Metal-Free Methylation of Pyridine N-Oxides C-H Bond

Using Peroxides

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Supporting Information

Table of contents

1. General Information	S 1
2. Preparation of Pyridine-N-Oxide Derivatives	S2
3. Methylation of Pyridine- <i>N</i> -Oxide Using peroxides	S2
4. Preparation of $2 - d_1$ -Quinoline- <i>N</i> -Oxide	S2
5. KIE Experiment	S3
6. References	S3
7. Data and Spectra of ¹ H NMR and ¹³ C NMR	S3

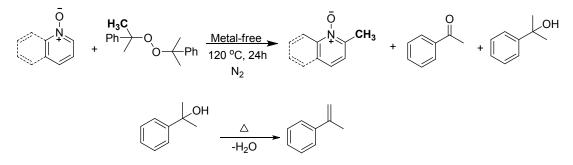
1. General Information

Unless otherwise noted, reagents and solvents were purchased and used directly without any further purification. Column chromatography were performed on silica gel 200-300 mesh. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra were registered on a Bruker AscendTM 400 spectrometer (Germany). ¹H NMR peaks were labeled as singlet (s), doublet (d), triplet (t), and multiplet (m). Chemical shifts were reported in units (ppm) referenced to 0.0 ppm of TMS in the ¹H spectrum and 77.0 ppm of CDCl₃ in the ¹³C spectrum. All coupling constants were reported in Hertz (Hz). HRMS data were obtained on a Waters LCT PremierxeTM (USA).

2. Preparation of Pyridine-N-Oxide Derivatives

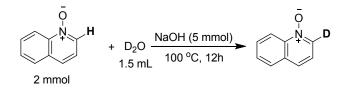
Under vigorous magnetic stirring, 3-Chloroperbenzoicacid (*m*CPBA) (345 mg, 2 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was dropped into solution of pyridine derivatives (2 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) cooled to 0°C. After the completion of this course, the reaction mixture was allowed up to room temperature and stirred overnight. An aqueous solution of saturated NaHCO₃ was added to the mixture to neutralize residual *m*CPBA. The resulting mixture was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3x 10 mL). The organic phase were combined and washed with a saturated NaCl solution (3x 5 mL). The organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure to give crude product, which was purified by column chromatography (silica gel 200-300 mesh, EtOAc: methanol (8:1) as eluent). The product was identified by ¹H-NMR and MS spectra and compared to the previous literature.

3. Methylation of Pyridine-N-Oxide Using peroxides



Pyridine-*N*-oxide (0.5 mmol), DCP (1 mmol, 2 equiv.) were charged into a 30-mL pressure tube sealed with rubber plugs. The reaction mixture was stirred at 120 °C for 24 h under nitrogen atmosphere. After the starting material was completely consumed (based on thin layer chromatography (TLC) monitoring, EtOAc: methanol as eluent), the reaction was cooled down to room temperature. The mixture was purified by column chromatography on silica gel(200-300 mesh) to afford desired products.

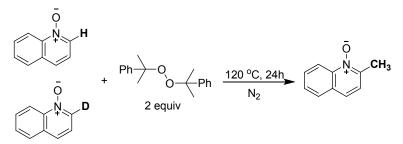
4. Preparation of 2-*d*₁-Quinoline-*N*-Oxide.



 D_2O (1.5 mL), NaOH (200 mg, 5 mmol), quinoline-*N*-oxide (258 mg, 2.0 mmol) were weighed into 30-mL pressure tube sealed with rubber plugs. The reaction mixture was stirred at 100 °C for overnight. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was then extracted with Chloroform (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic

phases were washed with saturated NaCl solution (3 x 5 mL), dried over MgSO4, and filtered. Chloroform was removed under reduced pressure to obtain the product. Deuterium incorporation was detected to be 91% by ¹H NMR in CDCl₃. Peak areas at 8.76 ppm and 8.53 ppm were compared to obtain the deuterium incorporation (see ¹H spectrum). Spectral data were consistent with related reports^[1].

5. KIE Experiment



2-d1-quinoline-*N*-oxide and quinoline-*N*-oxide (1:1) (totally 0.5 mmol), DCP (1 mmol, 2 equiv) were added into pressure tube sealed with rubber plugs. The reaction mixture was stirred at 120 °C for 3 h under nitrogen atmosphere. After cooling to room temperature, residual starting material (mixture of 2-d₁-quinoline-*N*-oxide and quinoline-*N*-oxide) was recovered by column chromatography on silica gel (200-300 mesh), which was characterized by 1H NMR spectroscopy. Peak areas at 8.76 ppm and 8.53 ppm were compared to give nearly 1:1 ratio of 2-d₁-quinoline-*N*-oxide to quinoline-*N*-oxide in residual material^[2].

6. References

- [1] Sylvester, K. T.; Wu, K.; Doyle, A. G.; J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2012, 134, 16967-16970.
- [2] G. Li, C. Q. Jia, K. Sun, Org. Lett. 2013, 15, 5198-5201.

7. Data and Spectra of ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR

2-methylpyridine 1-oxide (3a)

3a was obtained as yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.25 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.31–7.23 (m, 1H), 7.17 (2H), 2.51 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 149.15, 139.42, 126.55, 125.67, 123.57, 17.81. HRMS (ESI) Calcd. For C₆H₈NO: [M+H]⁺, 110.0606, Found: *m/z*. 110.0598

2,6-dimethylpyridine 1-oxide (4a)

4a was obtained as yellow oil.¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.14 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.09 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.53 (s, 6H).¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 149.07, 124.74, 123.96, 18.27. HRMS (ESI) Calcd. For C₇H₁₀NO: [M+H]⁺, 124.0762, Found: *m/z*.

