

Supporting Information

Strengthening the Acceptor Properties of Thiadiazoloquinoxalines via Planarization

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Thermal properties

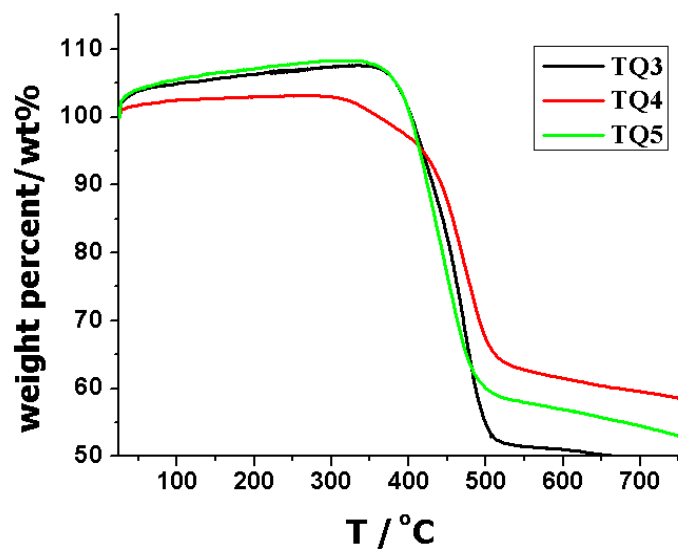


Figure S1. TGA analysis of compounds TQ3-5.

Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) measurement

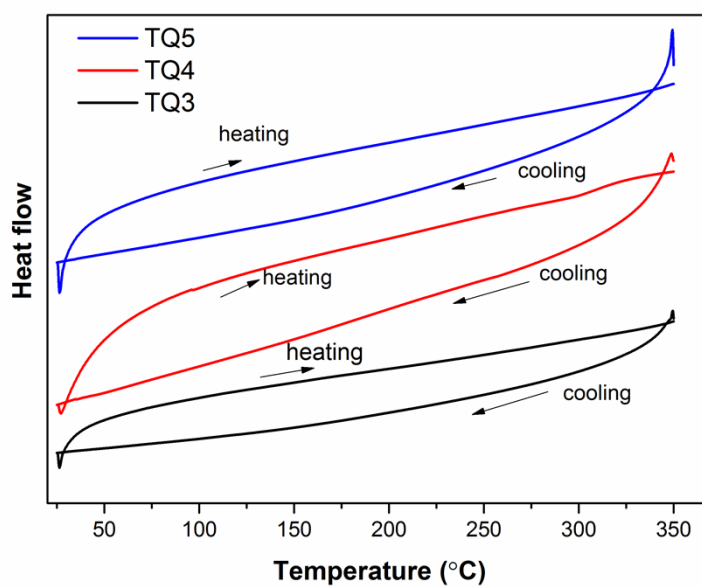


Figure S2. DSC analysis of compounds TQ3-5.

Photophysical spectra

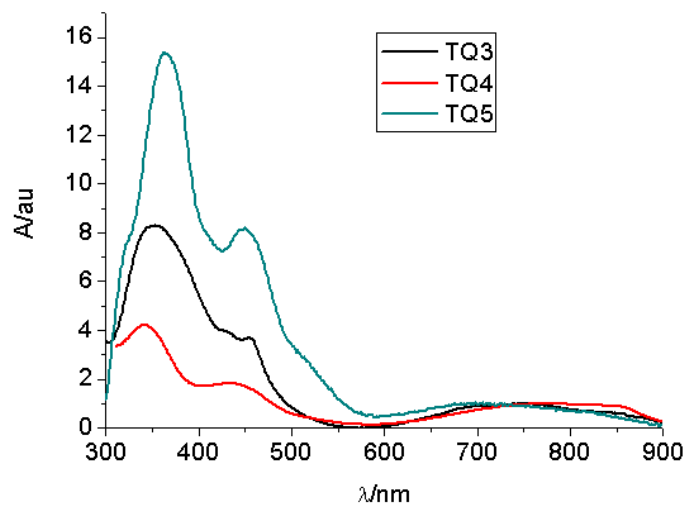


Figure S3. UV-Vis absorption spectra of compounds TQ3-TQ5 as film.

