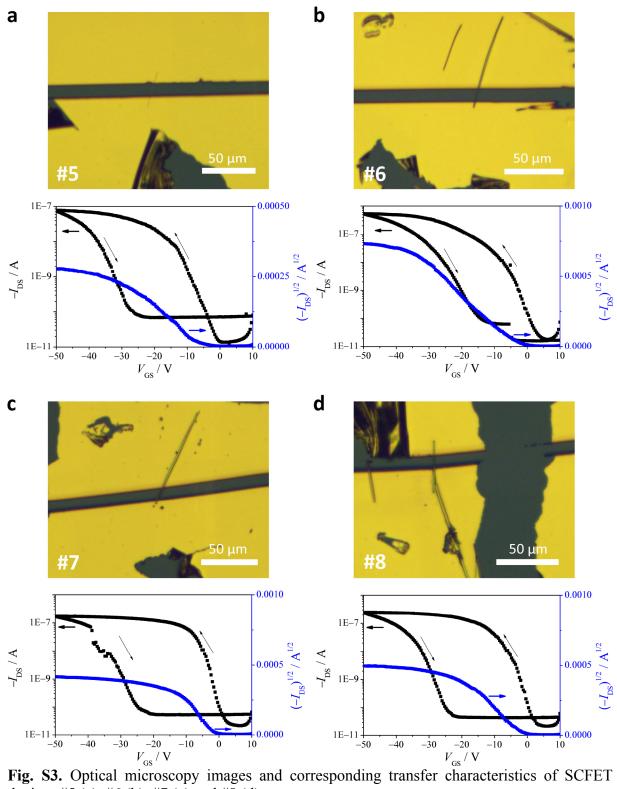
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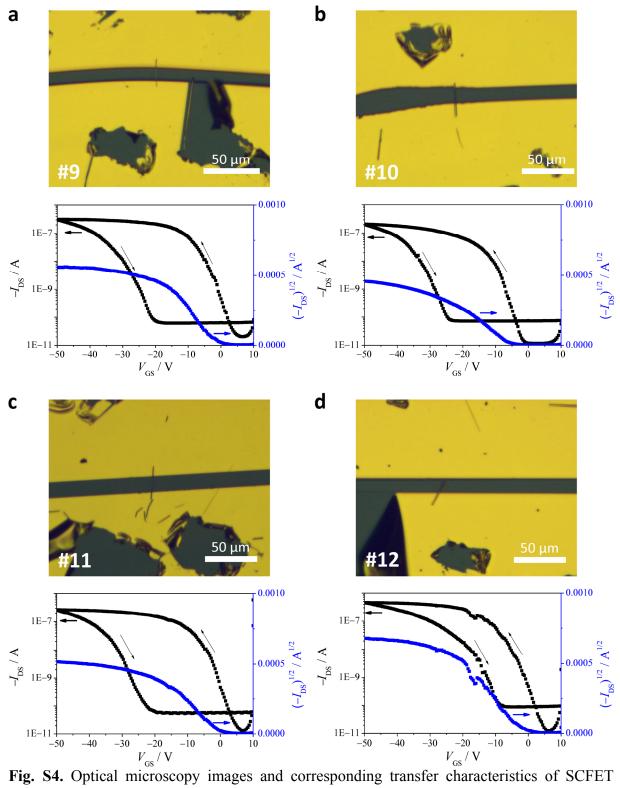
**Fig. S1.** (a) Schematic drawing of crystal growth procedure on TPA modified  $Si/SiO_2/AIO_x$  substrate. (b) Schematic drawing of fabrication of gold source and drain electrodes onto a grown single crystal.



