

Supporting Information.

Visible-light driven water splitting over BiFeO₃ photoanodes grown *via* the LPCVD reaction of [Bi(O^tBu)₃] and [Fe(O^tBu)₃]₂ and enhanced with a surface nickel oxygen evolution catalyst

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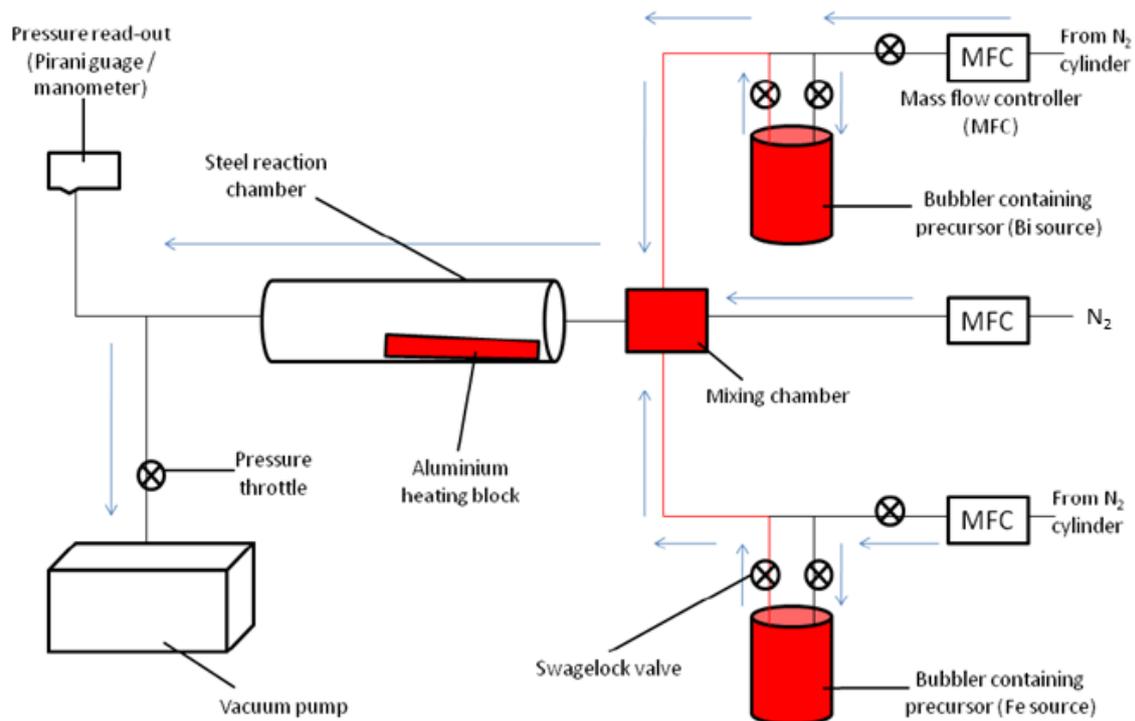
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Scheme 1: Schematic diagram of the home-built dual-source LPCVD apparatus for deposition of BiFeO_3 films. Objects in red indicate those parts that are controllably heated. Arrows indicate the direction of gas flow.

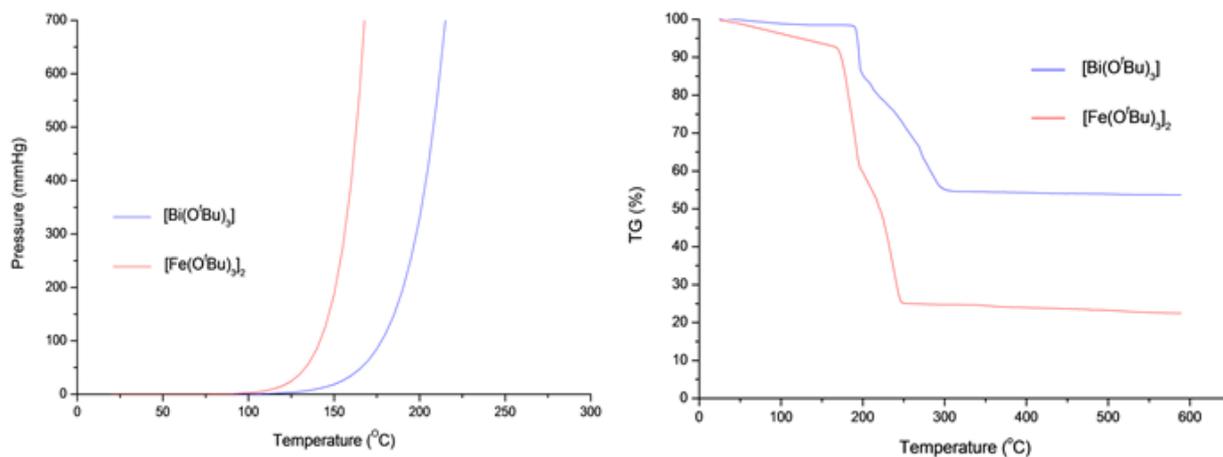


Figure S1: Vapour pressure curves and TGA traces of $[\text{Fe}(\text{O}'\text{Bu})_3]_2$ and $[\text{Bi}(\text{O}'\text{Bu})_3]$. The heating rate was $10\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C min}^{-1}$.

