Supporting Information

High aspect ratio TiO₂ nanowires tailored in concentrated HCl

hydrothermal condition for photoelectrochemical water splitting

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Figure S1. Digital photo of TiO_2 nanowires grown on FTO substrate with different amount of $TiCl_4$ added in the precursor.



Figure S2. XPS survey spectra for the TiO₂ nanowire grown with 0.22 ml TiCl₄ added.



Figure S3. Photoluminescence emission spectra of TiO_2 nanowires grown on FTO substrate with different amount of $TiCl_4$ added in the precursor and bare FTO substrate.



Figure S. Impedance spectra of TiO₂ nanowires grown on FTO substrate with different amount of TiCl₄ added in the precursor.



Figure S5. SEM image of TiO₂ nanowire arrays depostied with (a)0.5 ml (b)1 ml (c)2 ml added for each of Ti butoxide and TiCl₄ (1 M in toluene); (d) Plot for lengths of nanowires showing linear with volume of Ti butoxide and TiCl₄ (1 M in toluene) added.



Figure S6. Top view of TiO_2 nanowires synthesized with (a) 1 ml of Ti butoxide and 4 ml of $TiCl_4(1 \text{ M in toluene})$ and (b) 4 ml of Ti butoxide and 1 ml of $TiCl_4(1 \text{ M in toluene})$ as Ti source.



Figure S7. SEM images of TiO₂ nanowires synthesized using precursor composed of 1 ml HCl(6M), 4 ml TiCl₄ solution (1 M in toluene) and (a) 0.1 ml, (b) 0.5 ml and (c)1 ml Ti butoxide, the inset shows the enlarged view of the discrete wire tips. (d) Lengths of dense packed region and discrete region by changing Titanium butoxide added in the precursor



Figure S8. Cross section view of (a) spin-coated TiO_2 seed layer and TiO_2 grown for (b) 24 h (c) 48 h and (d) 66 h. The precursor is 2 ml $TiCl_4(1 \text{ M in toluene})$ and 8 ml 37 wt% HCl (12 M) aqueous solution and temperature is 170 °C.