Quantum mechanical calculations

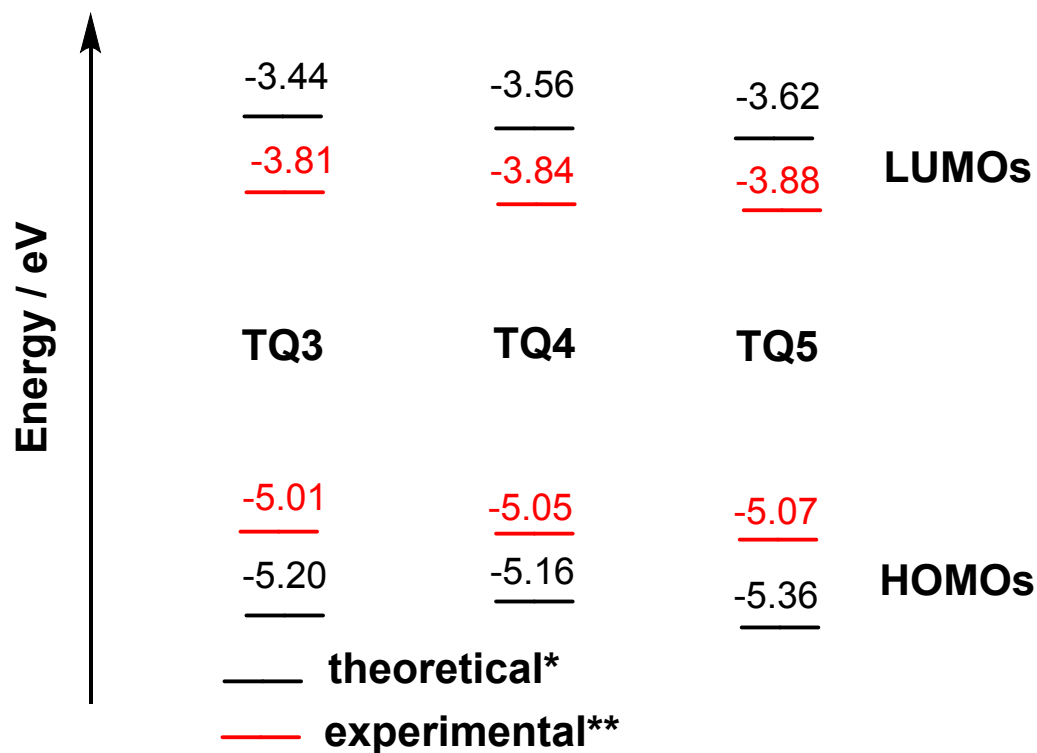
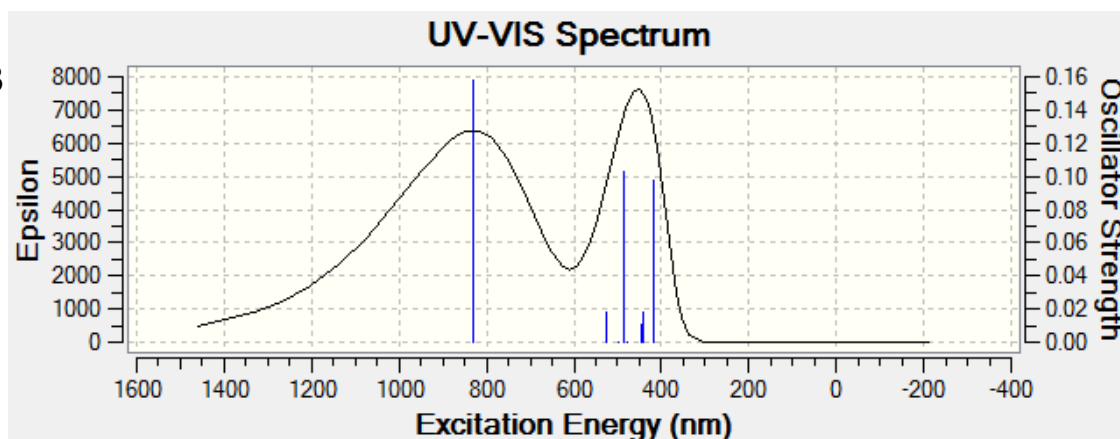
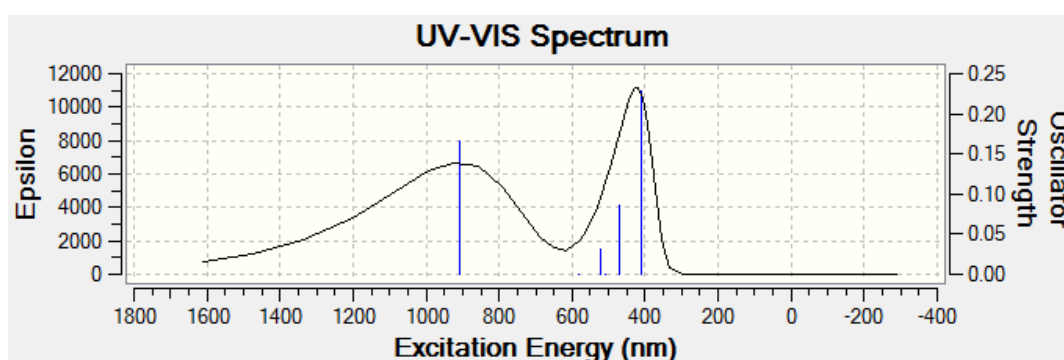


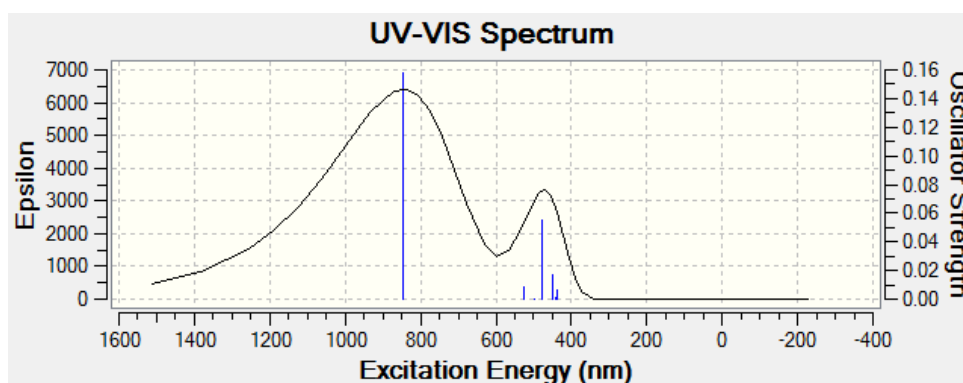
Figure S4a. Theoretical* (black) and experimental** (red, cyclic voltammetry and UV-vis) energy levels for compounds TQ3-5.