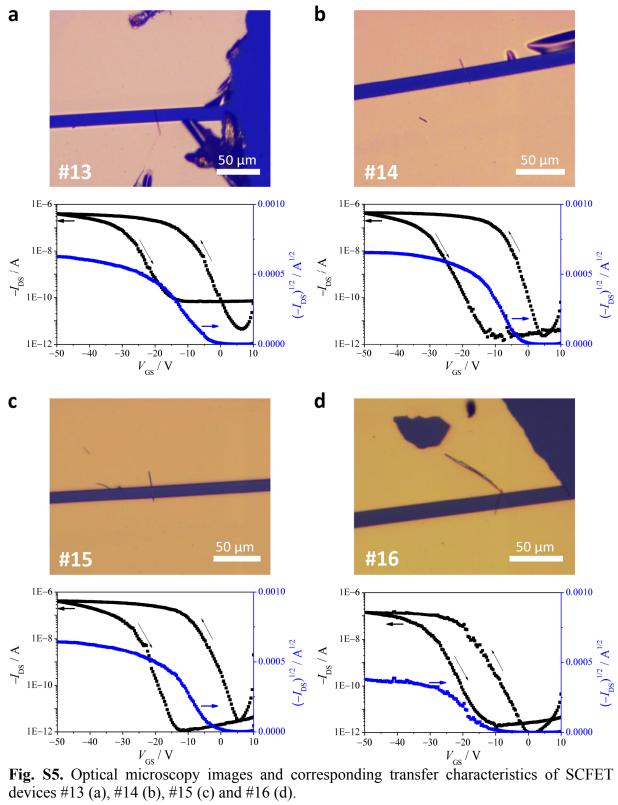
devices #1 (a), #2 (b), #3 (c) and #4 (d).

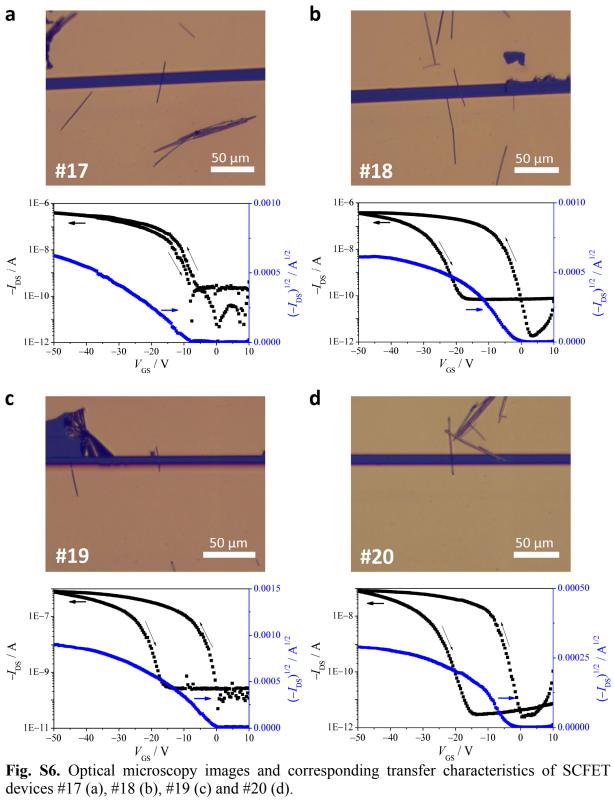


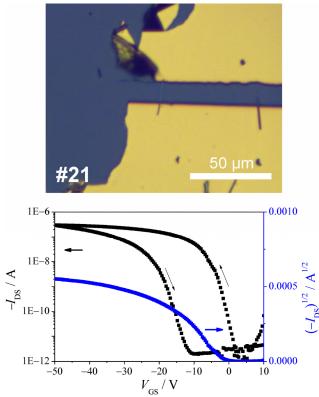
devices #5 (a), #6 (b), #7 (c) and #8 (d).



devices #9 (a), #10 (b), #11 (c) and #12 (d).







**Fig. S7.** Optical microscopy image and corresponding transfer characteristic of SCFET device #21.

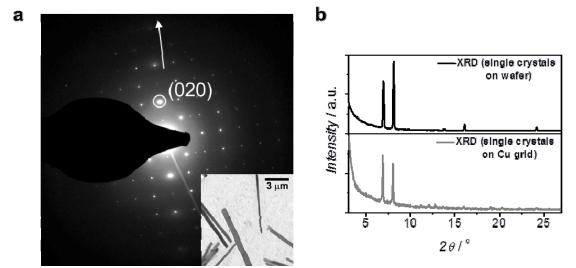
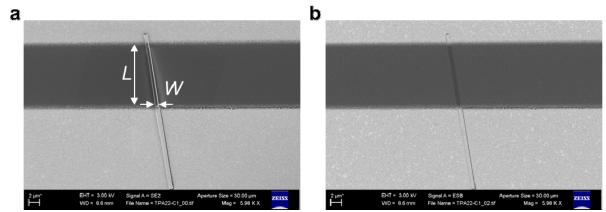