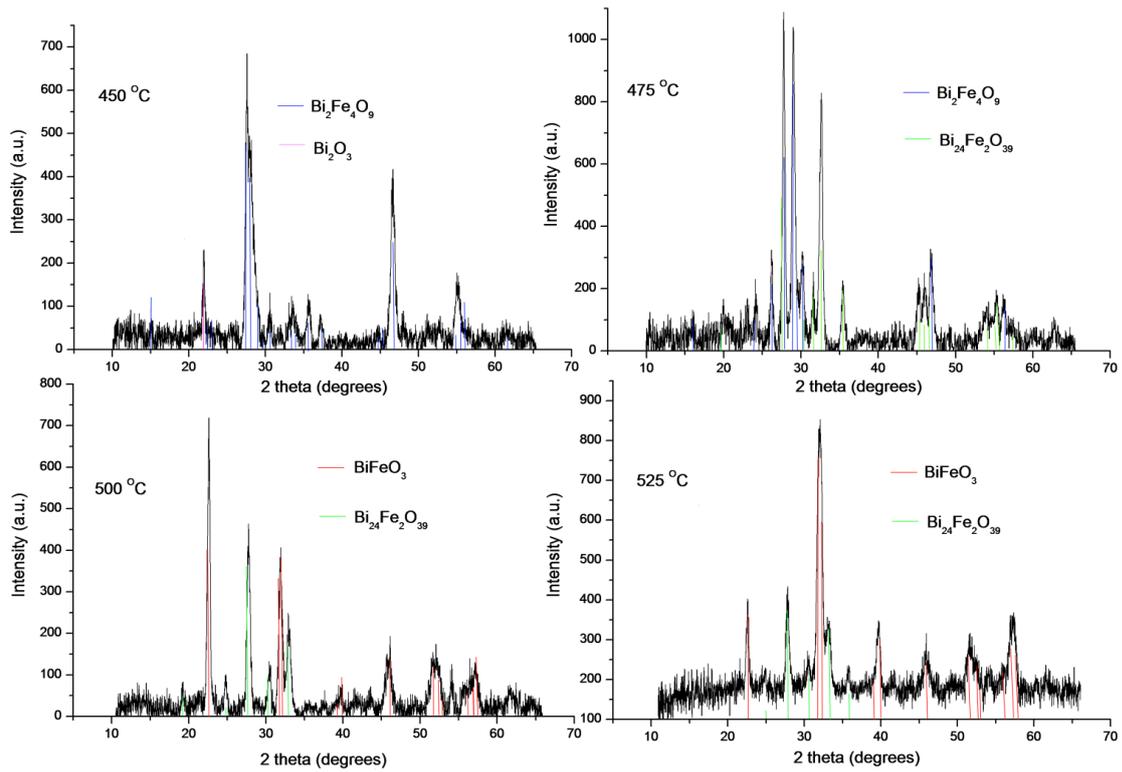


Figure S2: X-ray diffraction patterns of films deposited between 450 - 525 °C.

