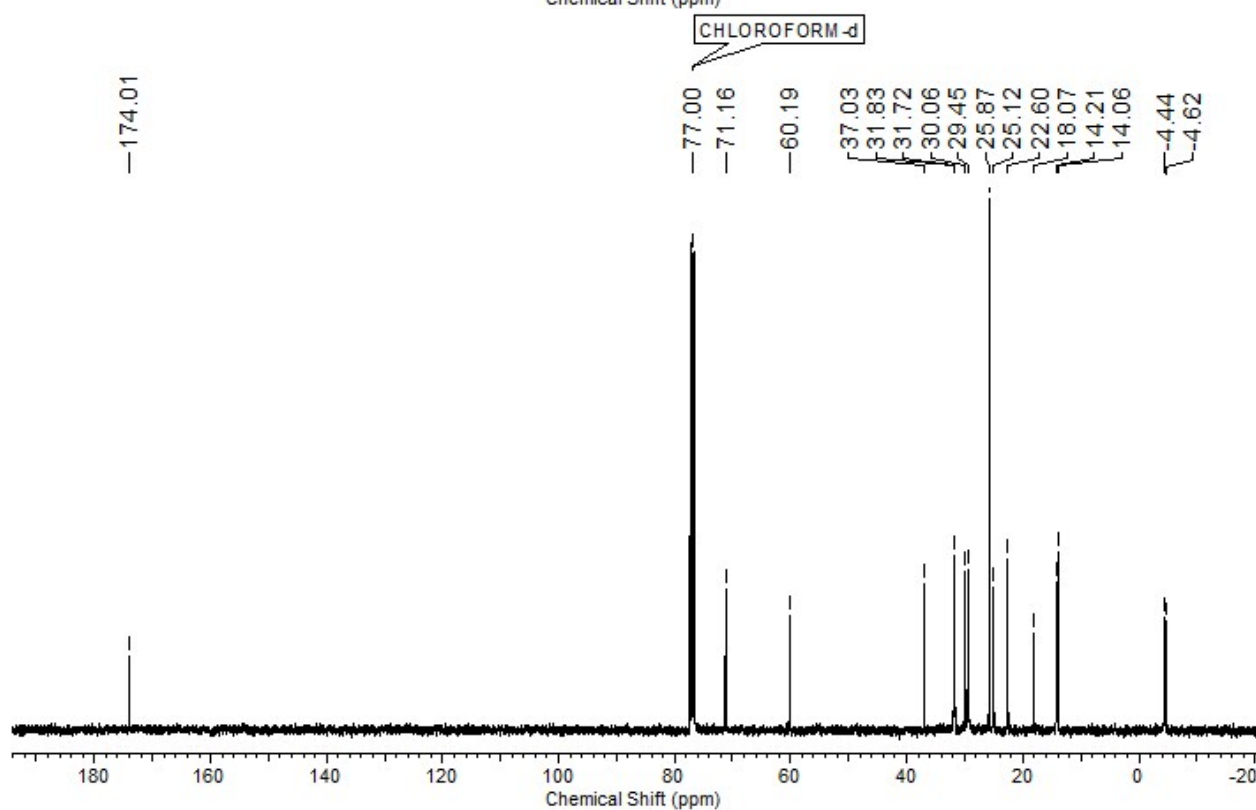
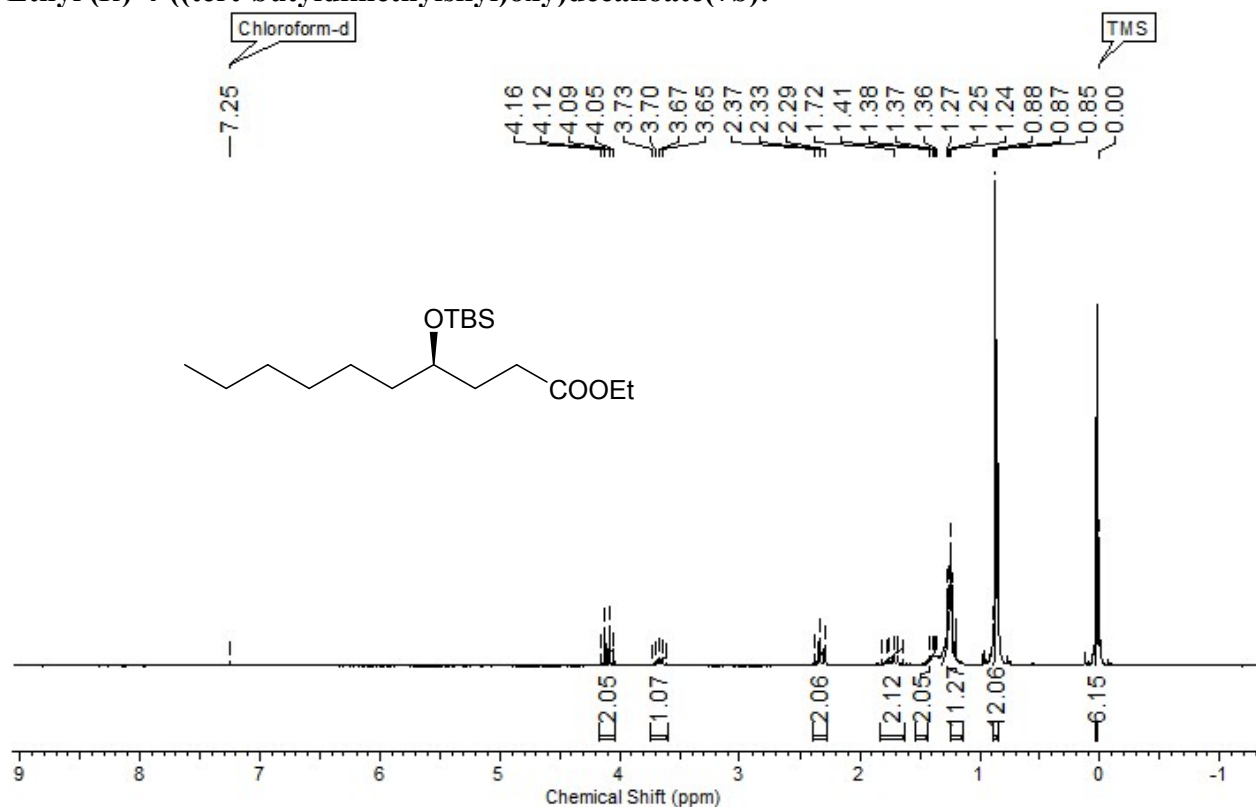
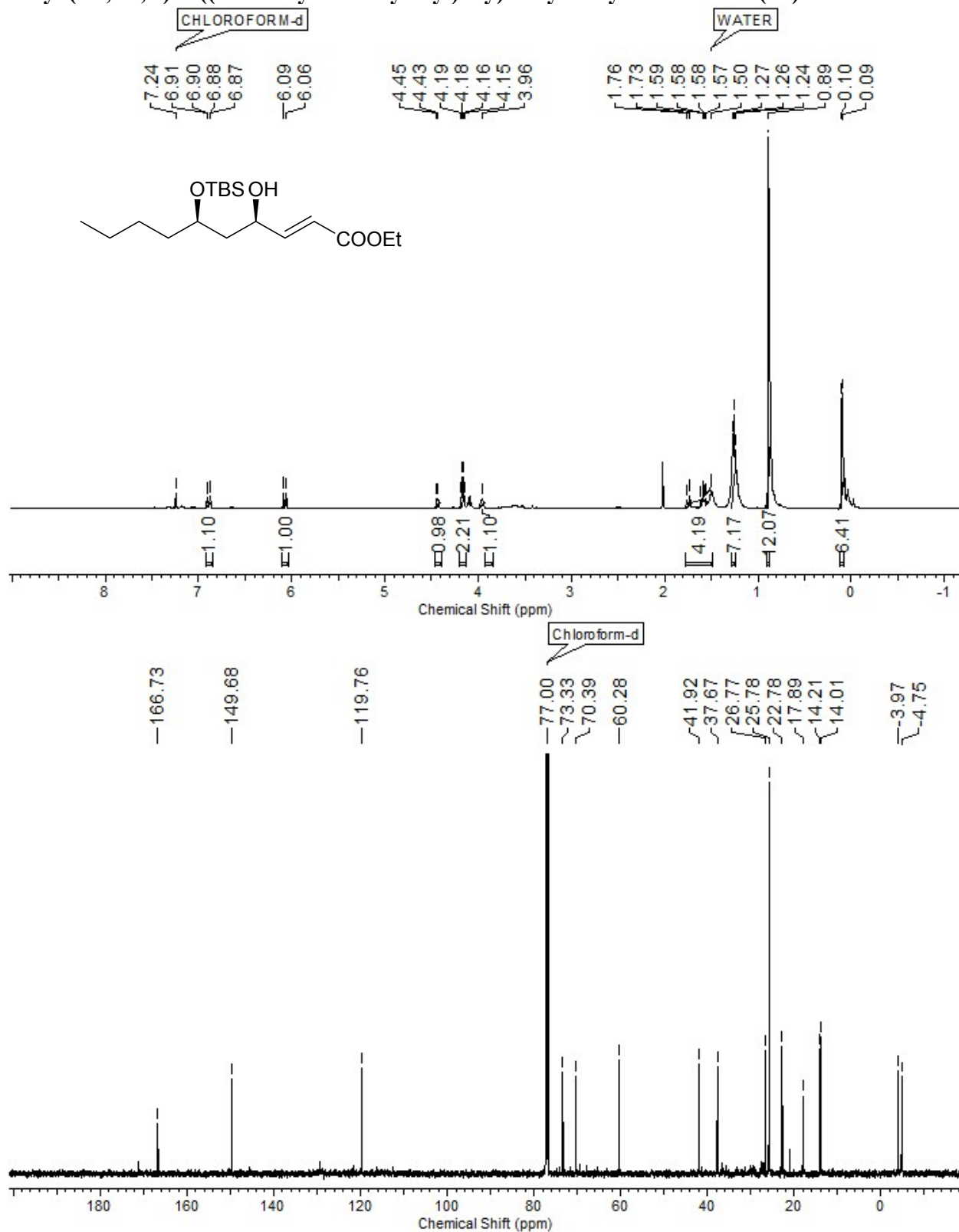


