

Supplementary information

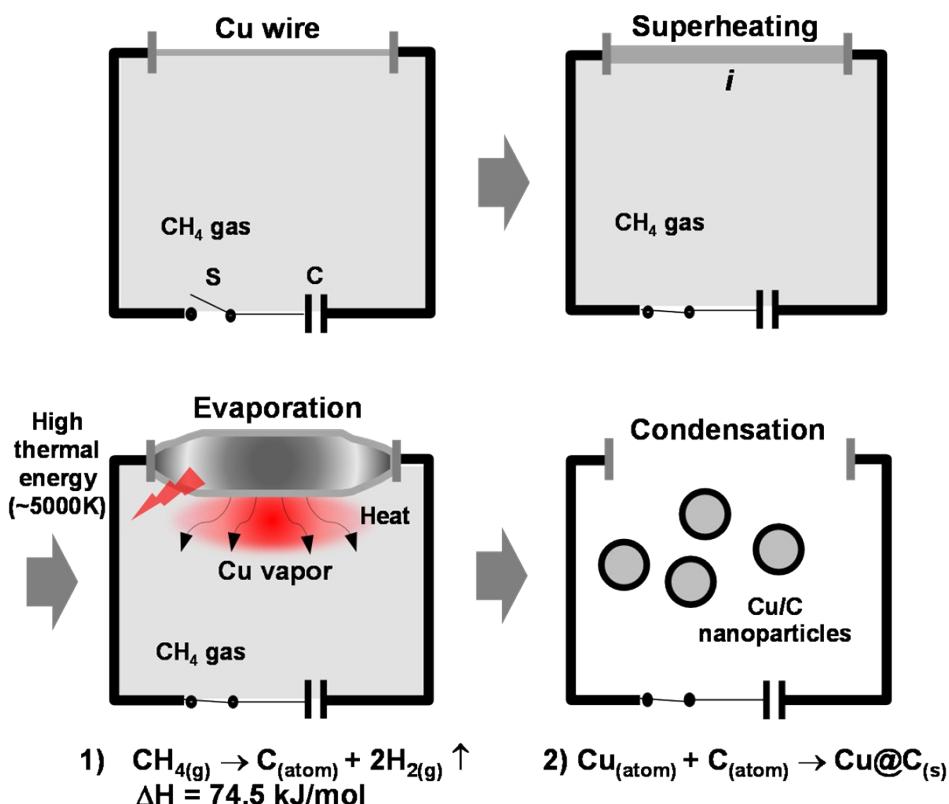


Figure S1. A schematic illustration of formation of the Cu/C core/shell NPs by the EEW method.

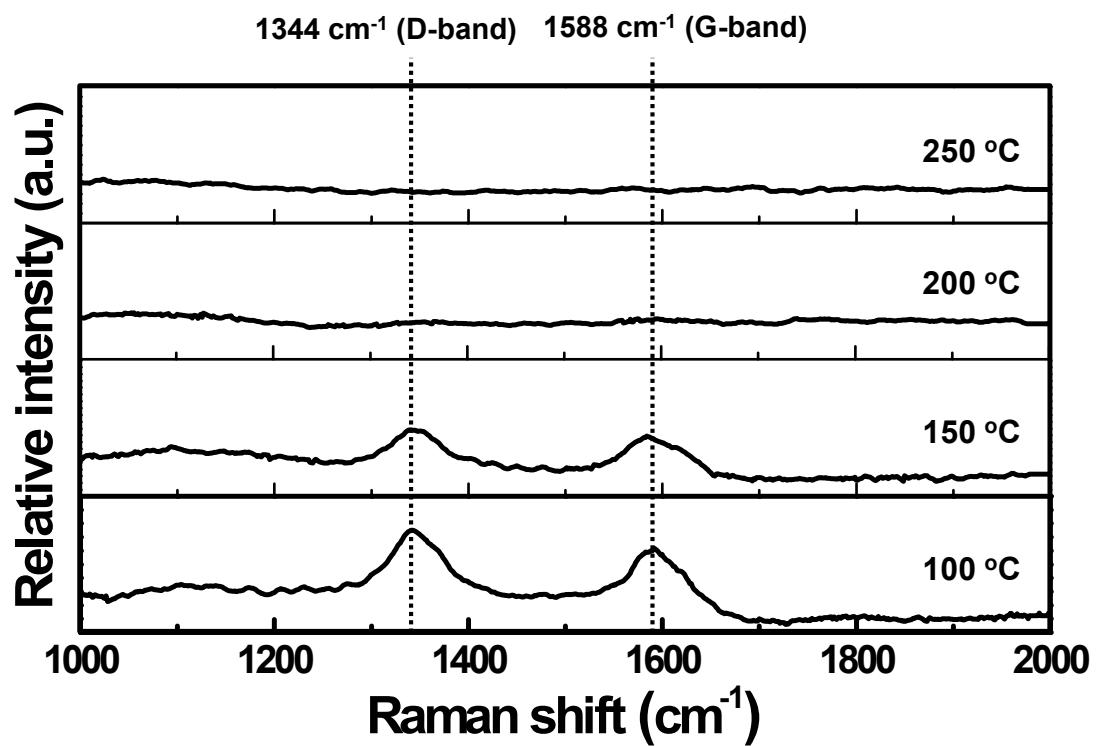


Figure S2. Raman spectra of the Cu/C NPs heat-treated at different temperatures in air.