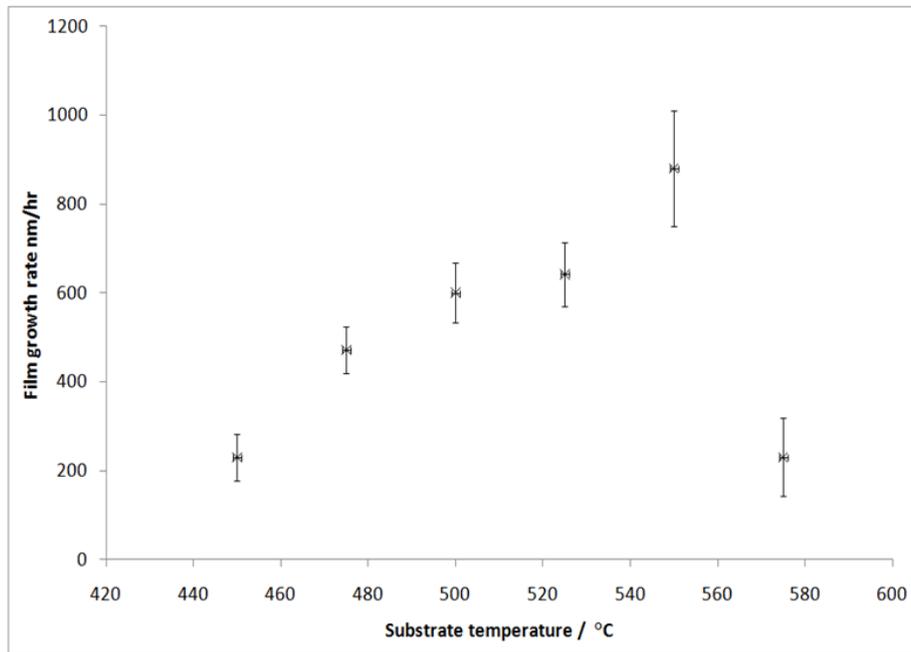


Figure S3: Film growth rates as a function of substrate temperature. The thicknesses were obtained *via* side-on SEM imaging.

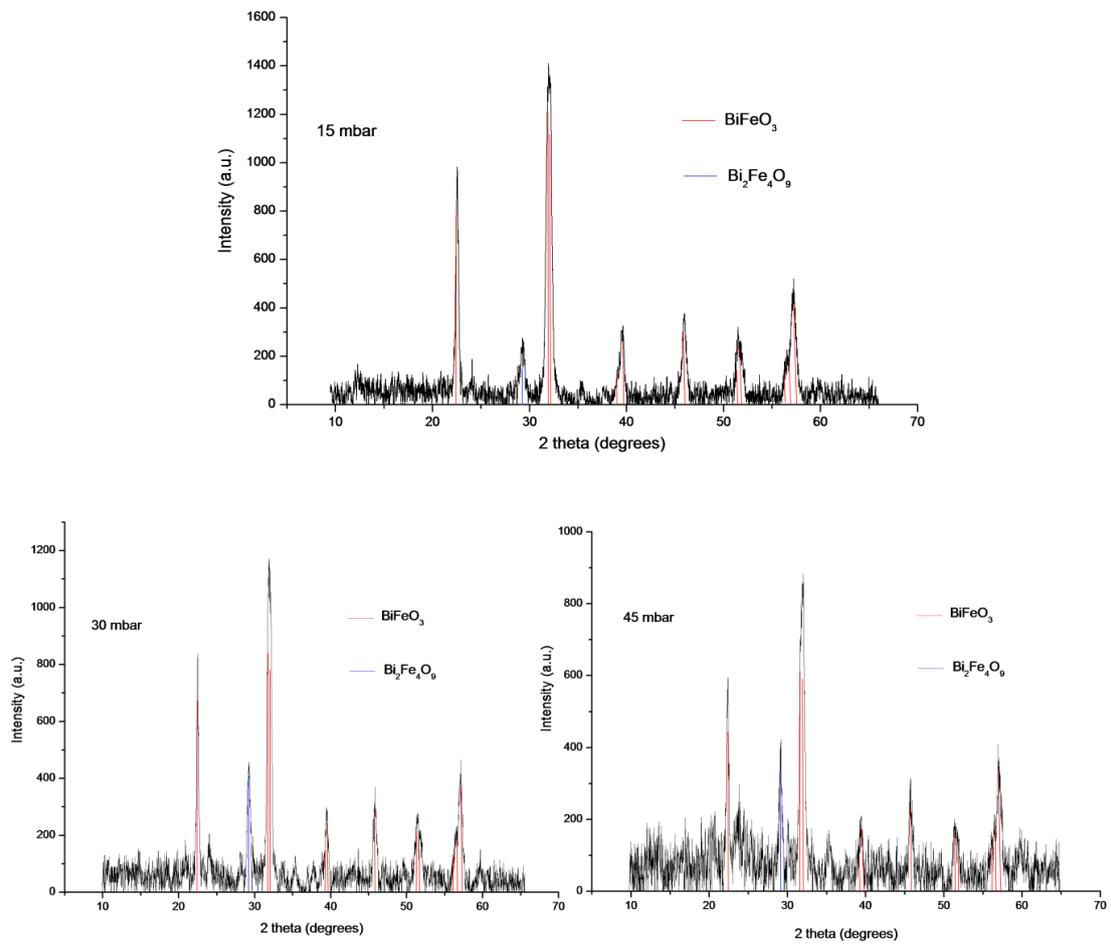


Figure S4: X-ray diffraction patterns of the films deposited at 15 mbar, 30 mbar and 45 mbar.

