

## Supplemental Information

### Targeting Tumor Hypoxia: A Third Generation 2-Nitroimidazole–Indocyanine Dye–Conjugate with Improved Fluorescent Yield

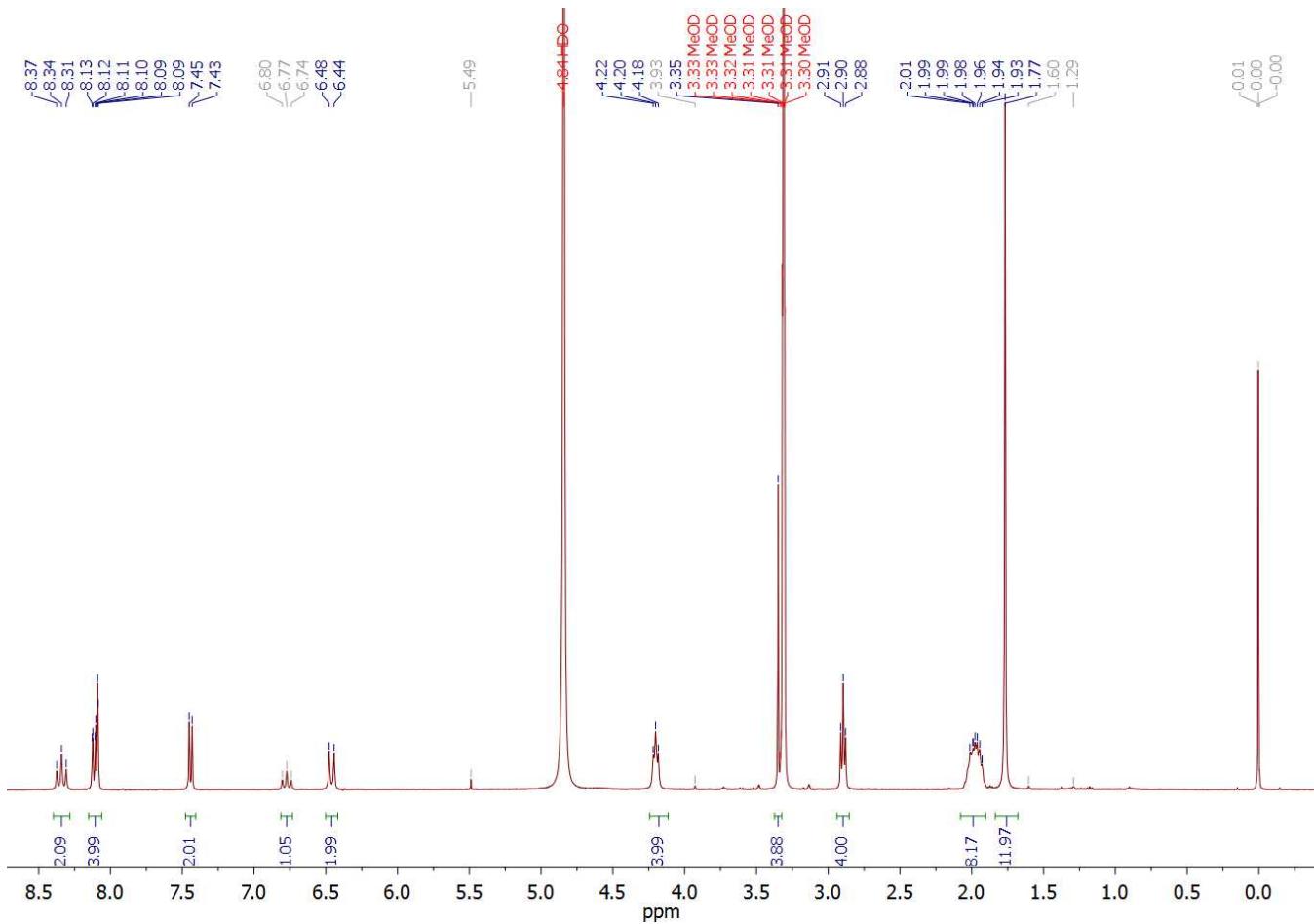
Feifei Zhou,<sup>1a</sup> Saeid Zanganeh,<sup>1a</sup> Innus Mohammad,<sup>2a</sup> Christopher Dietz,<sup>2a</sup> Akram Abuteen,<sup>1</sup> Michael B. Smith,\*<sup>2</sup> Quing Zhu\*<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>H NMR data for new compounds, **8** and **12**. Repeated efforts to obtain the <sup>13</sup>C NMR failed to give a spectrum. We observed this problem with dye conjugate **4**.<sup>18</sup> Although the dye (**2** and **8**) showed reasonable <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra, **4** and **12** did not. We examined the possibility of aggregation, rotamers, relaxation time, and low concentration due to solubility issues. All of these issues can lead to poor <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra. Attempts to obtain <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra at 25 °C failed, and we heated the samples to 55 °C to promote deaggregation. We also explored different solvents, including CD<sub>3</sub>OD, (CD<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO, D<sub>2</sub>O. We examined extended delay (relaxation) times up to 10 to 15 sec, as well as long acquisition times (up to 12 hours). None of these experiments led to a <sup>13</sup>C NMR. We have attempted indirect C<sup>13</sup> experiments, including HSQC, HMBC, and CIGAR. The problem is likely due to low solubility of **4** and **12**, coupled with the low isotope percentage of <sup>13</sup>C relative to <sup>12</sup>C versus the high percentage of <sup>1</sup>H, but we do not have a definitive answer to this problem. No experiments have been successful, so only <sup>1</sup>H NMR data is provided.

