## **Supporting Information**

## Synthesis of rattle-type magnetic mesoporous Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@mSiO<sub>2</sub>@BiOBr hierarchical photocatalyst and its photoactivity investigation in degradation of methylene blue

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Fig.S1 FTIR spectra of rattle-type Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@mSiO<sub>2</sub> (**a**) and R-Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@mSiO<sub>2</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub> (**b**).



Fig.S2 XPS spectra of the R-Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@mSiO<sub>2</sub>@BiOBr-1-4 hierarchical photocatalyst.



Fig.S3 EIS of R-Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@mSiO<sub>2</sub>@BiOBr-1-4 (a), R-Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@mSiO<sub>2</sub>@BiOBr-0.4-4 (b) and pure BiOBr (c),

## respectively.

Electrochemical impedance spectroscopy (EIS) measurements were also employed to investigate the charge transfer resistance and the separation efficiency between the photogenerated electrons and holes. Using  $Fe(CN)_6^{3./4-}$  as the electrochemical probe, the Nyquist plots of different electrodes were obtained (Fig.S3). Obviously, the charge transfer resistance (Rct) at the R-Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@mSiO<sub>2</sub>@BiOBr-1-4 hierarchical photocatalyst (Fig.S3a) is smaller than that of R-Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@mSiO<sub>2</sub>@BiOBr-0.4-4 (Fig.S3b) and pure BiOBr (Fig.S3c) alone. Generally, the smaller the arc radius on the EIS Nyquist plot, the lower the charge transfer resistance. Therefore, the EIS results demonstrated that the R-Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@mSiO<sub>2</sub>@BiOBr-1-4 hierarchical photocatalyst exhibited more excellent charge transfer ability than the R-Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@mSiO<sub>2</sub>@BiOBr-0.4-4 and pure BiOBr alone, which can effectively inhibit the recombination of photoexcited electron-hole pairs and is very beneficial to the enhanced photoactivity.



Fig.S4 TEM (a) and HRTEM (b) images of the recovered R-Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@mSiO<sub>2</sub>@BiOBr-1-4 hierarchical photocatalyst.