SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Synthesis of poly(*N*-acryloylmorpholine) macromonomers using RAFT and their copolymerization with methacrylic acid for the design of graft copolymer additives for concrete.

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Stability of the potential superplasticizers under concrete formation conditions

As it can be seen on Figure S1, ultracentrifugation of PCPNAM1 allows a clean removing of the unreacted PNAM macromonomer after copolymerization. In addition, the trace of the PCPNAM1 after 3h15 of hydrolysis showed the formation of a species corresponding to hydrolyzed PNAM chains. The degree of hydrolysis was determined by comparing the area of this peak with the area of the peak corresponding to PCPNAM1.



Figure S1. Aqueous SEC analyses traces of a PCPNAM1 after ultracentrifugation and analyzed immediately after being dissolved in a saturated lime solution (black line) and of a PCPNAM1 after 3h15 in saturated lime solution (red dashed line).