

Supporting information

The hydrolysis of phenyl trifluoroacetate in AOT/*n*-heptane RMs as a sensor of the
encapsulated water structure

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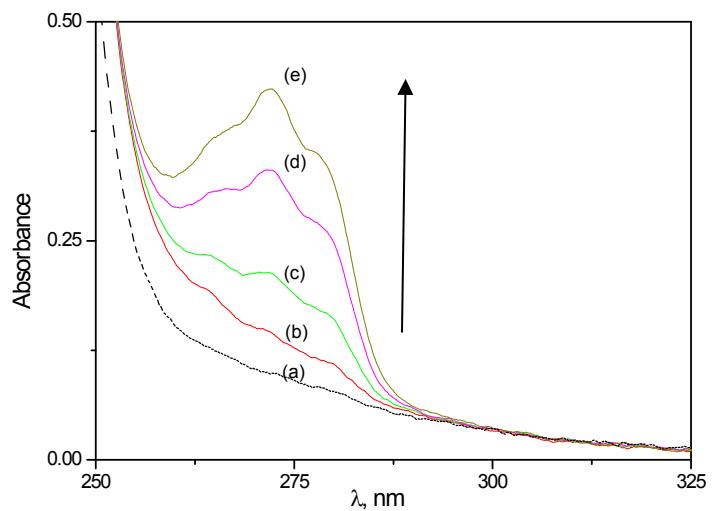


Figure S1. Absorption spectra of PFTA in AOT (0.3 M)/*n*-heptane at (a) $W=0$ and $W=10$ at (b) 0.5, (c) 23, (d) 93 minutes and (e) 48 hours. The arrow indicates the direction of spectral change over time

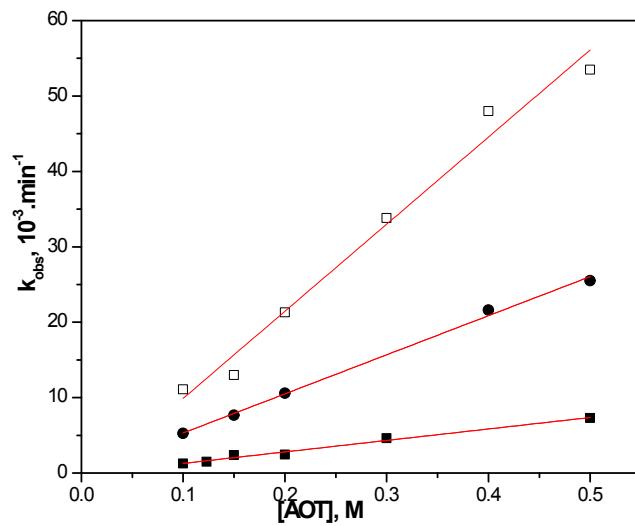


Figure S2. Influence of the concentration of AOT on k_{obs} in the hydrolysis of PTFA at $W = 5$ (fill squares), 15 (fill circles) and 30 (open squares) at 25.0 °C. The data were fitted using Eq. 7.

Deduction of Eq. 4

$$[PTFA]_i = [PTFA]o.[AOT].K_o$$

$$[PTFA]_w = [PTFA]i.W.Kw. = [PTFA]o.W.Kw.Ko.[AOT]$$

$$[PTFA]_t = [PTFA]o + [PTFA]_i + [PTFA]_w$$

$$[PTFA]_t = [PTFA]o + [PTFA]o.K_o.[AOT] + [PTFA]o.W.Kw..Ko.[AOT] =$$

$$= [PTFA]o \{1 + [AOT].K_o + W.Kw.Ko.[AOT]\}$$

$$[PTFA]o = \frac{[PTFA]t}{1 + K_o.[AOT] + W.Kw.Ko.[AOT]}$$

$$-\frac{\partial PTFA}{\partial t} = ki.[PTFA]i + kw.[PTFA]w$$

$$= ki.\{[AOT].[PTFA]o.K_o\} + kw.\{[PTFA]o.W.Kw.Ko.[AOT]\}$$

$$= [PTFA]o [AOT].(ki.Ko + kw.W.Kw.Ko)$$

$$-\frac{\partial PTFA}{\partial t} = \frac{[PTFA]t.[AOT].(ki.Ko + kw.W.Kw.Ko)}{1 + K_o.[AOT] + W.Kw.Ko.[AOT]}$$

$$k_{obs} = \frac{[AOT].(ki.Ko + kw.W.Kw.Ko)}{1 + K_o.[AOT] + W.Kw.Ko.[AOT]}$$

Table S1. Values of slope from plots of k_{obs} vs. W (Figure 3) at different [AOT] for hydrolysis of PTFA in AOT/n-heptane RMs at 25 °C.

[AOT], M	<i>slope</i> _{$k-W$} ,	Ordinate,
	10^{-4} min^{-1}	10^{-3} min^{-1}
0.1	3.87	-(0.3±0.2)
0.2	7.6	-(0.7±0.4)
0.3	13	-(0.9±0.9)
0.4	17.4	-(3±2)
0.5	21.4	-(3±1)

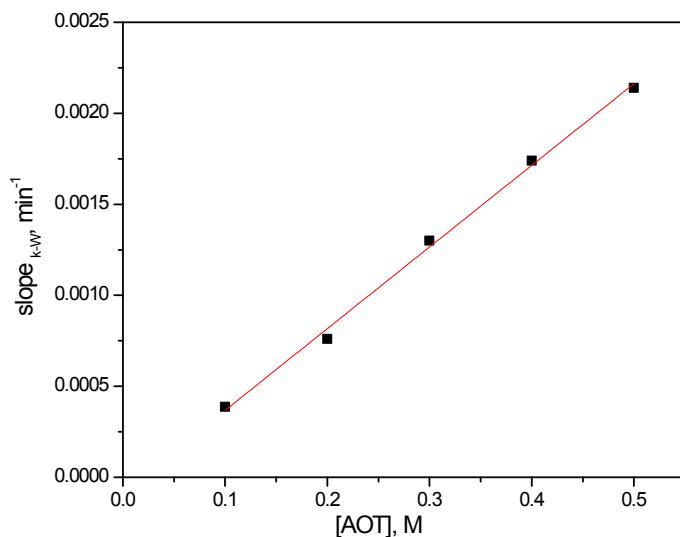


Figure S3. Plot of $slope_{k-W}$ vs. [AOT] for hydrolysis PTFA in AOT/n-heptane RMs at 25 °C ($r^2=0.996$); The parameter of the straight line are slope= $(4.5 \pm 0.1) \times 10^{-3} \text{ min}^{-1}$ and intercept= $-(8 \pm 5) \times 10^{-5} \text{ min}^{-1}$.