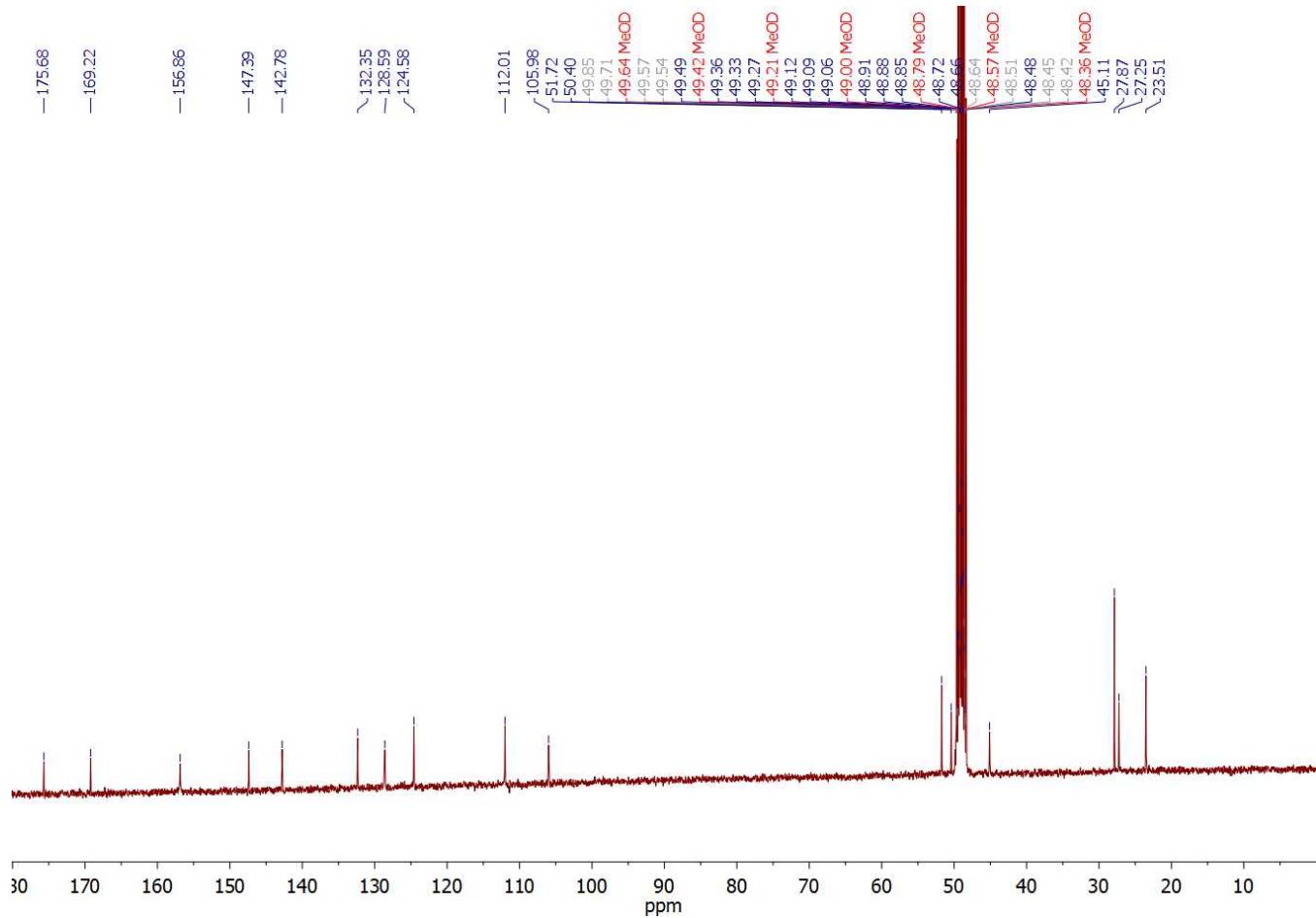
Note that the spectra for compound **8** were previously reported in another publication: “Targeting Tumor Hypoxia with 2-Nitroimidazole-ICG Dye Conjugates” Yan Xu, Saeid Zanganeh, Innus Mohammad, Andres Aguirre, Tianheng Wang, Yi Yang, Michael Smith and Quing Zhu *J. Biomed. Optics*, **2013**, *18*(6), 066009-1-11.