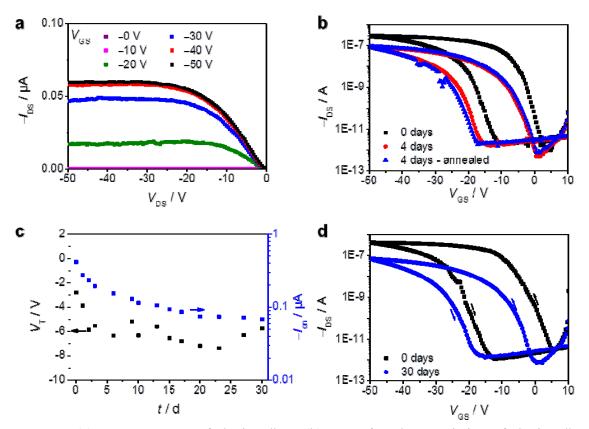
Fig. S8. (a) SAED pattern of a single crystal of merocyanine dye 1 with indicated direction of crystal elongation as white arrow (inset: transmission electron microscopy image of single crystals of dye 1 used for SAED experiments). (b) XRD pattern of single crystals of merocyanine dye 1 on a copper grid used for SAED measurements in comparison to the XRD pattern of the single crystals of merocyanine dye 1 on the TPA modified Si/SiO<sub>2</sub>/AlO<sub>x</sub> substrate.



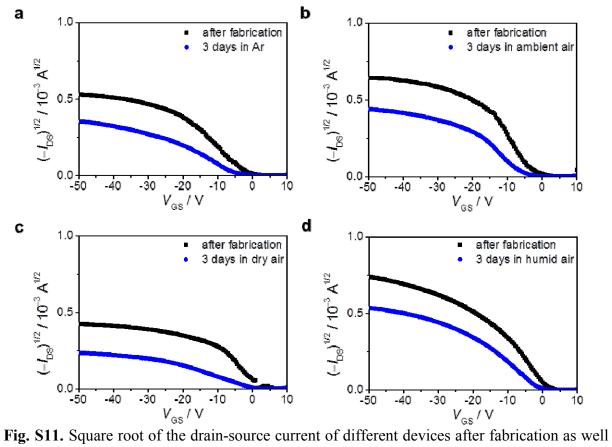
**Fig. S9.** SEM images of representative device obtained with secondary electron detector (a) and backscattered electron detector (b) for conservative determination of the device dimensions as indicated in (a).

**Tab. S1.** Channel length (*L*), channel width (*W*), crystal thickness (*d*), charge carrier mobility ( $\mu$ ), threshold voltage ( $V_T$ ) and current on/off ratio ( $I_{on}/I_{off}$ ) of all fabricated SCFETs of merocyanine dye 1.

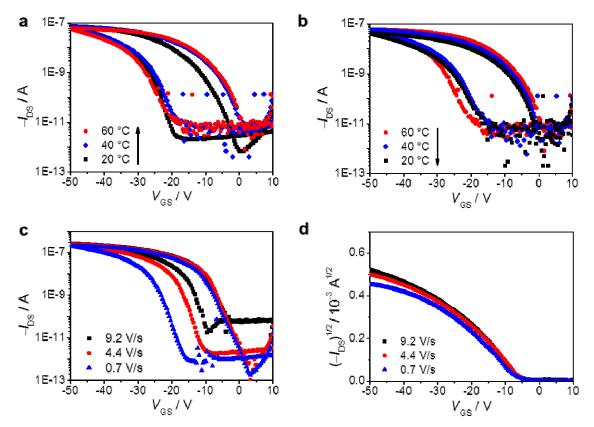
	L	W	d	μ	$V_{\mathrm{T}}$	$I_{\rm on}/I_{\rm off}$
# 	/ µm	/ µm	/ nm	$/ \text{ cm}^2 \text{ V}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$	/ V	
1	23.4	1.7	195	1.38	0	$2 \cdot 10^5$
2	12.4	2.0	170	0.56	-1	5·10 <sup>4</sup>
3	25.1	0.2	49	0.22	-3	$2 \cdot 10^{3}$
4	23.2	1.9	75	1.03	0	$2 \cdot 10^4$
5	10.5	0.2	64	0.42	-6	$6 \cdot 10^3$
6	9.6	1.0	145	0.37	-6	$3 \cdot 10^4$
7	9.6	1.6	930	0.33	-1	$8 \cdot 10^{3}$
8	7.4	1.1	658	0.26	-2	$1.10^{4}$
9	9.0	0.4	103	1.45	-2	$2 \cdot 10^4$
10	12.9	1.1	730	0.26	-5	$2 \cdot 10^4$
11	13.4	0.6	169	0.84	0	5·10 <sup>4</sup>
12	11.1	1.7	742	0.41	-3	$4 \cdot 10^{4}$
13	11.0	0.8	394	0.82	-4	9·10 <sup>4</sup>
14	13.0	1.0	313	1.47	-3	3·10 <sup>5</sup>
15	10.5	0.4	128	2.34	-3	$4 \cdot 10^5$
16	12.0	0.6	319	0.83	-13	$2 \cdot 10^{5}$
17	10.2	0.5	203	0.69	-9	$1 \cdot 10^{4}$
18	11.2	0.4	104	1.74	-2	$2 \cdot 10^{5}$
19	3.8	0.3	87	0.95	0	$2 \cdot 10^4$
20	8.1	1.4	637	0.11	-3	$3 \cdot 10^4$
21	10.3	0.3	77	1.72	-2	$3 \cdot 10^{5}$
22	11.9	1.1	818	no field effect		