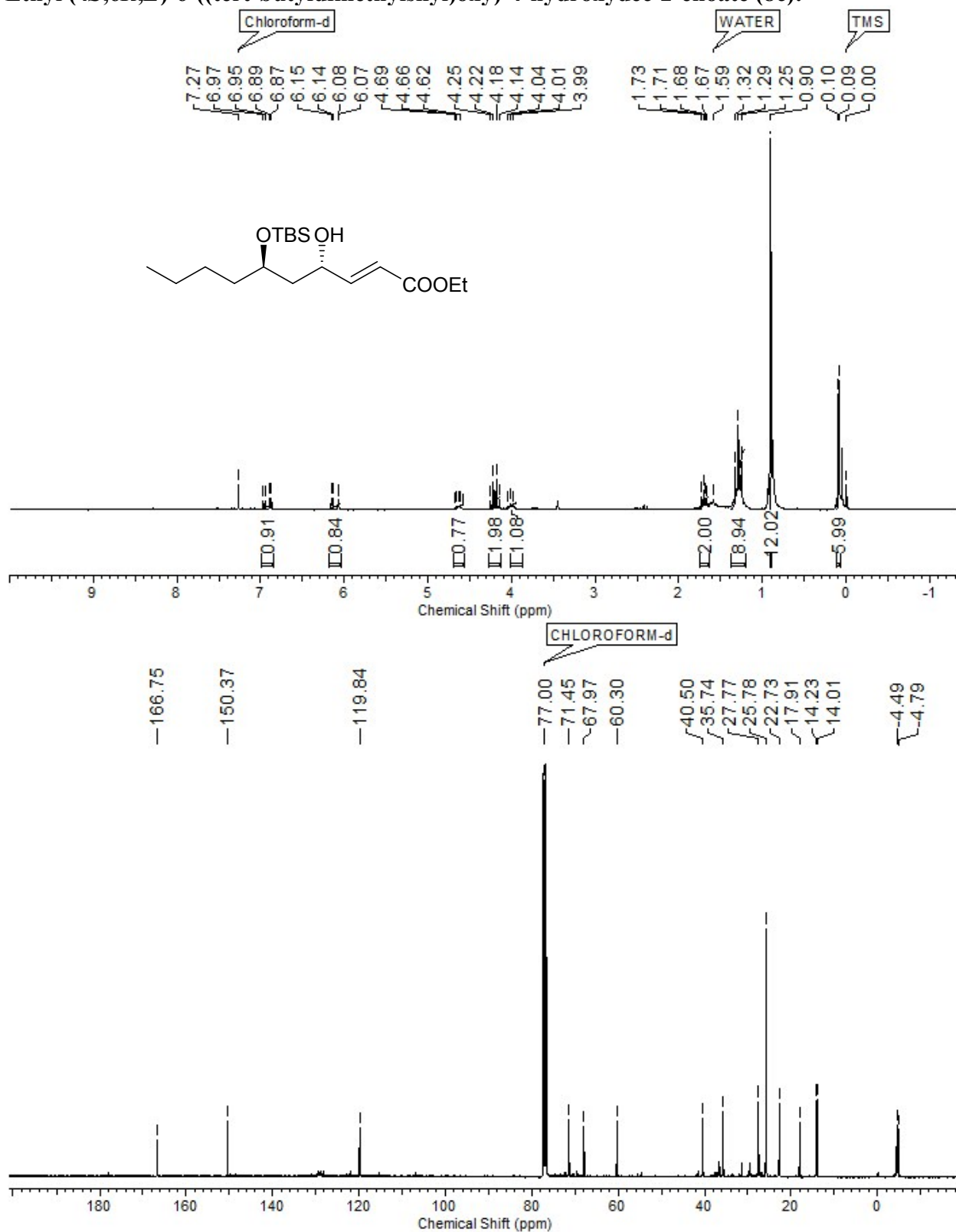
Ethyl (*R*)-4-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)decanoate(7b):



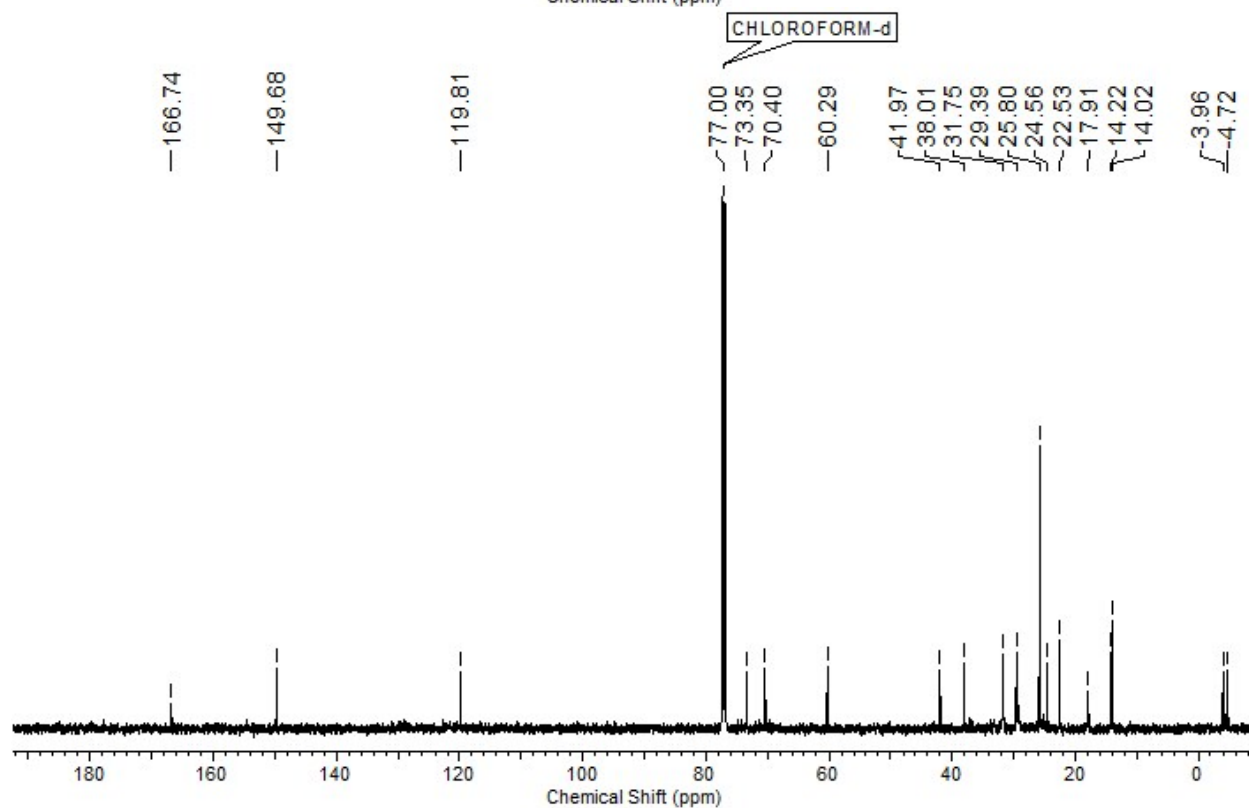
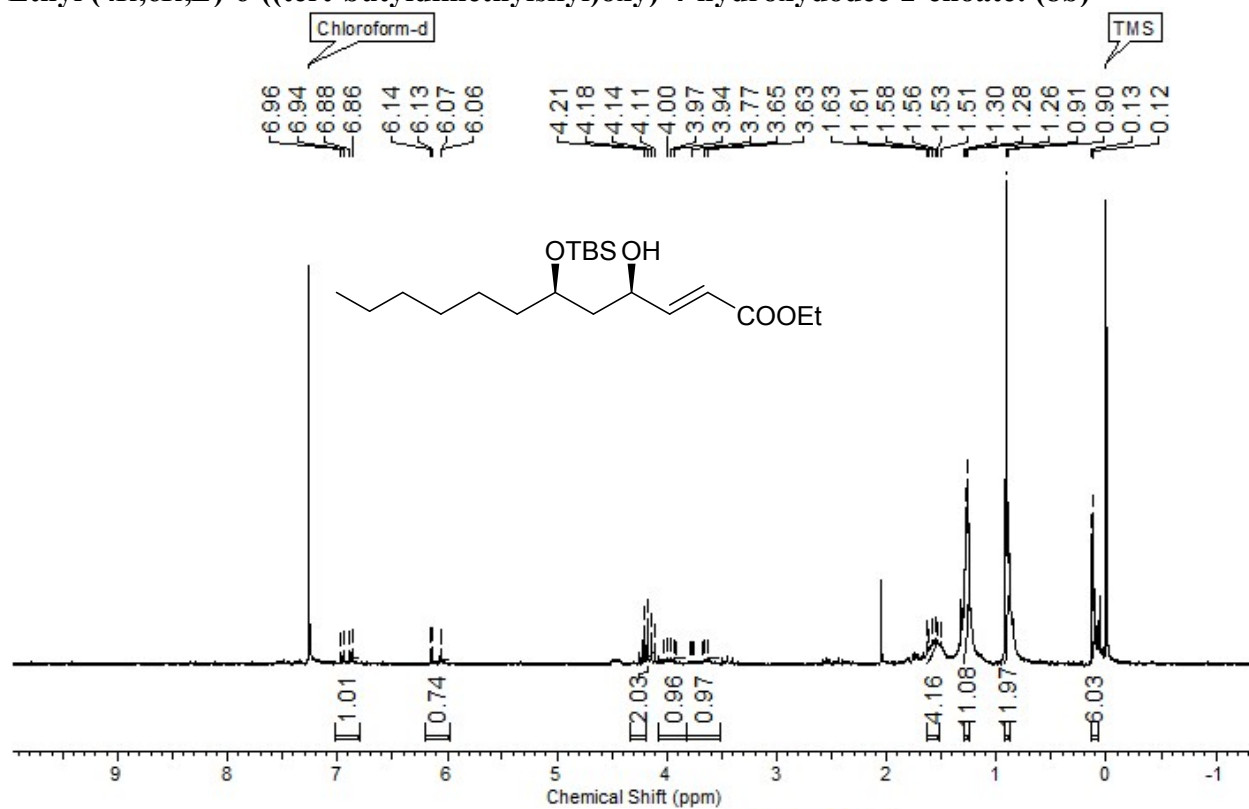
Ethyl (4*R*,6*R*,*E*)-6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-4-hydroxydec-2-enoate (8a):