124.0758

2,4-dimethylpyridine 1-oxide (3b)

3b was obtained as yellow oil (27mg, 45%).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.16 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (s, 1H), 6.96 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 2.50 (s, 3H), 2.32 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.24, 138.69, 137.31, 127.17, 124.33, 77.40, 77.08, 76.76, 20.20, 17.71. HRMS (ESI) Calcd. For C₇H₁₀NO: [M+H]⁺, 124.0762, Found: *m/z*. 124.0760

2,4,6-trimethylpyridine 1-oxide (4b)

4b was obtained as yellow oil (21mg, 31%).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.96 (s, 2H), 2.50 (s, 6H), 2.28 (s,3H).¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.20, 124.75, 77.34, 77.03, 76.71, 20.19, 18.18.HRMS (ESI) Calcd. For C₈H₁₂NO: [M+H]⁺, 138.0919, Found: *m/z*. 138.0909

4-methoxy-2-methylpyridine 1-oxide (3c)

3c was obtained as yellow oil (32mg, 47%).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.18 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (s, 1H), 6.73 (m, 1H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 2.53 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.96, 150.02, 140.16, 111.63, 109.90, 55.97, 18.33.HRMS (ESI) Calcd. For C₇H₁₀NO₂: [M+H]⁺, 140.0712, Found: *m/z*. 140.0704

4-methoxy-2,6-dimethylpyridine 1-oxide (4c)

4c was obtained as yellow oil (21mg, 28%).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.70 (s, 2H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 2.53 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.72, 149.91, 109.73, 55.71, 18.77. HRMS (ESI) Calcd. For C₈H₁₂NO₂: [M+H]⁺, 154.0868, Found: *m/z*. 154.0864

2-methyl-4-nitropyridine 1-oxide (3d)

3d was obtained as pale yellow solid (34mg, 44%).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.30 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (d, J = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (dd, J = 7.1, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 2.53 (s, 3H).¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.59, 141.68, 140.05, 120.66, 118.10, 18.01. HRMS (ESI) Calcd. For C₆H₇N₂O₃: [M+H]⁺, 155.0457, Found: *m/z*. 155.0461

2,6-dimethyl-4-nitropyridine 1-oxide (4d)

4d was obtained as pale yellow solid (29mg, 35%).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.97 (s, 2H), 2.52 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.33, 140.73, 117.92, 18.52. HRMS (ESI) Calcd. For C₇H₉N₂O₃: [M+H]⁺, 169.0613, Found: *m/z*. 169.09610

2,3,6-trimethyl-4-nitropyridine 1-oxide (4e)

4e was obtained as pale yellow solid (75mg, 82%).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.72 (s, 1H), 2.59 (s, 3H), 2.52 (d, J = 4.1 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.69, 147.33, 143.80, 126.61, 118.05, 18.21, 15.81, 14.95, HRMS (ESI) Calcd. For C₈H₁₁N₂O₃: [M+H]⁺, 183.0770, Found: *m/z*. 183.0765

2-methylquinoline 1-oxide (3f)

3f was obtained as yellow oil (57mg, 72%).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.77 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 2.70 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.71, 141.42, 130.21, 129.10, 127.96, 127.63, 125.16, 122.91, 119.36, 18.72. HRMS (ESI) Calcd. For C₁₀H₁₀NO: [M+H]⁺, 160.0762, Found: *m/z*. 160.0751

2,8-dimethylquinoline 1-oxide (3g)

3g was obtained as yellow oil (59mg, 68%).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.66 – 7.61 (m, 1H), 7.56 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.44 – 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.27 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (s, 3H), 2.64 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 146.88, 141.54, 133.50, 133.19, 131.23, 127.15, 126.81, 125.57, 122.69, 25.20, 19.14. HRMS (ESI) Calcd. For C₁₁H₁₂NO: [M+H]⁺, 174.0919, Found: *m/z*. 174.0911

2,6-dimethylquinoline 1-oxide (3h)

3h was obtained as yellow oil (58mg, 67%).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.67 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 3H), 7.27 (s, 1H), 2.72 (s, 3H), 2.54 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.04, 137.79, 132.46, 126.90, 124.80, 122.94, 119.38, 21.29, 18.63.HRMS (ESI) Calcd. For C₁₁H₁₂NO: [M+H]⁺, 174.0919, Found: *m/z*. 174.0708

6-chloro-2-methylquinoline 1-oxide (3i)

3i was obtained as yellow oil (52mg, 54%).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.73 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (s, 1H), 7.70 – 7.64 (m, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 2.71 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.97, 140.16, 133.94, 130.92, 129.96, 126.65, 124.22, 123.72, 121.57, 18.67. HRMS (ESI) Calcd. For

C₁₀H₉ClNO: [M+H]⁺, 194.0373, Found: *m/z*. 194.0372

1-methylisoquinoline 2-oxide (3j)

3j was obtained as yellow oil (65mg, 82%).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.29 – 8.18 (m, 1H), 7.96 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.71 – 7.63 (m, 1H), 7.63 – 7.52 (m, 2H), 2.90 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.58, 136.51 , 129.08, 128.91, 128.84, 128.37, 127.38, 124.02, 121.84, 12.91.HRMS (ESI) Calcd. For C₁₀H₁₀NO: [M+H]⁺,160.0762 , Found: *m/z*. 160.0765