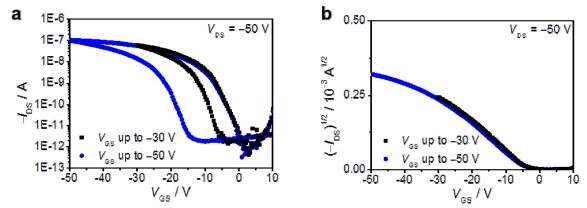
**Fig. S10.** (a) Output curve of device #15. (b) Transfer characteristics of device #21 as measured after fabrication (0 days), after 4 days in air as well as after 4 days in air and vacuum annealing for 2 h at 100 °C. (c) Development of threshold voltage and on-current of device #15 over 30 days in air. (d) Transfer characteristics of device #15 as measured directly after fabrication and after keeping the device for 30 days in air.



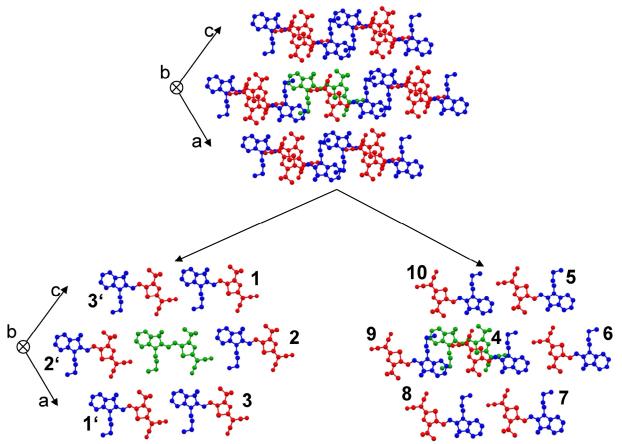
**Fig. S11.** Square root of the drain-source current of different devices after fabrication as well as after storage for 3 days in Argon (a), ambient air (b), dry air (c) as well as air with 100 % relative humidity (d).



**Fig. S12.** (a) Transfer characteristics of device #21 measured at different device temperatures upon heating of the device. (b) Transfer characteristics of device #21 measured at different device temperatures upon cooling of the device. (c) Transfer characteristics of device #21 for different sweep rates. (d) Corresponding plot of the square root of the drain-source current of device #21 for different sweep rates.



**Fig. S13.** Transfer characteristics (a) as well as corresponding plot of the square root of the drain-source current (b) of representative device measured at a drain-source voltage of  $V_{\rm DS} = -50$  V from  $V_{\rm GS} = 10$  V up to  $V_{\rm GS} = -30$  V (black squares) and  $V_{\rm GS} = -50$  V (blue circles).



**Fig. S14.** Numeration of the next neighboring molecules around the central molecule (colored in green). The transfer integrals were calculated for the molecular pairs of the central molecule with a numbered molecule.

Tab. S2. Calculated transfer integrals *t* of central molecule with next neighboring molecule.

Next neighboring molecule	<i>t</i>   / meV
1/1'	0
2/2'	8
3/3'	9
4	15
5	0
6	0
7	0
8	0
9	0
10	0