TQ3

$$\lambda_{\max} = 831 \text{ nm, OS} = 0.16$$

TQ4

$$\lambda_{\max} = 908 \text{ nm, OS} = 0.17$$

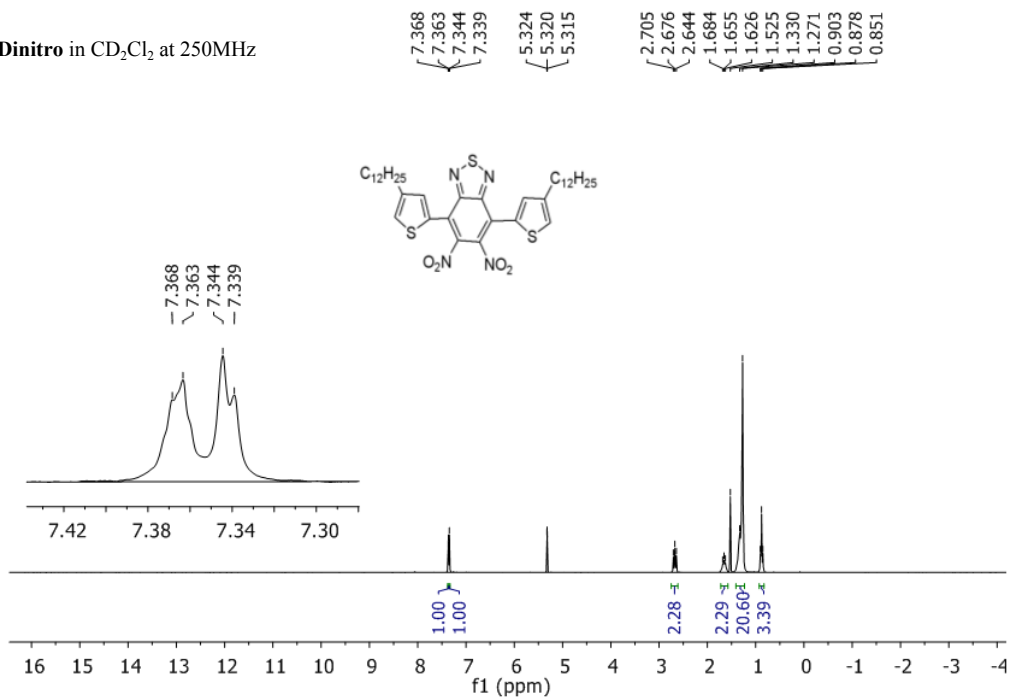
TQ5

$$\lambda_{\max} = 846 \text{ nm, OS} = 0.16$$

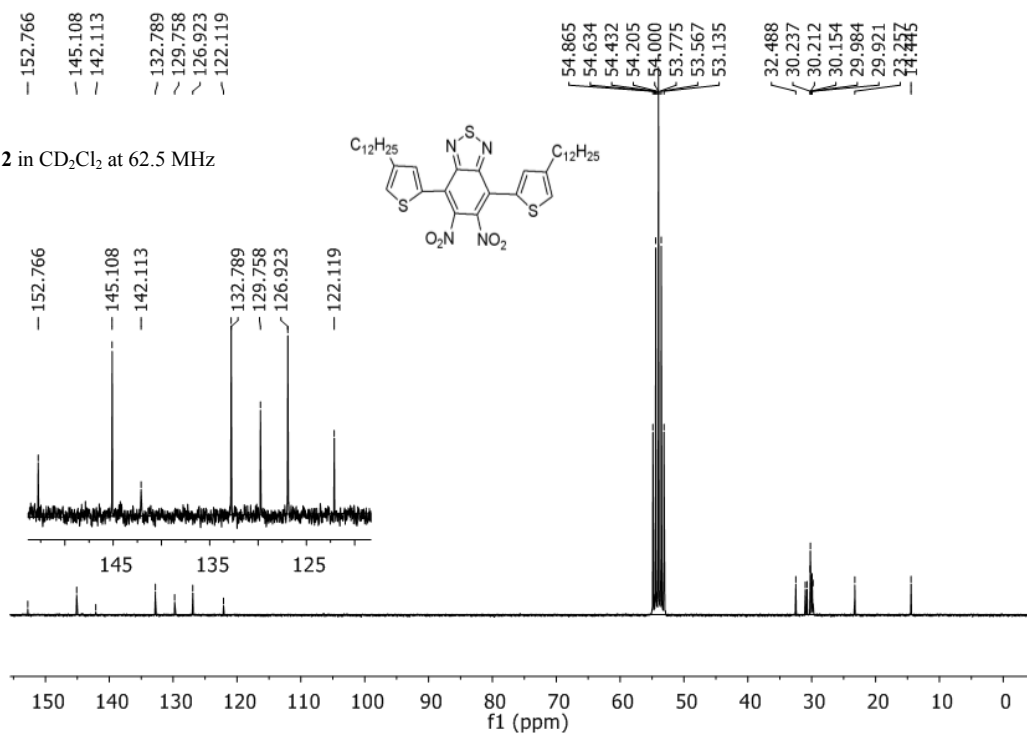
Figure S4b. Theoretically derived (TD-DFT SCF 6-311g(d)) absorption patterns (TQ3: HOMO 137 -> LUMO 138, Singlet-A, 1.4915 eV, 831.26 nm, f=0.1576; TQ4: HOMO 139 -> LUMO 140, Singlet-A, 1.3649 eV, 908.39 nm, f=0.1654; TQ5: HOMO 137 -> LUMO 138, Singlet-A, 1.4653 eV, 846.13 nm f=0.1583).

