

Supporting Information for

Plasma oxidation of electrospun carbon nanofibers as supercapacitor electrodes

*Ching-Chang Lai and Chieh-Tsung Lo**

Department of Chemical Engineering, National Cheng Kung University

No. 1, University Road, Tainan City 701, Taiwan

X-ray diffraction (XRD)

The microstructure of carbon nanofibers was determined by a Rigaku RINT-2000 diffractometer with a source of filtered CuK α radiation. The measurement was performed at 40 kV and 40 mA with the diffraction angle (2θ) between 5° and 65° at a scan rate of 4 °/min.

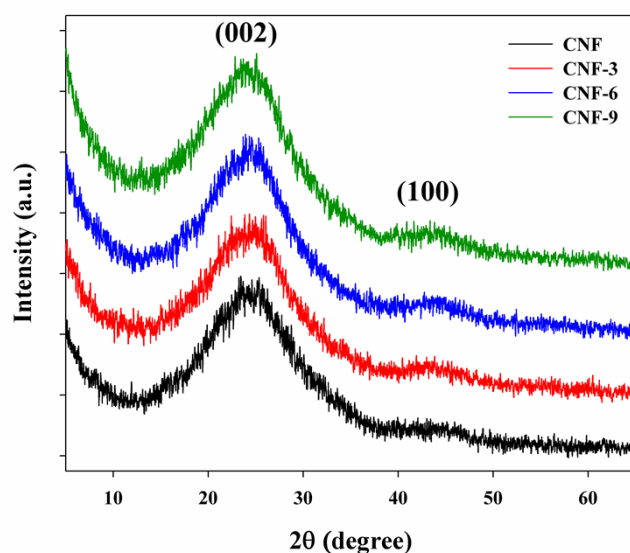


Figure S1. XRD patterns of plasma-treated carbon nanofibers.

Fourier transform infrared spectroscopy (FTIR)

FTIR of the plasma-treated carbon nanofibers were characterized in dried KBr powder on JASCO spectrometer model FT/IR 4100.

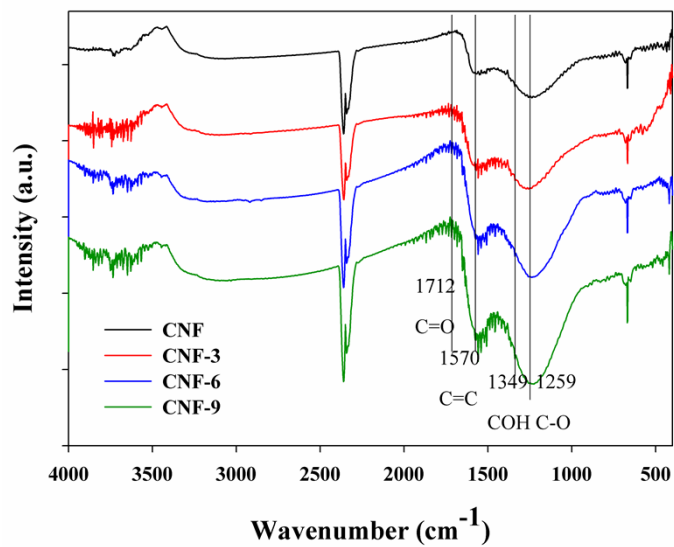


Figure S2. FTIR spectra of plasma-treated carbon nanofibers.

N₂ adsorption isotherms

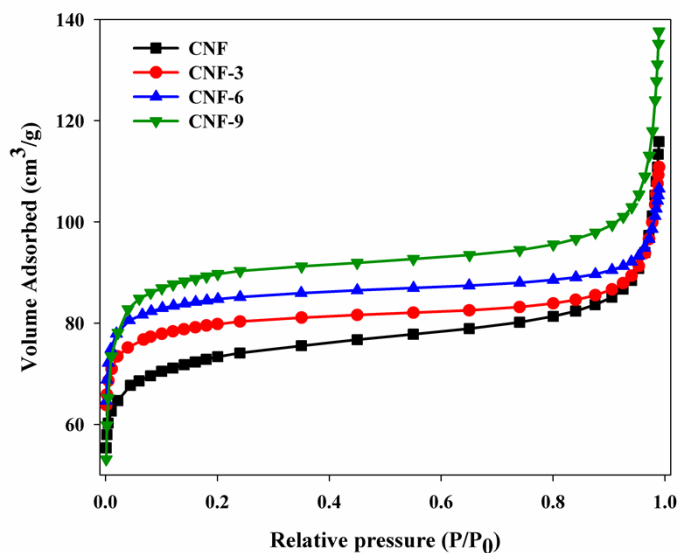


Figure S3. N₂ adsorption isotherms of plasma-treated carbon nanofibers