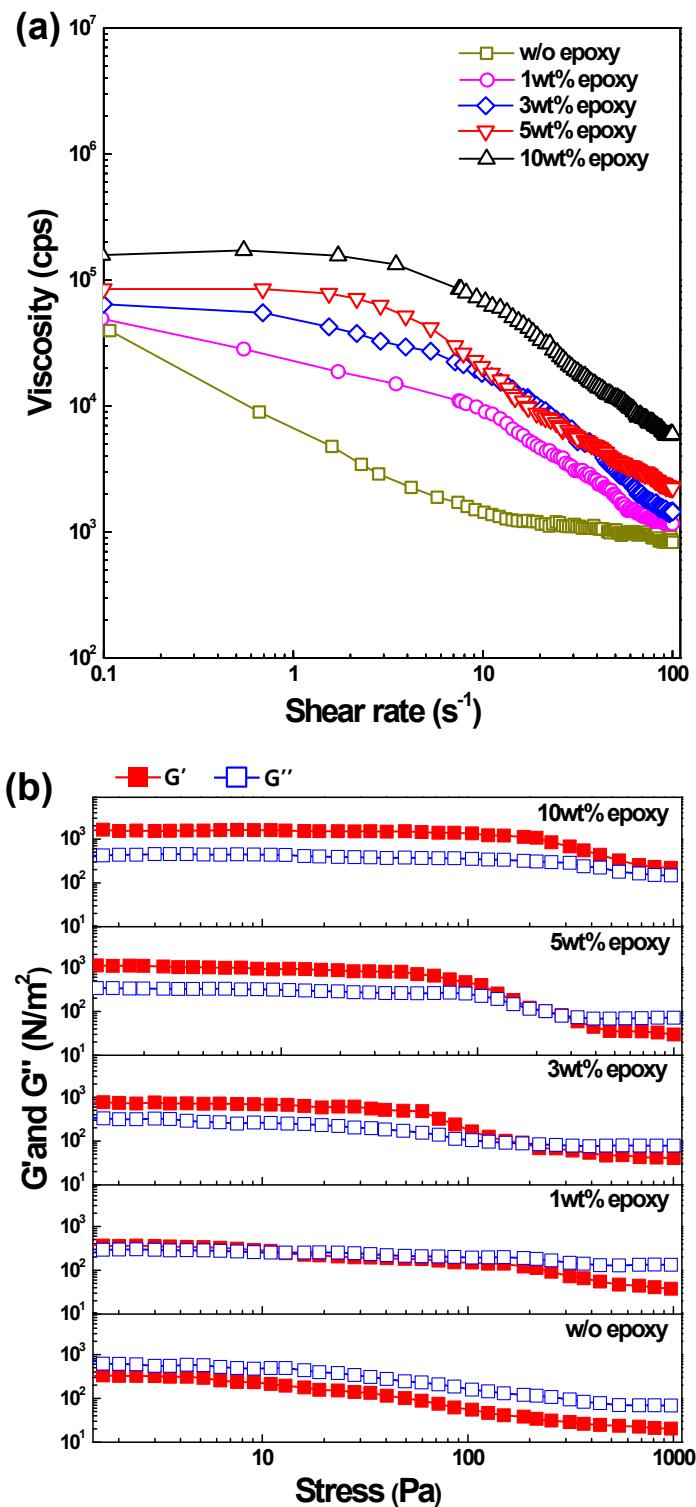


Figure S3. a) Viscosity vs. shear rate curves and b) oscillatory stress sweep for the Cu/C nanoinks formulated as a function of the epoxy content in EG.

Table S1. Summary of the rheological properties of the Cu/C nanoinks and the film characteristics.

Measured parameters	Ink 1 <sup>a)</sup>	Ink 2 <sup>b)</sup>	Ink 3 <sup>c)</sup>	Ink 4 <sup>d)</sup>	Ink 5 <sup>e)</sup>
Viscosity test results					
shear rate 0.1 s <sup>-1</sup> (cps)	39,567	49,254	64,268	84,722	157,467
shear rate 1.0 s <sup>-1</sup> (cps)	6,819	22,955	48,256	82,688	161,435
shear rate 100 s <sup>-1</sup> (cps)	829	1,194	1,860	3,286	5,897
Viscoelastic test results (amplitude sweep)					
Elastic modulus, $G'$ (at 1 Pa, N/m <sup>2</sup> )	319.5	369.0	817.1	1192.4	1842.5
Viscous modulus, $G''$ (at 1 Pa, N/m <sup>2</sup> )	850.5	293.2	315.9	542.6	380.2
Cross-over stress, $G' = G''$ (Pa)	-	12.0	168.1	199.7	-
Elastic modulus, $G'$ (at 1000 Pa, N/m <sup>2</sup> )	20.4	38.0	40.5	51.8	217.7
Viscous modulus, $G''$ (at 1000 Pa, N/m <sup>2</sup> )	68.3	82.2	125.6	152.2	162.5
Adhesion strength (Class)	0B	0B	3B	5B	5B
Electrical resistivity ( $\mu\Omega\cdot\text{cm}$ )	25.1	26.2	24.2	25.0	802

<sup>a)</sup> Ink 1: 65 wt% Cu/C NPs, 35wt% EG; <sup>b)</sup> Ink 2: 65 wt% Cu/C NPs, 34 wt% EG, 1 wt% epoxy binder, 6.8 phr hardener; <sup>c)</sup> Ink 3: 65 wt% Cu/C NPs, 32 wt% EG, 3 wt% epoxy binder, 6.8 phr hardener; <sup>d)</sup> Ink 4: 65 wt% Cu/C NPs, 30 wt% EG, 5 wt% epoxy binder, 6.8 phr hardener; <sup>e)</sup> Ink 5: 65 wt% Cu/C NPs, 25 wt% EG, 10 wt% epoxy binder, 6.8 phr hardener.  
All of the films were annealed at 200 °C for 5 min in air and 5min under Ar/10 % H<sub>2</sub> atmosphere.