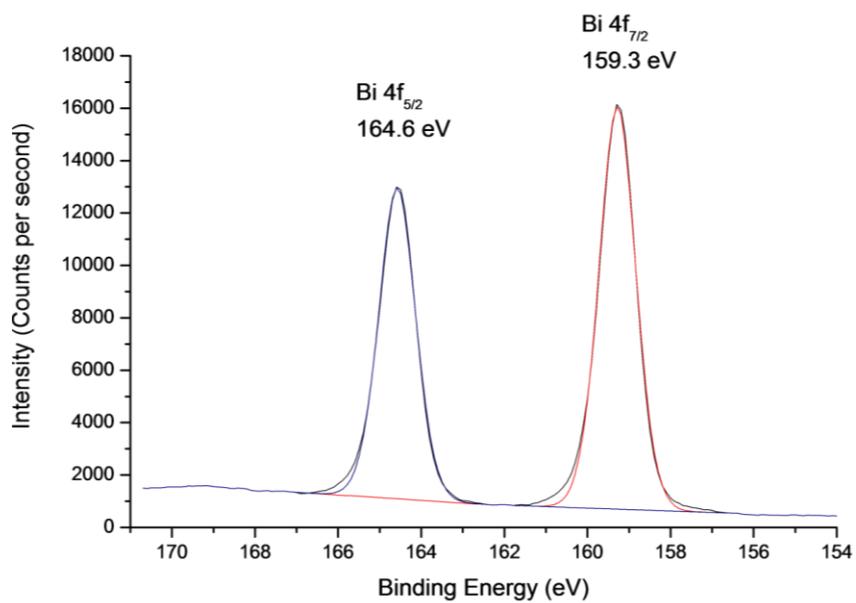


Figure S5: XPS spectrum of the bismuth 4f region.

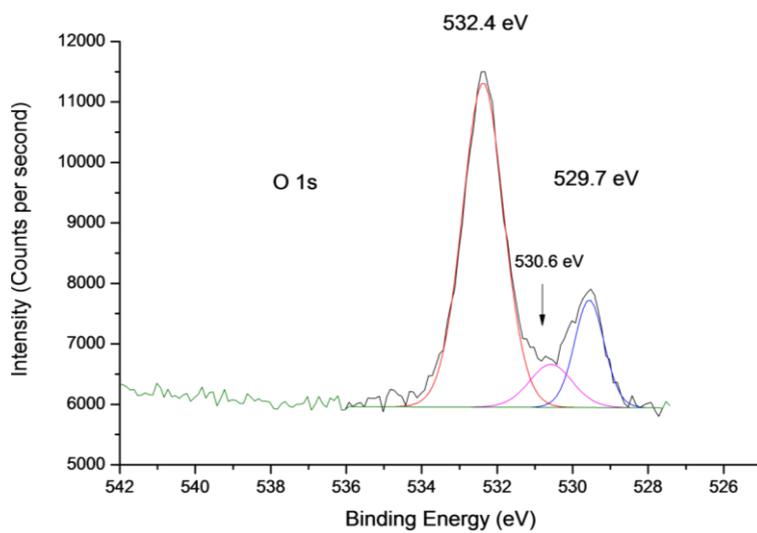


Figure S6: XPS spectrum of the oxygen 1s region.

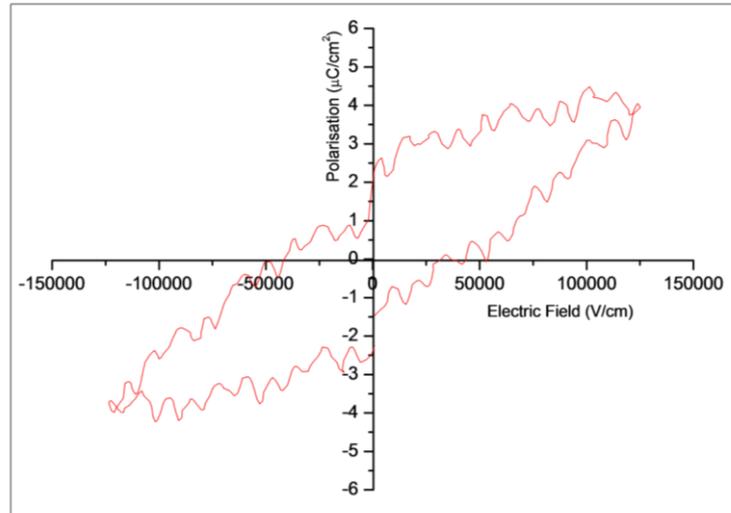


Figure S7: Room temperature P-E hysteresis loop measured at 1 kHz for a 690 nm thick BiFeO₃ film deposited on Pt/SiO₂/Si substrate sputtered with Pt top electrodes.

