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Supporting Information

for

Develop Donor Polymer Using B←N Unit for Suitable LUMO/HOMO Energy

Levels and Improved Photovoltaic Performance

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1. ¹H NMR spectra of polymers PBNCPDT and PCPDT



Figure S1. ¹H NMR spectrum of polymer **PBNCPDT** in CDCl₃ at 25 °C.



Figure S2. ¹H NMR spectrum of polymer **PCPDT** in CDCl₃ at 25 °C.

2. Thermal stability



Figure S3. TGA curves of PBNCPDT and PCPDT.

3. Fluorescence spectra



Figure S4. Normalized fluorescence spectra of **PBNCPDT** and **PCPDT** in *o*-DCB ($\lambda_{ex} = 570$ nm).

4. PSC device performance



Figure S5. a) The *J-V* curves of **PBNCPDT** (red line) or **PCPDT** (black line)/PC₇₁BM solar cells under AM 1.5 G (100 mW/cm² irradiation intensity) and b) The EQE curves of **PBNCPDT** (red line) or **PCPDT** (black line)/PC₇₁BM solar cells. The performance of the device of **PBNCPDT**:PC₇₁BM with DIO is significantly higher than that of the device of **PCPDT**:PC₇₁BM with DIO is significantly higher than that of the device of **PCPDT**:PC₇₁BM with DIO, though their performance are both enhanced after adding DIO additive.

Table S1. Photovoltaic properties of polymer solar cells under AM 1.5 G illumination, 100 mW cm⁻².

Polymer/PC ₇₁ BM ^a	Voc	$J_{\rm sc}$ (mA/cm ²)	FF (%)	PCE (%)
	(V)			
PCPDT	0.44	2.33	44.2	0.45
PCPDT ^b	0.45	3.16	44.3	0.63
PBNCPDT	0.82	8.32	44.9	3.06
PBNCPDT ^b	0.82	9.89	46.1	3.74

^aThe optimized proportion was 1:3 (Polymer:PC71BM). ^bProcessed with 3 vol % DIO (1,8-diiodooctane), relative to o-

5. GI-XRD patterns of films

DCB.



Figure S6. Out-of plane grazing incidence X-ray diffraction (GI-XRD) patterns of the prime films and blend films from *o*-DCB/DIO solutions. Compared with the **PCPDT** prime films, **PBNCPDT** shows much more ordered and crystalline packing structures with diffraction peak around 6.7 °. In the blend films, both of them show improved ordered structures.

6. Reference

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