We also provide the data for the solubility studies in Figure 7.

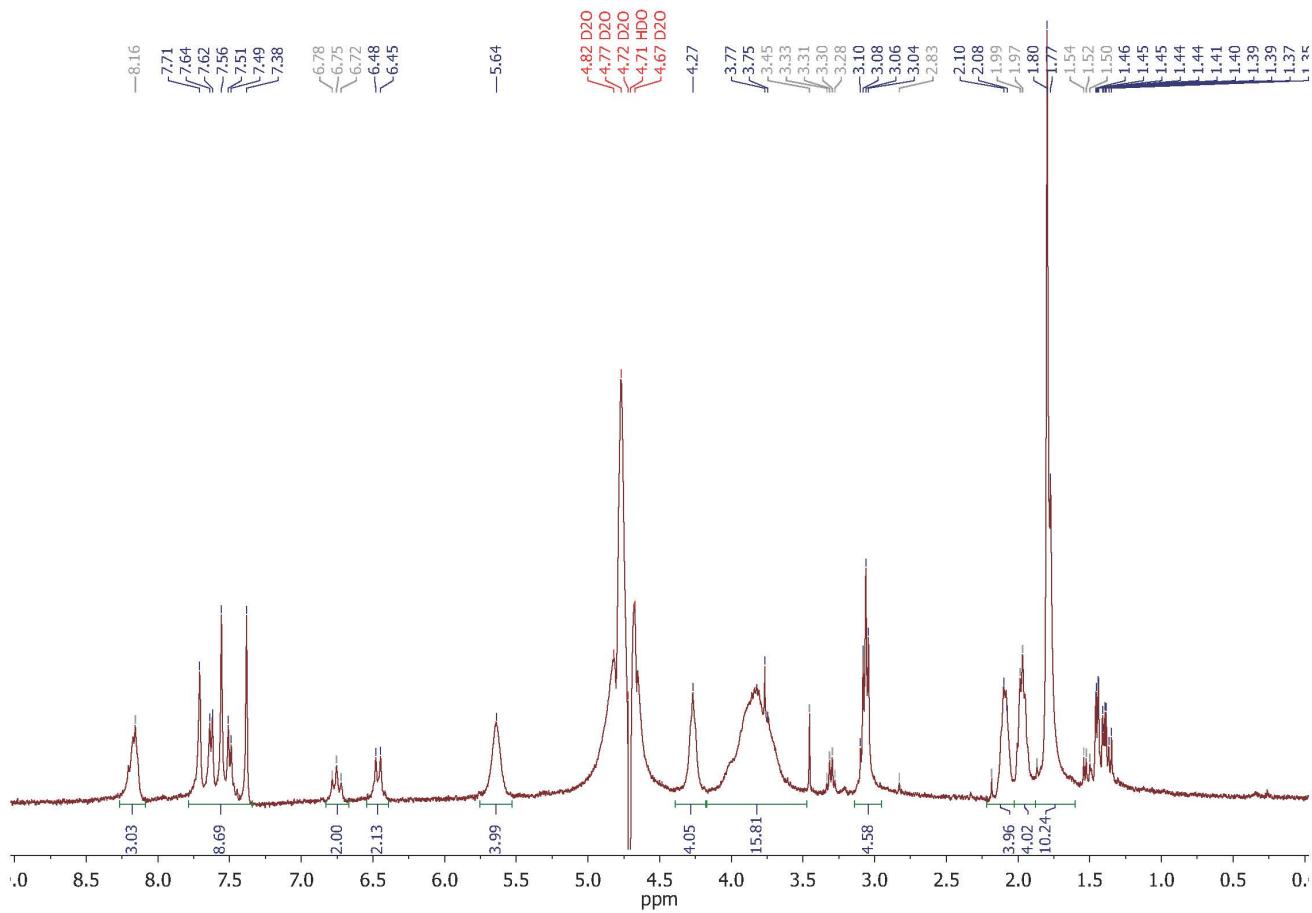
**<sup>1</sup>H NMR.** Sodium 4-[2-[(1*E*,3*E*,5*Z*)-7-[1,1-dimethyl-3-(4-sulfonatobutyl)indol-2-ylidene]penta-1,3-dienyl]-1,1-dimethylindol-3-i um-3-yl]butane-1-sulfonate, **8**.