NMR Analysis of the products

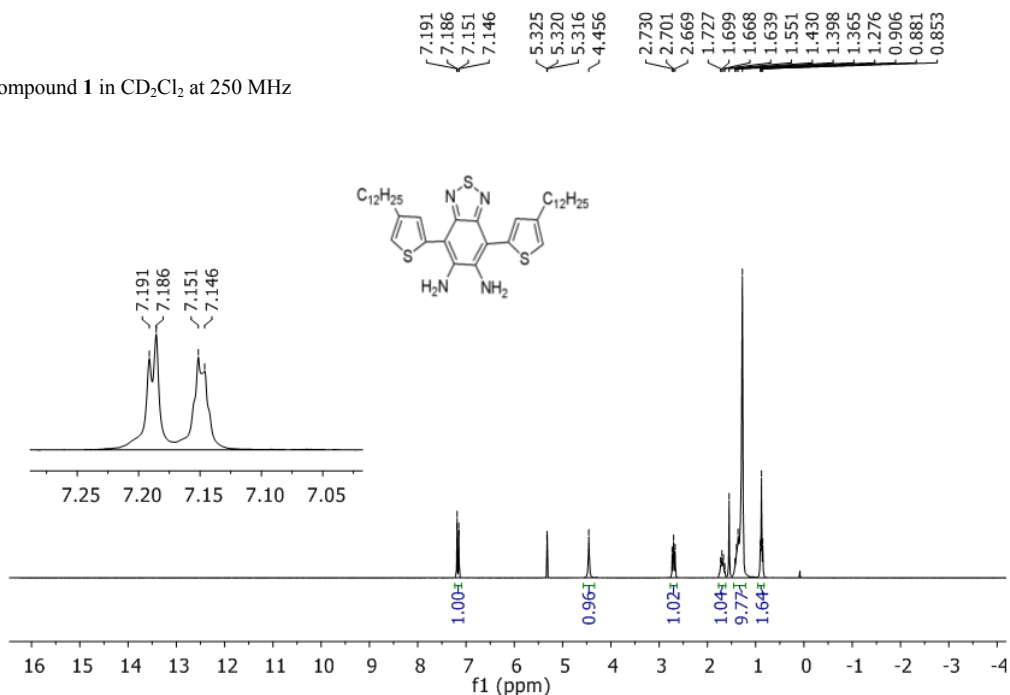
Dinitro in CD₂Cl₂ at 250MHz



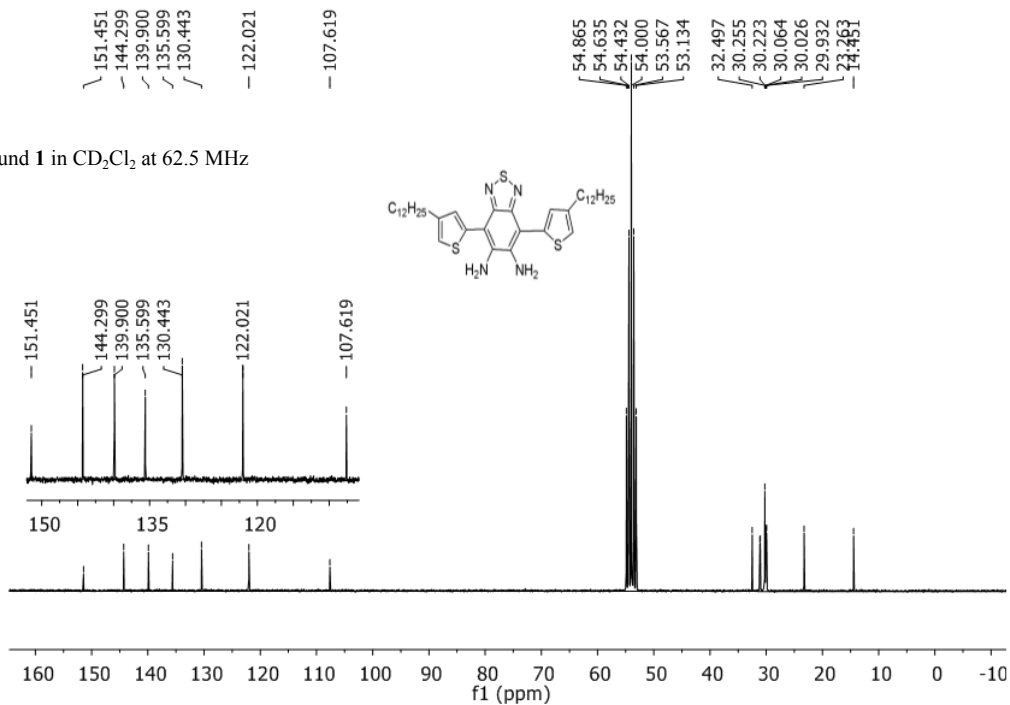
Compound 2 in CD₂Cl₂ at 62.5 MHz



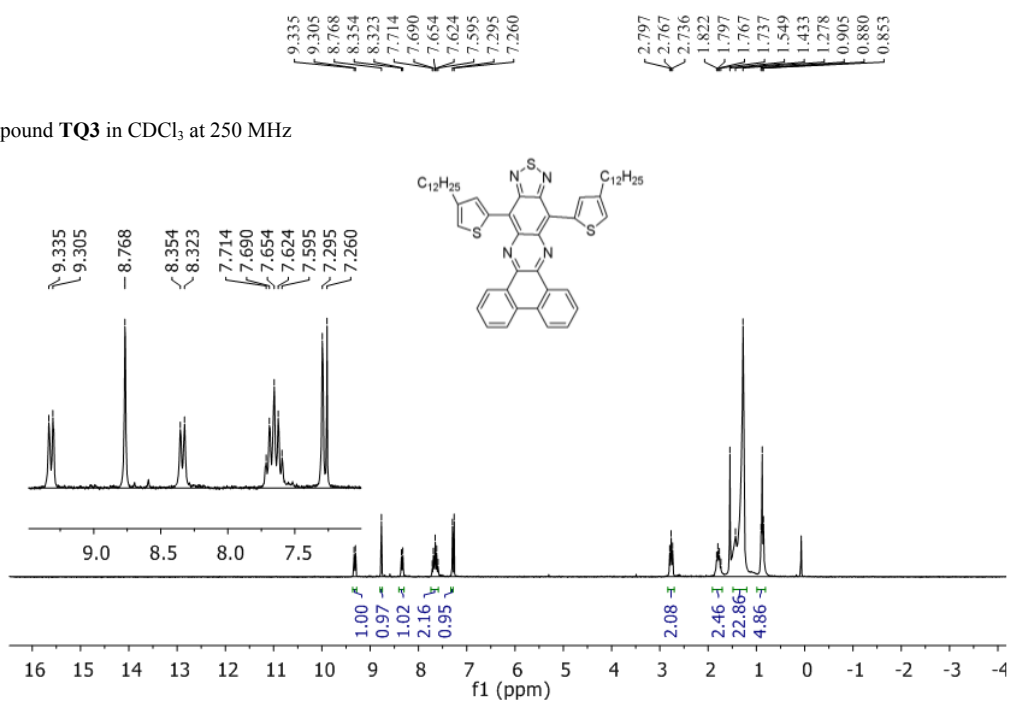
Compound **1** in CD₂Cl₂ at 250 MHz



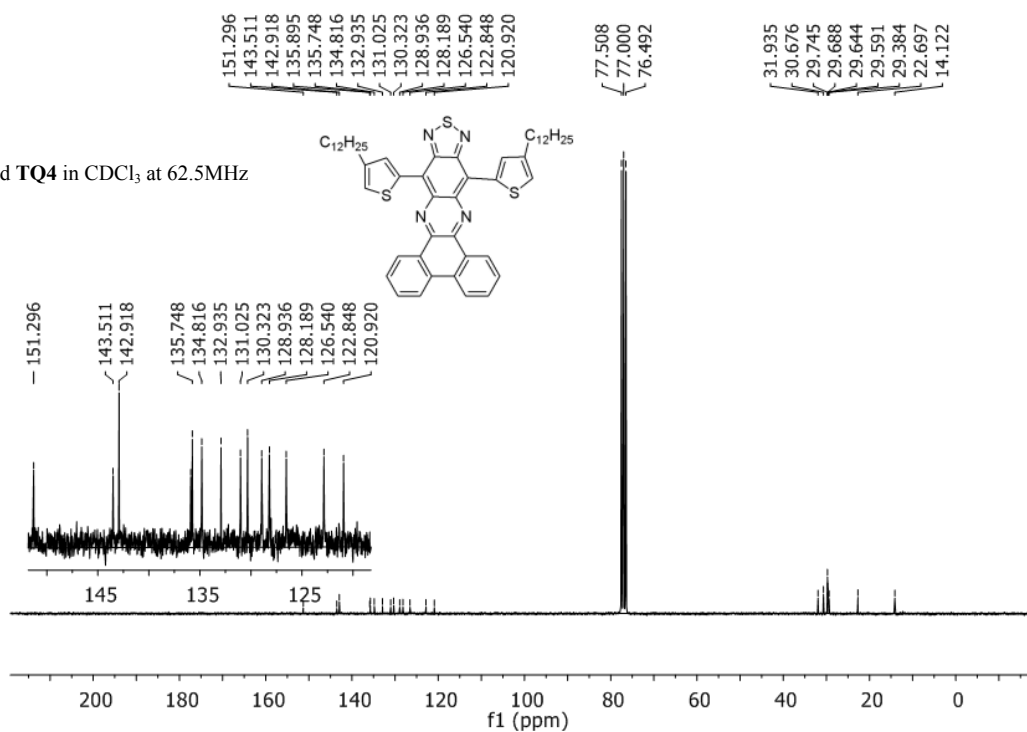
Compound **1** in CD₂Cl₂ at 62.5 MHz



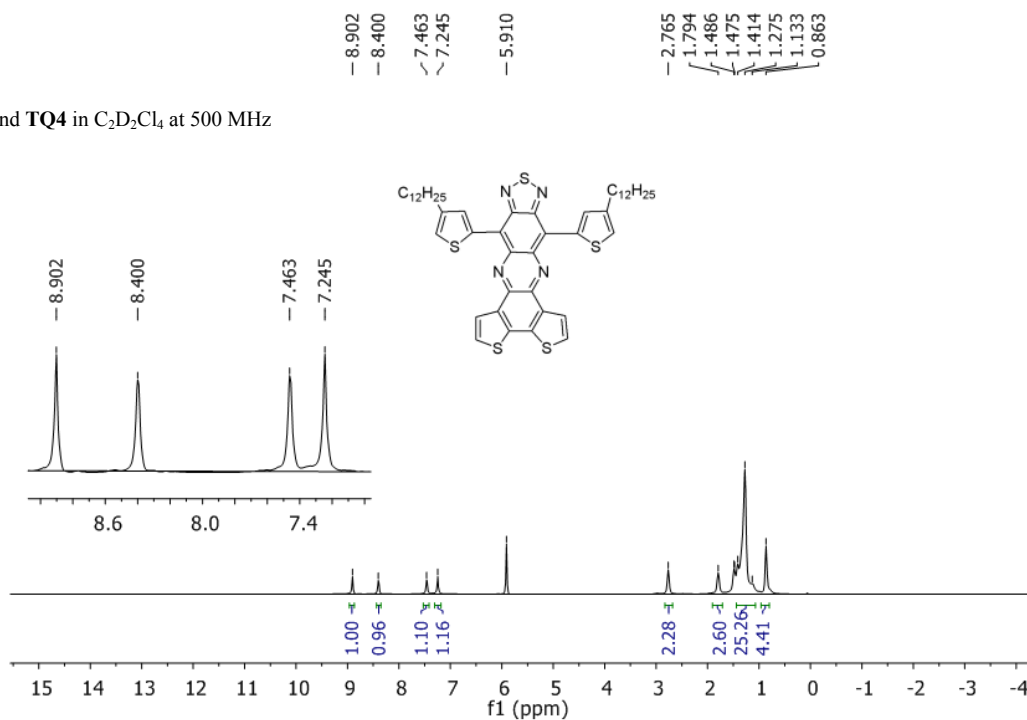
Compound **TQ3** in CDCl₃ at 250 MHz



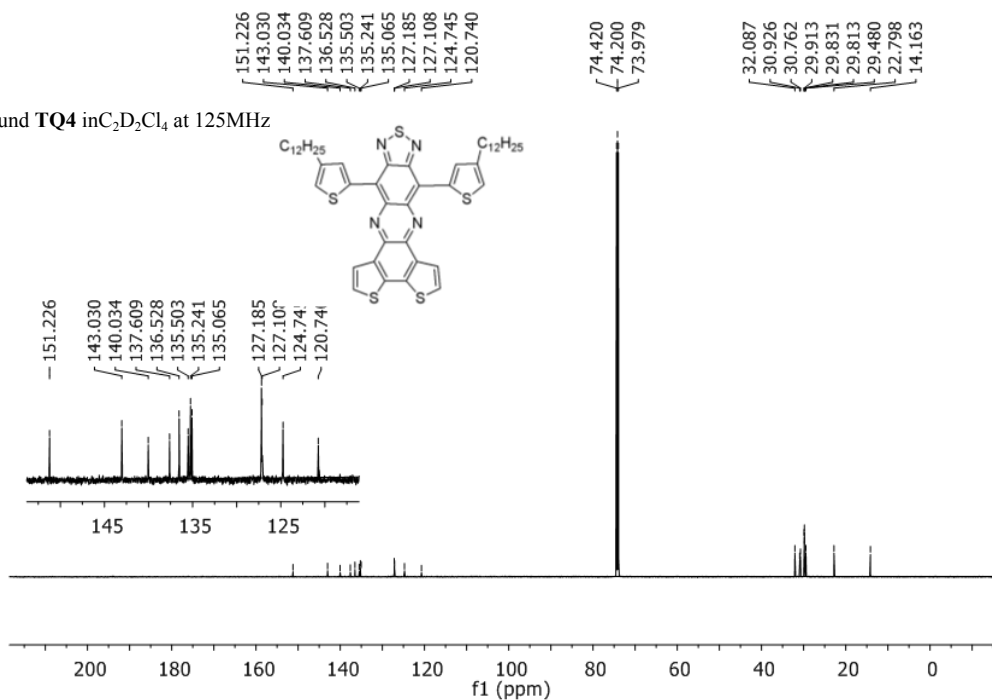
Compound **TQ4** in CDCl₃ at 62.5 MHz



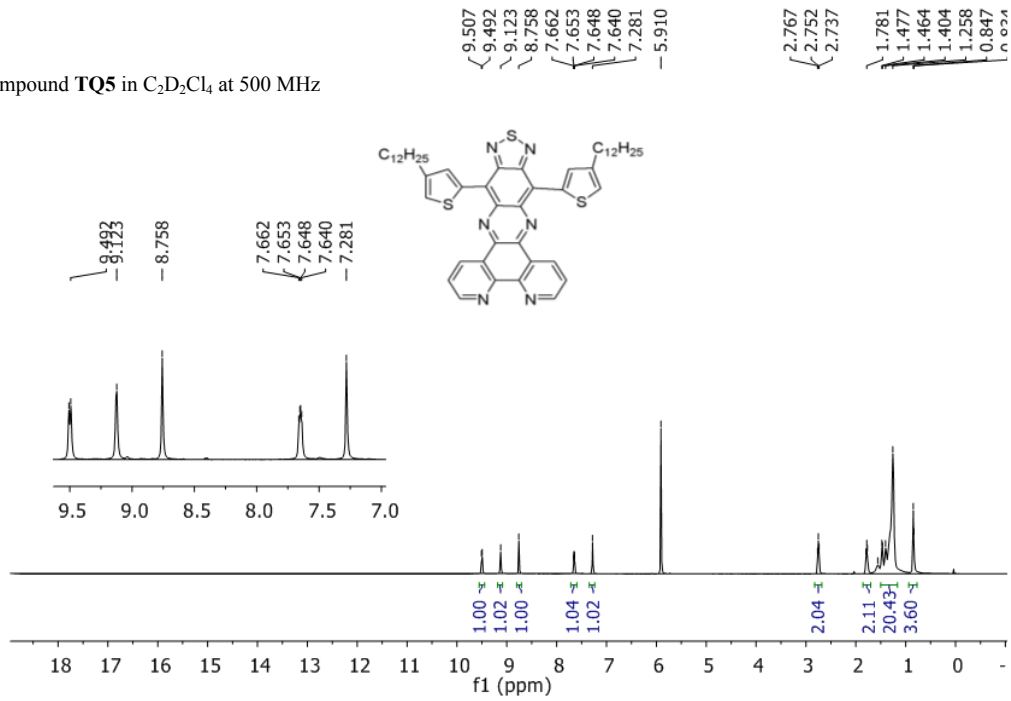