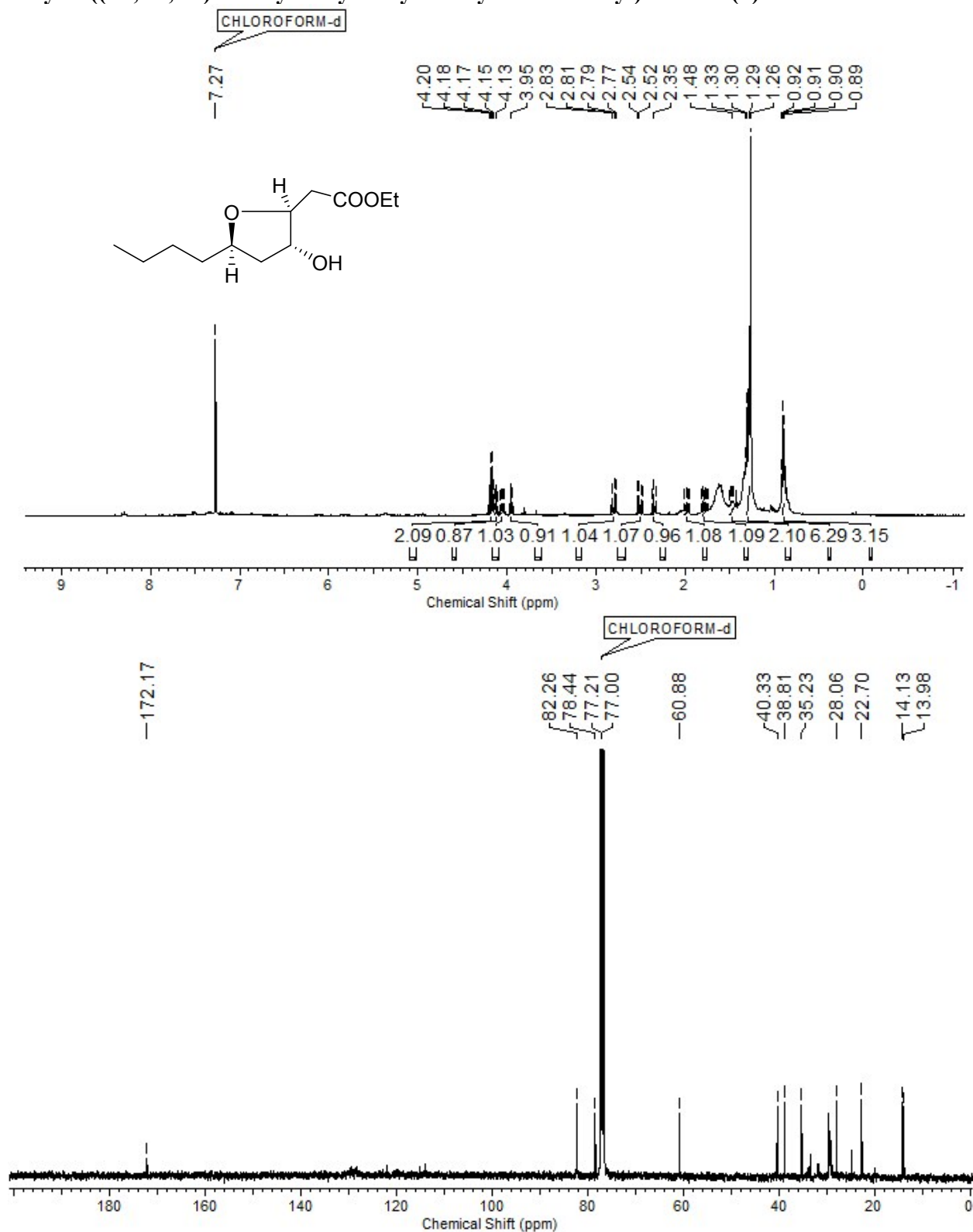
Ethyl (4*S*,6*R*,*E*)-6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-4-hydroxydec-2-enoate (8c):



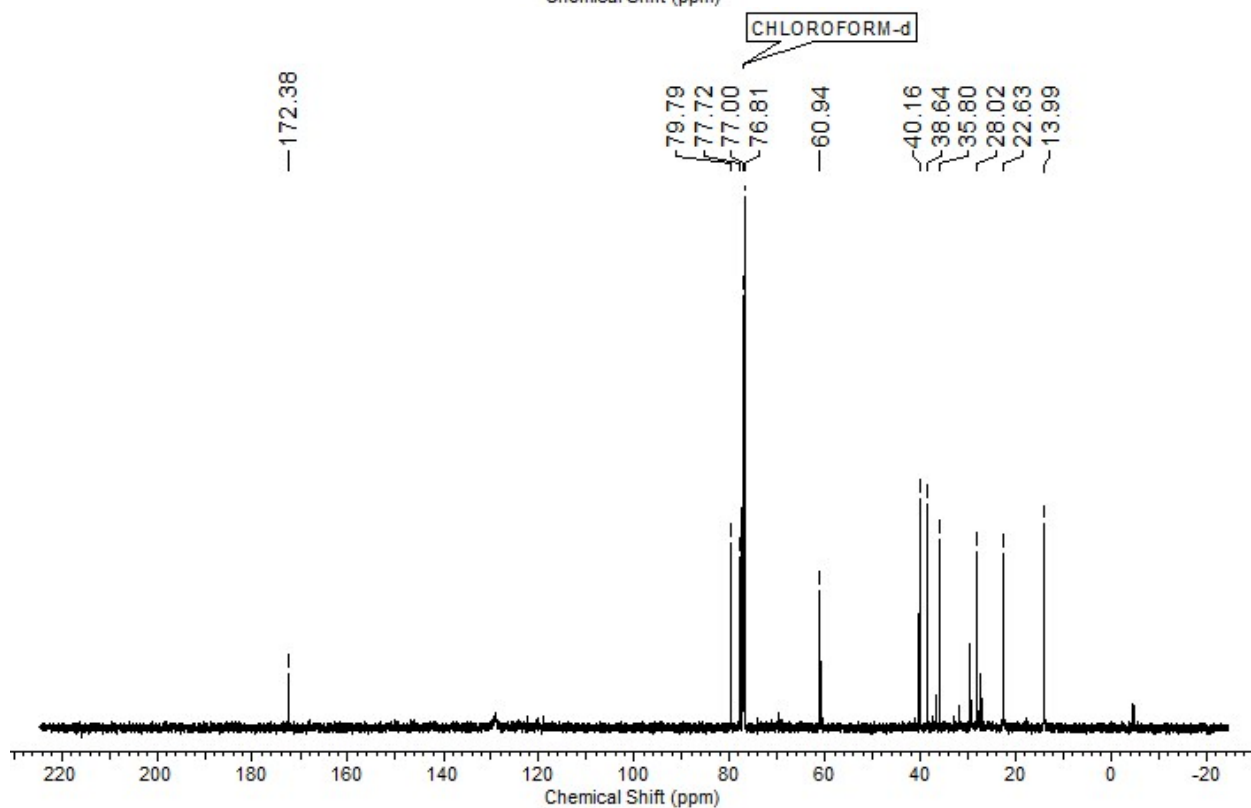
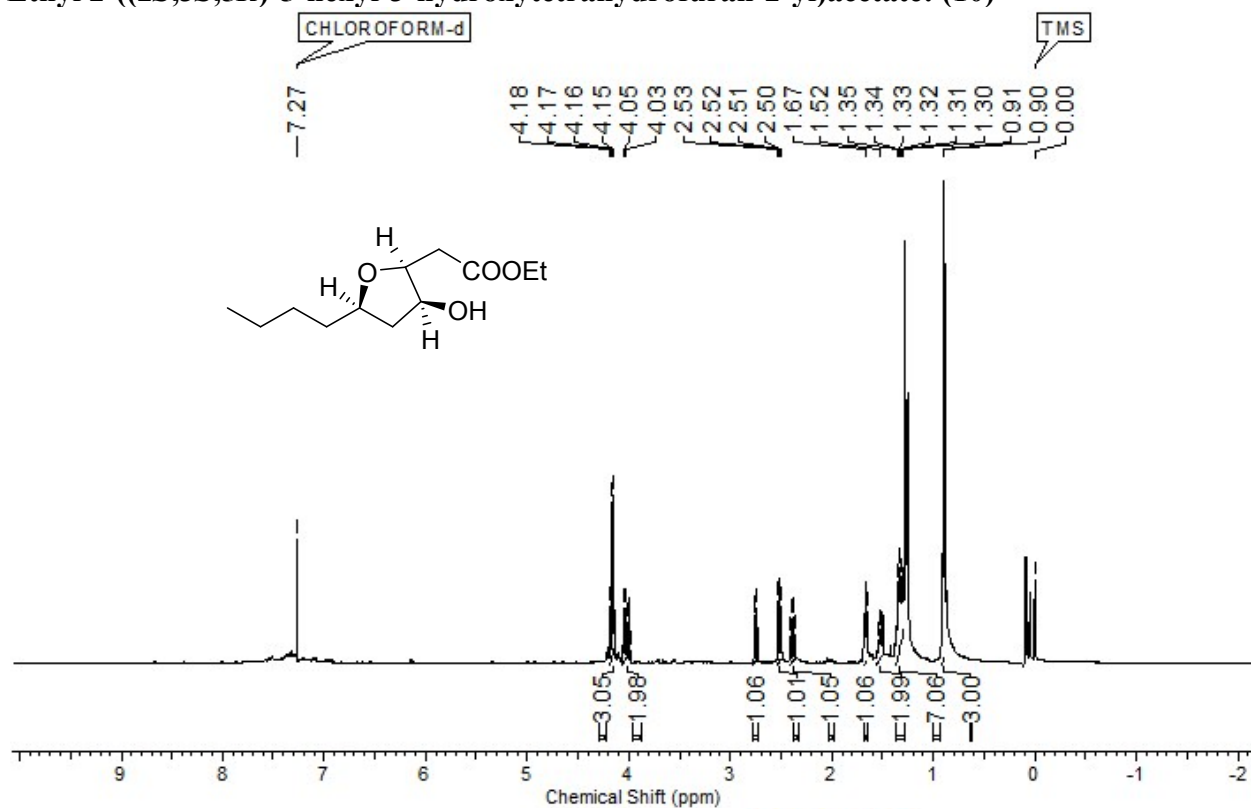
Ethyl (4*R*,6*R*,*E*)-6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-4-hydroxydodec-2-enoate: (8b)



