

Morphology controlled self-assembly of an amphiphilic perylenetetracarboxylic diimide dimer-based semiconductor: from flower clusters to hollow spheres

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Table S1 Peak positions of absorption (λ_{abs}) for **2PDIF-TAZ** in THF and the self-assembled **2PDIF-TAZ** micro-flower clusters, micro-bowknots, and nano-hollow spheres dispersed in water.

2PDIF-TAZ	λ_{abs} (nm)			
	THF solution	Flower clusters	Bowknots	Hollow spheres
	445, 533, 573	476, 565, 621	479, 566, 634	466, 557, 607

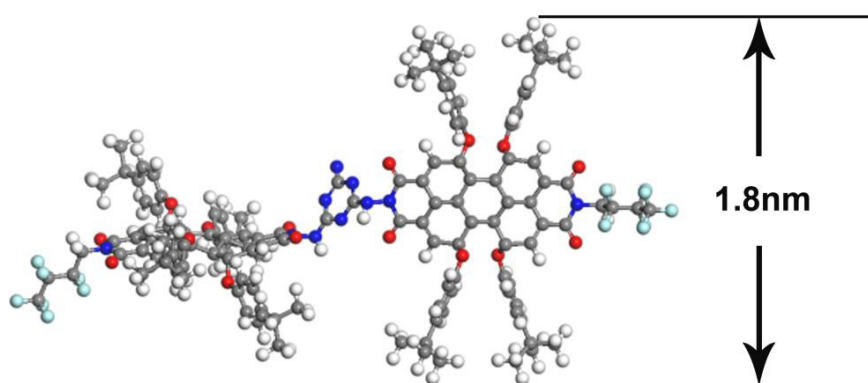


Fig. S1 Energy-minimized molecular structure of **2PDIF-TAZ**.

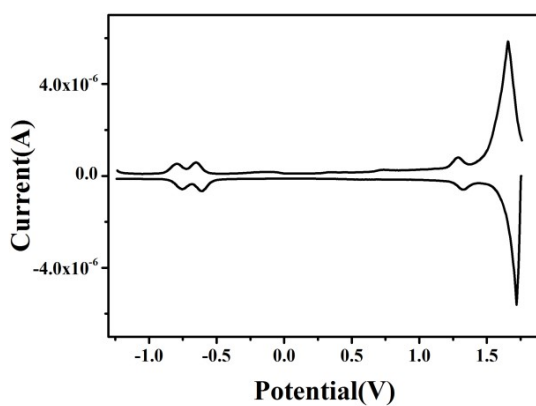


Fig. S2 Differential pulse voltammogram (DPV) of **2PDIF-TAZ** in CH_2Cl_2 containing 0.1 M $[\text{NBu}_4][\text{ClO}_4]$ at a scan rate of 10 mV s^{-1} .

Table S2 Half-wave redox potentials of **2PDIF-TAZ** (V vs SCE) in CH₂Cl₂ containing 0.1M TBAP and the HOMO, LUMO levels of **2PDIF-TAZ**.

Compound	Oxd ₂ /V	Oxd ₁ /V	Red ₁ /V	Red ₂ /V	E _{HOMO} /eV ^[a]	E _{LUMO} /eV ^[a]
2PDIF-TAZ	1.69	1.30	−0.63	−0.78	−5.74	−3.81

^[a] Calculated from empirical formula ¹: HOMO = −(Oxd₁+4.44 eV); LUMO = −(Red₁+4.44 eV).

References

1 Y. Chen, L. Chen, G. Qi, H. Wu, Y. Zhang and L. Xue, *Langmuir*, 2010, 26: 12473.