Compound **TQ4** in C₂D₂Cl₄ at 500 MHz



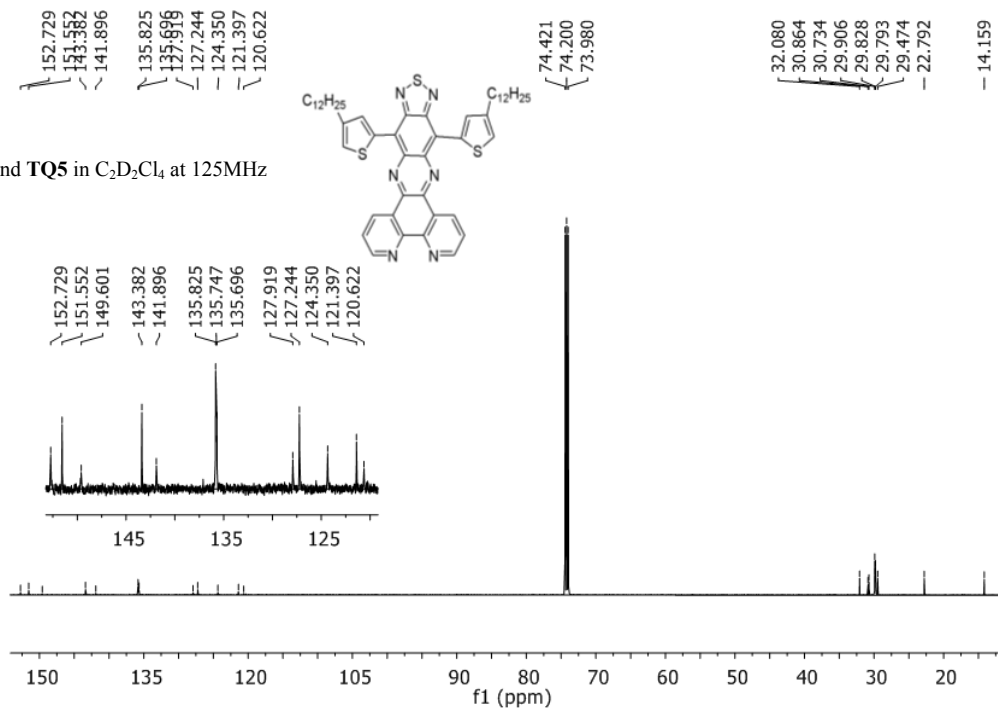
Compound **TQ4** in C₂D₂Cl₄ at 125 MHz



Compound **TQ5** in C₂D₂Cl₄ at 500 MHz



Compound **TQ5** in C₂D₂Cl₄ at 125MHz



TOF MS ES+

Elemental Composition Report

Page 1

Single Mass Analysis (displaying only valid results)

Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 100.0

Isotope cluster parameters: Separation = 1.0 Abundance = 1.0%

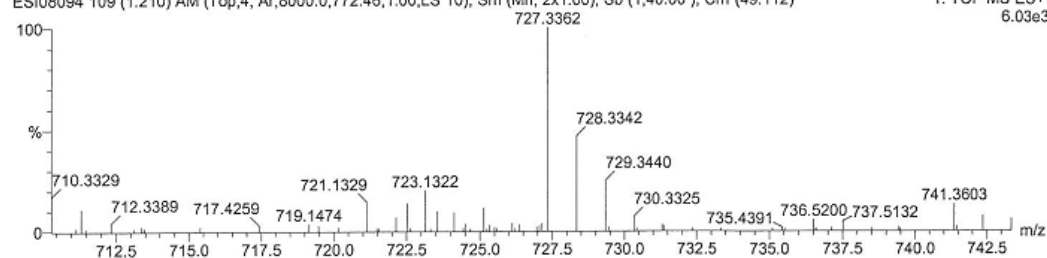
Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions

10 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass)