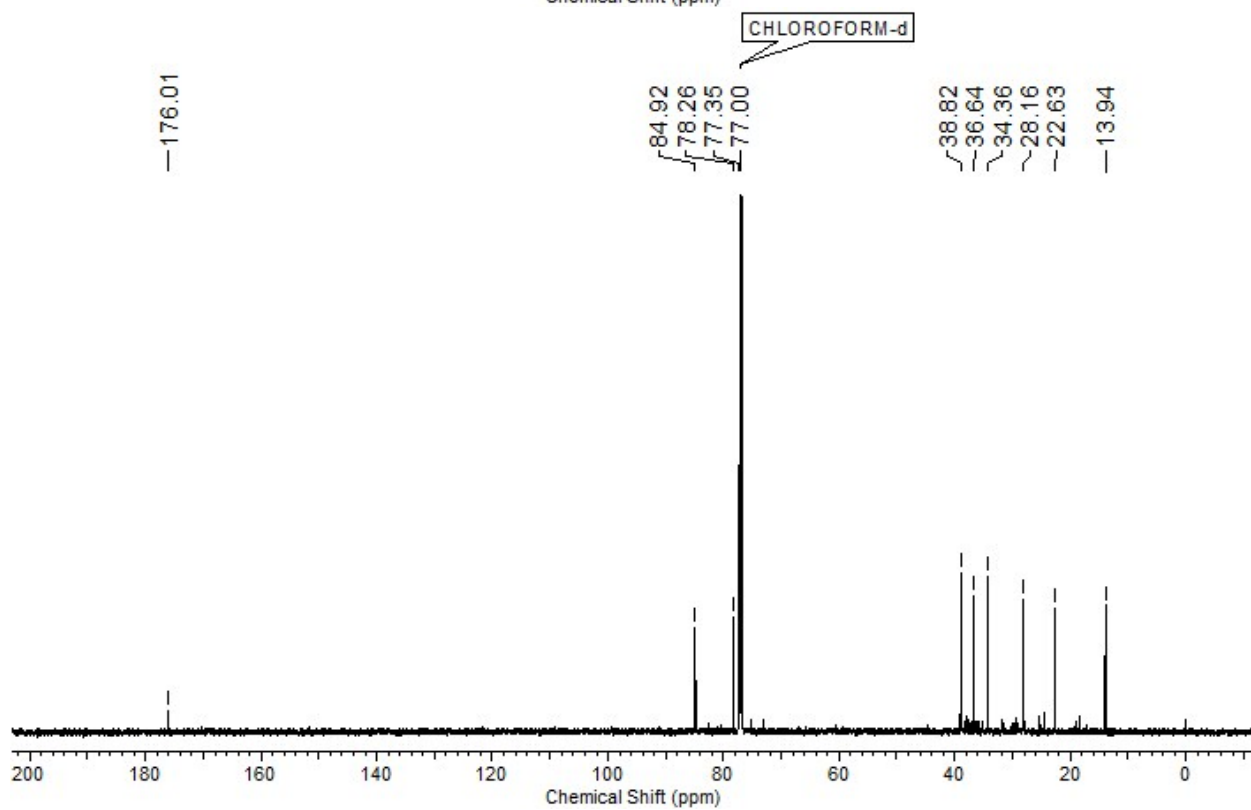
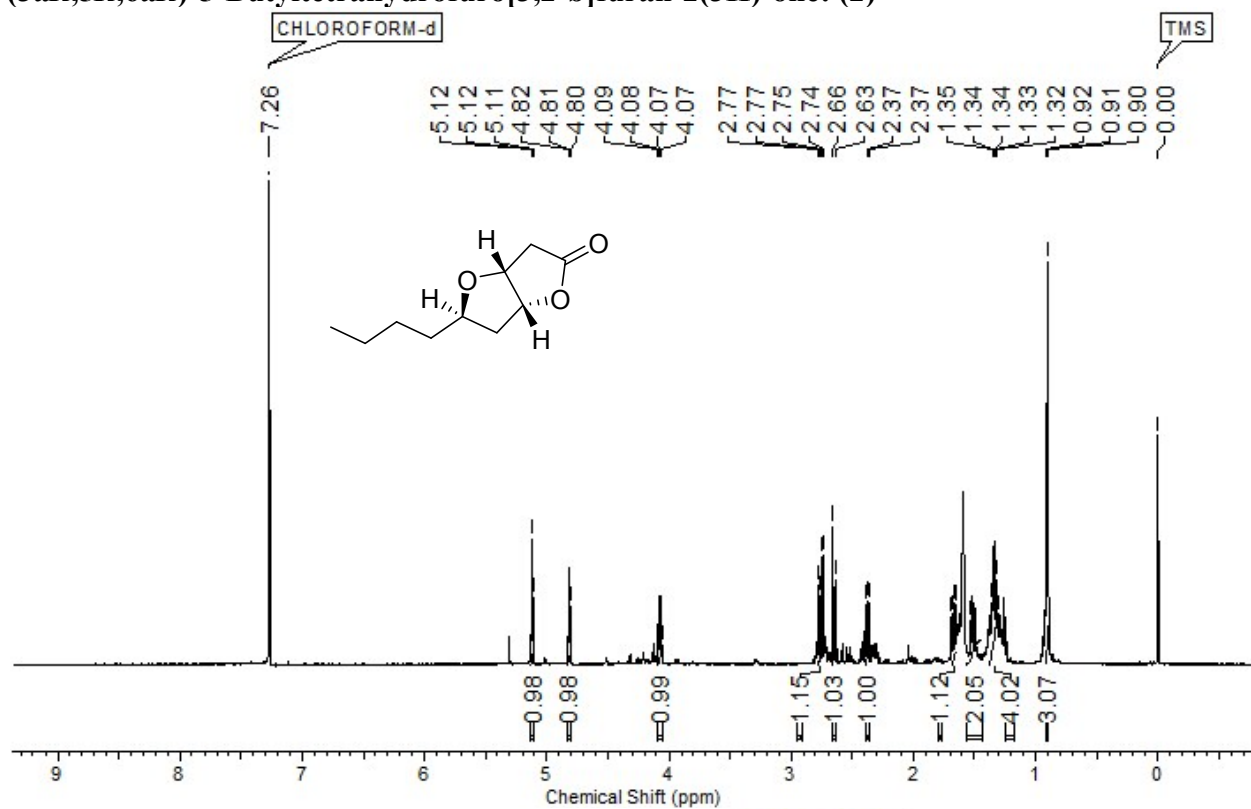
Ethyl 2-((2*S*,3*R*,5*R*)-5-butyl-3-hydroxytetrahydrofuran-2-yl)acetate: (9)



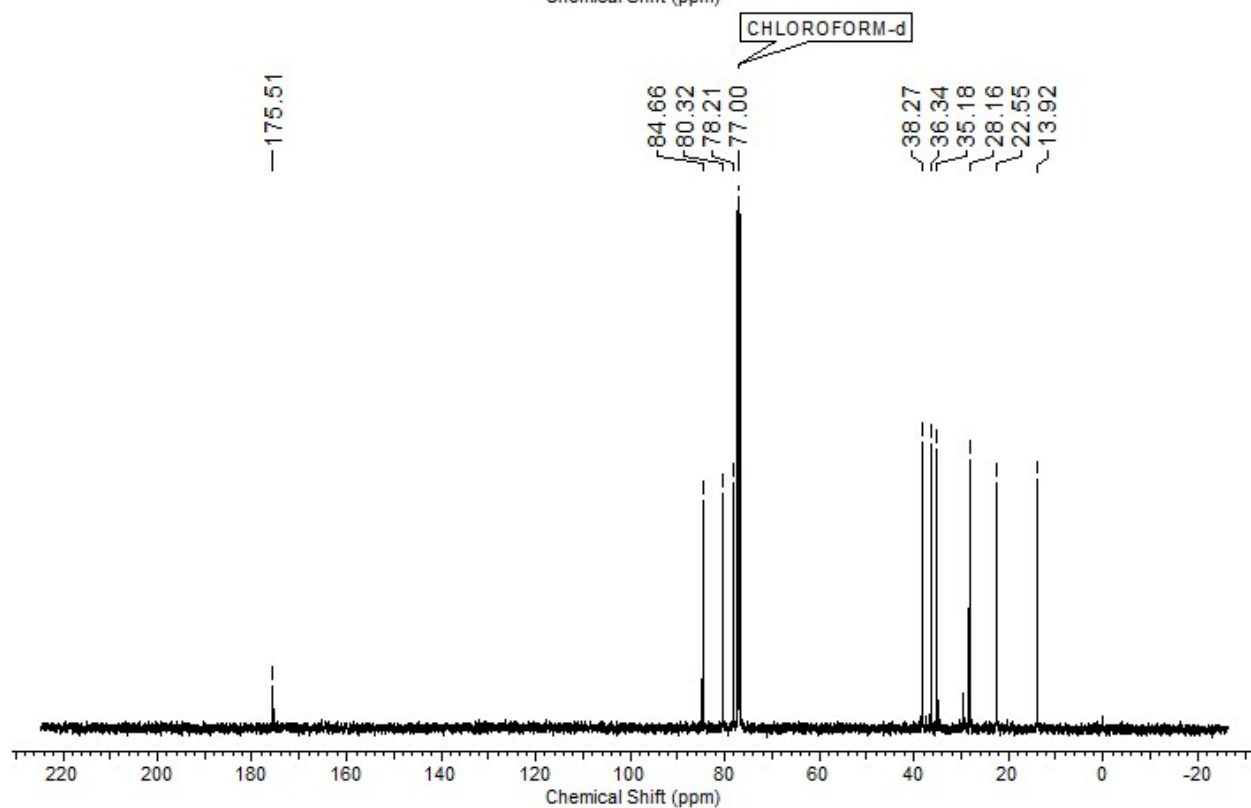
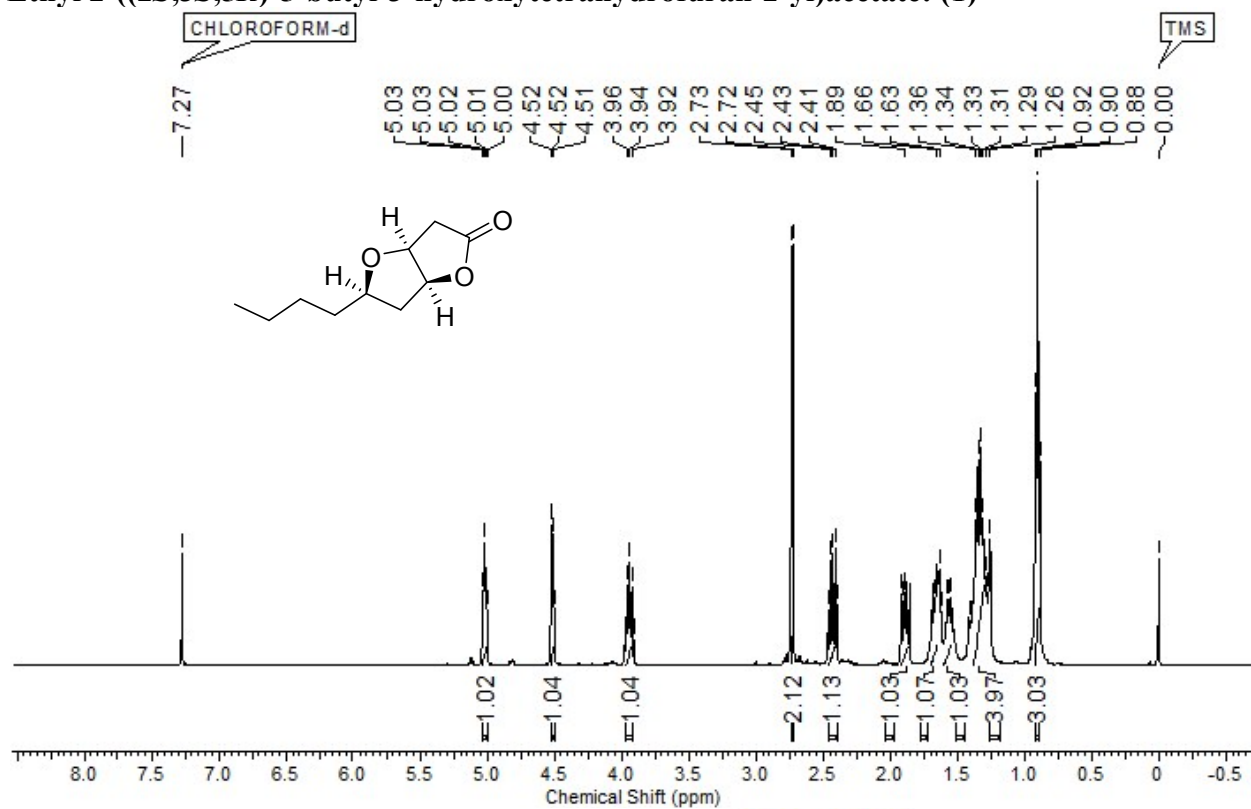
Ethyl 2-((2*S*,3*S*,5*R*)-5-hexyl-3-hydroxytetrahydrofuran-2-yl)acetate: (10)



