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Parameters	Chascomús		Carpincho		Gómez North		Gómez East	
	Mean	SD	Mean	SD	Mean	SD	Mean	SD
Temperature (°C)	16.2	5.7	19.2	6.6	19.3	5.9	18.9	6.4
Conductance (mS cm ⁻¹)	2.09	0.51	5.21	2.04	5.12	2.03	4.87	1.90
Secchi disk depth (cm)	10.2	3.1	20.9	11.5	16.5	7.2	21.4	11.4
Total phosphorus (mg L ⁻¹)	0.66	0.22	0.92	0.33	0.97	0.29	0.90	0.32
Total nitrogen (mg L ⁻¹)	2.54	2.47	5.21	2.04	6.50	2.56	5.70	1.71
Chlorophyll a (µg L⁻¹)	328.5	174.2	103.1	69.9	112.8	58.9	84.9	35.2
Mean depth (m)	1.85	0.30	0.97	0.11	1.29	0.14	1.24	0.15

 Table ESI 1: Average values of some basic limnological variables, standard deviation (SD).

			Net		Intrinsic		
			reproductive	Generation	rate of	Finite rate of	Doubling
	Treatment		rate	time	increase	increase	time
		(n)	(R ₀)	(T, day)	(r _m , day⁻¹)	(λ, day ⁻¹)	(D, day)
B. caudatus	20W	(15)	14.1	9.9	0.30	1.45	2.3
	20S	(27)	3.5	7.0	0.19	1.21	3.6
	9W	(19)	2.1	28.9	0.03	1.03	24.6
	9S	(22)	0.3	28.2	-0.04	0.96	
Effect	Temperature Season Interaction Test		** ** 2-way ANOVA	** NS * 2-way ANOVA	 ** at 20°C ** at 9°C Kruskal- Wallis	 ** at 20°C ** at 9°C Kruskal- Wallis	 ** at 20°C ** at 9°C Kruskal- Wallis
K. tropica	20W	(17)	5.0	8.2	0.21	1.24	3.6
	20S	(18)	3.2	8.0	0.15	1.17	4.5
	9W	(16)	3.5	15.6	0.09	1.09	7.7
	9S	(22)	1.4	16.6	0.02	1.02	11.1
Effect	Temperature Season Interaction Test		** ** 2-way ANOVA	** NS NS 2-way ANOVA	 * at 20°C * at 9°C Kruskal- Wallis	 * at 20°C * at 9°C Kruskal- Wallis	 NS at 20°C NS at 9°C Kruskal- Wallis
B. havanaensis	20W 20S	(18) (19)	12.6 12.7	9.8 8.3	0.29 0.35	1.34 1.42	2.4 2.0
Effect	Season Test		NS at 20°C Kruskal- Wallis	** at 20°C 1-way ANOVA	** at 20°C 1-way ANOVA	** at 20°C 1-way ANOVA	** at 20°C 1-way ANOVA

Table ESI 2. Population parameters estimated from life-table assays. Individual rotifers were incubated at two temperatures (9 and 20°C) and fed natural seston from Laguna Chascomús produced either in winter (W) or summer (S). Data was preferentially analyzed using 2-way ANOVA. These permitted to test for differences due to the two main factors (temperature and season) as well as for the interaction between them. However, whenever the data flailed to meet the assumptions of the parametric test, they were analyzed using the non-parametric Kruskal-Wallis rank test. The latter does not provide an option for testing for the significance of the interaction. Significance level: **: p < 0.001; *: p < 0.01, NS: not significant, --: not tested.

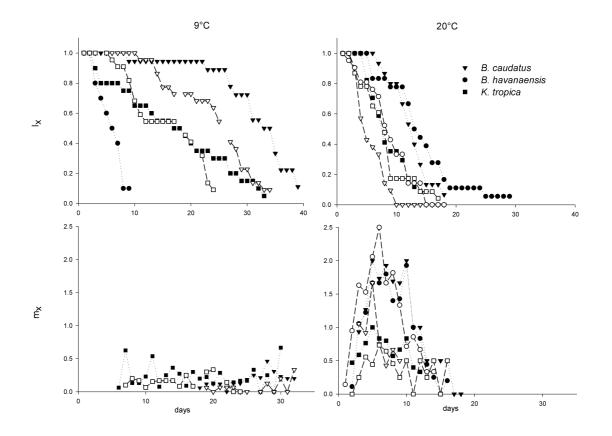


Figure ESI 1: Survival, I_x (upper panels) and fecundity, m_x (lower panels) of *B. caudatus* (triangles), *B. havanaensis* (circles) and *K. tropica* (squares) over the course of the life-table experiments. Individual rotifers were incubated at two temperatures (9 and 20°C) and fed natural seston from Laguna Chascomús produced either in winter (full symbols) or summer (empty symbols). Notice that at the lowest temperature (9°C) *B. havanaensis* survival was low and it did not reproduce. On the other hand at 20°C, the fecundity of *K. tropica* was lower than that of the two *Brachionus* species.