

From nanospheres to micelles: simple control of PCL-*g*-PEG copolymers amphiphilicity through thiol-yne photografting.

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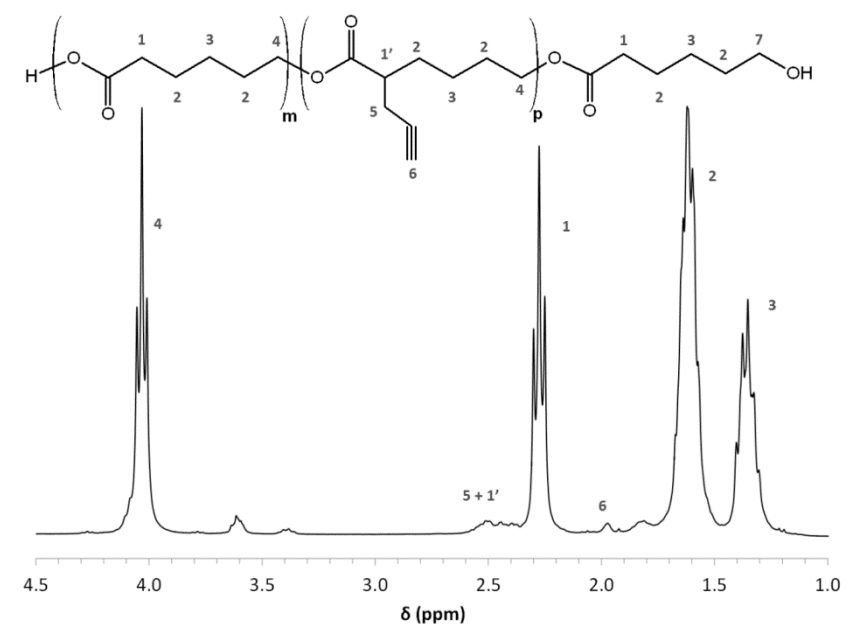


Figure S1. ¹H NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of propargylated PCL (PCL-yne).

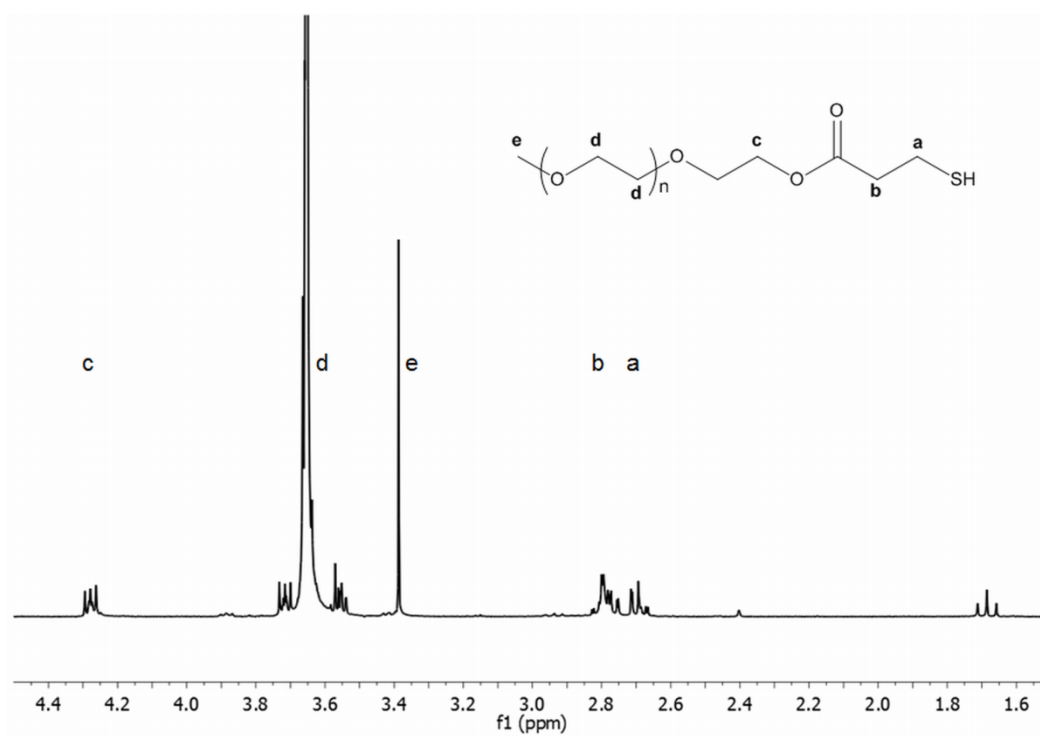


Figure S2. ^1H NMR (300MHz, CDCl_3) spectrum of thiolated-PEG (PEG-SH).