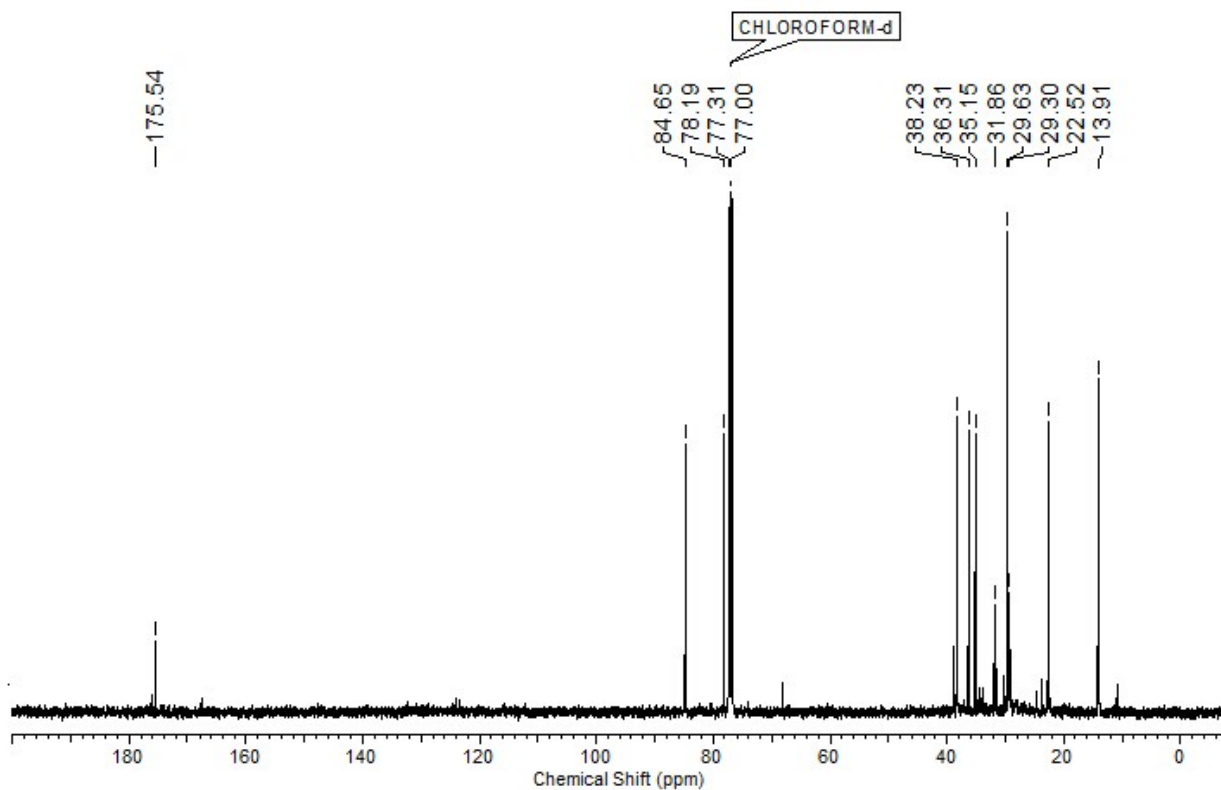
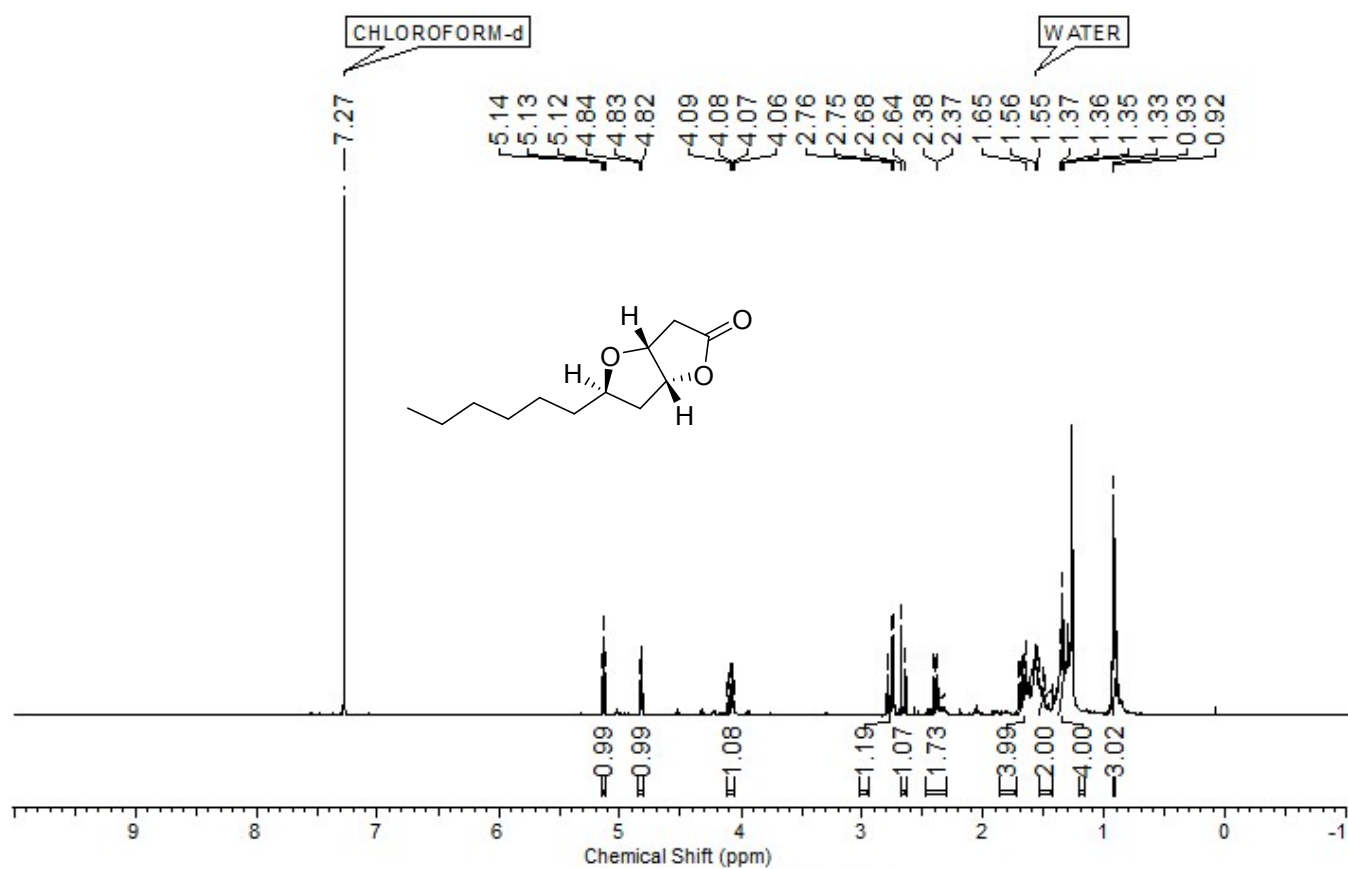
(3a*R*,5*R*,6a*R*)-5-Butyltetrahydrofuro[3,2-*b*]furan-2(3*H*)-one: (2)