Zhou, SZTBN, Muellen

ESI08094 109 (1.210) AM (Top,4, Ar,8000.0,772.46,1.00,LS 10); Sm (Mn, 2x1.00); Sb (1,40.00); Cm (49;112)

1: TOF MS ES+
6.03e3



Minimum: -1.5
Maximum: 200.0 10.0 100.0

Mass	Calc. Mass	mDa	PPM	DBE	Score	Formula
727.3362	727.3385	-2.3	-3.2	13.5	1	C38 H55 N4 O4 S3

Figure S5. TOF MS ES+ spectrum of compound dinitro derivative precursor.

Elemental Composition Report

Page 1

Single Mass Analysis (displaying only valid results)

Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 100.0

Isotope cluster parameters: Separation = 1.0 Abundance = 1.0%

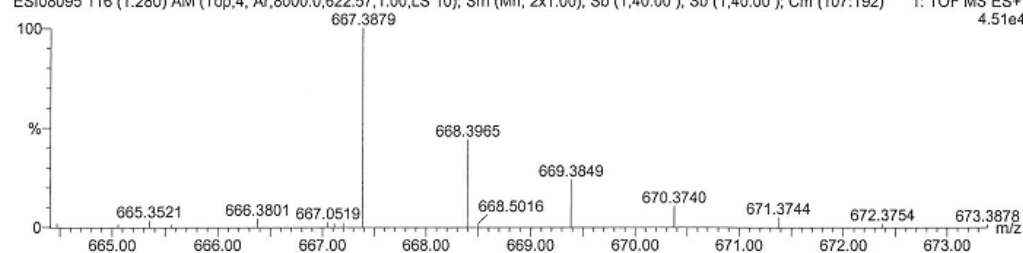
Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions

2 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass)

Zhou, SZTBA, Muellen

ESI08095 116 (1.280) AM (Top,4, Ar,8000.0,622.57,1.00,LS 10); Sm (Mn, 2x1.00); Sb (1,40.00); Sb (1,40.00); Cm (107;192)

1: TOF MS ES+
4.51e4



Minimum: -1.5
Maximum: 200.0 10.0 100.0

Mass	Calc. Mass	mDa	PPM	DBE	Score	Formula
667.3879	667.3902	-2.3	-3.4	11.5	1	C38 H59 N4 S3

Figure S6. TOF MS ES+ spectrum of compound 1.