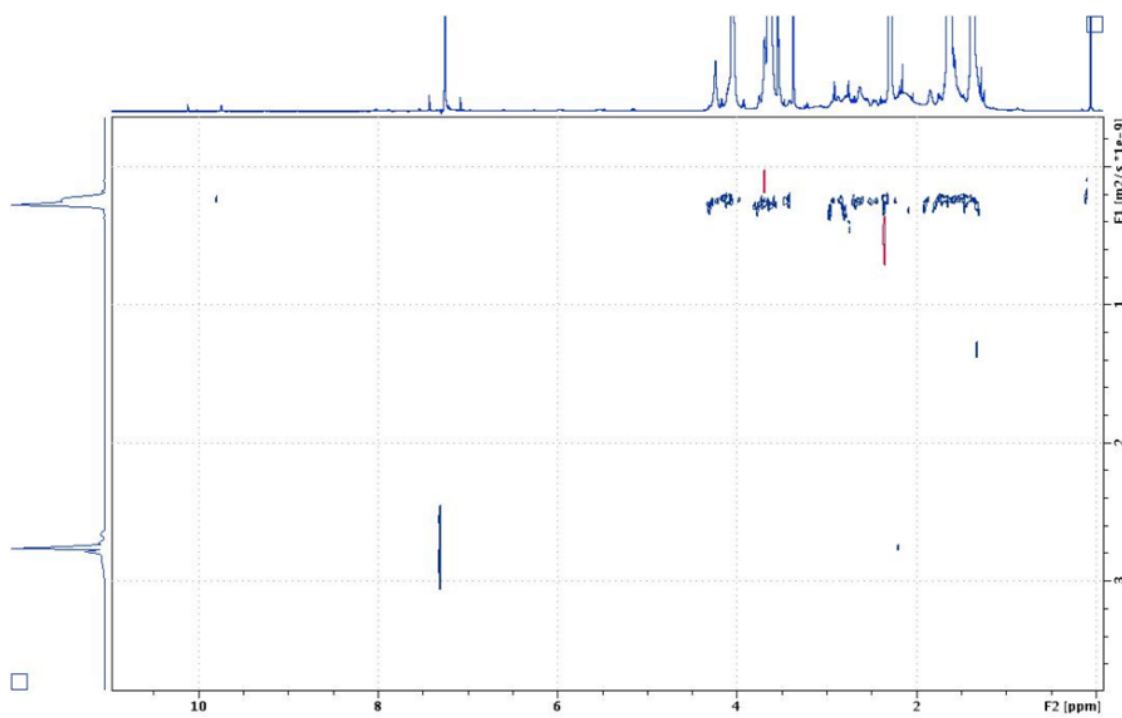


Figure S3. DOSY NMR spectrum of PCL-g-PEG_{1.15} in DMSO-d_6 .

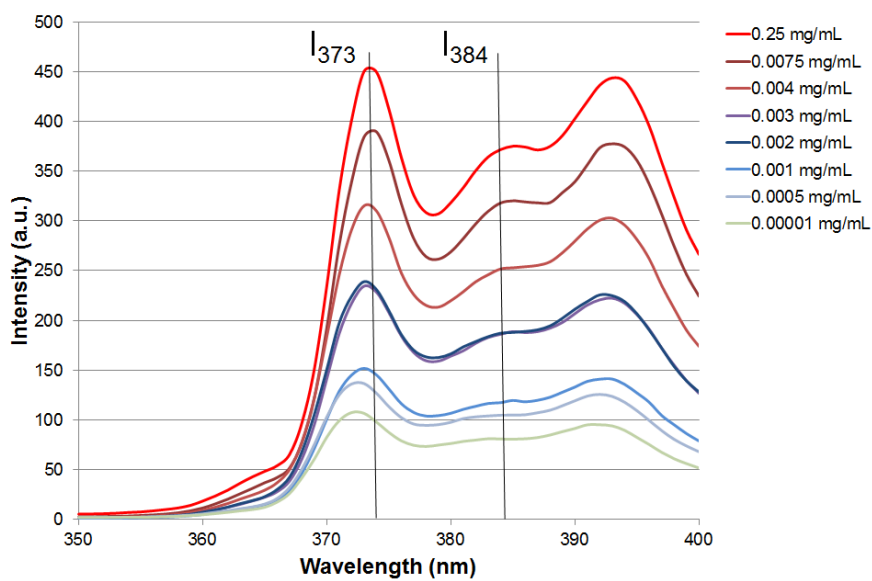


Figure S4. Emission spectra at $\lambda_{ex} = 340$ nm of pyrene in aqueous solutions of various concentrations of PCL-g-PEG_{1.15}.

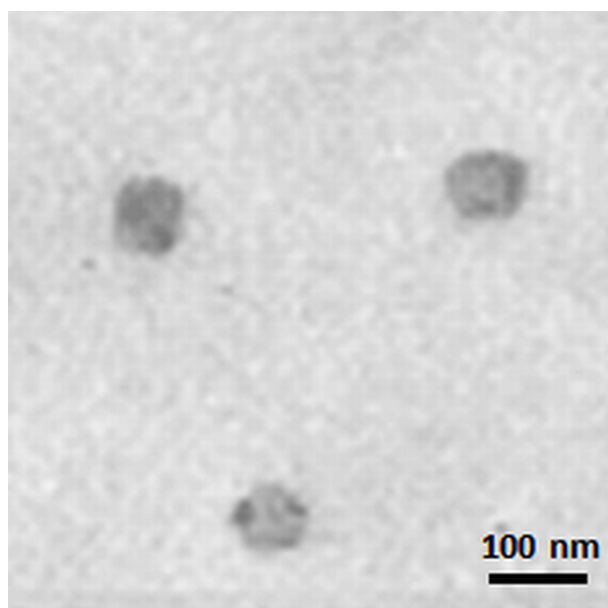


Figure S5. TEM picture of curcumin loaded PCL-g-PEG_{1.15} micelles.