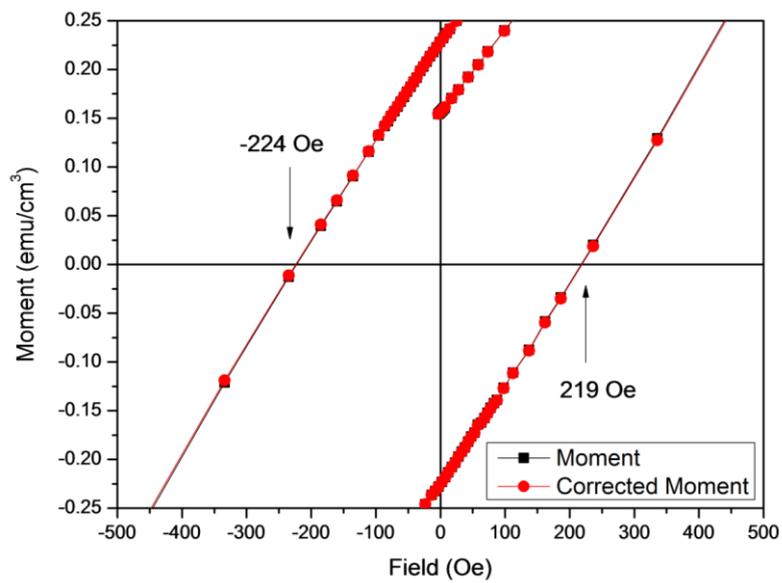


Figure S8: Enlarged M-H hysteresis loop measured at 5 K for the 880 nm thick BiFeO₃ film grown *via* LPCVD at 550 °C, 8 mbar, to display the coercivity.

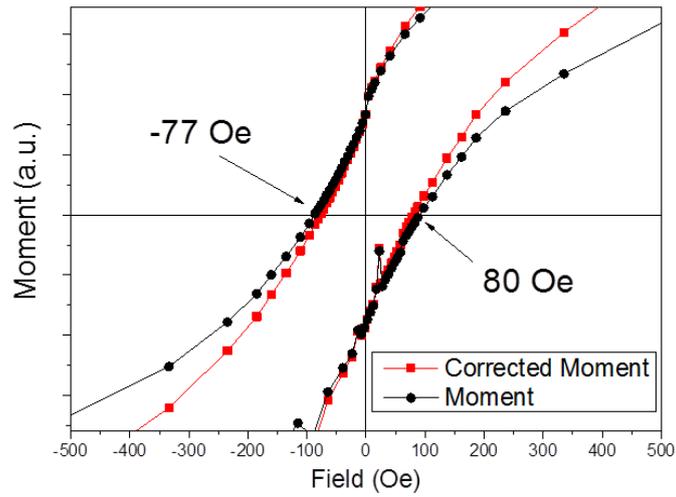


Figure S9: M-H hysteresis loop measured at 300 K for the BiFeO₃ film grown *via* LPCVD at 550 °C, 8 mbar. The inset plot shows the M-H curve enlarged to display the coercive field of the sample.

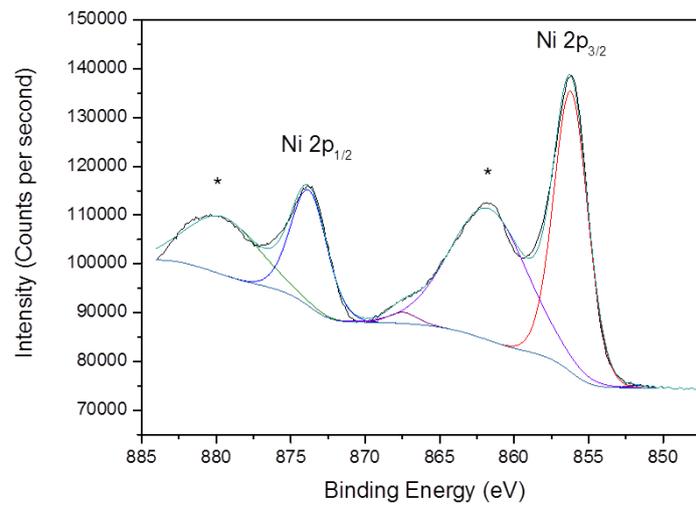


Figure S10: XPS spectrum of the Nickel 2p region from a Ni-B/BiFeO₃ film. Asterisks (*) indicate Ni 2p satellite peaks.