

Electronic Supplementary Information:

Graphitized porous carbon prepared from pyrolysis of sterculia scaphigera and its application in lithium ion batteries

W. X. Wang^a, Y. Wan^a, S. F. Wu^a, M. C. Li^{a,b}, L. J. Cao^a, F. C. Lv^a, M. Y. Yang^{a,b}, Z. F. Sun^a, R. Sun^c and Z. G. Lu^{a*}

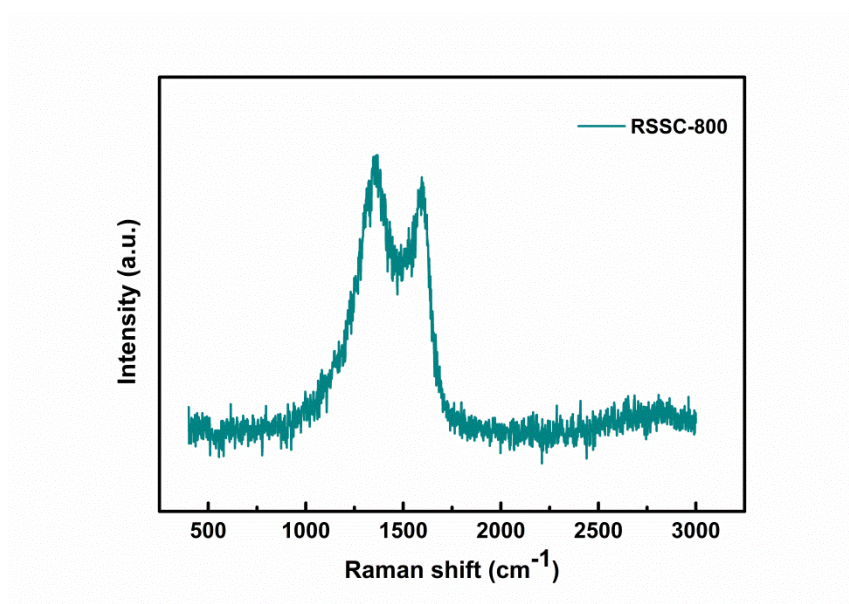


Figure S1 Raman spectrum of RSSC-800 carbon material.

