Supplementary Information

Synergistic effect in bimetallic copper-silver

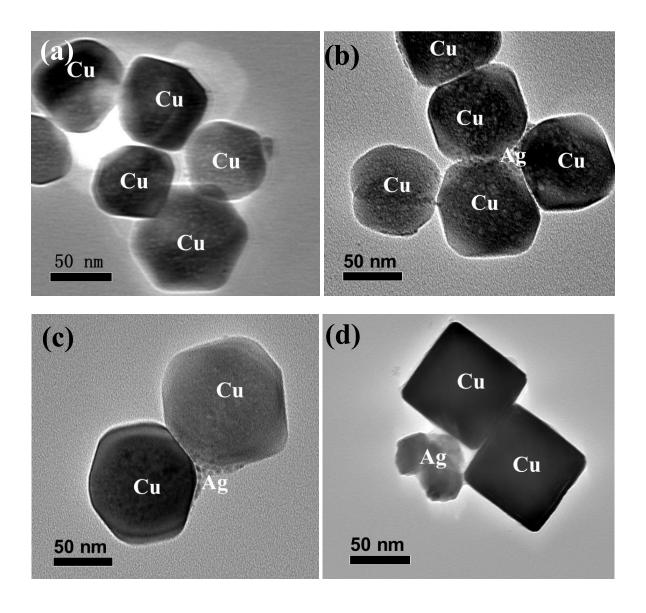
(CuxAg) nanoparticles enhances silicon conversion in Rochow reaction

Zailei Zhang,*a Yongjun Ji,a Jing Li,a Ziyi Zhong,b and Fabing Su*a

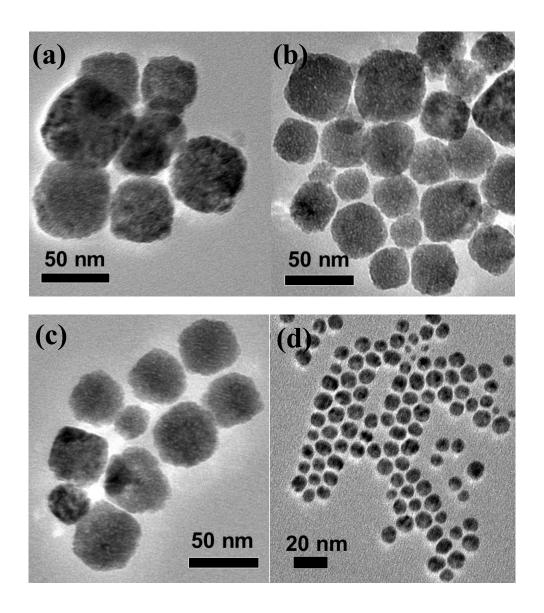
^a State Key Laboratory of Multiphase Complex Systems, Institute of Process Engineering, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China 100190,

^b Institute of Chemical Engineering and Sciences, A*star, 1 Pesek Road, Jurong Island, Singapore 627833

^{*}Corresponding authors. E-mail address: zhangzl@ipe.ac.cn (Z. Zhang); fbsu@ipe.ac.cn (F. Su), Tel.: +86-10-82544850, Fax: +86-10-82544851.



 $\textbf{Fig. S1} \ \text{TEM images of } Cu_{50}\text{-Ag (a), } Cu_{20}\text{-Ag (b), } Cu_{10}\text{-Ag (c), and } Cu_{5}\text{-Ag (d) nanoparticles.}$



 $\textbf{Fig. S2} \ \text{TEM image of } Cu_{50}Ag \ (a), \ Cu_{20}Ag \ (b), \ Cu_{10}Ag \ (c), \ \text{and } \ CuAg_2 \ (d) \ \text{bimetallic nanoparticles}.$

TEM image of Fig. S3 shows that CuAg nanoparticles have a mean size of 2.8 nm and a standard deviation of 1.9 after reaction for 1.5 h at 180 °C.

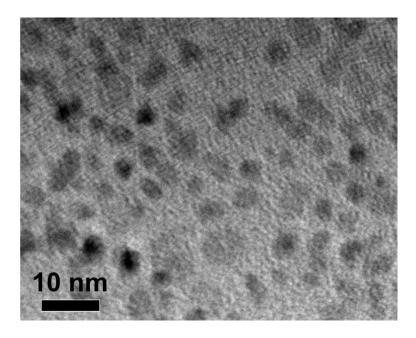


Fig. S3 TEM image of CuAg nanoparticles after reaction for 1.5 h at 180 °C.