## **Supplementary Information**

Regulation of self-assembly morphology of azobenzene-bearing double hydrophobic block copolymers in aqueous solution based on host-guest recognition

Zai-Zai Tong, Rui-Yang Wang, Jie Huang, Jun-Ting Xu,\* Zhi-Qiang Fan MOE Key Laboratory of Macromolecular Synthesis and Functionalization, Department of Polymer Science & Engineering, Zhejiang University, Hangzhou 310027, China Synthesis of initiator 2-hydroxyethyl 2-bromo-2-methylpro-panoate (2-HBMP). 93.06 g (1.50 mol) of dry glycol and 6.48 g (0.064mol) of dry triethylamine were placed in a 500mL round-bottom flask, kept under a nitrogen atmosphere. Within 2 h, 14.6 g (0.063 mol) of 2-bromoisobutyryl bromide was added at 0°C. After an additional hour the reaction mixture was slowly warmed to room temperature and stirred overnight. Then, 200 mL of water was added and extracted with  $3\times80$  mL of chloroform. The organic phase was subsequently washed with 50mL of 1 N hydrochloric acid and saturated sodium carbonate solution. After drying over magnesium sulfate, the product was filtered. Finally, the crude product was separated through a silicon column using mixture solvent (petroleum ether and ethyl acetate, 1:1) as eluent, and the second ingredient was collected.



Fig. S1. NMR spectrum of 2-HBMP.



**Fig S2.** TEM images of PLLA<sub>44</sub>-*b*-PMMAZO<sub>26</sub>/ $\beta$ -CD complex at  $\beta$ -CD/azo=1. a) without staining; b) the sample was stained with PTA for 10 min.



**Fig. S3.** Effect of  $\beta$ -CD/azo ratio on the micellar morphology of PLLA<sub>44</sub>-*b*-PMMAZO<sub>26</sub>/ $\beta$ -CD complexes (*c*=0.1 mg mL<sup>-1</sup>): a) 0.5:1; b) 1:1 and c) 2:1. The scale bar is 200 nm.



**Fig. S4.** The size distribution of PLLA<sub>44</sub>-*b*-PMMAZO<sub>26</sub>/CD (CD:AZO=1) in aqueous solution a) before annealing, b) after annealing at 65 °C for 24h; and PLLA<sub>92</sub>-*b*-PMMAZO<sub>26</sub>/ $\beta$ -CD ( $\beta$ -CD:AZO=1), c) before annealing, d) after annealing at 65 °C for 24h.



**Fig. S5.** (a) UV/vis spectra of PLLA<sub>17</sub>-*b*-PMMAZO<sub>26</sub>/ $\beta$ -CD complex ( $\beta$ -CD/azo=1) at different irradiation times of 365 nm UV light. (b) UV/vis spectra of PLLA<sub>17</sub>-*b*-PMMAZO<sub>26</sub>/ $\beta$ -CD complex ( $\beta$ -CD/azo=1) at different irradiation times of 450 nm visible light. (c) Change of the absorbance at 360 nm due to the azobenzene/ $\beta$ -CD inclusion upon alternate irradiations with 365 nm UV light and 450 nm visible light

for 300 s. The concentration of the sample is  $0.1 \text{ mg mL}^{-1}$ .



Fig. S6. The effect of UV irradiation time on absorbance at 360 nm and 450 nm.



**Fig. S7.** Size distribution of PLLA<sub>92</sub>-*b*-PMMAZO<sub>26</sub>/ $\beta$ -CD complex at  $\beta$ -CD/azo=1 before (black) and after (red) UV irradiation, and the after irradiation with visible light (blue).