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## **Supporting Information**

for

## Temperature-dependent Luminescent Properties of Lanthanide(III) β-

## diketonate Complexes-doped Laponite

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**Figure S1.** The scanning electron micrographs for a) (Eu-HFA)@LA and b) (Tb-HFA)@LA. (The scale bar is 400nm)



**Figure S2**. Excitation spectra (black line) monitored at 612 nm and Emission spectra (red line) excited at 328 nm of a) (Eu-HFA)@LA, Excitation spectra (black line) monitored at 544 nm and Emission spectra (red line) excited at 301 nm of b) (Tb-HFA)@LA.



**Figure S3**. Photoluminescence spectra of a) (Eu-HFA)@LA and b) (Tb-HFA)@LA over the temperature range from 77K to 287K.

**Table S1**. The temperature-dependent  $\eta_{Tb \rightarrow Eu}$  of (Tb-HFA)@LA and (Eu<sub>1</sub>Tb<sub>99</sub>-HFA)@LA from 77K to 287K.

T/K	77	107	137	167	197	227	257	287
$\eta_{Tb \rightarrow Eu}$	0.0437	0.0005	0.0248	0.0589	0.0142	0.0696	0.287	0.475

**Table S2**. The temperature-dependent decay time of (Tb-HFA)@LA and (Eu<sub>1</sub>Tb<sub>99</sub>-HFA)@LA from 77K to 287K.

T/K	77	107	137	167	197	227	257	287
$ au_{ ext{LA-Tb-HFA}}$	0.59	0.58	0.59	0.59	0.56	0.44	0.21	0.09
τ <sub>LA-Eu1Tb99-HFA</sub>	0.57	0.58	0.58	0.55	0.55	0.41	0.15	0.05

Table S3. Several photoluminescent data of (Eu-HFA)@LA.				
τ (ms)	$\mathbf{K}_{arr}$ (ms <sup>-1</sup> )	$K_{-}(ms^{-1})$	n	

t (IIIS)	rexp (ms )	<b>m</b> ( <b>m</b> )		
0.35	2.86	0.47	2.31	

**Table S4**. The photoluminescence quantum yields of (Eu-HFA)@LA, (Tb-HFA)@LA and (Eu<sub>1</sub>Tb<sub>99</sub>-HFA)@LA.

	(Eu-HFA)@LA	(Tb-HFA)@LA	(Eu1Tb99-HFA)@LA
Φ	23%	28%	26%

The quantum yield of the resulting hybrid materials can be up to 23% for (Eu-HFA)@LA, 28% for (Tb-HFA)@LA and 26% for (Eu<sub>1</sub>Tb<sub>99</sub>-HFA)@LA in solid state, respectively, as determined by using the integrating sphere.

The empirical formula suggested by Supkowski and Horrocks,<sup>[1]</sup> Equation (1) and (2) can thus be used to calculate  $n_w$  including Eu<sup>3+</sup> and Tb<sup>3+</sup>-containing organic-inorganic hybrids.

$$n_{w(Eu)} = 1.05(\tau_{H2O}^{-1} - \tau_{D2O}^{-1})$$
(1)  
$$n_{w(Tb)} = 4.2(\tau_{H2O}^{-1} - \tau_{D2O}^{-1})$$
(2)

Therefore, the  $n_w$  can be assumed to be 2.31 for (Eu-HFA)@LA and 2.2 for (Tb-HFA)@LA.

1 Carlos LD, Ferreira RA, Bermudez VdZ, Ribeiro SJ, Lanthanide - containing light - emitting organic-inorganic hybrids: A bet on the future, *Adv. Mater.*, 2009, **21**, 509-534.