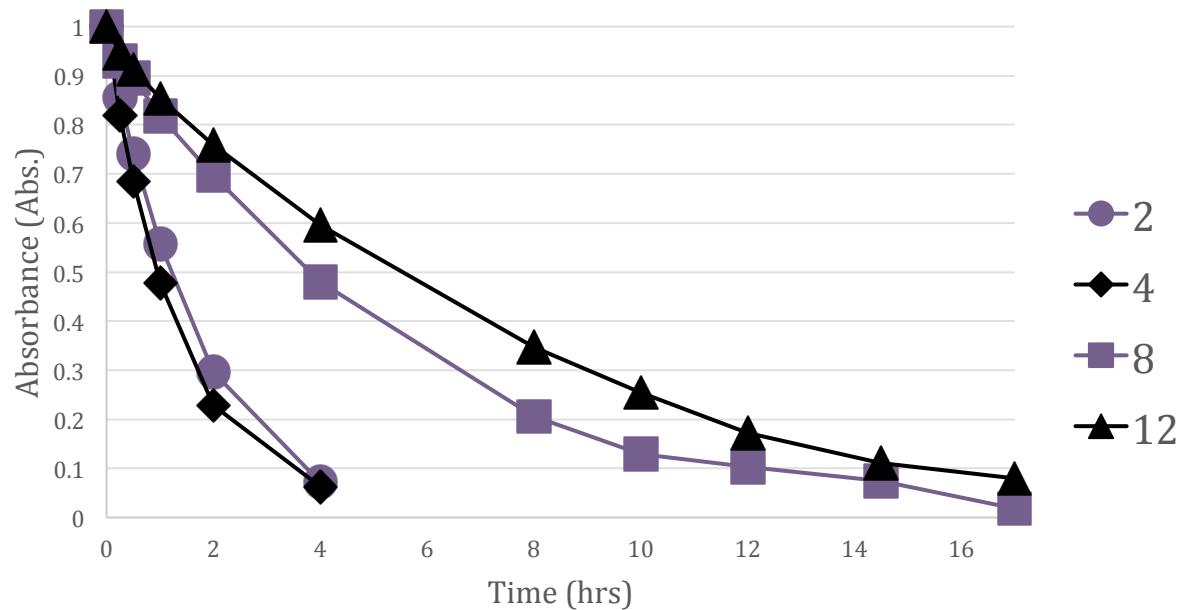
**<sup>13</sup>C NMR.** Sodium 4-[2-[(1*E*,3*E*,5*Z*)-7-[1,1-dimethyl-3-(4-sulfonatobutyl)indol-2-ylidene]penta-1,3-dienyl]-1,1-dimethylindol-3-ium-3-yl]butane-1-sulfonate, **8**.



**<sup>1</sup>H NMR.** Sodium 4-((Z)-2-((2E,4E)-5-(3,3-dimethyl-5-(4-(2-nitro-1H-imidazol-1-yl)acetyl)piperazine-1-carbonyl)-1-(4-sulfonatobutyl)-3H-indol-1-i um-2-yl)penta-2,4-dien-1-ylidene)-3,3-dimethyl-5-(4-(2-nitro-1H-imidazol-1-yl)acetyl)piperazine-1-carbonyl)indolin-1-yl)butane-1-sulfonate, **12**.



## Stability Studies



Time (hrs)	Absorbance (Abs.)						
	2		4		8		12
0	1.00	0	1.00	0	1.00	0	1.00
0.25	0.855	0.25	0.819	0.25	0.930	0.25	0.946
0.5	0.740	0.5	0.685	0.5	0.896	0.5	0.913
1	0.557	1	0.477	1	0.818	1	0.854
2	0.296	2	0.228	2	0.696	2	0.759
4	0.072	4	0.063	4	0.480	4	0.595
				8	0.206	8	0.347
				10	0.129	10	0.254
				12	0.103	12	0.172
				14.5	0.074	14.5	0.111
				17	0.018	17	0.080