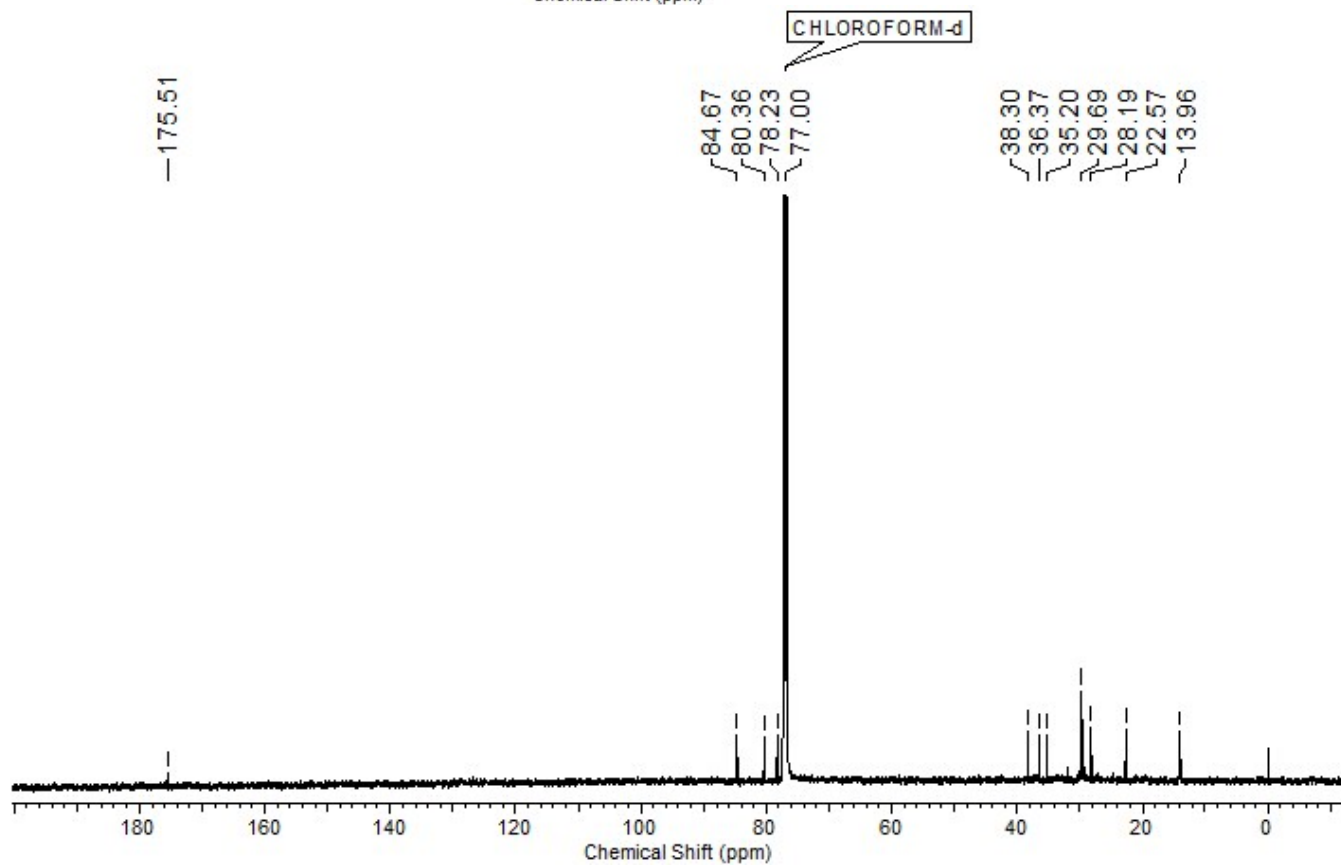
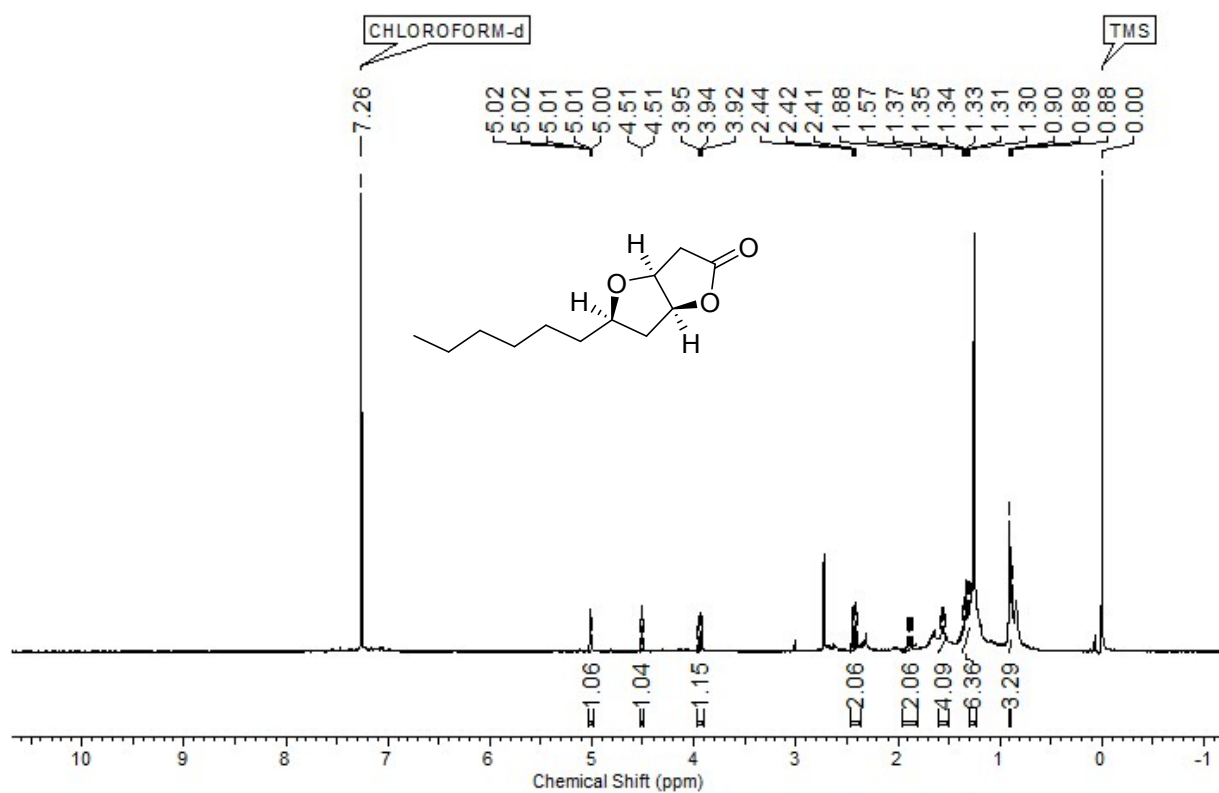
Ethyl 2-((2*S*,3*S*,5*R*)-5-butyl-3-hydroxytetrahydrofuran-2-yl)acetate: (1)



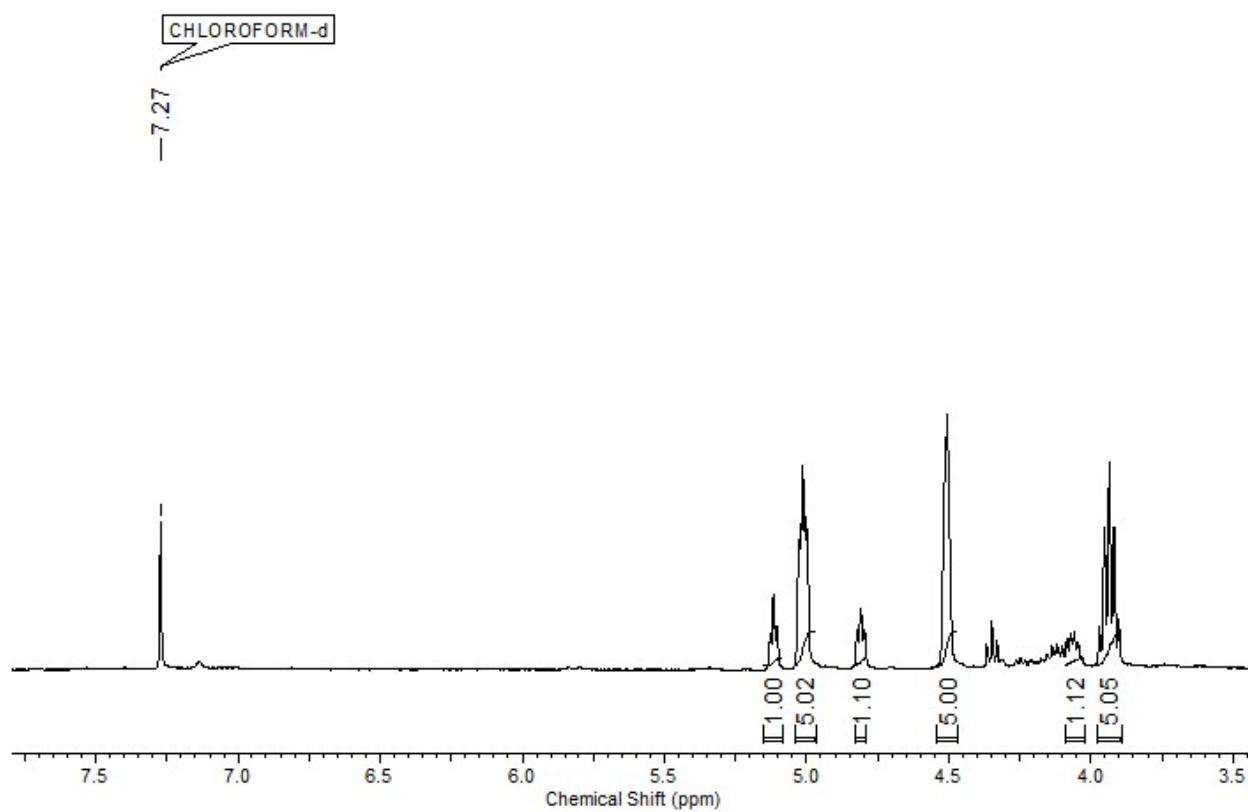
(3a*R*,5*R*,6a*R*)-5-Hexyltetrahydrofuro[3,2-*b*]furan-2(3*H*) one:(4)



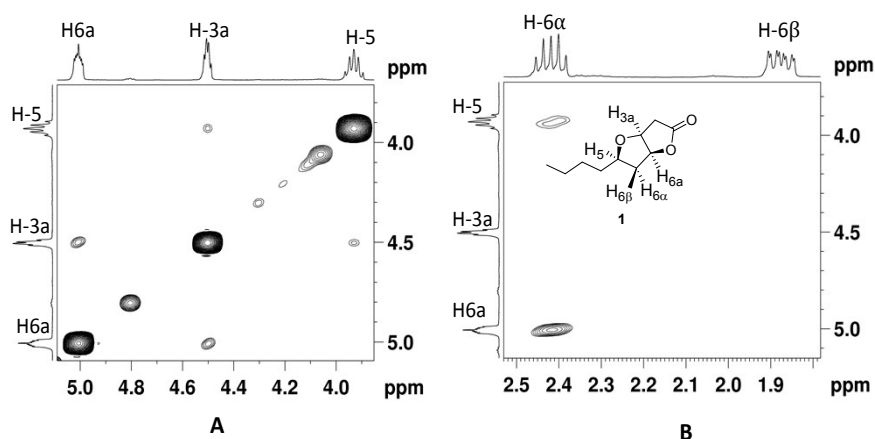
(3a*S*,5*R*,6a*S*)-5-Hexyltetrahydrofuro[3,2-*b*]furan-2(3*H*)-one(3)



Expanded region of the spectra of crude compound **1** & **2** containing mixture of diastereomers:

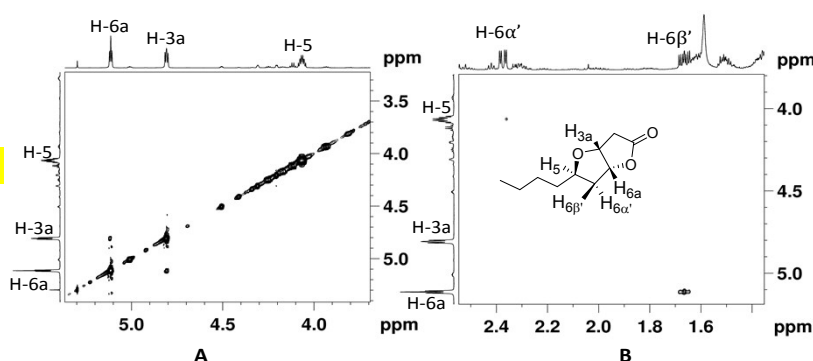


^1H - ^1H NOESY spectra of the compound 1 (400 MHz, CDCl_3 , 298 °K)



