

Supporting information

An Cationic Azobenzene-Surfactant-Modified Graphene Hybrid: Unique Photoresponse and Electrochemical Behavior

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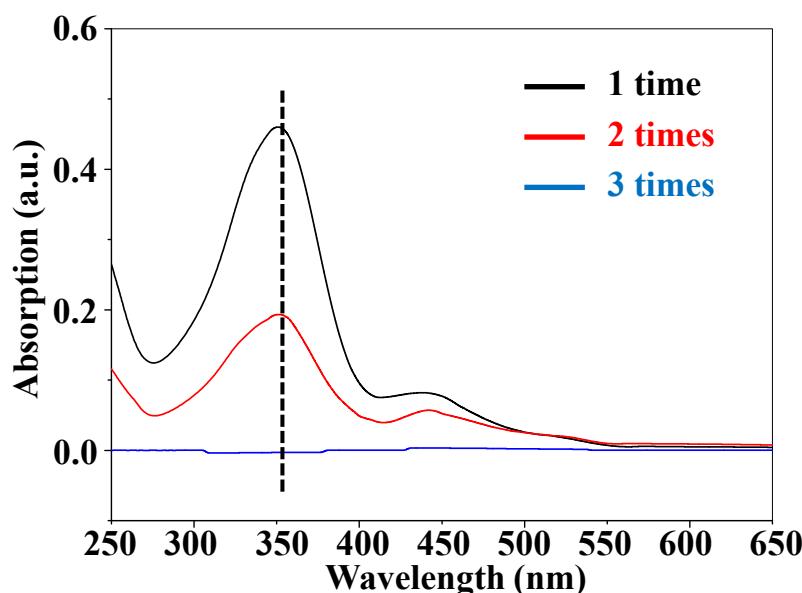


Figure (S1) UV-Vis spectra of the filtrate AzoC₇NO solution after different washing times with 100 mL deionized water

The grafting degree of Azo-GO can be calculated from the XPS, using the Eq. (S1) as follows, where C is atomic ratios, I is the atomic integration area of XPS, SF is the atomic sensitivity factors.

$$C_E = \left(\frac{I_E}{SF_E} \right) / \left(\sum_{x=1}^N \frac{I_x}{SF_x} \right) \quad (\text{S1})$$

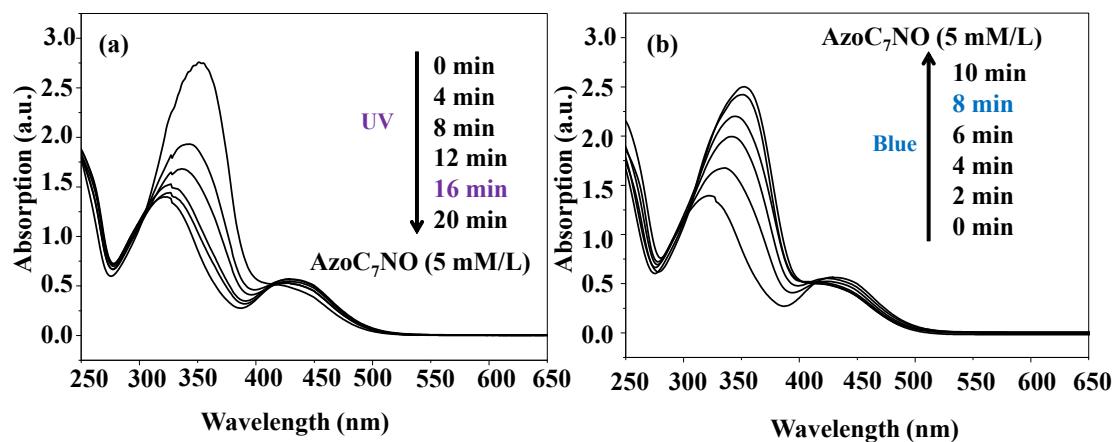


Figure (S2) UV-Vis spectra of (a) AzoC_7NO (5 mM/L) upon UV light irradiation for different times, (b) UV light irradiated AzoC_7NO (5 mM/L) upon blue light irradiation for different times

Table (S1) light irradiated times of the photostationary balance at different concentrations of Azo-GO

| Azo-GO | Balance time of UV irradiation | Balance time of Blue irradiation |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 0.5 mg/mL | 25 min | 12 min |
| 1.0 mg/mL | 45 min | 22 min |
| 1.5 mg/mL | 80 min | 35 min |

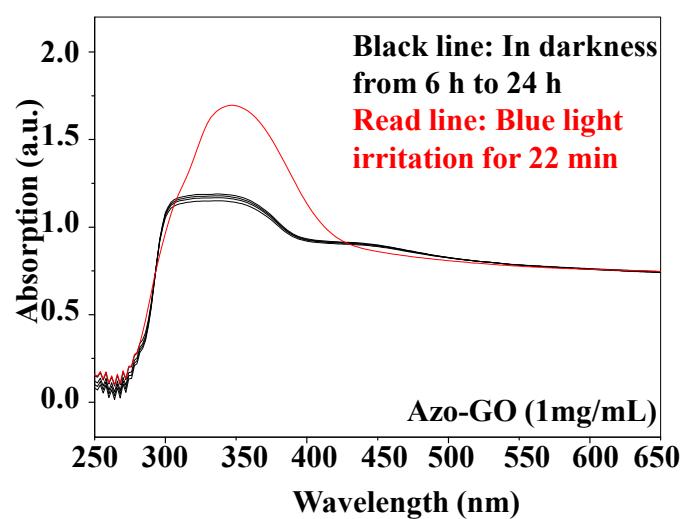


Figure (S3) UV-Vis spectra of UV light irradiated Azo-GO (1 mg/mL) in darkness from 6 h to 24 h

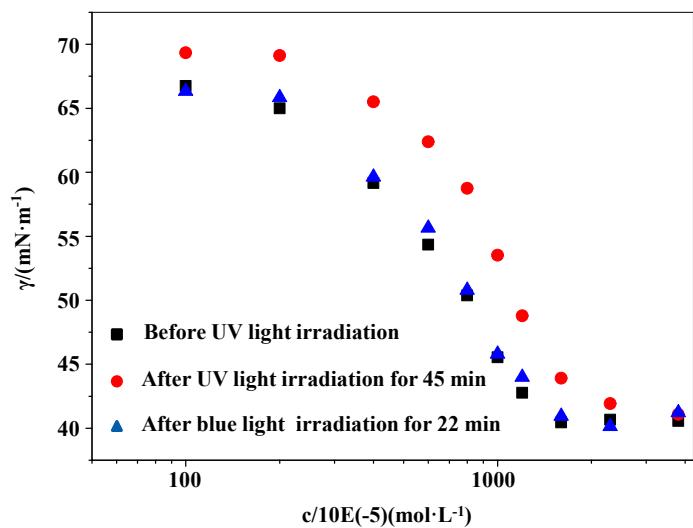


Figure (S4) The curves of surface tension against the concentrations of Azoc_7NO before and after light irradiation at room temperature