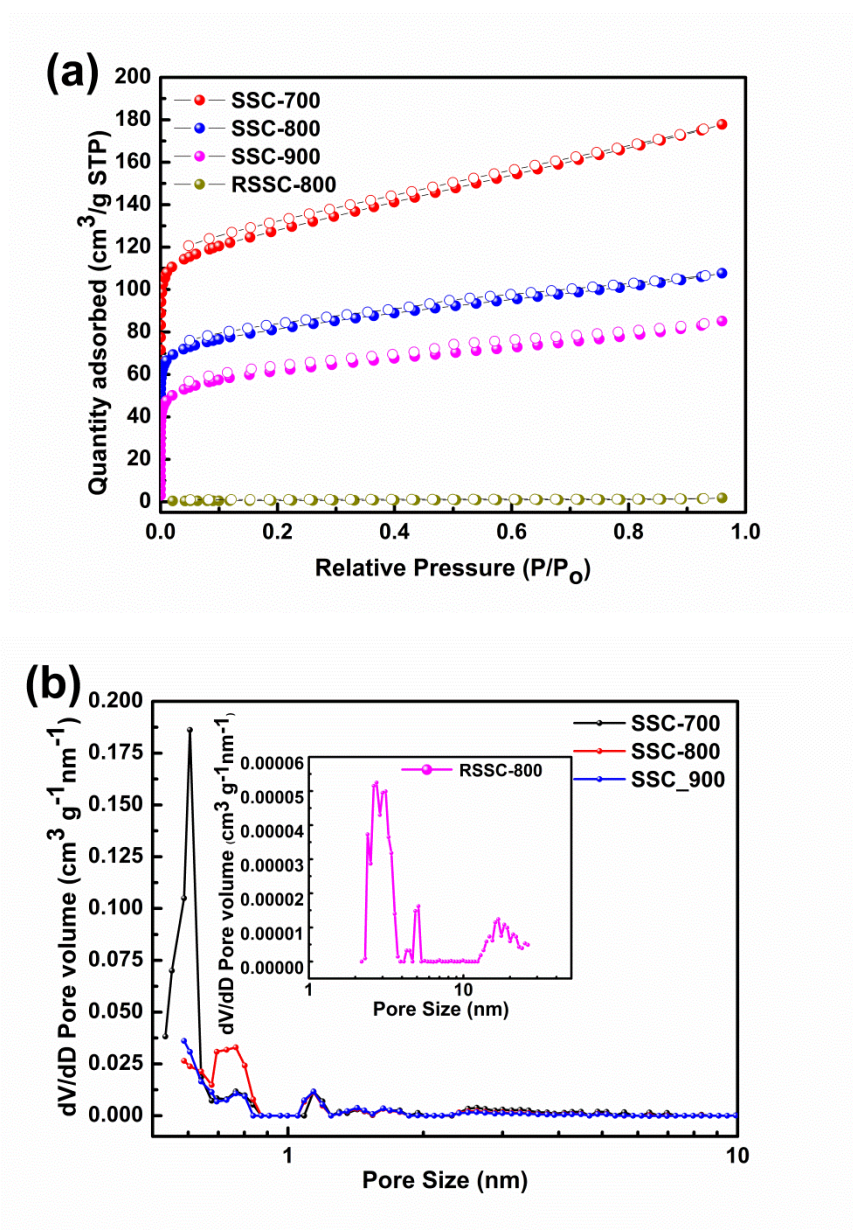


Figure S2 (a) Nitrogen adsorption-desorption isotherms of RSSC-800 and SSC-X carbon material; (b) the corresponding pore size distribution (calculated from the adsorption isotherms using DFT method).

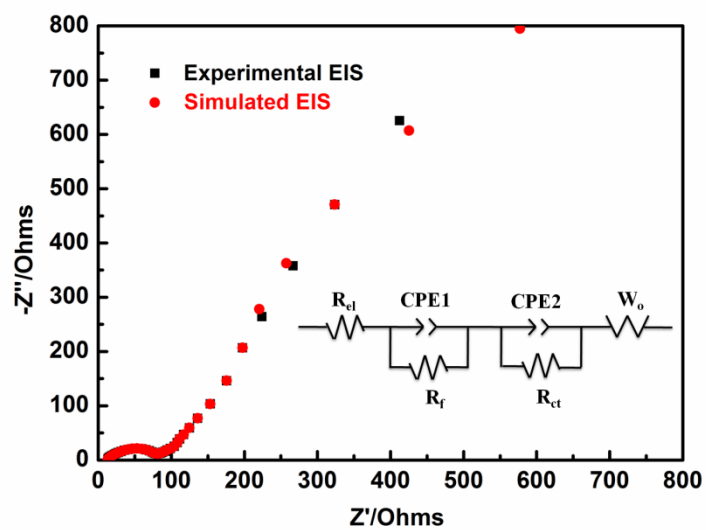


Figure S3 Experimental and simulated EIS spectra with the equivalent circuit as an inset for sample SSC-800.

Table S1 Textural properties of RSSC-800 and SSC-X specimens

Sample	S_{BET} ($\text{m}^2 \text{g}^{-1}$) ^a	V_{t} ($\text{cm}^3 \text{g}^{-1}$) ^b	Average pore size (nm)	$S_{\text{BET-Micro}}$
RSSC-800	2.19	0.002	2.77	2.02
SSC-700	481.74	0.104	1.96	411.79
SSC-800	306.29	0.055	1.83	260.71
SSC-900	228.86	0.048	2.04	198.84

^a Specific surface area was calculated with Brunauer-Emmett-Teller method. ^b The total pore volume was determined at a relative pressure of 0.99