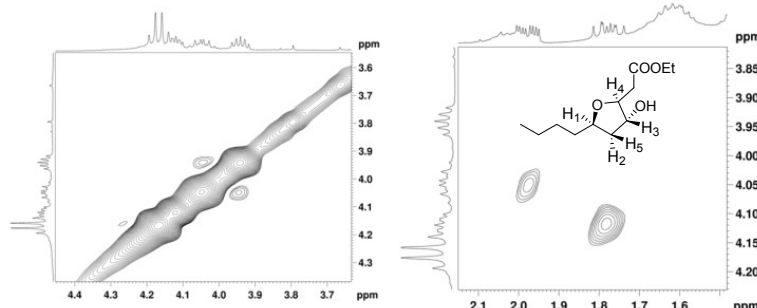
In NOESY analysis of the compound 1, proton H_{3a} shows nOe correlation with proton H_{6a} indicating syn stereochemistry at the bridgehead of the substituted tetrahydrofuro[3,2-b]furan-2(3H)-one. H_{3a} also shows nOe correlation with proton H₅, which confirms the syn relative stereochemistry between these three protons. Since the methylene protons H_{6 α} and H_{6 β} resonated at different chemical shifts; the above results are also confirmed from the nOe of the H_{6 α} and H_{6 β} with the H₅ and H_{6 α} . The H_{6 α} resonating at δ 2.41 ppm showed nOe correlations with H₅ as well as with H_{6 α} confirming the syn relative stereochemistry between these three protons. While the other methylene proton (H_{6 β}) does not show nOe correlations either to H₅ or with H_{6 α} confirming the syn relative stereochemistry between these three protons. While the other methylene proton (H_{6 β}) does not show nOe correlations either to H₅ or with H_{6 α} indicating anti relative orientation with the H₅ and H_{6 α} .

^1H - ^1H NOESY spectra of the compound 2 (700 MHz, CDCl_3 , 298 °K)



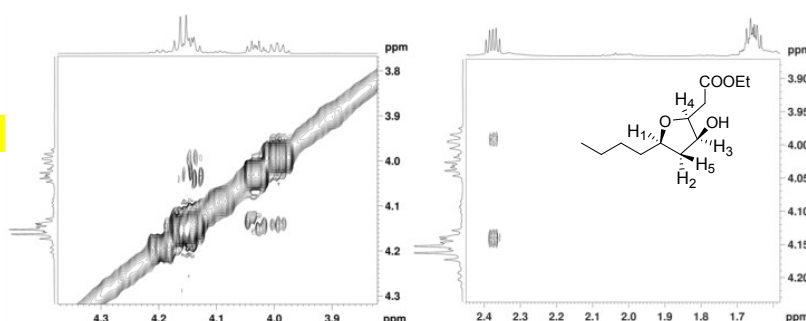
In NOESY analysis of compound 2, the H₅ proton shows NOE correlation with δ 2.37 ppm (H_{6 α'}) while H_{6a} shows NOE correlation with δ 1.66 ppm (H_{6 β'}) indicating anti relative stereochemistry between H₅ and H_{6a}. In addition, H_{6a} also shows nOe correlation with H_{3a} indicating syn stereochemistry at the bridgehead of the substituted tetrahydrofuro[3,2-b]furan-2(3H)-one. The above results are also supported from the fact that none of the protons among H_{3a} and H_{6a} showed nOe correlation with H₅ confirming the anti-relative stereochemistry of H₅ with the H_{6a} and H_{3a}.

^1H - ^1H NOESY spectra of the compound 9 (400 MHz, CDCl_3 , 298 °K)



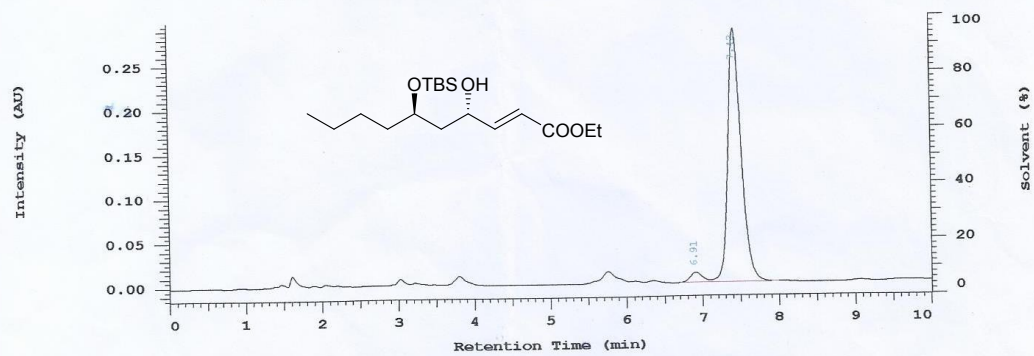
It was observed that in compound **9**, H_4 and H_1 shows nOe correlations indicating syn relative stereochemistry¹⁴ while none of them shows nOe correlations with H_3 indicating anti relative stereochemistry with H_3 as can be seen from Figure 5. The relative stereochemistry among H_1 with H_3 was further confirmed by their nOe correlations with methylene protons (H_2 & H_5). It was found that H_1 showed nOe correlations only with H_2 while H_3 showed nOe correlations only with H_5 indicating anti relative stereochemistry between H_1 and H_3 .

^1H - ^1H NOESY spectra of the compound 10 (700 MHz, CDCl_3 , 298 °K)



In NOESY analysis of compound **10**, H_3 proton shows nOe correlation with both methine protons H_1 and H_4 indicating syn stereochemistry among them. The relative stereochemistry was also confirmed with the help of methylene group which shows two different signals for two protons (H_2 and H_5). The H_1 and H_3 methine protons showed nOe correlations only with H_2 proton, but it does not show any correlation with H_5 proton indicating all the three methine protons (H_1 , H_3 and H_4) being syn to each other.

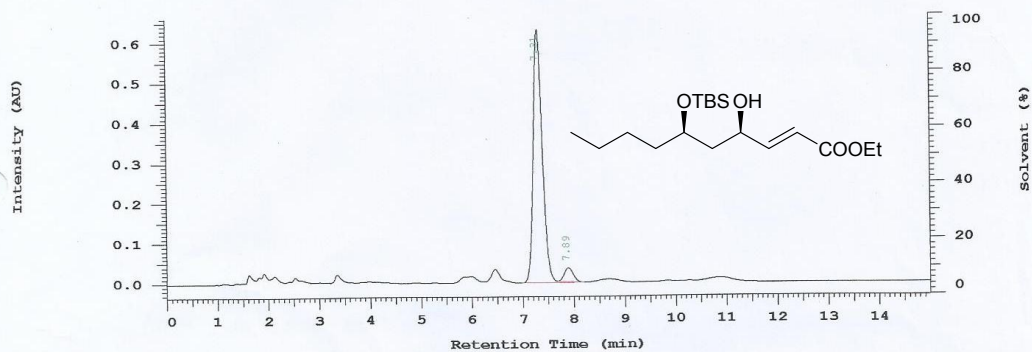
Chrom Type: HPLC Channel : 1



No.	RT	Height	Area	Area %
1	6.91	5404	61375	3.405
2	7.43	142688	1741276	96.595
		148092	1802651	100.000

Peak rejection level: 0

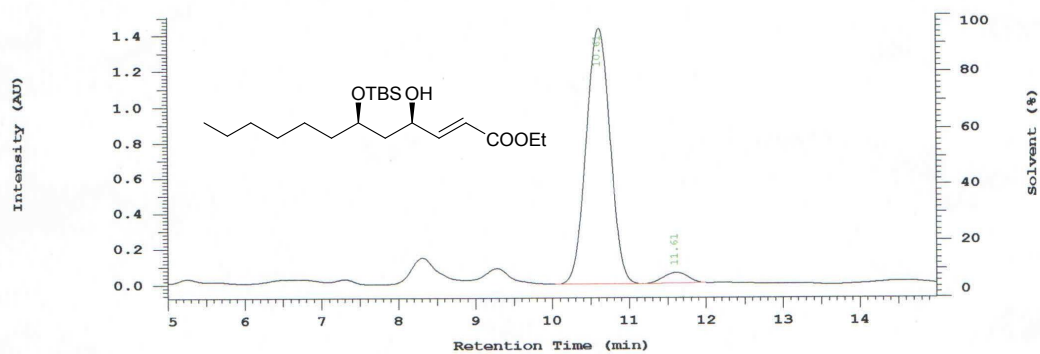
Chrom Type: HPLC Channel : 1



No.	RT	Height	Area	Area %
1	7.31	314879	3882718	94.984
2	7.89	17317	205022	5.016
		332196	4087740	100.000

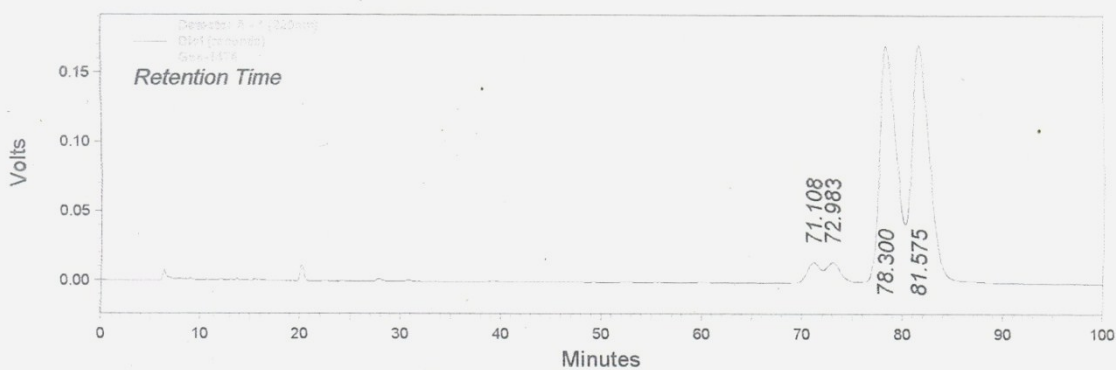
Peak rejection level: 0

Chrom Type: HPLC Channel : 1



No.	RT	Height	Area	Area %
1	10.61	715879	15494145	95.984
2	11.61	29299	648225	4.016
		745178	16142370	100.000

