

Supporting Information

Covalently Layer-by-Layer Assembled Homogeneous Nanolayers with Switchable Wettability

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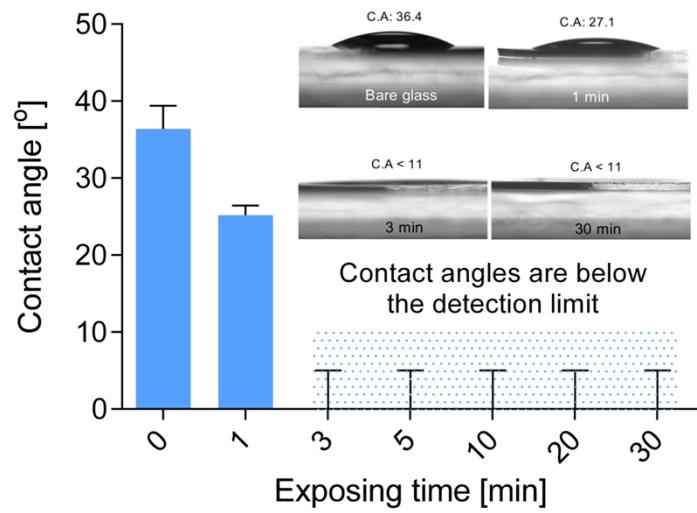


Figure S1. Contact angle analysis of UV-ozone activated glass surfaces with different exposure times.

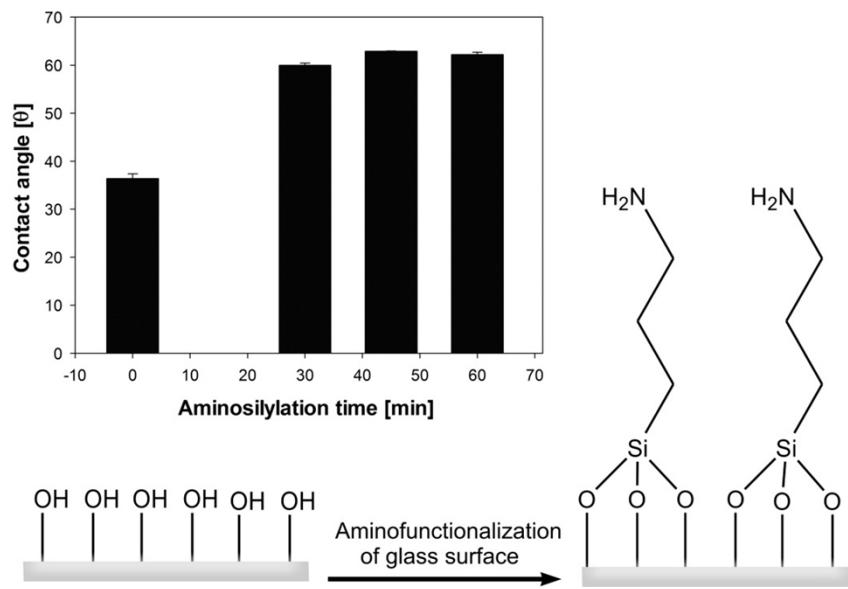


Figure S2. Cartoon illustration of aminosilylation of the glass surface with 3-aminopropyl-trimethoxysilane. Inset figure shows changes in contact angles as a function of aminosilylation time.

Table S1. Thickness, contact angle and XPS data of the NCO-sP(EO-stat-PO) ($M_w = 12$ kDa) layers.

	Thickness (nm)	Water contact angle (°) from XPS	C 1s (%) from XPS	O 1s (%) from XPS	N 1s (%) from XPS	Si 2p (%) from XPS
Ref 1	Monolayer	1.3	-	-	-	-
	sP(EO-stat-PO) (1 mg/mL in THF(1)/water(9))	2.3	-	56	28.5	1.8
	sP(EO-stat-PO) (10 mg/mL in THF(1)/water(9))	30.9	-	70.8	27	2.2
This study	1 st Layer	11.93	45.1	66.47	25.83	2.94
	2 nd Layer	13.80	37.91	67.75	26.05	4.74
	3 rd Layer	25.46	45.04	70.45	26.67	2.85
	4 ^{rt} Layer	27.50	37.31	-	-	-
	5 th layer	40.2	46.1	-	-	-
	6 th layer	42.3	37.61	-	-	-

Ref 1. Groll et al. Biomacromolecules 2005, 6, 956-962.

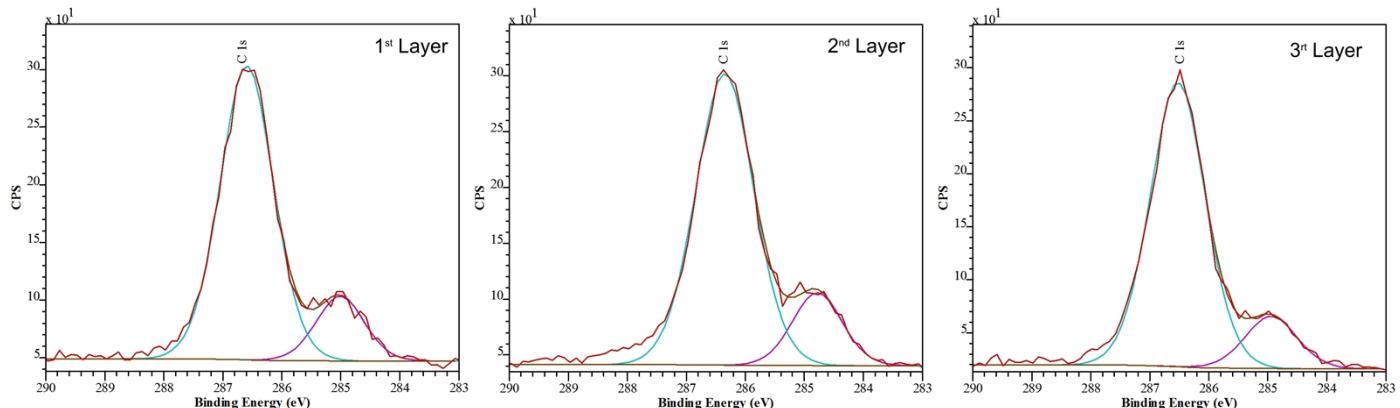


Figure S3. XPS C 1s narrow spectra of the layers.

Table S2. C 1s atomic composition of the layers obtained by XPS analysis.

	C 1s (%)	C 1s (%)
	285	286.5
	C-C	C-O
Silicon-aminofunctionalized	C-H	C-N
Ref 1	80.0	20.0
sP(<i>EO-stat-PO</i>) 12000 (2.3 nm)	15.5	84.4
sP(<i>EO-stat-PO</i>) 12000 (30.9 nm)	14.9	84.8
This study	1 st Layer	18.5
	2 nd Layer	20.4
	3 rd Layer	14.7
		81.5
		79.5
		85.2

Ref 1. Groll et al. Biomacromolecules 2005, 6, 956-962.