Supporting information

Neutral lutetium complex/polyamine mediated immortal ring-opening polymerization of *rac*-lactide: facile synthesis of well-defined hydroxyl-end and amide-core stereoregular star polylactide[†]

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Figure S1. ¹H NMR spectrum of complex 2 (600 MHz, THF-d8, 25°C).



Figure S2. ¹³C NMR spectrum of complex 2 (150 MHz, THF-d8, 25°C, * residual hexane).



Figure S3. Expanded ¹H-¹H COSY NMR spectrum of complex 2 (600 MHz, THF-d8, 25°C).



Figure S4. ¹H-¹³C HMBC spectrum of complex 2 (600 MHz, THF-*d*₈, 25°C).



Figure S5. 2D DOSY spectrum of complex **2** in (600 MHz, THF- d_8 , 25 °C). Note: the peaks on three horizontal lines correlate with the chemical shifts of complex **2**, tetrahydrofuran, and hexane (impurity), respectively. The chemical shifts from complex **2** correlate with the log D = -7.99 m² s⁻¹ line, indicating that complex **2** is stable and remains its trinuclear structure in solution state.



Figure S6. Homonuclear decoupled ¹H NMR spectra of the methine region of PLA (Table 1. Entry 1) (400 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C)



Figure S7. Homonuclear decoupled ¹H NMR spectra of the methine region of PLA (Table 1. Entry 4) (400 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C)



Figure S8. Homonuclear decoupled ¹H NMR spectra of the methine region of PLA (Table 1. Entry 6) (400 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C)



Figure S9. Homonuclear decoupled ¹H NMR spectra of the methine region of PLA (Table 1. Entry 9) (400 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C)



Figure S10. Homonuclear decoupled ¹H NMR spectra of the methine region of PLA (Table 1. Entry 10) (400 MHz, CDCl₃, 25°C)



Figure S11. Representative GPC traces of obtained polylactides in Table 1.