Peak rejection level: 0

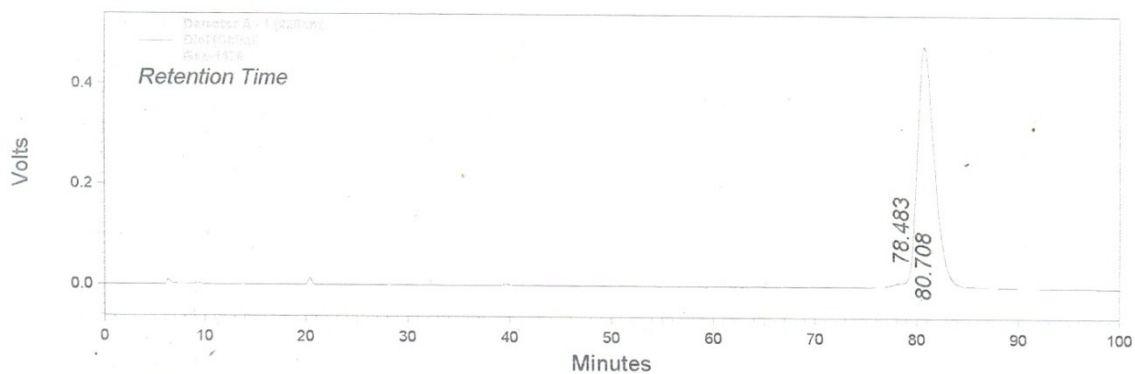


Run Report

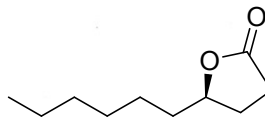
Detector A - 1 (220nm)

Retention Time	Area	Area Percent
71.108	1256170	2.99
72.983	1371866	3.27
78.300	19033388	45.32
81.575	20338275	48.42

Totals	41999699	100.00
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Run Report

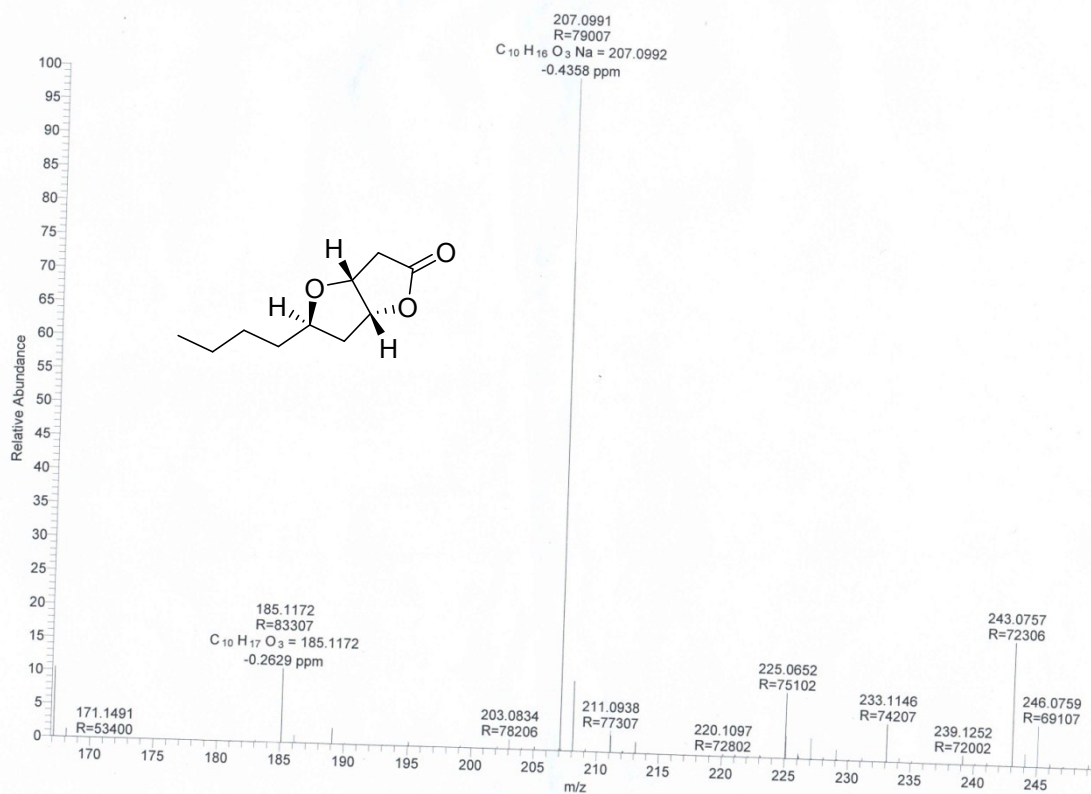


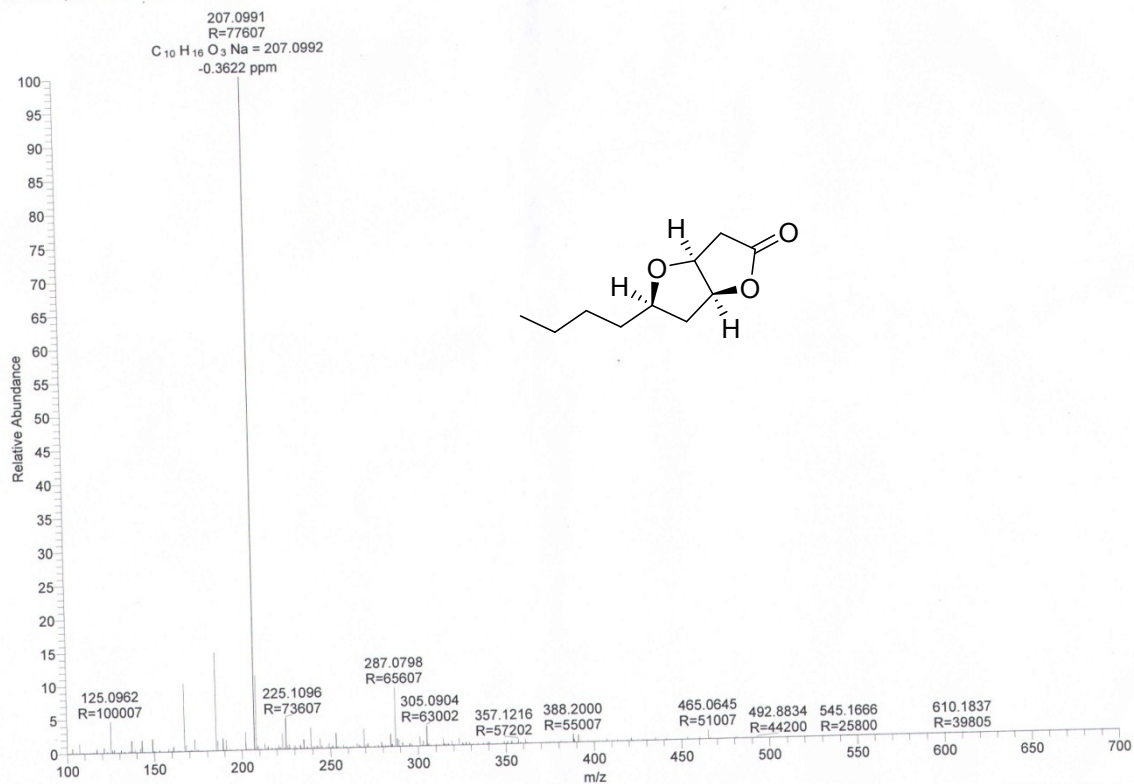
Detector A - 1 (220nm)

Retention Time	Area	Area Percent
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80.708	55985579	99.13

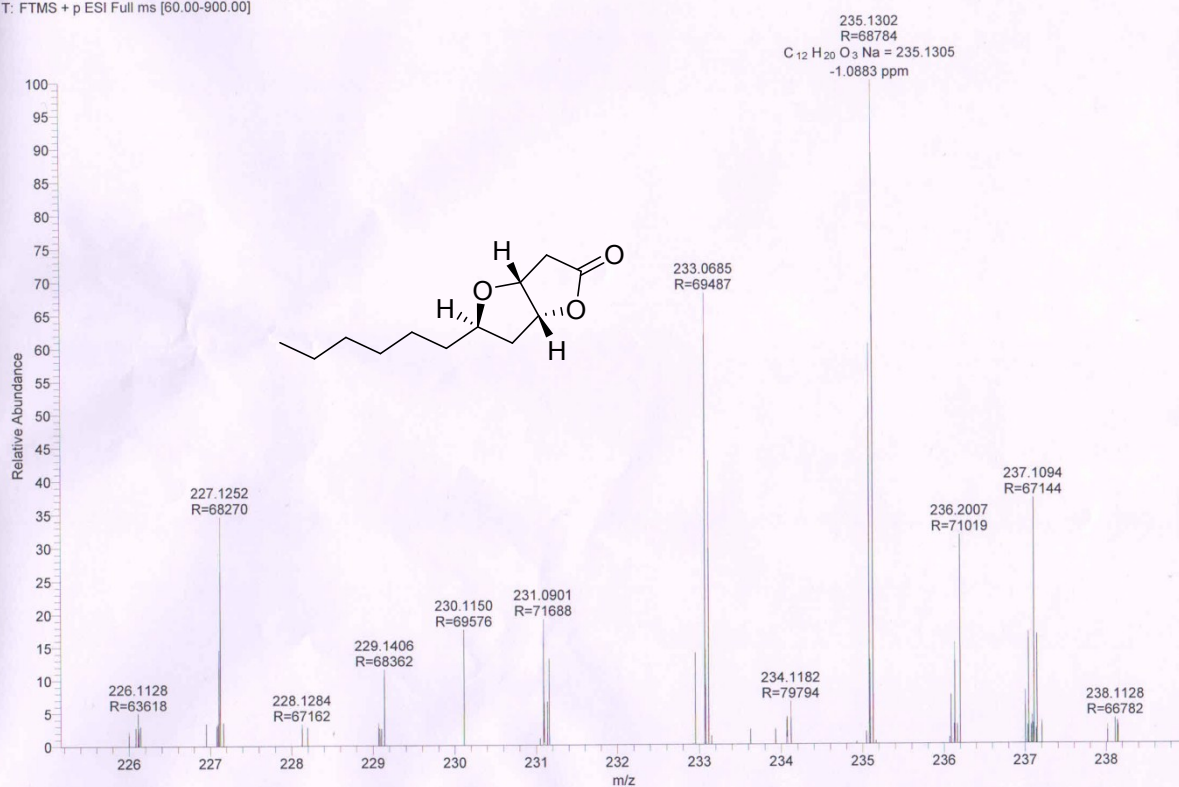
Totals	56477965	100.00
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6-FA #928 RT: 4.14 AV: 1 NL: 9.91E8
T: FTMS + p ESI Full ms [60.00-900.00]



4F-6 #935 RT: 4.18 AV: 1 NL: 2.33E8
T: FTMS + p ESI Full ms [100.00-700.00]

48F #405 RT: 1.80 AV: 1 SB: 1 1.30 NL: 2.81E6
T: FTMS + p ESI Full ms [60.00-900.00]



48F #441 RT: 1.96 AV: 1 NL: 6.86E6
T: FTMS + p ESI Full ms [60.00-900.00]