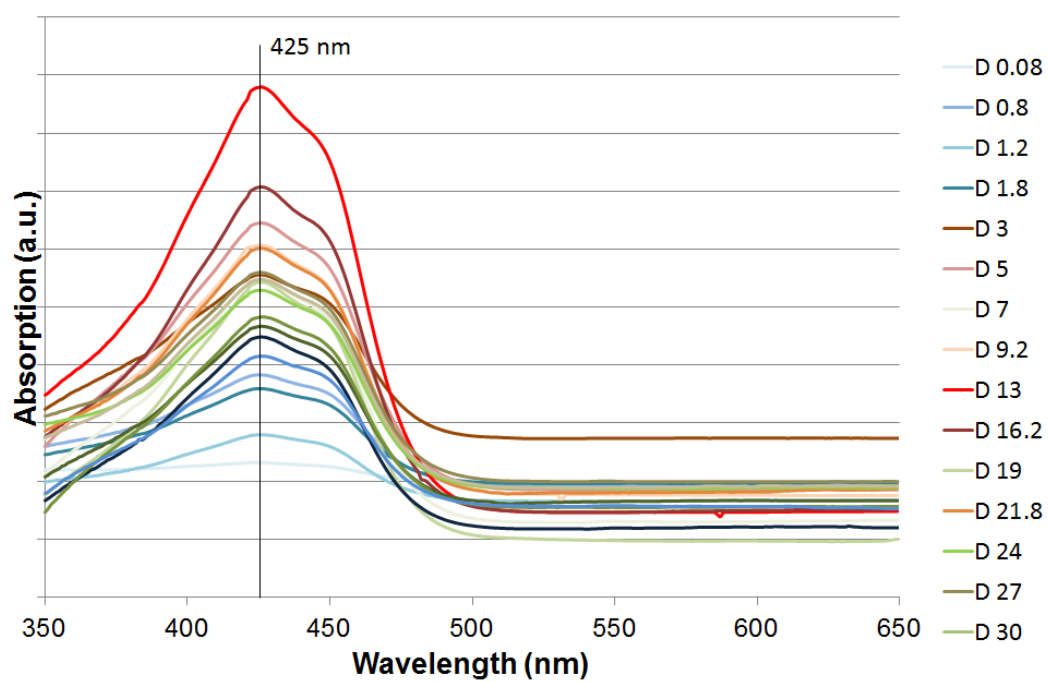


Figure S6. Typical UV-visible spectra of curcumin in the release medium as a function of the time (D corresponds to days)

Table S1. Thiol-yne coupling of benzyl mercaptan on PCL-yne (7% alkyne groups) in THF, UV activation, 2h, RT, photoinitiator DMPA (0.5 eq).

Entry	Benzyl mercaptan	number of BM groups grafted per alkyne	Special conditions	Mn	(Đ)
1	20 eq.	1.5	/	18000	2.6
2	10 eq.	1.5	/	24000	3.5
3	5 eq.	1.3	/	29000	3.8
4	10 eq.	1.5	Quartz cuvette	19000	5.1
5	10 eq.	1.5	successive addition of DMPA & SH	15000	2.0
6	10 eq.	1.5	successive addition of PCL & DMPA	22000	2.8

Table S2. Comparison of encapsulation efficiencies and drug loadings for various PCL/PEG macromolecular architectures

Entry	Type of copolymer	MW PCL (kg/mol)	MW PEG (kg/mol)	Curcumin/ polymer (wt:wt)	EE (wt%)	DL (wt%)	Ref
1	PCL- <i>g</i> -PEG _{1.15}	22	0.75	1 : 7	92	12.1	this work
2	PCL- <i>b</i> -PEG _{1.3} *	4.8	2.4	1 : 7	53	6.6	[1]
3	PCL- <i>b</i> -PEG- <i>b</i> -PCL _{1.2}	5	6	1 : 7	77	9.6	[2]

* PCL-*b*-PEG_{1.3} with linolenic PEG chain-end moiety.

[1] Z. Song, W. Zhu, N. Liu, F. Yang, R. Feng, Linolenic acid-modified PEG-PCL micelles for curcumin delivery, *Int J Pharm*, 471 (2014) 312–321

[2] R.L. Feng, Z.M. Song, G.X. Zhai, Preparation and in vivo pharmacokinetics of curcumin-loaded PCL-PEG-PCL triblock copolymeric nanoparticles, *Int J Nanomed*, 7 (2012) 4089-4098.