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 100.0

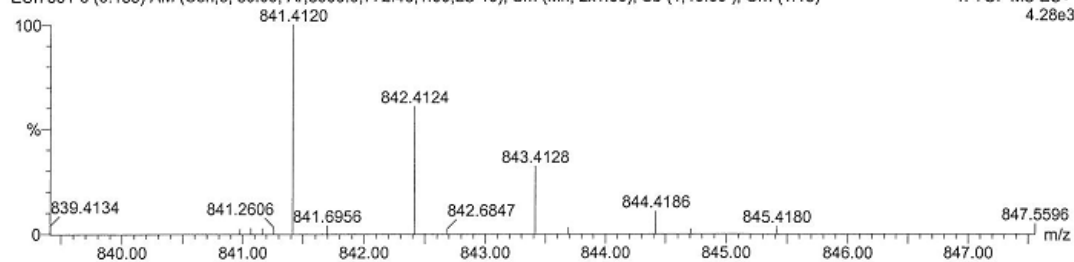
Isotope cluster parameters: Separation = 1.0 Abundance = 1.0%

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions

3 formula(e) evaluated with 2 results within limits (all results (up to 1000) for each mass)

Zhou, CTQPN

ESI7531 6 (0.155) AM (Cen,5, 80.00, Ar,8000.0,772.46,1.00,LS 10); Sm (Mn, 2x1.00); Sb (1,40.00); Cm (1:18)

1: TOF MS ES+
4.28e3

Minimum: 200.0 10.0 -1.5
 Maximum: 200.0 10.0 100.0

Mass	Calc. Mass	mDa	PPM	DBE	Score	Formula
841.4120	841.4120	0.0	0.0	23.5	1	C50 H61 N6 S3
	841.4164	-4.4	-5.2	22.0	2	C50 H61 N5 23Na2 S2

Figure S7. TOF MS ES+ spectrum of compound TQ5.

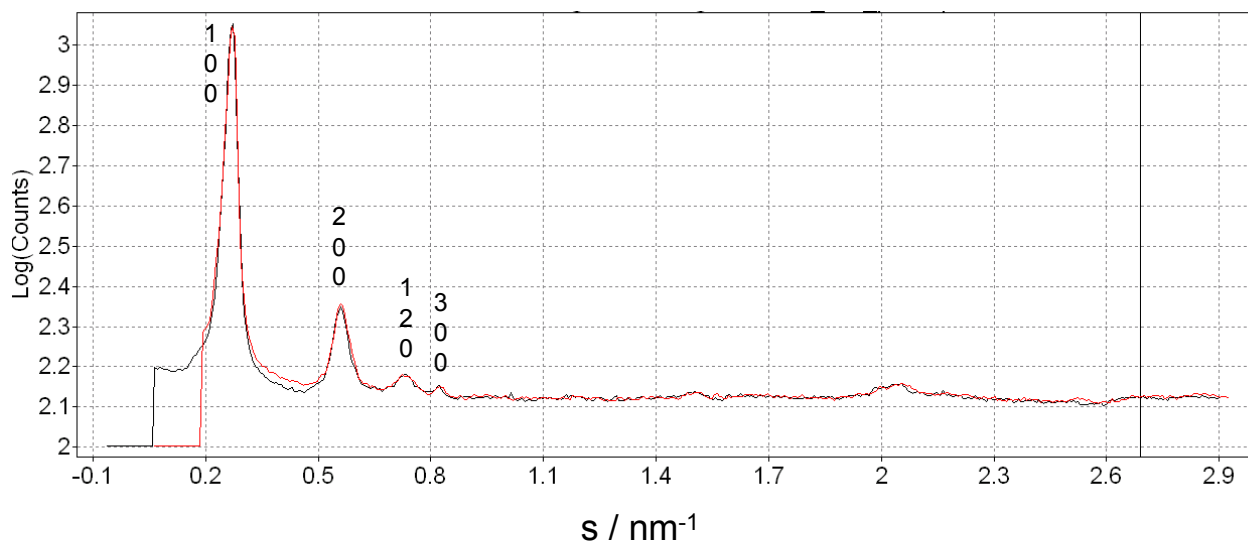


Figure S8. Equatorial integration of the 2DWAXS pattern in Figure 6c of TQ5 and the assignment of the reflections by Miller indices. The intensity distributions are plotted as a function of the scattering vector s (defined as $s = 2\sin\theta/\lambda$, where 2θ is the scattering angle).

1. Wang, E.; Hou, L.; Wang, Z.; Hellström, S.; Mammo, W.; Zhang, F.; Inganäs, O.; Andersson, M. R. *Org. Lett.* 2010, 12, 4470.
2. Stokes, K. K.; Heuzé, K.; McCullough, R.D. *Macromolecules* 2003, 36, 7114.
3. Meyer, A.; Sigmund, E.; Luppertz, F.; Schnakenburg, G.; Gadaczek, I.; Bredow, T.; Jester, S-S.; Höger, S.; Beilstein. *J. Org. Chem*, 2010, 6, 1180.